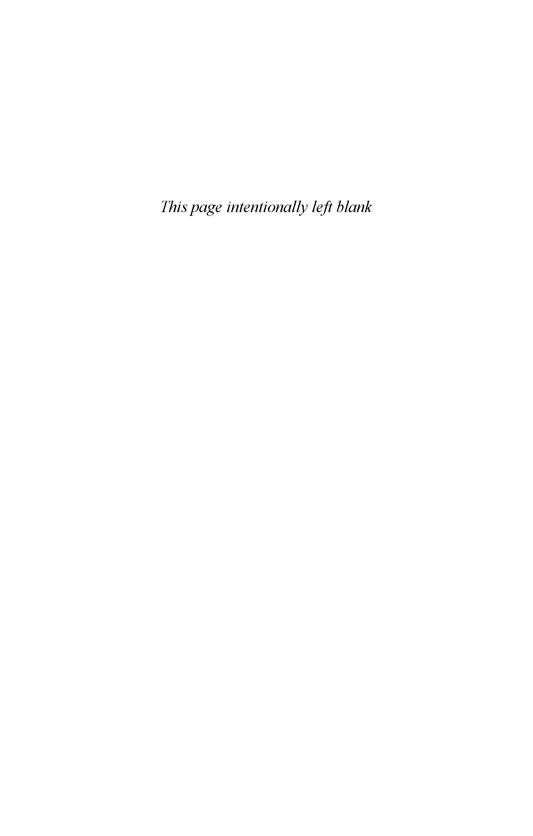
CAUSES OF DEATH IN THE WORKPLACE

J. Paul Leigh



Causes of Death in the Workplace



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Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data

Leigh, J. Paul.

I. Title.

Causes of death in the workplace / J. Paul Leigh.

Includes bibliographical references and index.

ISBN 0-89930-951-8 (alk. paper)

1. Hazardous occupations—United States. 2. Industrial accidents—

United States. 3. Occupational diseases—United States.

4. Occupational mortality—United States. 5. Death—Causes.

[DNLM: 1. Occupational Diseases—mortality. 2. Accidents,

Occupational-mortality. WA 400 L528c 19951

1995 HD7262.5.U6L44

363.11'2'0973021-dc20 94-36796

DNLM/DLC

for Library of Congress

British Library Cataloguing in Publication Data is available.

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Library of Congress Catalog Card Number: 94-36796

ISBN: 0-89930-951-8

First published in 1995

Ouonim Books, 88 Post Road West, Westport, CT 06881 An imprint of Greenwood Publishing Group, Inc.

Printed in the United States of America

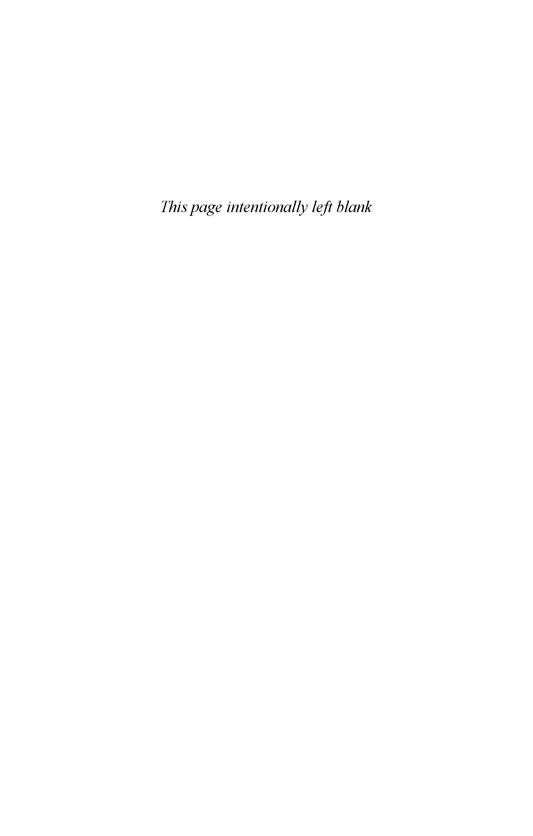


The paper used in this book complies with the Permanent Paper Standard issued by the National Information Standards Organization (Z39.48-1984).

10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2

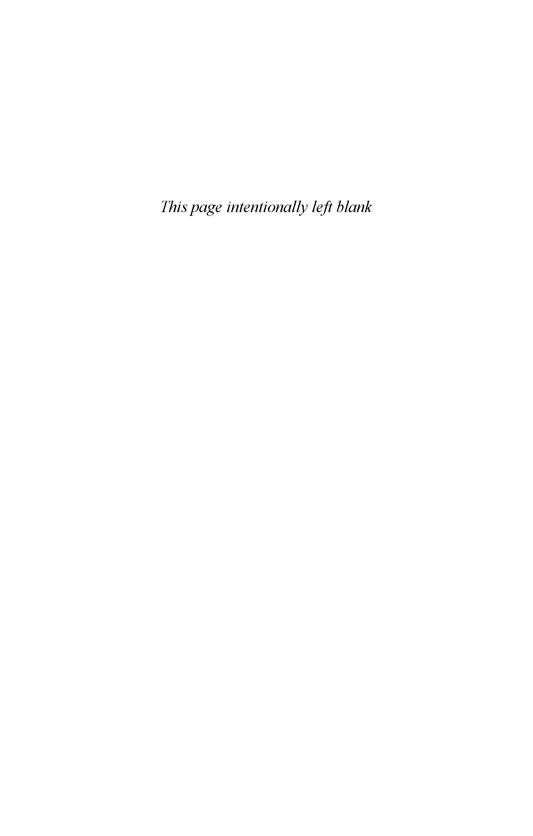
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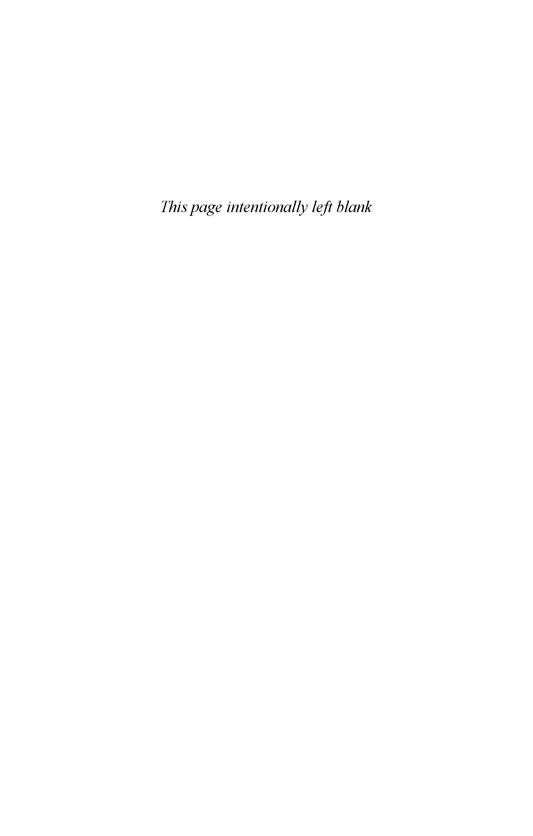
Contents

Tables Abbreviations		ix xi	
1.	Introduction	1	
2.	Literature Review	13	
3.	Data and Method	25	
4.	The Occupation List	33	
5.	The Industry List	93	
6.	National Estimates and Causes of 5,498 Job-Related Deaths in 1979-81, 1983, 1985, 1986	167	
7.	Women	185	
8.	Limitations and Reliability Tests	195	
9.	Conclusion	209	
Apı	<u>pendices</u>		
	Appendix A: Denominators for Occupations	217	
	Appendix B: Denominators for Industries	229	
	Appendix C: Male and Female Job Deaths within Occupations	236	
	Appendix D: Male and Female Job Deaths within Industries	248	
	Appendix E: Bureau of Labor Statistics	265	
	Appendix F: Occupations with Zero Deaths	269	
	Appendix G: Ranking of Occupations with Five or More Deaths	270	
	Appendix H: Industries with Zero Deaths	273	
	Appendix I: Ranking of Industries with Five or More Deaths	274	
References		279 291	
Inde	Index		



Tables

4. I	Male and Female Job Deaths within Occupations	44
5.1	Male and Female Job Deaths within Industries	100
6.1	Job Deaths by Nature of Illness or Injury	175
6.2	Job Deaths by Source of Injury or Illness	177
6.3	Job Deaths by Type of Accident or Exposure	182
6.4	Estimates of Broad Causes of Deaths in the SDS	184
7.1	Female Job-Related Deaths within Occupations	188
7.2	Female Job Deaths by Nature of Illness or Injury	190
7.3	Female Job Deaths by Source of Injury or Illness	191
7.4	Female Job Deaths by Type of Accident or Exposure	193
8.1	Review of Existing Studies	203



Abbreviations

ANSI	American National Standards Institute (for injuries and
	illnesses classification)

BLS Bureau of Labor Statistics

CDC Center for Disease Control

CFOI Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries

EPA Environmental Protection Agency

NA Not applicable or not available

N.E.C. Not elsewhere classified

n.e.c.

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NSC National Safety Council

NTOF National Traumatic Occupational Fatality Study

OSH Occupational Safety and Health

PMR Proportionate Mortality Ratios

Q.E.S. Quality of Employment Survey

S.I.C. Standard Industrial Classification (of industries)

xii Abbreviations

SDS Supplementary Data System

uns Unspecified

WC Workers' Compensation

Chapter 1

Introduction

How dangerous is your job? How could your job kill you? As simple as these questions are, few studies are available to answer them.¹

This book serves three purposes. First, 265 occupations and 324 industries will be ranked according to job-related death rates. Second, the causes of death within each occupation and industry will be described. Third, I will argue that as a matter of public policy, more information about job hazards should be provided to employees than is currently being provided. The government requires nutritional labeling on canned and packaged food. The government should also require warning labels on job application forms since all jobs carry at least some risks.

The contribution of this book is the attempt to be as comprehensive as possible. No other domestic or foreign study, including U.S. government studies, of which I am aware provides information on as many jobs and the causes of death within those jobs as is provided in the tables in this book. Moreover, unlike the Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries and the National Traumatic Occupational Fatalities studies, data in this book include job-related disease deaths, including heart attacks.

INADEQUATE PUBLIC KNOWLEDGE

Most people from ages 22 through 64 spend roughly forty percent of their waking hours at a job where there is considerable potential for exposure to fatal

Hal Walden, Chris Thompson, Gurmeet Batar, and Roxanne Leary provided valuable research, programming, and processing assistance. I gratefully acknowledge the financial support of the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health which helped to fund a portion of the study.

safety risks of traffic accidents, falls, murder, electrocution, fire, being struck by objects, explosions, heat, cold, animal attacks, aircraft crashes, as well as fatal health risks from radiation, asbestos, silica, benzene, coal dust, AIDS, smoke, carbon monoxide, pesticides, benzidene, arsenic, lead, chromium, and stress leading to heart disease or cancer. Yet many people are poorly informed about job hazards. Epidemiological surveys suggest that, at most, roughly only 5 to 20 percent of United States employees are well informed concerning the safety and health risks of their jobs.² Hospital workers were recently found to greatly underestimate chemical risks and construction workers were found to underestimate physical risks at the job.³ Dunn (1972) found little correlation between what chain sawers believed to be the most frequent serious on-the-job injuries and official accident reports for chain sawers. Although professional jobs are far safer than laboring jobs, there is evidence that those in the highest paying jobs (e.g., professionals) have the greatest information, while those in the lowest paying jobs (e.g., laborers) have the least information.⁴

Transportation accounts for 25 to 40 percent (the plurality) of job-related traumatic deaths.⁵ Yet people who respond to surveys, especially young men, greatly underestimate job risks associated with vehicle collisions.⁶ A 1993 poll of 686 corporate safety officers by the National Safety Council revealed that of the 377 who answered the question, 83 percent believed that motor vehicle collisions caused 10 percent or less of their job-related injuries.⁷ Americans, in general, underestimate their chances of dying in an auto crash or in a pedestrian accident, whether on or off the job.⁸ The Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSH Act) of 1970 gives scant attention to collisions.⁹ Even occupational injury researchers and some coroners ignore motor vehicle crashes.¹⁰ As of this writing, the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) has only recently suggested rules pertaining to traffic school and seatbelt use for employees who frequently travel and relating to vehicle safety inspections. These rules have yet to be enacted.¹¹

A typical case involved a 17-year-old boy from Plainfield, Indiana. The boy died in a company-owned truck on a rain-slick road while delivering pizza. His mother believed Domino's policy of delivering a pizza within 30 minutes contributed to her son's death. The state labor relations board cited the Domino's franchise with violating a labor regulation insuring a place of employment "free from recognized hazards." Was the 17-year-old boy fully aware of the driving hazards prior to taking the job? Should Domino's Pizza Co. encourage fast driving?

Murder is estimated to result in 17 percent of all job-related injury deaths.¹³ Contrary to popular opinion, most job-related murders are not committed by angry co-workers or clients, but occur during robberies.¹⁴ Some studies indicate women are more likely to die from murder on the job than from any other cause.¹⁵ Yet, again, the OSH Act does not address homicides, and some researchers and coroners continue to ignore them.¹⁶ One California OSH administrator recently acknowledged the lack of attention paid to job-

Introduction 3

related murders by OSH professionals.¹⁷ The public might also discount the risk of homicide while on the job.

If accurate job-risk information were widely available, persons in dangerous jobs would most likely be paid more than similarly qualified persons in safe jobs. Dangerous jobs are undesirable for most people unless they are compensated with a high wage. Economists call this phenomenon the Compensating Wage Hypothesis (Hypothesis). 18 It is undoubtedly true that in highly publicized dangerous jobs, such as police work, firefighting, coal mining, and airplane piloting, workers receive a wage premium or Compensating Wage, compared to jobs involving safer work they may be equally qualified for. But the Census lists over 400 occupation categories, and the Chamber of Commerce lists over 400 industry categories. Many jobs will surprise readers with their high and low death rates. Is evidence for the Hypothesis available for the 400 occupations and 400 industries? There is no consensus among economists. Thaler and Rosen (1976), Viscusi (1979), Kniesner and Leeth (1991), and Moore and Viscusi (1988) find evidence for the Hypothesis, while Barry (1985), Brown (1980), Dickens (1984), Graham and Shakow (1990), Leigh (1989, 1991, n.d.), and Palme and Wright (1992) do not find evidence in most of the cases they analyzed. The lack of evidence for the Hypothesis is consistent with the argument that information about job hazards is not widespread.

LACK OF RESEARCH

The lack of widely disseminated knowledge about job risks is not due to a lack of interest. Surveys by management consulting firms and the University of Michigan consistently show that employees list safety as a top job priority. ¹⁹ Job safety is sometimes mentioned as more important than pay.

The lack of widely disseminated knowledge about job risks is due in part to a lack of attention by researchers. The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) consistently receives one of the lowest levels of funding among all of the research institutes in the National Institutes of Health and the Centers for Disease Control. In 1992, for example, some of the smallest budgets went to the National Institute on Dental Research (\$159 million), and the National Center for Human Genome Research (\$105 million). In 1992, NIOSH received \$103 million and was second from the bottom in funding. The least amount, \$45 million, went to the National Center for Nursing Research. Moreover, research into injury deaths as opposed to disease deaths has been minimal. The lion's share of NIOSH's meager budget is applied to research on disease.

As an example of the little research attention given to occupational injuries and illnesses, consider this fact: The experts cannot agree on the number of injury deaths per year, and few experts even attempt to guess the

number of disease deaths. In 1987 a panel of experts from the National Academy of Sciences "found it rather startling that an agreed upon method has not been devised to estimate a phenomenon as basic as traumatic (injury) death in the workplace." A different panel of experts concurred with that opinion as late as 1991. 23

New evidence indicates that job-related deaths are much greater in number than the estimates published in the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) reports dating from the late 1970s.²⁴ The BLS reports from the early 1980s estimate between 3,000 and 4,000 injury and illness deaths. But these early (1970-89) BLS reports may have missed more than 70 percent of job-related injury deaths and an even higher percentage of disease deaths.²⁵ In one of the most exhaustive studies on injury deaths to date, NIOSH collected data from death certificates from 1980 to 1985 in all 50 states and attempted to count the number of injury (not illness) deaths.²⁶ The NIOSH study estimates that there were roughly 7,000 injury deaths alone per year between 1980 and 1985. The National Safety Council (NSC) estimates 12,000 injury deaths annually for the same years.²⁷ But the NSC ignored homicides and suicides which account for around 20 percent of all job-related injury deaths in a recent government study.²⁸ A recently convened national committee on occupational injury prevention estimates 7,000 to 11,000 annual injury deaths.²⁹

Occupational disease deaths are difficult to count, given the problems in pinpointing an exposure that caused or exacerbated, for example, a cancer or heart disease. One government study estimates at least 1,700 annual deaths during 1980-5³⁰ while a New York study estimates disease deaths were eight times as high as injury deaths.³¹ If the New York estimate applies to the entire United States, roughly 62,000 to 86,000 occupational disease deaths occur each year. The total estimated deaths would then be between 4,700 (3,000 + 1,700) and 98,000 (12,000 + 86,000). Evidence presented here suggests that the higher estimate is more accurate.

But even the 98,000 a year estimate may be conservative. Many people complain of job stress. A growing number of scientific studies have found correlations between job stress and heart disease.³² One study found a striking correlation between heart disease and hazardous working conditions.³³ The link between job stress and cancer may be even stronger. Yet the job stress-cancer link has yet to be thoroughly researched.

In comparison, AIDS killed roughly 24,000 Americans in 1991,³⁴ while deaths related to illicit drug use numbered approximately 20,000 in 1990.³⁵

COSTS

Job-related deaths exact a staggering toll on the individuals involved, family members, the legal system, and employers as well as the economy at large.

Introduction 5

The costs of occupational injuries and illnessses have never been thoroughly studied. A Rand Institute study estimated occupational *injuries* cost \$83 billion annually: \$51.7 billion in lost production and \$31.5 billion in medical costs in 1989.³⁶ The National Safety Council (1993) estimated a cost of \$116 billion for *injuries* in 1992. But the Council's estimate ignored assaults, murder, and suicide. The costs of occupational disease have been estimated to be \$600 million in New York State³⁷ in 1985. National estimates of occupational disease costs have never been extensively studied, but some analysts have put the number over 200 billion dollars.³⁸

Personal Costs

Death is tragic at any age, but perhaps more tragic at younger ages. Jobrelated injury deaths are especially costly in terms of the years of potential life lost. For example, the average job-related traumatic death occurs at 37 in the NIOSH study, while the average age of death due to heart disease is 61.³⁹ Premature occupational nonfatal and fatal injuries (not diseases) result in about 250,000 potential productive years of life lost each year,⁴⁰ while cerebrovascular disease (strokes) are responsible for 234,000 years of productive life lost in recent years.⁴¹

The toll of injuries and diseases is not evenly distributed among all groups. African-Americans, Hispanics, inexperienced, and low-wage workers sustain a disproportionate share of all job-related fatalities.⁴²

Legal Costs

An increasing number of lawsuits allege that some employers are partially, and sometimes criminally, responsible for employee deaths.⁴³ Litigation is especially expanding for on-the-job murders.⁴⁴ In a 1992 Los Angeles case, a judge ordered a shopping center owner to pay \$3.5 million to the family of a 26-year-old clerk who was murdered leaving work. Sometimes information on hazards is withheld from the employees. Other times, employers are judged to be negligent for other reasons such as removing security devices or bolting shut fire exits.

Executives from Film Recovery Systems were found guilty of withholding information. The company would treat old film with cyanide and sell it. All employers in the 1980s were required to inform their employees of the dangers of cyanide and require that workers use rubber gloves, boots, aprons, and respirators. Film Recovery did not take these precautions. Film Recovery hired a number of non-English-speaking immigrants. On February 10, 1985, a non-English-speaking immigrant dropped dead of cyanide poisoning. Eight months later, three Film Recovery executives were tried and convicted of murder. 45

Manville Corporation, the world's largest asbestos company, also attempted to hide information. Their workers have generated more occupational disease lawsuits than any other group of workers. The workers have alleged that Manville knew of the deadly aspects of working with asbestos since 1940, but, because of corporate policy, their executives and doctors refused to inform workers of the hazard. The executives in the 1930s and 1940s were worried that word would get out that asbestos caused lung cancer. Memos were circulated among corporate officers and doctors during the 1930s and 1940s indicating this coverup. Many of the workers' lawyers believe these signed memos swung the juries in their favor. 46

From the early 1970s through the end of 1982, lawyer and court expensesnot settlements which are transfers--for asbestos suits were estimated to have cost \$1 billion in 1982 dollars.⁴⁷

A variety of negligence cases have arisen. A judge in New York sentenced two business owners to prison in a case that equated exposing employees to toxic chemicals with "assault with a deadly weapon," a charge normally reserved for street crime. As The Texas Supreme Court ruled that a convenience store chain can be required to pay damages to the family of a murdered female clerk. The court found that E-Z Mart Stores, Inc. was negligent in removing security devices.

In 1991 a fire at a chicken processing plant in North Carolina killed 25 workers. The deaths resulted from the inability of workers to escape through fire exits that had been bolted shut by management. Apparently management was concerned that too many workers were leaving work early and taking too many breaks. The plant had not been inspected for several years. At the time, North Carolina only had enough OSH inspectors to inspect a worksite once every 75 years. 50

A recent OSH legal case involved armed robbery. A woman in Oakland, California is suing for being fired. In March 1993 she was working the night shift at Taco Bell and was robbed at gunpoint. She later informed her manager that she did not want to work at night. She was fired because she refused night work. She is now suing Taco Bell for not providing a safe workplace.⁵¹

Finally, another recent case involved a worker who died rescuing a coworker at an electroplating plant in Oakland, California. In September 1993 one worker climbed into an enclosed tank to help push another worker to safety who had passed out from inhaling cyanide and acid fumes. But the rescuing worker himself was quickly overcome with the same fumes. He collapsed and died. OSHA investigators reported that the working conditions were illegal. The plating company had been cited for 37 similar violations in 1991. The deceased worker was not covered by Workers' Compensation (WC). Fines and criminal lawsuits are currently being prepared. 52

As these stories illustrate, some employers have resisted attempts to provide safe and healthy workplaces. But the lessons of these stories and others like them that took place in the 1980s did not draw their due attention in that

Introduction 7

decade. In March 1989 the Bush administration asked for more than \$200,000 in cuts from the Justice Department section that prosecutes companies involved in workplace deaths. From 1980 to 1988, 30 cases of job-related criminal homicide had been referred to the U. S. Justice Department by OSHA. By 1988 the Justice Department had prosecuted only four.⁵³

Employer Costs

Most employers would prefer safe and healthy jobs and workers. Workers' morale and productivity are higher in safe and healthy jobs than in unnecessarily risky ones. Strike and absenteeism rates are also much lower in safe than in hazardous industries.⁵⁴

Consider this example for the strike-hazards association. At a Ford glass plant, noise readings were well over 90 decibels. When one worker's hand was caught in a machine, his cries for help went unheard. Under threat of a strike, the company enclosed 50 of the noisiest machines and reduced the decibel count to around 70.55

There is evidence that some jobs may have gotten more dangerous in recent years. Total payments for Worker's Compensation in the United States have increased much faster than inflation for the past 12 years. ⁵⁶ Annual job stress claims soared by 7,000 in California, from 1,178 claims in 1979 to 9,368 in 1988. ⁵⁷ The number of workdays lost due to injury or illness per employee in the United States has shown a steady rise from 1983 to 1990. ⁵⁸ The *Wall Street Journal* attributes part of the increase to management's attempts to speed up the production line. ⁵⁹ And this phenomenon is not limited to the United States. The Japanese have invented a word for death from overwork: "karoshi."

SUMMARY

Information on job-related deaths is inadequate. While some employers are negligent, a greater villain may be the lack of widespread knowledge about working conditions, chemicals, occupations, and industries that are associated with injuries, illnesses, and deaths. The public's desire for more knowledge appears great. The paucity of research is disquieting. The experts cannot even agree on a definition for an injury, let alone a disease, death. Finally, significant personal legal, economic, and medical costs are associated with job-related deaths.

CAVEATS TO SUBSEQUENT ANALYSIS

There are several limitations to the Supplementary Data System (SDS) information relied on in this study. The SDS is examined in Chapter 3, and the limitations are discussed at length in Chapter 8. Nevertheless, a few of the most important ones are briefly noted here.

The Most Dangerous Jobs? Astronaut and U. S. President

Occupations and industries with very few members are grouped into larger categories, while a handful of especially dangerous jobs are ignored altogether. Data on perhaps the two most dangerous jobs in the United States are not available in the SDS due to the few people in the jobs. The most dangerous job is likely to be the astronaut's. From 1960 to 1991, the United States employed 127 astronauts. Astronauts are defined as persons who travel into space as well as others who are prepared to go. The death rates used are calculated on an annual basis. Assume five astronauts were available each year from 1960 through 1965, and ten were available each year from 1966 through 1991. These five and ten astronauts could sometimes be the same person from one year to the next. A total of 290 astronaut-years were thus "at risk" from 1960 to 1991 (30 from 1960 through 1965 and 260 from 1966 through 1991). Ten astronaut deaths (including one teacher death) occurred over those years. The death rate is then 10/290 or .034 or 3,400 per 100,000 per year. As will later become evident, a 3,400 per 100,000 rate is astonishingly high.

The second most dangerous job is likely to be the president of the United States. During our 217 years of democracy, four presidents have been assassinated: McKinley, Garfield, Lincoln, and Kennedy. Harrison died of pneumonia, weeks after delivering a three-hour inaugural address in the cold and rain. F. D. Roosevelt and Harding died of heart attacks while in office. Even if Roosevelt's and Harding's deaths are not regarded as job-related, the death rate for the president is 5/217 = 0.023 or 2,304 per 100,000 per year. As we will see, no other jobs even approach these two rates.

Due to category definition, still other very hazardous jobs are not included in the SDS statistics, such as oil rig firefighters, window washers on high rise buildings, sea divers, 62 treasure hunters, and elephant trainers.

Professional athletes are included in one Census category, yet no information is available about specific sports. Boxers and race car drivers undoubtedly have high death rates. An overlooked professional sport that is probably also high is horse racing. Jockeys do not wear much protective gear, and they can be thrown off a speeding horse, injured on a rail, or trampled to death. Horse trainers are also at risk. An overseer of the stable that has won nearly every major stakes race in the United States was recently hit by a runaway horse. He was knocked into a coma and recently died of pneumonia.

Introduction 9

Mining, Farming, Fishing, Maritime, Military and the Age of Data

The SDS data are incomplete in their coverage of coal miners and all agricultural workers. The incomplete coverage comes from relying on Worker's Compensation records. Coal miners who suffer an accident are always covered by WC. However, black lung disease or coal workers' pneumoconiosis has not always been compensated by WC in all states.⁶³ As a result, the federal government established the Black Lung Disability Trust to pay medical, disability, and death benefits to all black lung patients and beneficiaries.⁶⁴ Black lung was responsible for roughly 940 deaths per year during the time period of this study, 1979 to 1986.⁶⁵ Yet the SDS data account for roughly only 40 deaths due to black lung per year. If 940 black lung deaths had been included in the rankings in Tables 4.1 and 5.1, the occupation Miner, n.e.c., and the industry Bituminous Coal Mining would appear first on both lists.

Virtually all state WC agencies exclude farmers and farm workers on small farms, and many state WC agencies exclude farmers and workers on large farms. ⁶⁶ Yet farming is especially hazardous. ⁶⁷ Among broad industry divisions, such as manufacturing, retail sales, transportation, and so on, agriculture has one of the highest injury death rates: 52 per 100,000 per year. ⁶⁸

Because data were not available from all states and because the SDS relied exclusively on WC information, several other occupations were excluded. Data from Alaska were not available in the SDS. Alaskan fishermen apparently have fatality rates (415 per 100,000) higher than any rate found with the SDS data. Many fishermen, railroad workers, and all merchant sailors are excluded from the SDS/WC data relied on here. Yet, again, fishing, railroads, and merchant shipping are excessively dangerous. In addition, all military occupations are excluded from the SDS data.

Another important limitation concerns the age of the data, 1979 to 1986. AIDS deaths, for example, were just beginning to occur during the years pertaining to these data. This may not be a severe limitation, however. From January 1981 to September 1992, only 69 health-care workers, at most, in the United States died or contracted the AIDS virus as a result of job-related duties. 70

In summary, the SDS data, relied on in this study, have limitations as are examined in Chapter 8. Readers are cautioned against singling out an occupation and concluding that, for example, stone cutters hold the most dangerous job. The lists appearing in Tables 4.1 and 5.1 are much more reliable when they are used either (1) in their entirety to indicate which groups of jobs are hazardous or safe, or (2) to indicate causes of death within jobs.

Despite these limitations, this study contributes to the literature. There have been no other attempts to rank as many jobs or to provide information on the causes of deaths within jobs, using as much data as are available in the SDS.

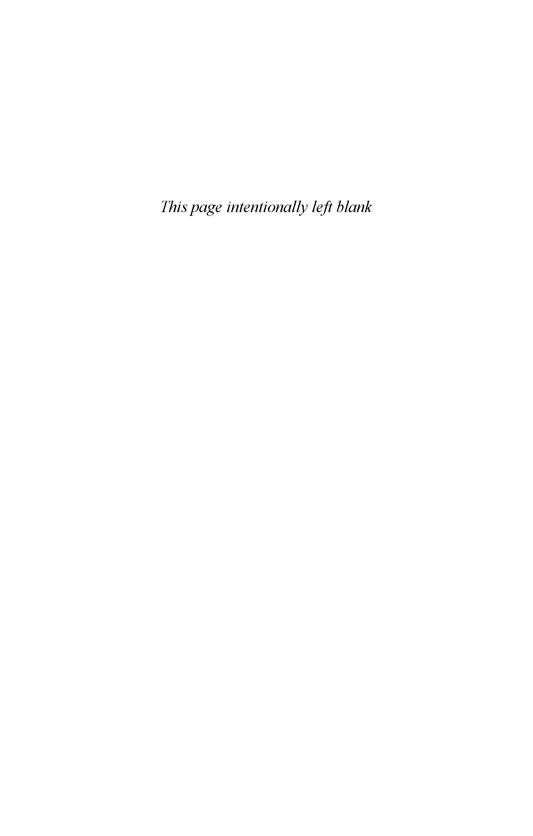
The next chapter briefly reviews existing studies and their attempts to rank occupations and industries by job-related deaths. Chapter 2 may be skipped without disrupting continuity.

NOTES

- 1. See Baker et. al, 1982; Bell et al., 1990; Center for Disease Control, 1985; Cone et al., 1991; Leigh, 1987; Meng, 1991; National Safety Council, 1993; Robinson et al., 1988; Root and Sebastin, 1981; Thaler and Rosen, 1976; Toscano and Windau, 1993; and United States Department of Health and Human Services, 1993.
 - 2. See Shilling and Brackbill, 1987.
 - 3. See Behrens and Brackbill, 1993.
 - 4. See Robinson, 1991.
 - 5. See Cimini and Becker, 1993.
 - 6. See Shilling and Brackbill, 1987.
 - 7. See Smith, 1993.
 - 8. See Slovic, Fischhoff, and Lichtenstein, 1979.
 - 9. See Baker et al., 1982.
- 10. See Shannon et al., 1993, and Runyon, Loomis and Butts, 1994.
- 11. See San Jose Mercury News, Jan. 26, 1992, and United States Department of Labor, 1990.
- 12. See San Jose Mercury News, Dec. 19, 1989.
- 13. See Cimini and Becker, 1993.
- 14. See Castillo and Jenkins, 1993.
- 15. See Davis et al., 1987, and Kraus, 1987.
- 16. See Shannon et al., 1993, and Runyan, Loomis, and Butts, 1994.
- 17. See San Jose Mercury News, April 18, 1994.
- 18. See Smith, 1979.
- 19. See Waldman et al., 1989, and Staines and Quinn, 1979.
- 20. See National Institutes of Health, 1992.
- 21. See Minter, 1992.
- 22. See National Research Council, 1987.
- 23. See Baker et al., 1992.
- 24. See National Research Council, 1987, and Kane and Derstine, 1992...
- 25. See Toscano and Windau, 1993.
- 26. See NIOSH, 1989, and Bell, Stout, and Bender, 1990.
- 27. See National Safety Council, 1993.
- 28. See Toscano and Windau, 1993.
- 29. See Center for Disease Control, April 1992.
- 30. See National Center for Health Statistics, 1992.
- 31. See Markowitz et al., 1989.
- 32. See Karasek and Theorell, 1990.

Introduction 11

- 33. See Murphy, 1991.
- 34. See National Center for Health Statistics, 1992.
- 35. See McGinnis and Foege, 1993.
- 36. See O'Neill, 1993.
- 37. See Markowitz et al., 1989.
- 38. See Ringen, 1989.
- 39. See National Center for Health Statistics, 1992.
- 40. See Center for Disease Control, October 1992.
- 41. See Center for Disease Control, 1991.
- 42. See Robinson, 1991; Bell et al., 1990; and Sorock et al., 1993.
- 43. See Boglioli and Taff, 1990; Reiner and Chatten-Brown, 1989a, 1989b; and Freedman, 1990.
- 44. See San Jose Mercury News, Feb. 14, 1994.
- 45. See Hills, 1988.
- 46. See Brodner, 1985.
- 47. See Kakalik et al., 1983.
- 48. See San Jose Mercury News, May 29, 1991.
- 49. See Harlan and Schmitt, 1992.
- 50. See U.S. News and World Report, Sept. 16, 1991.
- 51. See San Jose Mercury News, March 15, 1994.
- 52. See San Jose Mercury News, March 24, 1994.
- 53. See Geyelin, 1989.
- 54. See Gersuny, 1981; Robinson, 1991; Leigh, 1983, 1989b.
- 55. See Wallick, 1984.
- 56. See Nelson, 1992.
- 57. See Peterson, 1990.
- 58. See National Safety Council, 1993; Robinson, 1991; and Smith, 1993.
- 59. See Ansberry, 1989.
- 60. See Impoco, 1991.
- 61. See Curtis, 1992.
- 62. See Hoiberg and Blood, 1985.
- 63. See Freedman, 1990.
- 64. See Freedman, 1990.
- 65. See National Center for Health Statistics, 1988.
- 66. See Reida, 1984.
- 67. See Baker et al., 1982, and Purschwitz and Field, 1990.
- 68. See Purschwitz and Field, 1990.
- 69. See Schnitzer et al., 1993.
- 70. See Center for Disease Control, October 1992.



Chapter 2

Literature Review

This chapter is divided into three sections. The first deals with foreign studies, the second with small U.S. regional studies, and the last with studies that use large data sets that are reasonably representative of the entire United States. Some of the studies attempt to rank occupations or industries by job-related death rates. Rarely are these occupations and industries recorded at the 3-digit level.

FOREIGN STUDIES

Ronald Meng (1991), using four years of data from Canada, investigated 482 occupations. He found roughly 1,000 deaths per year in Canada. Occupations at the top of the death rate list include miners, motormen, pilots, general laborers, insulation workers, lumberjacks, commercial sailors, fishermen, hunters, and iron workers. Meng's most dangerous industries include forestry, mining, and construction. He also found that unionization is higher in those industries with high rather than low fatality rates.

Marin and Psacharopoulos' (1982) data from England indicate that electricians, bricklayers, deckhands, miners, and general laborers are in especially dangerous jobs. Marin and Psacharopoulos investigated only the top 20 occupations, however.

Harrison et al. (1989) studied 1,544 Australian fatalities. Their study estimates the overall Australian job-related death rate to be 8.06 per 100,000 in 1982-4 with the rate for men at 12 per 100,000 versus 1.3 per 100,000 for women. The Harrison et al. (1989) study indicates that industries, such as mining, transportation, and farming, are especially hazardous. In New Zealand, fishermen, hunters, general laborers, pilots, and miners were identified as dangerous occupations during 1974 to 1978.¹

Although Shannon et al (1993) examined 470 job-related deaths in Ontario, this study did not attempt to estimate the number of people "at risk" of death in the various jobs, that is, denominators were not available. Therefore death rates could not be constructed. Even so, the study finds 2 percent of the decedents had alcohol in their blood and 17 percent had cannabis present.

Rossignol and Pineault (1993) analyzed 1,227 fatal work injuries from 1981 to 1988 in Quebec. Data were collected from WC files. From 1981 to 1988, the male rate declined from 12.7 to 8.1 per 100,000. Women's rates were stable at less than 1 per 100,000. Motor vehicle crashes, falls, violent acts, and farming-related injuries were among the most frequent causes of death.

REGIONAL U.S. STUDIES

Most United States studies that attempt to rank more than a handful of jobs according to job-related death rates rely on small United States regional samples. For example, Baker et al. (1982) looked at 148 deaths in Maryland. All but two of the deaths were male. They found that most deaths fall in categories-such as vehicle collisions and homicide--not addressed by the Occupational Safety and Health (OSH) Act of 1970. Approximately 11 percent of the deaths were alcohol-related.

Robinson et al. (1988) studied 212 deaths in Allegheny County, Pennsylvania. They found the highest age-adjusted death rate in the construction industry. In addition, roughly 3 percent of the decedents had alcohol in their blood.

Copeland (1985) gathered data on 147 job-related injury deaths in Miami. Copeland did not collect denominator data, however. Alcohol was found in 4 percent of the decedents.

Goldberg et al. (1989) collected information on 2,483 fatal injuries in California. The majority of these deaths resulted from highway vehicle accidents, assaults, and aircraft crashes. This study points out that deaths due to these three causes are excluded from California's OSHA jurisdiction since these deaths were not seen as preventable by enforcing the state's industrial code. Goldberg et al. (1989) also found that both the youngest and oldest workers have much higher death rates than workers in middle age.

Data from 710 traumatic deaths in Texas indicate that pilots, oil well drillers, iron workers, construction laborers, and truck drivers hold especially risky jobs.² The average age at death was 37.2 years. The leading causes of death were vehicle accidents (22%), machinery-related (15%), homicide (14%), falls (12%), and electrocutions (11%). Of the 18 aircraft accident deaths, five involved helicopter pilots and three involved crop dusting. In 5 of the 10 police deaths, the police officers were pedestrians. Only 20 percent of police deaths were due to gunfire.

Literature Review 15

Cone et al. (1991) studied 682 California job-related deaths during the late 1980s. Information was gathered from the California Workers' Compensation (WC) system and death certificates. Occupations with the highest rates (per 100,000 per year) include fishers and hunters (84), loggers (78), police (76), miners (44), and truck drivers (37). The greatest numbers of deaths resulted from motor vehicle crashes and homicide.

Murder and on-the-job assault have also received attention in regional studies.³ Seligman et al. (1987), Davis et al. (1987), and Stone (1993) found murder and sexual assault of women especially high at convenience stores.

Finally, Stone (1993) analyzed 277 job-related traumatic deaths during 1989 and 1990 in South Carolina. He estimated an annual kill ratio of 8.84 per 100,000 workers. The industry divisions with the highest death rates were transportation-communication-utilities, construction, and agriculture-fishing-forestry. Leading causes of traumatic deaths were vehicle crashes, homicide, and falls. Death rates for men were about 13 times higher than those for women.

U.S. NATIONWIDE STUDIES

At least five lists that use data representative of the entire United States have been developed by the government and private researchers to provide national rankings of jobs-by-death rates. This book's attention to these nationally representative lists is greater than that given to the small United States regional lists or the foreign lists. Five lists are discussed: three generated by government agencies and two provided by private researchers with the assistance of insurance companies and government data. In addition, a sixth study examined government estimates of the aggregate number of disease deaths due to mesotheleoma, asbestosis, silicosis, and pneumoconissis.

Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS)

The first list (or set of lists) is drawn from the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS). BLS tallies deaths from surveys of roughly 250,000 to 280,000 businesses across the United States each year.⁴ These surveys are required by the OSH Act. Data taken from the OSHA log Form 200 provide the basis of the survey. Every private sector employer with more than ten employees must keep a log of job accidents and illnesses that require more than first aid treatment, and each employee has a legal right to inspect his or her employer's log form. The responses of employers of 11 or more employees to the BLS surveys are mandatory.

The estimated fatality rates per 100,000 per year by broad industry divisions in 1987 are 4.5 for all of the private sector, 24 for mining, 22 for construction, 12 for transportation and public utilities, 9 for agriculture, 4 for

manufacturing, 3 for finance and real estate, and 2 each for services, wholesale and retail trade. Published death rates are available only at the broad, 1-digit level.

The BLS surveys of approximately 250,000 to 280,000 firms also collect data on nonfatal injuries and illnesses. For example, estimates from 1987 represent the work injury and illness experience of about 85 million workers in the private sector of the United States economy.⁵ The number of nonfatal injuries and illnesses and the number of workdays lost because of an illness or injury are aggregated into broad (1 digit) as well as narrow (3 digit) industry classifications and published once a year by the BLS.⁶ Data from coal, metal, and nonmetal mining, and railroads are not included in the BLS report but are included in separate reports from the Department of Labor's Mine Safety and Health Administration and the Department of Transportation's Federal Railroad Administration. The BLS death surveys exclude the self-employed; firms with fewer than 11 employees; private households; and employees of the federal, state, and local governments.

The BLS survey data have many limitations. First, they undercount the number of injury deaths, by perhaps 60 percent, and the disease deaths by more. During 1979 to 1986 (years also included in this study), the BLS estimates roughly 4,000 annual injury and illness deaths. Yet during 1980 to 1985, NIOSH estimates 7,000 injury deaths alone, while the National Safety Council estimates 12,000 injury deaths for the same years. The national estimates derived from a New York study indicate approximately 70,000 disease deaths. The same BLS surveys may count only roughly 30 percent of all nonfatal injuries and illnesses.

The BLS itself now recognizes the serious undercount from its early surveys. In 1990 the BLS undertook a new massive effort to provide better estimates of injury deaths¹¹ entitled the Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries (CFOI). As testimony to the BLS's dissatisfaction with the early surveys, researchers are no longer allowed access to unpublished lists of 2- and 3-digit industry death rates.¹² Prior to 1988, the BLS readily made these 2- and 3-digit industry death rates available to researchers. One of these unpublished lists appears in Appendix E.

The BLS early surveys' low estimates may, in part, be due to the exclusion of government employees, employees working in small firms, and the self-employed. Roughly 20 percent of the civilian workforce worked for some form of government during the years examined in this study (1979-86). BLS survey data suggest that an inverted "U" describes the relation between industries and firm size, with firms employing 100 to 499 persons sustaining the highest injury rate. 13 Data from death certificates (not the BLS surveys) divided by the appropriate numbers of employees at risk from all firms suggest, however, that the relation is monotonically decreasing. The smallest firms, with one to ten employees, have the highest injury rates. 14 Using death-certificate (not BLS) data from Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, Parkinson et al. (1986) discovered

Literature Review 17

that nearly 80 percent of fatal job-related accidents occur in firms with fewer than 100 employees, while roughly 50 percent of United States private sector employees work in such firms. If A recent Wall Street Journal analysis of 500,000 government safety-inspection records indicated that firms with fewer than 20 employees have death rates averaging 200 per 100,000 per 5 years compared to a rate of .4 per 100,000 per 5 years for firms employing more than 1,000 workers. If Finally, the Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries (CFOI) data indicate that 20 percent of injury deaths occur among the self-employed. However, the self-employed comprise roughly 10 percent of the workforce.

The low BLS estimate may also be due to the financial incentive firms face to underestimate the number of injuries and illnesses that occur on their premises. The enforcement arm of the OSH Administration has indirectly used BLS data to target industries for inspection. That is, although BLS has refused to allow the OSH administrators to see their raw data, the aggregate data are published. OSH administrators have simply calculated a firm's injury rate based on OSHA Form 200 data and compared it to the aggregate statistics for the industry. If the firm's injury rate exceeded the average, the firm became a candidate for inspection. In Insurance companies require firms to pay high premiums if their injury and illness rates are high. As a result, a number of firms, including Caterpillar Tractor, have been found guilty of undercounting accidents. Economic analyses indicated that the under-reporting was apparent in the mid-1980s. 22

The underestimate may also result from workers declining to tell the employer that an injury occurred. Many workers may fear for their jobs or may worry they will be viewed as an accident-prone liability.²³

Another drawback to the BLS information is that the annual bulletins that contain the injury and illness rates are organized around a Standard Industrial Classification (S.I.C.) of industries, rather than a ranking of most dangerous to least dangerous industry. It is difficult to capture a clear picture of where a particular industry ranks without a few hours of careful analysis. Nevertheless, readers may wish to consult these bulletins available in the government documents section of most libraries. Despite the BLS data limitations, they provide the most comprehensive and historically consistent data available on nonfatal injuries and illnesses. For example, in recent issues of the bulletins, separate tables are constructed for occupational diseases of the skin and the lung, of poisonings, and of cumulative trauma such as carpal tunnel syndrome.

National Traumatic Occupational Fatalities (NIOSH-NTOF)

A second government data source on exclusively fatal injuries is the National Traumatic Occupational Fatality (NTOF) surveillance project, organized by the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH).²⁴ NTOF used data from death certificates collected from 50 states

over a six-year period from 1980 to 1985. Approximately 7,000 job-related traumatic deaths were discovered each year. Roughly 94 percent of the decedents were men, and 6 percent were women. Nearly 40 percent of the women died from murder.

The NTOF data are categorized by broad, 1-digit industry and broad, 1-digit occupations for 50 states. The broad industries and their annual fatality rates (per 100,000 per year) are mining (32); transportation, communication, and public utilities (25); construction (24); agriculture, forestry, and fishing (21); manufacturing (6); services (4); retail trade (3); finance, insurance, and real estate (2); wholesale trade (2). The broad occupations and their rates are transportation operatives (24), farmers (22), nonfarm laborers (16), craftworkers (10), technicians (6), machinists (5), managers (4), service workers (3), specialists (2), sales workers (2), and clerical workers (1).

The NTOF industry estimates are consistent with the BLS nonfatal and fatal rates for broad industry divisions. The broad industry and occupation estimates are also consistent with the SDS data presented here, as becomes evident in Chapters 4 and 5.

The NTOF data set is unique in presenting estimates across the states. The variability is considerable. For example, Utah has a mining fatality rate four times that of California. Wyoming has a manufacturing fatality rate 60 times that of Massachusetts. In the service industry, Arkansas's rate is eight times greater than the rate for New York. For all industries combined, Alaska and Wyoming have the highest fatality rates (34 and 33.5), while Connecticut and Massachusetts have the lowest (1.6 and 2.4).

There are a number of limitations to the NTOF study. First, the NTOF intentionally excludes occupational disease deaths since they are not always easily identified. For example, a lung cancer could have been caused by cigarettes rather than exposure to an on-the-job carcinogen. Heart disease could have been solely the result of genetic factors. Medical consensus on a job-related death is easier to obtain from an injury than an illness. Nevertheless, an increasing number of diseases (in addition to black lung, mesothelioma, asbestosis, and silicosis) are being recognized as job-related. These diseases include, under some conditions, pneumonia, tuberculosis, AIDS, arsenic poisoning, lead poisoning, heart disease, malignant tumors, leukemia and bladder cancer.²⁵

A second problem with the NTOF data is that the denominator data are not perfectly matched to the numerator data. No single source of private and public employment data provides information on both states and occupations for each year of 1980 through 1985. Therefore, the NTOF investigators used several sources of denominator data. For the demographic analyses, the NTOF investigators used the BLS annual average employment household data from *Employment and Earnings* volumes 28-33, 1981-86. These denominators were based on yearly random samples of 60,000 households across the United States. For the state and industry-specific analysis, denominators were derived from

Literature Review 19

two Bureau of the Census databases: County Business Patterns Bulletins for 1980-85 and the 1982 Census of Agriculture. These county business bulletins do not provide information on agriculture.

A similar problem exists in this study since denominators could not be perfectly matched to numerators. This study does, however, rely on unpublished BLS data made available to the author. Moreover, in the Appendices (A and B), all denominators for this study are listed so that when better data become available, the extent of the bias can be assessed.

Another serious drawback concerns the exclusion of government workers from the NTOF industry and state-specific death rates. Nationally collected employment data that includes federal, state, and local government workers are not available for all the states separately. They are available, however, for the nation as a whole. This study includes government workers in the analyses of occupations and of total deaths combined (Chapters 4 and 6). Government workers are excluded from the industry analyses in Chapter 5.

An additional problem involves occupational classification. Nearly 20 percent of NTOF responses were given "unclassified" occupation.

The NTOF used death-certificate data. Although all death certificates had a box for "injury at work" in the mid-1980s, coroners would not always properly check it. Highway vehicle crashes and homicides were frequently not viewed as job-related by coroners.²⁶

Finally, neither the BLS nor the NIOSH lists contain information on detailed 3-digit occupations. Most of the BLS and NIOSH statistics apply to industries. But industry data combine blue- with white-collar deaths. Since blue-collar workers experience considerably higher death rates, the industry data are difficult to interpret. ²⁷ Some analysts have suggested applying the industry data only to blue-collar workers. ²⁸ If white-collar workers were exposed to the same amount of risk regardless of industry, their exclusion would not be troublesome. This is unlikely. For example, airplane pilots hold extremely hazardous white-collar jobs. The elevated risk of fatality within the air transportation industry is more likely the result of pilot deaths than ground crew or mechanic deaths. ²⁹

Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries (CFOI)

Given the problems with the initial BLS surveys and the NTOF, the BLS is now conducting another large data gathering effort entitled the Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries (CFOI).³⁰ The CFOI comprises the third government study. Information is being gathered from death certificates, state WC reports, state coroner reports, OSHA reports, news media, toxicology reports, autopsies, and state motor vehicle reports. The data from the CFOI are not yet available to researchers. However, preliminary summaries of the CFOI have appeared.³¹ Findings include the following: the self-employed contribute 20 percent of all deaths; women contribute 8 percent; among broad occupation groups, operators,

fabricators, and laborers contribute the most (32%), while service occupations contribute the least (8%). In addition, transportation accidents, assaults, and violent acts contribute 57 percent.

By 1994 the CFOI will have information from all 50 states and the District of Columbia. The CFOI will undoubtedly be the best information available on occupational injury deaths. The CFOI has not been used to rank more than 50 occupations or industries; nor has CFOI information been used to consider causes of deaths within given occupations or industries. The published CFOI reports list roughly 25 possible causes of death. The SDS in this study contain 329 possible causes of death split into three categories: nature, source, and type. But the CFOI's flaw, for our purposes, is that it will not analyze diseases. Roughly 11 percent of deaths in the SDS data result from diseases such as asbestosis, silicosis, pneumoconiosis, heart failure and so on. Silicosis is a leading cause of death within 14 industries (Chapter 5). Silicosis and/or asbestosis are responsible for at least one death in 79 of 323 industries in Chapter 5. Silicosis or asbestosis are the leading causes of death in 12 occupations, including three that are in the top ten: stone cutters, blasters, and asbestos workers (Chapter 4). Silicosis is the leading cause of death in two of the top five industries: cut stone and iron ore (Chapter 5). The fact that the CFOI ignores diseases is, then, a serious flaw.

Private Studies

Two nongovernment American studies attempted to rank jobs according to death rates. Thaler and Rosen (1976) collected data from the United States Society of Actuaries and ranked 36 high-risk occupations by death rates. While these data have received considerable attention in the economics literature, they have a serious deficiency: the deaths are not clearly job-related. They confuse deaths from all causes with job-related deaths.³²

On the other hand, some of their provocative findings are consistent with this study's findings. Elevator operators and waiters were found to have death rates higher than sheriffs and police officers in Thaler and Rosen (1976). As we will see in our SDS/WC data, elevator operators do face a very high death rate, and although our waiters' rate does not exceed that of police officers, the waiters' rate is unexpectedly high.

A second study, conducted by the author,³³ ranks 347 occupations by jobrelated death rates. Some of the data in the initial 1987 study is re-analyzed in this study. This new study represents a significant advance over the 1987 study, which (1) does not indicate causes of death; (2) stops with 1980 data; (3) does not separately analyze women; (4) does not attempt a ranking for industries; (5) does not compare results with prior studies. Literature Review 21

Government Data on Disease

A final government effort merits attention. The data are organized in reports that NIOSH makes available in the annual government volume *Health, United States.* ³⁴ In recent years, this volume has included table entries on four occupational diseases known to cause death: mesothelioma, coalworkers' pneumoconiosis, asbestosis, and silicosis. In 1989, deaths were 365, 725, 261, and 130 respectively for these diseases. In addition, the 1988 issue of *Health, United States* indicates that a "substantial proportion of acute leukemia and bladder cancer cases are associated with occupational exposures" (p. 1).

The editors of *Health, United States* stop short of estimating the total number of deaths due to all occupational exposures. While most physicians acknowledge the clear link between occupations and mesothelioma, pneumoconiosis, asbestosis, and silicosis, many physicians dispute whether a particular occupational exposure to, say, benzene causes leukemia or exposure to naphthylamine or benzidine causes bladder cancer.

The 1991 edition of *Health, United States* indicates that lead exposure is excessive in several manufacturing industries including chemicals; stone, clay, and glass; fabricated metals; and machinery, especially electronic machinery (p. 217). Again, the government editors do not estimate the number of deaths due to on-the-job lead exposure, perhaps for the same reason. There is no consensus among physicians that lead exposure on-the-job is the only cause of death.

Occupational exposure to mercury is similar to exposure to lead. It first effects the nervous system and generates mood swings. With enough exposure over time, mercury or lead can result in death. A century ago, hatmakers who used mercury to treat fur showed signs of poisoning--hence the phrase "mad as a hatter." 35

The data in *Health, United States* pertain only to these handful of diseases (mesothelioma, coalminers' pneumoconiosis, asbestosis, silicosis, bladder cancer, and leukemia). Many researchers believe this view of occupational disease is too narrow. Many, perhaps most, cancer-causing substances are manmade.³⁶ Few studies have addressed the synergistic effects of exposure to multiple man-made substances. "Job strain" may also cause a significant percentage of all heart and cardiovascular disease.³⁷ Additionally, many manual jobs pay wages that place a family of three or more below the poverty line. To the extent that poverty destroys health, these jobs are somewhat culpable.³⁸ Many occupations such as bartending and merchant shipping have been linked to liver cirrhosis deaths,³⁹ but cirrhosis is seldom mentioned as job-related in the occupational disease literature. It probably should be. Cigarette smoking also shows clear patterns across jobs.⁴⁰ Waitresses and truck drivers tend to be heavy smokers. Yet, again, smoking is frequently ignored in the occupational illness literature.

No general ranking of many jobs by occupational disease deaths is available in any issue of *Health, United States* or any other publication.

Deaths from All Causes

Rosenberg et al. (1993) provide the most recent and comprehensive analysis of people's occupations and industries prior to death. Their study analyzed 269,797 death certificates from 12 states for 1984. Decedents must have been 20 years or older. Occupation and industry of the decedent were the "usual occupation" and "kind of business or industry" reported on the certificate and based on information provided by informants to the funeral director. While several hundred occupations and industries were available, Rosenberg et al. restricted attention to only 46 major occupations and 42 industries.

Proportionate mortality ratios (PMRs) were calculated and expressed using a 100 index. The ratios showed the proportion of deaths for a particular occupation or industry for a specific cause of death in relation to all other occupations and industries combined (represented by a PMR of 100). The PMRs were standardized by age and race.

For men, the highest PMR was for death from pneumoconiosis in the mining occupations. The second highest for men was again in mining occupations, but this time for industrial accidents. Other high PMRs included forestry, fishing, and hunting occupations for industrial accidents; teachers for melanoma of the skin; farming occupations for industrial accidents; administrative occupations for neoplasms of galibladder; management occupations for neoplasms of the brain; electricians and power installers for industrial accidents; health occupations for malignant lymphoma; and military occupations for ulcers.

For women, the high PMRs and the corresponding causes of death were: machine operators, cancer of body and uterus; machine operators, brain cancer; professional specialty occupations, hodgkins disease; mail occupations, accidents; protective services, accidents; precision machine occupations, cancer of uterus; food production occupations, lung cancer; health service occupations, melanoma of skin; food preparation, mouth cancer.

For both men and women, high PMR industries and causes of death included: mining, pneumoconiosis; stone, clay, and glass, neoplasm of rectum and anus; and lumber, industrial accidents.

Rosenberg et al. (1993) list a number of limitations of their study. First, some occupations such as firefighter, pilot, and military are selective on health status. Persons must pass a medical exam to enter the occupation. Second, associations between jobs and deaths may reflect education level that in turn might influence the decedents' prior smoking or alcohol intake.

But the most important limitation for our purpose is the simplest. The Rosenberg et al. study looks at all causes of death, not just job-related deaths. While the Rosenberg et al. study is useful for drawing attention to certain jobs with high PMRs and certain causes of deaths, the study cannot be relied on as providing a list of dangerous jobs and causes of job-related deaths.

Literature Review 23

SUMMARY

Prior studies fall into three groups: foreign, regional U.S., and national U.S. Each study group suffers a number of drawbacks. The six national United States studies are the most relevant for our purposes.

This study makes a number of contributions to the literature. First, and perhaps most important, the causes of job-related death within any given occupation or industry are presented and analyzed. Second, occupations are analyzed at the 3-digit level, not 1- or 2-digit level. Third, numerator and denominator data are drawn from the same data bases for 1979 to 1986. No merging of separate data bases within the numerator or within the denominator was necessary. Fourth, aggregate deaths rates are calculated over four to six years, not just one year. Fifth, Appendices A and B provide the denominators and a detailed explanation for their calculation for every occupation or industry analyzed. Sixth, this study includes disease deaths.

The next chapter describes the data and method.

NOTES

- 1. See Pearce and Howard, 1985.
- 2. See Center for Disease Control, 1985.
- 3. See Seligman et al., 1987; Davis et al., 1987; Kraus, 1987; Davis, 1987; and Hales et al., 1988.
- 4. See Macon, 1984; Cotter and Macon, 1987; Personick and Jackson, 1992; and United States Bureau of Labor Statistics, 1989.
 - 5. See United States Bureau of Labor Statistics, 1989.
 - 6. See United States Bureau of Labor Statistics, 1989 and 1992.
 - 7. See Bell et al., 1990.
 - 8. See National Safety Council, 1993.
 - 9. See Markowitz et al., 1989.
 - 10. See Oleinick et al., 1993.
 - 11. See Kane and Derstine, 1992.
 - 12. See Kniesner and Leeth, 1991.
 - 13. See Leigh, 1989.
 - 14. See Mendeloff and Kagey, 1990.
 - 15. See Brown, Hamilton, and Medoff, 1990.
 - 16. See Marsh, 1993.
 - 17. See Cimini and Becker, 1993.
 - 18. See United States Bureau of Labor Statistics, 1991, pp. 7, 31.
 - 19. See Smith, 1992.
- 20. See United States House of Representatives, 1988; Suruda and Emmett, 1988; and Burrough and Lubove, 1986.
- 21. See Bell and Denmead, 1993.

- 22. See Ruser and Smith, 1988.
- 23. See O'Loughlin, 1993.
- 24. See National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, 1989, and Bell et al., 1990.
- 25. See National Center for Health Statistics, 1989.
- 26. See Runyon, Loomis, and Butts, 1994.
- 27. See Root and Sebastin, 1981.
- 28. See Smith, 1979.
- 29. See Personick, 1992c.
- 30. See Toscano, 1991, and Toscano and Windau, 1992.
- 31. See Toscano and Windau, 1992, and Cimini and Becker, 1993.
- 32. See Kosters, 1976.
- 33. See Leigh, 1987.
- 34. See National Center for Health Statistics, 1992 and 1988.
- 35. See Dobb, 1992.
- 36. See Epstein and Swartz, 1988.
- 37. See Karasek and Theorell, 1990, and Leigh, 1991.
- 38. See Menchik, 1993.
- 39. See Leigh and Jiang, 1993.
- 40. See Stellman et al., 1988, and Sterling and Weinkam, 1987.

Chapter 3

Data and Method

In subsequent chapters, information is provided on job-related deaths within occupations and industries, as well as the source, nature, and type of accident or illness associated with the deaths. This information is drawn from the Supplementary Data System (SDS) that was created by the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) beginning in 1976. The SDS data, in turn, are drawn from various states' Workers' Compensation (WC) records. Not all states in all years provided the SDS with information on job-related deaths, however. As a result, only eleven states are represented for the six years from 1979 through 1986: Arkansas 1981, 1983, 1985, 1986; Colorado, 1979-81, 1983, 1985; Delaware, 1979-81; 1983, 1985, 1986; Idaho, 1980, 1981; Iowa, 1981, 1983, 1985, 1986; Montana, 1979-81, 1983; New York, 1979-81, 1983, 1985, 1986; North Carolina, 1979-81, 1983, 1985, 1986; Oregon, 1983, 1985, 1986; Virginia, 1979; Wisconsin, 1979-81, 1983, 1985, 1986. These states contribute roughly 15 to 18 percent of the total national employment, depending on the year.

At the time of this study, 1986 was the most recent documented year available. In addition, it should be noted that the BLS did not add any data to the SDS for 1982 or 1984, and only recently did it release information from 1987 and 1988.

The BLS placed the data on six computer tapes, one per year. The tapes were purchased from the National Technical Information Service (NTIS) in Springfield, Virginia. The necessary data on deaths, occupations, industries, gender, as well as the source, nature, and type of accident or illness were read from the tapes by a mainframe computer. Smaller files were then created and analyzed on personal computers.

The remainder of this chapter describes (1) the SDS with special attention to the data required to generate death rates and causes of deaths; (2) the method involved in calculating the death rates.

DESCRIPTION OF THE SUPPLEMENTARY DATA SYSTEM (SDS)

The Supplementary Data System was organized by the Bureau of Labor Statistics in an attempt to gain more national information on occupational injuries and illnesses, using data from various states' Workers' Compensation records. The SDS uses data from the first report of injury or illness that employers, employees, physicians, or insurance companies submit to state Workers' Compensation agencies. Since employers, employees, and physicians must file WC claims under state law, the information does not impose any financial hardship on them.

Uniform information was gathered on the year of the claim, the case number, the year and month of the accident or illness, the U.S. Census Occupation Code, the Standard Industrial Classification (S.I.C.) Code for the industry, whether the job was in the public or private sector, the nature of the injury or illness, the part of the body affected, the source of the injury or illness, the type of accident or exposure, and the sex of the employee. The nature, source, and type of injury or illness are classified according to the American National Standards Institute Z16.2-1962 Method of Recording Basic Facts Relating to the Nature of Occurrence of Work Injury.²

The BLS investigators who organized the SDS believed that the data were representative of the nation.

By applying the percent of distribution of the SDS data to annual survey data, it is possible to arrive at estimated numbers of injuries and illnesses on a national basis by various characteristics. Despite differences in the number of cases among states, the percentage distributions of injuries and illnesses are relatively consistent across statespatterns that have been observed in several consecutive years of data for approximately 30 states. Observations, statistical tests, and the geographic and industrial diversity of the states (in the SDS) support the hypothesis that these data are representative of the national experience.³

Three files are available in the SDS. For this study, file no. 3, which includes fatalities and all "closed" cases (those not under appeal), was examined.

In the initial years of the SDS-1976, 1977, 1978-data were placed on different data tapes, depending on the states. In 1976, seven states provided information on deaths. Consequently, to analyze 1976 data requires purchasing seven tapes. But beginning in 1979, all of the data were placed on one tape for each year. Consequently, this study begins with 1979, in part because of the expense associated with purchasing over 25 tapes for years 1976 to 1978. Moreover, analysts responsible for the SDS in the BLS indicated some misgivings about data from the early years (1976-78). Even so, some data from BLS computer printouts covering 1977 and 1978 were analyzed in a preliminary study.⁴

Data and Method 27

The SDS investigators list two limitations of the SDS. First, WC coverage and reporting requirements reflect the differences in state WC laws. Complete descriptions of these state differences in WC laws are available.⁵ However, these reporting requirements are less likely to be divergent for deaths than for nonfatal injuries and illnesses. Second, the SDS, like the BLS reports from the 280,000 firms, suffers from the same low degree of identified illnesses.⁶ Recognition of occupational illness depends on the "state of the art." As medical knowledge increases, illness identification improves. A complete analysis of the limitations of the SDS is presented in Chapter 8.

The SDS data have been used in numerous BLS analyses. Perhaps the best introduction to the data is provided by Root and Sebastin (1981), who developed a job hazard index for roughly 60 occupations and 180 occupation and injury combinations. The index was created by accounting for the percent of total injuries contributed by a particular occupation or occupation-industry cell and dividing by the expected percent for that occupation or cell. They found that more than 95 percent of the injuries were not fatal. Occupations with the highest indexes were, in order, warehouse laborers, all other laborers, structural metal craftsworkers, roofers, sheetmetal workers and apprentices, construction laborers, freight handlers, millwrights, and truck drivers. Root and Sebastin also found that, overall, blue-collar work was twice to eight times as hazardous as white-collar work, depending on the industry examined.

Root and Sebastin pointed out that railroad, maritime, farming, and private household service occupations were underrepresented in the SDS because these occupations were frequently excluded from workers' compensation insurance coverage in a number of states. Root and Sebastin, nevertheless, concluded that "our observations and tests, and the geographic and industrial diversity of the states included in this study, support our thesis that these data are representative of the national experience" (p. 27).

Several government studies have made extensive use of the SDS data. These studies typically address one industry and compare its injury and illness record to the average record for all industries. Specific industries that have been studied include fabricated structural metal, woodworking, longshore operations, roofing and sheetmetal, leating and drinking places, mobile homes, motor vehicle manufacturing, household appliances manufacturing, oultry plants, logging, lead gas field services, airlines, and retail stores.

For this study, data pertaining to the decedents' gender, occupation, industry, and source, nature, and type of injury or illness are taken from the six SDS computer tapes. Occupations are coded using the 1970 U.S. Census codes. During the years the SDS is available (1979-86), 1970 codes are used for 1979-83, even though only two years of data, 1985 and 1986, contain information using the 1980 codes. The 1970 codes were chosen since they corresponded to the four years available (1979-81, 1983) and since the BLS did not collect data

from 1982 or 1984. The drawbacks associated with restricting attention to years 1979-83 are indicated in Chapter 8.

Industries are coded according to the 1972 and 1977 Supplement to the Standard Industrial Classification (S.I.C.)²⁰ using 3-digit classifications. (Given the limited number of deaths, 4-digits would have been too narrow.) The same S.I.C. codes were used throughout 1979 to 1986. Consequently, industry data represent six years: 1979-81, 1983, 1985, 1986.

The guiding principle in selecting occupations and industries was to be as comprehensive as possible. The SDS information was generous: over 300 3-digit occupations and 400 3-digit industries were identified. There are no published tables that consistently provide employment (denominator) data for over 300 occupations and 400 industries. The most comprehensive published tables were combined with unpublished employment data from the BLS. All denominator data derived from the same BLS source.

METHOD

The calculation for an annual death rate within an occupation or industry involves a ratio. The number of deaths is in the numerator, and the estimated number of persons employed is in the denominator. The number of deaths is drawn directly from the SDS computer tapes, while the estimated number employed is drawn from two sources: (1) unpublished tables on occupation and industry employment that the BLS provided to the author; (2) tables from *Employment and Earnings* for industry employment. The occupation denominator data and some of the industry denominator data are drawn from unique tables, prepared by the BLS in March, May, and July 1993. These tables have never been published. The denominator data and corresponding calculations are provided in Appendix A for occupations and Appendix B for industries.

The death rate is easily understood if attention is restricted to a single occupation, say, airplane pilots. The calculation can be represented as in equation (1):

1983 I
$$\Sigma \qquad \Sigma \qquad \text{Deaths}_{it}$$
(1) death rate for pilots = $\frac{t = 1979 \quad i = 1}{1983}$

$$\Sigma \qquad \text{USEmp}_t \times \text{StatesPercent}_t$$

$$t = 1979$$

where t = 1979, 1980, 1981, 1983. Capital "I" indicates the number of states and varies by year: seven in 1979; seven in 1980; nine in 1981; and nine in 1983. "Deaths_{it}" is the number of job-related deaths for pilots in the ith state in the tth

Data and Method 29

year. "USEmpt" is the number of employed pilots in the year "t" for the United States. "StatesPercent" is the percent of national employment, contributed by the seven or nine states in year "t". The percentages of national employment and years are these: 17.11% (1979); 15.09% (1980); 17.11% (1981); 17.91% (1983). The 17.11% figure is the same in 1979 and 1981, despite the fact that information was not gathered from all of the same states in both years.

The numerator and denominator are summed over four years for the occupations and six years for the industries prior to the division. This is preferred over a separate technique that would have involved calculating a separate rate for each year and then summing yearly rates and finally dividing by four (or six). Even though the years are not equal in their contributions, a sum of four (or six) ratios would give equal weight to each year. And since more data are available, for example, in 1983 than 1980, the information from 1983 ought to be weighted more heavily than information from 1980. Equation (1) does exactly that by summing over the years prior to dividing.

The ratio in equation (1) is calculated for 263 occupations and 283 industries for which at least one death occurred. The industry calculations add information from 1985 and 1986.

Occupation employment data for the states are available only at the broad one-digit level and are not available every year. Detailed (3-digit) occupation information was available for nine regions in 1980 in a study that the U.S. Census labeled "provisional." But many 3-digit occupations were ignored in the regional analyses. Nevertheless, these provisional estimates are used in the preliminary study. As a study of the preliminary study.

Difficulties were encountered in attempting to obtain the denominator data. U.S. employment--or "USEmp" in equation (1)--for the occupations had to be derived from unpublished sources because government published statistics are either old, incomplete, or nonexistent. The best denominator data would have included employment with each of the 425, 1970 U.S. Census occupations for each state for each year. These data, however, are not available. The best available annual data for each year are in aggregate form for the U.S. in *Employment and Earnings*. But 198 of the 421 three-digit occupations are excluded from *Employment and Earnings*. These 198 are, for the most part, small occupations, that is, occupations with few incumbents. But "few" is relative. Longshore workers and stevedores are excluded from *Employment and Earnings* even though an estimated 57,900 persons were so employed in 1978.²⁵ Reliance on only the data from *Employment and Earnings* would have been too restricting.

Other sources are available. Employment information on *all* the 421 three-digit 1970 U.S. Census occupations has been only rarely published by the BLS. A "cross-walk" manual, cross tabulating 1970 codes with 1980 codes, contains information from 1970,²⁶ while an employment matrix contains information from 1978.²⁷

Because the U.S. Census changed its definitions of most occupations in 1980, government use of the 1970 definitions began to disappear by 1982. The author is unaware of any government publication listing employment within all 421 three-digit 1970 census occupations for the separate years 1979-81 and 1983 in this study. The unpublished lists obtained from the BLS do not provide 1970 Census code data for 1983. Consequently, the 1983 denominators were determined by multiplying by a growth factor of 1.0064 since employment in the U.S. grew by .64 percent from 1982 to 1983.

The denominator data for the industries were easier to obtain. Most are drawn from *Employment and Earnings*. ²⁸ But the *Employment and Earnings* industry data are also incomplete. Again, the BLS provided unpublished employment data on a number of industries identified in Appendix B. And *Employment and Earnings* does not miss nearly as many industries (42) as occupations (198). Again, the data are national. To my knowledge no complete list of 3-digit industry employment is available for each state in each year.

The industry data, unlike the occupation data, are restricted to private sector employment. Consequently, government "industry" classifications--S.I.C. codes 910 through 972--are not included in this analysis. In death rate industry calculations, deceased persons identified as government employees prior to death are not analyzed. The industries corresponding to education (S.I.C. 821 through 829), consequently, include only personnel and teachers from private schools. This restriction is necessary because (1) the SDS identified decedents by S.I.C. code, not census code when recording industries, and (2) the BLS data on S.I.C. industries correspond to private employment only.

In the analysis of the aggregate SDS statistics in Chapter 6, however, all of the deceased from 1979 through 1986, working for private or public employers, are analyzed.

Four and six years of data, rather than one or two, are used to increase the stability of the estimates.

The data from the SDS and for the denominators are available for men and women separately.

Although the SDS tapes contain information on temporary and permanent disabilities, only information on fatalities is analyzed. A fatality, as a category, is less ambiguous than either a temporary or permanent disability, especially since the definition of disability varies across states.²⁹

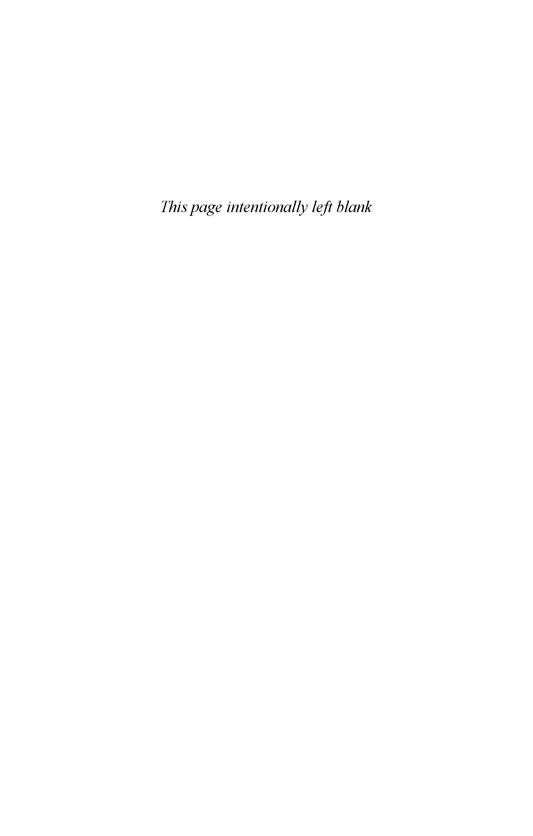
Chapter 8 addresses the limitations of this study. A major limitation is due to relying on estimated rather than actual denominators. Future analyses of jobrelated deaths will be greatly improved if the federal government (1) regularly publishes annual average U.S. private and public employment for all 3-digit occupations and industries and (2) periodically publishes employment within all 3-digit occupations and industries for each state.

Data and Method 31

NOTES

1. See Root and Sebastin, 1981; U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, 1982, 1983; and U.S. Department of Labor, 1992.

- 2. See American National Standards, 1962.
- 3. See U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, 1982 and 1983.
- 4. See Leigh, 1987.
- 5. See U.S. Chamber of Commerce, 1980-87.
- 6. See Kane and Derstine, 1992, and National Research Council, 1987.
- 7. See Personick, 1991a.
- 8. See Personick and Biddle, 1989.
- 9. See Lettman, 1989.
- 10. See Personick, 1990a.
- 11. See Personick, 1991b.
- 12. See Personick and Daley, 1989.
- 13. See Jordan, 1992.
- 14. See Kane, 1992.
- 15. See Personick, 1992b.
- 16. See Personick, 1992a.
- 17. See Personick, 1992d.
- 18. See Personick, 1992c.
- 19. See Campany and Personick, 1992.
- 20. See Statistical Policy Division, 1977.
- 21. See U.S. Bureau of the Census, 1984a.
- 22. See U.S. Bureau of the Census, 1984b.
- 23. See U.S. Bureau of the Census, 1984b.
- 24. See Leigh, 1987.
- 25. See U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Department of Labor, 1978-86.
- 26. See U.S. Bureau of the Census, 1989.
- 27. See U.S. Department of Labor Statistics, Department of Labor, 1981.
- 28. See Bureau of Labor Statistics, 1979-86.
- 29. See Campany and Personick, 1992.



Chapter 4

The Occupation List

This chapter discusses a single list of 263 occupations, ranked by death rates with three categories for causes of death. These 263 have at least one death each. (Lists of occupations with zero deaths and five or more deaths are available in Appendices F and G). The three categories used to describe the causes of death differ. In the first, the causes of death refer to the *nature* of the injury or illness. In the second, the causes refer to the *source* of the injury or illness. The third uses the *type* of injury or illness. Table 4.1 includes information on nature and source only. Information on type is available in Appendix C. Information on the type category is not always useful, thus it was relegated to the appendix.

The rankings in Table 4.1 are not definitive. The rankings suffer from a number of limitations, as indicated in Chapter 8. They arguably represent the best national ranking currently available. Nevertheless, more data collection efforts are clearly warranted.

Non-zero rates are available for 263 occupations, and zero plus positive rates are available for 425 occupations. Occupations ranked from 1 to 212 are in the top half, and from 213 to 425 are the bottom half of the rates.

Table 4.1 contains 11 columns. The rank, 1970 U.S. Census code, and definition of the occupations appear in columns 1, 2, and 3. Columns 4 and 5 contain the number of deaths and the death rates, expressed as the number of deaths per 100,000 employed per year. Since both the numerator and denominator of the death rates combine data from the same four years, the death rate in column 5 is an annual rate.

The definitions in Table 4.1 are government categories. A few are sexist, for example, lumbermen, motormen, and so on. These terms are used in this book merely to remain consistent with government categories.

Columns 6, 7, and 8 pertain to the nature of the injury or illness. Within these columns each occupation is analyzed separately. The nature of the deaths within the particular occupation is ranked according to the frequency of deaths.

Consider, for example, lumbermen in occupation rank 3. Twenty-five of the 61 deaths are attributed to "Multiple injuries," which is coded as 400 in the ANSI lists corresponding to "Nature of Injury or Illness." Sixteen deaths are attributed to "Fracture," which uses a 210 ANSI code number. "Contusion and crushing" account for six deaths. The "Nonclassifiable" category captures five deaths. "Concussion," "Amputation," "Asphyxia conditions," "Heart conditions," and "Other injury" are the remaining categories and account for nine deaths combined. Table 4.1 stops after listing as many nature categories as are available on the deaths for a particular occupation. Ties are broken by having the lowest numbered code take the higher position. For example, three blasters died from silicosis, one from contusion and one from fractures. "Contusion" is listed before "Fracture" because the former's code number is 160 and the latter's is 210. The sum of the deaths in column 8 is equal to or less than the number of deaths in column 4 for that particular occupation. Unfortunately, sometimes the WC record-keepers did not include information on the nature of the death or source in Table 4.1 (or type in Appendix C).

Columns 9, 10, and 11 are constructed in a similar manner to columns 6, 7, and 8. Columns 9, 10, and 11 rank deaths within occupations according to the ANSI source categories. Appendix C ranks deaths within occupations by ANSI type categories.

The categories cannot be directly compared across columns. Consider lumbermen again. In columns 6, 7, 8, deaths are attributed to multiple injuries, while 33 deaths are attributed to plants, trees, and vegetation in columns 9, 10, 11. We cannot infer from this that 25 multiple injuries had their source of death from plants, trees, and vegetation. Similarly we cannot conclude that the logs listed in columns 9, 10, 11 caused the 10 fractures noted in columns 6, 7, 8. As another example, notice that eleven stone cutters (position 1) died from silicosis in the nature category, yet silicosis is attributed to mineral items in five cases and unidentified particles in four cases. The remaining two silicosis cases are attributed to shears and silica in the source categories of columns 9, 10, 11. As a final example, consider blasters (position 6). Three died from silicosis in the nature category (columns 6, 7, 8). Two of these three have a source code indicating "silica" (columns 9, 10, 11), while the third apparently is listed under the source code for "mineral items."

Some records are better than others. The nature, source, and type codes were probably not always accurately recorded; this is one reason all of the nature, source, and type codes and definitions are provided in Table 4.1 and Appendix E. The reader can make an independent judgment as to which was the true cause of death.

ANALYSIS OF OCCUPATIONS

The highest annual death rate at 297 per 100,000 per year belongs to U.S. Census Code 546: Stone Cutters and Carvers. This occupation includes hand molders (except jewelers), machine feeders and offbearers in rock quarries, sculptors, and craft-artists. Eleven deaths are recorded over the four years. The nature of the deaths (columns 6, 7, 8) suggest that all 11 died of silicosis. The source of the deaths (columns 9, 10, 11) suggests that ten of the eleven contracted the silicosis from mineral items or particles or silica. One apparently also died from shears (columns 9, 10, 11), which suggests an injury rather than silicosis. The type classification (Appendix C), on the other hand, indicates overexertion for the eleventh death. Again, there may be coding errors for the nature, source, and type categories. Nevertheless, Stone Cutters, Carvers, and Quarrymen have been found to have very high death rates in other studies.

This high rate for Stone Cutters is alarming. A recent State of New Jersey Health Department investigation revealed that most of the 53 firms using silica in New Jersey had inadequate or nonexistent air monitoring, respiratory protection, or employee training.²

Painter Apprentices have the second highest rate at 118 per 100,000 per year. Only one death occurred, however. This high ranking is clearly questionable. On the other hand, several apprentice categories appear high on the list, including Plumber Apprentices (rank 26), Sheetmetal Apprentices (rank 30), Electrician Apprentices (rank 39), and Carpenter Apprentices (rank 67). Moreover, Surveying Assistants (rank 11) and Therapy Assistants (rank 28) are also high on the list. This suggests that inexperienced employees may be similar to green troops who are notorious for their high casuality rates on the battlefield.³ Considerable evidence indicates that youth and inexperience are strongly correlated with on-the-job accidents.⁴ Economists also find support for this hypothesis in evidence that national injury rates and national unemployment are strongly and negatively correlated.⁵ The one Painter Apprentice apparently died falling from a scaffold (Appendix C).

Lumberjacks rank third. Sixty-one died over the four years, and their rate per 100,000 per year is 96. Their high rank compares favorably with the excessively high death rates noted in other studies.⁶ In the SDS data, Lumberjacks most frequently died from multiple injuries (columns 6, 7, 8) many of which, in turn, were caused by plants, trees, vegetation, logs, and wood items (columns 9, 10, 11). Data from Appendix C indicate that logs or trees fell on the Lumberjacks.

Motormen in Logging and Mines occupy position four with a rate of 94 per 100,000. Motormen drive vehicles, frequently electric powered, hauling timber, coal, rock, and minerals. It is not surprising that Motormen are likely to die from vehicle crashes and electric shock. In fact, almost all blue-collar occupations in mining and logging have been found to be extremely dangerous. Meng (1991)

finds that Motormen, inside and outside Logging and Mining, rank third in the death rate among Canadian workers.

Airplane Pilots rank fifth with a 90 per 100,000 death rate. Their high ranking is consistent with other studies.⁸ This Census definition includes all commercial pilots. Crop dusters, pilots who fly small jets for corporate executives and entertainers, pilots who train others to fly, pilots of planes that pull advertising banners, and helicopter pilots are included in this census category. Pilots in small commuter planes face greater risks than pilots in large airlines, according to a National Transportation Safety Board study.⁹ Helicopters are especially dangerous as the CDC study concludes.¹⁰ The deaths to all Airplane Pilots are most frequently due to crashes, as the information from columns 9, 10, 11 and Appendix C reveals.

Blasters occupy the sixth position with an annual rate of 85 per 100,000. Five deaths were recorded during the four years combined. Surprising results emerge from columns 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, and 11. Blasters more frequently die from silicosis and vehicle crashes than from explosions. In fact, in this SDS sample no Blasters died from explosions.

An important finding emerges with rank number seven. Miscellaneous Laborers have a 76 per 100,000 rate as 120 persons died over the four years. The sizes of the numerator and denominator of the rate are among the very largest of any occupation in the list. These large numbers for the numerator and the denominator suggest t'nt the death rate for Miscellaneous Laborers is more reliable than for most other occupations. The reliability of the estimate, combined with the very high rank on the list, represents an important finding since popular (not necessarily scientific) opinions about which are the most dangerous jobs generally do not include Laborers. Lumberjack, Pilot, and Blaster are well-known hazardous jobs; Laborer is not well known.

The causes of the 120 Laborer deaths in Table 4.1 and Appendix C are revealing. They are similar to the causes of deaths for all persons in all jobs combined, as discussed in Chapter 6. Vehicle crashes (columns 9, 10, 11), heart conditions (columns 6, 7, 8), falls (columns 9, 10, 11), "Struck by, NEC" (Appendix C) are high on the laborer lists here and the "all worker" lists in Chapter 6. However, the nonclassifiable and miscellaneous causes of death categories are more frequently indicated for laborers than for all workers in Chapter 6.

The high ranking for Miscellaneous Laborers is not surprising to researchers, however. Most studies that attempt to rank more than a handful of occupations find that catch-all laborer categories generate very high death and nonfatal accident rates.¹¹

A similar finding emerges for Construction Laborers in position 25 and Not Specified Laborers in position 31. One hundred seventy-three Construction Laborer deaths occurred. Vehicle crashes, falls, heart conditions, contact with caustics by inhalation, and contact with electric current are high on the lists for causes of deaths. Even so, the public would probably not regard construction

labor or general labor as especially hazardous. Again, most researchers have found construction labor to be especially hazardous. ¹² The high ranking for falls as a cause of death is not surprising. Sorock, Smith, and Goldoft (1993) found falls killed more Construction Workers than vehicle crashes in an analysis of 200 construction deaths in New Jersey. Burkhart et al. (1993) found Construction Laborers to be at high risk for tuberculosis, falls, submersion and suffocation, homicide, and cerebrovascular disease.

Urban Rail Conductors rank eighth. Four died, so the death rate is 76 per 100,000. They most often died from rail or highway vehicle mishaps that led to fractures or electric shock, according to columns 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, and 11. Urban Rail Conductor does not appear on prior lists of dangerous jobs. This may, in part, be due to definitions. Rail Conductors are also referred to as Motormen. Again, Motormen, Inside and Outside Logging and Mining, rank third in Canada. Consequently, Rail Conductors may not have received much prior attention because there are not many of them. For example, in a preliminary study, no denominator data was found for Urban Rail Conductor. Even so, Urban Rail Conductors have a relatively small denominator—5,538.

Teamsters are in position nine with a rate of 66 per 100,000. Only two died, however. Yet before this occupation is cast aside due to insufficient deaths, we should consider its closest relatives. In the 1980 Census Codes, Teamsters are defined as material moving equipment operators and heavy truck drivers. Moving Equipment Operators are found to have excessively high rates in at least two studies. Heavy Truck Drivers have also been found to have very high rates in many studies. Given its similarity to prior studies, the Teamsters ranking appears plausible.

The Asbestos Worker ranking at number 10 is not surprising. Twenty-one died, which generated a rate of 61 per 100,000. The majority died from asbestosis (Table 4.1). Two died from falls (Appendix C).

Survey Assistants rank eleventh with a rate of 56 per 100,000. Five died during the four years, three in vehicle accidents. Since these assistants are frequently employed on roads and highways to hold the measuring chains for surveying, this very high ranking is likely justified given the youth and inexperience of many Surveying Assistants.

Earth Drillers occupy position 12. Twenty deaths occurred, which generates a 55 per 100,000 death rate. The causes of death from columns 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, and 11 are understandable: mining and drilling machine mishaps, contact with electric current, and vehicle crashes. Somewhat surprisingly, silicosis and pneumonia killed three Earth Drillers. Nevertheless, Earth Drillers have been found to have very high death rates in other studies.¹⁷

Firefighters are in position 13. Seventy-seven deaths are recorded, resulting in a death rate of 51 per 100,000. Firefighting is one among a handful of jobs that are widely known to entail considerable danger. The interesting new data on Firefighters here pertains to the causes of death. Heart failure and highway vehicle crashes are ahead of flame, fire, and smoke in columns 9, 10, and 11.

For WC boards to recognize heart failure as job-related, a traumatic event must have preceded the heart failure: If heart failure occurs during, immediately after, or even within a day or two after a fire, WC boards are inclined to view the failures as job-related. Finally, columns 9, 10, 11 indicate that one Firefighter died of bullets.

Structural Metal Craftsmen rank 14th with 27 deaths and a rate of 50 per 100,000. Structural Metal Craftsmen are iron workers; they construct the iron beams that become the backbone of bridges and buildings. They work at dizzying heights. In columns 9, 10, 11, "ground" and "floor" are the most frequent sources of the deaths. These imply falls. The falls to a lower level and from a scaffold in Appendix C verify that implication. Unexpected causes of death include electric shock (3 deaths) and poisoning (1 death). Nevertheless, the overall danger associated with iron work has been widely acknowledged.¹⁹

Electric Power Linemen are in the 15th position with a rate of 44 per 100,000 from 34 deaths. Not surprisingly, Linemen die from electric shock (columns 6, 7, 8) and ground (columns 9, 10, 11), again implying falls (Appendix C). Linemen must also drive vehicles. Consequently, three highway vehicle deaths occurred (columns 9, 10, 11). Earlier, Linemen were found to have an even higher rate (147 per 100,000 death rate) in a Texas study.²⁰

Another surprising occupation appears in position 16: Garbage Collectors. Nineteen deaths occurred, resulting in a rate of 40 per 100,000. A look at the causes of death, especially in Appendix C, offers an explanation for this very high rank. Vehicles were responsible for 58 percent (11/19) of the deaths. Garbage Collectors, who frequently work early in the morning, must cross streets, and drunk drivers are notorious for their late night and early morning driving habits.

Miners. Not Elsewhere Classified (n.e.c.) are in position 17. Fifty-nine died, so the rate is roughly 40 per 100,000. There are no separate categories for coal miner or bauxite miner, and so on. Instead, this category in the U.S. Census includes all miners, regardless of the material being mined. Of these 59 deaths, only 20 died from disease or poisoning--silicosis, pneumoconiosis, pneumonia, and toxic systemic poisoning. The remaining 42 deaths resulted from injuries. This is probably a good estimate for the number of injuries within these 11 states during the four years. But, as explained in the introductory chapter, it is not a good estimate of the number of disease deaths. If the National Center for Health Statistics' (1992) estimates of black lung deaths are added to the 59, roughly 700 new deaths would have to be accounted for during 1979 to 1983, assuming these 7 to 11 states contributed 16 percent of the American workforce. The resulting death rate would then be 511 per 100,000, easily placing "Miner nec" at the top of the occupation list. In any case, the high ranking for Miners is consistent with many other studies.21

Technicians Not Elsewhere Classified (n.e.c.) attain rank 18. Seven deaths occurred, which generates a rate of 39.5 per 100,000. These Technicians died from burns, overexertion, systemic poisoning, carbon monoxide, and vehicle

crashes. The relatively few deaths and "not elsewhere classified" terminology make it difficult to draw conclusions from this ranking, especially since these jobs are not well known enough to merit their own U.S. Census category. The cause of death information suggests that some of these Technicians work with toxins.

Not Specified Mechanics rank 19th. Twenty-six died, resulting in a death rate of about 39. The "not specified" terminology creates problems for interpretation, but the reasonable numbers of deaths-26-and causes of death allow for some interpretations for this job. Trauma or overexertion resulted in heart failure and killed three to five (columns 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11). Heat burns killed two to three. Electric shock and highway vehicles killed two apiece. One died in an explosion (Appendix C).

The "not elsewhere classified" and "not specified" categories may be more usefully viewed as general laborers loosely connected to the occupation mentioned. It is likely that many of the decedents were young or recent hires and had not yet progressed to, for example, auto mechanics. They could merely be casual workers recently employed by an auto shop. If this speculation is true, then the "not elsewhere classified" and "not specified" categories can be explained by the correlation between youth and inexperience on the one hand, and accidents and injuries on the other. In any case, these high rankings for "not elsewhere classified," "miscellaneous," "not specified", and "helpers" categories are important findings. Persons who fall into these categories, either because of their inexperience or weak labor market attachment, deserve additional study. Moreover, many of these jobs are apparently very hazardous, but we do not know what specific activities are involved that render them hazardous.

Elevator Operators occupy position 20 with four deaths and a rate of 39 per 100,000. Deaths involved conveyors, elevators, floor, and ground (columns 9, 10, 11). Two of these were falls, and another apparently resulted from the elevator falling on the operator. This occupation is rapidly becoming extinct.

A significant finding emerges with rank number 21. Four hundred eightynine (489) Truck Drivers died in the line of duty, yielding a rate of 38.8. No other occupation killed as many people. Given the size of the numerator and denominator (Appendix A), this rate ought to be among the most reliable in the occupation list. Popular (not scientific) opinion does not generally regard truck driving as especially hazardous. Yet the cause of the majority of deaths--vehicle crashes--suggests why the popular opinion is mistaken. Psychological evidence indicates that perception of control is crucial for the average person's evaluation of risk. A well-known "optimism bias" is pervasive in people's assessments of driving hazards. Most people believe that they are better than average drivers. If average means median, this belief is illogical if held by more than 50 percent of drivers. According to psychologists, this belief is held because drivers are "in control." On the other hand, airline travel is regarded as hazardous because the traveler is not "in control," that is, piloting the plane. Nevertheless, mile-formile, airline and train travel is far safer than motor vehicle travel. Truck

Drivers probably believe they are "in control" of their trucks and, they reason, "in control" of the risks they face. The same view probably permeates the public mind. Hence truck driving is not generally regarded as dangerous by the public.

A similar phenomenon, to a lesser extent, is also present in the public mind when considering Taxi Drivers and Chauffeurs who rank 22nd. Drivers and Chauffeurs may reason that they are "in control" and hence not subject to vehicle collisions. But the denial of hazard is probably less for Taxi Drivers than Truck Drivers because of the well-known risk of murder to Taxi Drivers. Forty Taxi Drivers and Chauffeurs were killed, and the corresponding rate is 37.2. They most frequently died from vehicle crashes, bullets, and knives (columns 9, 10, 11). An unusual cause of death in columns 9, 10, 11 is "Another person." Given the high murder rate for Taxi Drivers, it seems likely that this "Another person" should indicate a murder, perhaps without using a gun or knife. This high murder rate of Taxi Drivers has been noted in other studies. In a Texas study, the homicide rate for Taxi Drivers surpasses all other occupations and generates a 78 per 100,000 annual rate.²⁴

Nine Boilermakers died, yielding a 37.1 rate and a rank of 23. Electric shock and falls appear to account for most of the deaths, as indicated in columns 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, and 11.

Mechanics, Except Auto are ranked 24th. Only two deaths occurred, however. Nevertheless, the high ranking is consistent with that of Not Specified Mechanic in position 19. One died from inhaling halogenated compounds, while another died in a vehicle crash.

Construction Laborers round out the top 25 highest death rate occupations. One hundred and seventy-three (173) people died. Given that only Truck Drivers lists more killed, the rate of 32.9 is probably reliable. This is an important finding since, in the public mind, construction labor is not likely to be regarded as hazardous. The causes of death are understandable. The "Mineral items" in columns 9, 10, 11 and "Contact with . . . caustics by inhalation" in Appendix C probably result in the "Silicosis" and "Asbestosis" of columns 6, 7, 8. Highway vehicles, moving machines, forklifts, and towing vehicles together account for 35 deaths. Falls (ground, floor in columns 6, 7, 8) account for 23 deaths.

Many other occupations are surprising in their high rankings: Greasers (29), Knitters (35), Farm Product Buyers (36), Tailors (38). Not Specified Operatives (45), Millwrights (50), Deliverymen (52), Craftworkers n.e.c. (53), Sawyers (56), Bakers (59), Miscellaneous Operatives (60), Gas Station Attendants (62), Sales Managers (74), Recreation Attendants (75), Meter Readers (86).

A number of additional occupations merit interest. Geologists (rank 43) is one of the highest ranking professional jobs. Geologists most frequently die in aircraft and highway vehicle crashes.

More Police Officers (rank 47) die from highway vehicle crashes than from bullets (columns 9, 10, 11). The "Another person" source (columns 9, 10, 11) is likely the result of an attack by another person on a Police Officer. Although the

ANSI categories do not list suicide, some Police Officers undoubtedly fall into that category. Freedman (1990) reports on a case (not in the SDS) in which the North Carolina WC board ruled that an officer's suicide resulted from depression that was judged to be an occupational disease.

The plurality of the deaths for Gas Station Attendants (rank 62), Sales Managers (74), Restaurant Managers (142), Bank Tellers (238), Cashiers (226), and Secretaries (259) were from bullets. One out of the two Parking Attendant (96) deaths was caused by bullets. Again, these deaths must be judged to be jobrelated. If a husband-wife quarrel ends in a death while the wife happens to be working, it is not likely that the WC boards would judge it to be job-related. Consequently, most of the murderers probably took place during robberies.

Farm work is generally regarded as relaxing, and Farmers are low on the list at 241. Yet Farm Laborers (rank 70) and Farm Foremen (rank 27) rank in the upper half on the list. Their sources of death are most frequently agricultural machine mishaps, highway vehicle crashes, and inhalation of caustics. Even so, both rates for Farmers and Farm Laborers are likely to be underestimated, perhaps greatly underestimated. Farm work has been shown to be especially hazardous in related studies. Many of the self-employed are Farmers, and the self-employed contribute more than double their expected number of injury deaths in the CFOI data. The underestimate is also partly due to the fact that the SDS data are drawn from WC boards. Most Farmers are self-employed and need not participate in WC systems. The index of the self-employed and need not participate in WC systems.

Managers and Administrators Not Elsewhere Classified, nec (rank 120) as well as Restaurant and Bar Managers (142) are most likely to die from bullets. The second most popular cause of Manager and Administrator deaths is an aircraft accident (Appendix C). Lawyers (179) are most likely to die from bullets and aircraft crashes.

Airline Stewardesses (Flight Attendants) (54) probably provide a more accurate estimate of Airline Pilots deaths than the Airplane Pilots (rank 6).²⁸ Again, the Airplane Pilot category includes crop dusters, helicopter pilots, and corporate jet pilots.

Excavating Machine Operators are in position 40. They most often die from earth moving machine mishaps and vehicle crashes. Their death rate is 21.6 per 100,000. Excavating Machine Operators frequently help with hazardous waste cleanups authorized by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). Since the waste cleanups are designed to prevent cancers from developing in humans in the future, the EPA regularly calculates the number of cancer deaths that will be avoided by the cleanup. But the EPA calculations ignore the possible risk of injury deaths to, for example, Excavating Machine Operators, who may die while cleaning up the site.²⁹

Of interest is the fact that only one death occurred among Physicists and Astronomers (118). This death was the result of a blood disease from a radiating substance.

College Teachers, nec rank 88th. It is unlikely that this ranking applies to most College Teachers. The U.S. Census codes include categories for most College Teachers--Physics, English, Math, Economics, and so on. The nec next to College Teachers is critical here: it applies to College Teachers who would not be classified under the standard U.S. Census category of College Teacher. Most College Teacher categories have zero deaths (Appendix F).

Elementary School Administrators (139) are prone to die from job-related heart failure, while Bank Officers (186) die in airplane crashes, being struck by desks, or from vehicle crashes and bullets.

CLOSING REMARKS

Table 4.1 presents the occupations, ranked according to the death rates. Still, these may not allow for the quickest reference. The index lists occupations alphabetically and indicates the corresponding ranks in Table 4.1.

The rankings in Table 4.1 are compared with prior rankings from other studies in Chapter 8. The veracity of the rankings in Table 4.1 is also addressed in Chapter 8.

NOTES

- 1. See Pearce and Howard, 1985, and Meng, 1991.
- 2. See Minter, 1993a.
- 3. See Ellis, 1975, and Knapik et al., 1993.
- 4. See Mitchell, 1988; Goldberg et al., 1989; Chelius, 1979; Leigh, 1986; and Shannon et al., 1993.
 - 5. See Smith, 1992.
- 6. See Personick, 1992a; Meng 1991; Pearce and Howard, 1985; Paulozzi, 1987; Leigh, 1987; and Cone et al., 1991.
 - 7. See Root and Sebastin, 1981, and Paulozzi, 1987.
- 8. See Meng, 1991; Center for Disease Control, 1985; Leigh, 1987; and Pearce and Howard, 1985.
 - 9. See San Jose Mercury News, Dec. 5, 1993.
- 10. See Center for Disease Control, 1985.
- 11. See Davis et al., 1987; Meng, 1991; Leigh, 1987; Pearce and Howard, 1985; and Root and Sebastin, 1981.
- 12. See Buskin and Paulozzi, 1987; Center for Disease Control, 1985; Leigh, 1987; Meng, 1991; and Root and Sebastin, 1991.
- 13. See Meng, 1991.
- 14. See Leigh, 1987.
- 15. See Kane and Derstine, 1992, and Center for Disease Control, 1985.

- 16. See Meng, 1991; Leigh, 1987; Kane and Derstine, 1992; Center for Disease Control, 1985; Root and Sebastin, 1981; and Davis et al., 1987.
- 17. See Meng, 1991; Center for Disease Control, 1985; Leigh, 1987; and Cone et al., 1991.
- 18. See Washburn, Harlow, and Fahy, 1987.
- 19. See Meng, 1991; Leigh, 1987; Center for Disease Control, 1985; and Root and Sebastin, 1981.
- 20. See Center for Disease Control, 1985.
- 21. See Reardon, 1993 and references therein.
- 22. See Slovic, Fischhoff, and Lichtenstein, 1979.
- 23. See Slovic, Fischhoff, and Lichtenstein, 1979.
- 24. See Davis, 1987.
- 25. See Purschwitz and Field, 1990, and Bell et al., 1990.
- 26. See Cimini and Becker, 1993.
- 27. See Rejda, 1984.
- 28. See Reardon, 1992.
- 29. See Hoskin et al., 1993.

Table 4.1

Male and Female Job Deaths within Occupations

Ranked in Descending Order by Rate Of Deaths per 100,000 Workers With Frequencies of Deaths by Natures and Sources of Injury or Illness

		Occupation			Nature Of Injury Or Il	lness	Source Of Injury Or Ill	ness
			Number	Rate		Number		Number
			of	per		of		of
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	100,000	Code Definition	Deaths	Code Definition	Deaths
1	546	Stone cutters and carvers	11	297.22	286 Silicosis	11	4300 Mineral items, nonmetallic	5
							4600 Particles (unidentified)	4
							3850 Shears, slitters, slicers	1
							5200 Silica	i
2	511	Painter apprentices	1	118.48	400 Multiple injuries	i	5810 Ground	1
3	761	Lumbermen, raftsmen, etc.	61	94.94	400 Multiple injuries	25	4700 Plants, trees, vegetation	33
					210 Fracture	16	5710 Logs	10
					160 Contusion, crushing	6	5749 Wood items	6
					999 Nonclassifiable	5	5620 Highway vehicles	3
					140 Concussion	4	3300 Earth moving machines	2
					100 Amputation or enucleation	1	5635 Forklifts, stackers, etc.	2
					110 Asphyxia, strangulation	1	4020 Chains, ropes, cables .	1
					580 Ill-defined conditions	1	4300 Mineral items, nonmetallic	1
					991 Heart conditions	ı	5638 Powered towing vehicles	1
					995 Other injury, n.e.c.	1	5810 Ground	1
							6010 Heart failure	1
4	710	Motormen; logging, mine, etc.	7	94.25	120 Burn (heat)	1	5638 Powered towing vehicles	2
					160 Contusion, crushing	1	1599 Electrical apparatus	1
					200 Electric shock	1	1700 Flame, fire, smoke	1
					210 Fracture	1	4700 Plants, trees, vegetation	1
					400 Multiple injuries	1	5620 Highway vehicles	1
					991 Heart conditions	1	8800 Miscellaneous	1
					995 Other injury, n.e.c.	1	1	
5	163	Airplane pilots	47	89.63	400 Multiple injuries	33	5610 Aircraft	43
					999 Nonclassifiable	5	5810 Ground	2
					210 Fracture	4	1700 Flame, fire, smoke	1
					120 Burn (heat)	3	5620 Highway vehicles	1
					991 Heart conditions	2		
6	603	Biasters and powdermen	5	84.88	286 Silicosis	3	4300 Mineral items, nonmetallic	2
		-			160 Contusion, crushing	1	5200 Silica	2

Table 4.1 (Cont.)

	Occupation				Nature Of Injury Or Illi	Source Of Injury Or Illness			
ank	Code Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deat
6	603 Blasters and powdermen (Cont.)			210	Fracture	1	5620	Highway vehicles	
7	780 Miscellaneous Inborers	120	76.16	400	Multiple injuries	26	5620	Highway vehicles	
				210	Fracture	17	9800	Nonclassifiable	
				991	Heart conditions	15	8800	Miscellaneous	
				110	Asphyxia, strangulation	13	1700	Flame, fire, smoke	
				999	Nonclassifiable	10	4300	Mineral items, nonmetallic	
				120	Burn (heat)	7	1515	Conductors	
				200	Electric shock	7	2910	Water	
				160	Contusion, crushing	5	5635	Forklifts, stackers, etc.	
				995	Other injury, n.e.c.	4	2610	Cranes, derricks	
				170	Cut, laceration, puncture	3	2620	Elevators	
				286	Silicosis	3	5801	Floor	
				274	Influenza, pneumonia, etc.	2	5810	Ground	
				280	Pneumoconiosis	2	6010	Heart failure	
				990	Occupational disease	2	601	Barrels, kegs, drums	
				100	Amputation or enucleation	1	630	Boxes, crates, cartons	
				140	Concussion	1		Carbon monoxide	
					Toxic systemic poisoning	1	999	Chemicals and compounds	
				283	Asbestosis	1		Powered conveyors	
				1				Earth moving machines	
				1			3999	Machines	
				1			4115	Beams, bars	
				1			4120	Bullets	
				1			4700	Plants, trees, vegetation	
				i			5640	Rail vehicles	
				i i			201	Animals	
							250	Insects	
				1			660	Bundies, baies	
				l			701	Buildings	
				1			801	Brick	
				1			910	Alkalies	
				1			1520	Switches, circuit breakers	
				1			1820	Grains and grain products	
				ł				Scissors, shears	
				1				Wrench	
				1			2500	Heating equipment	
]				Agricultural machines	
				1				Buffers, sanders, grinders	

Occupation .				Nature Of Injury Or Illa	Source Of Injury Or Illness			
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths	Code Definition	Deaths
7	780	Miscellaneous laborers (Cont.)					3250 Drilling, turning machines	1
							3350 Mining machinery	ı
							3750 Saws	1
							4100 Metal items	ī
							4125 Molds	1
							4600 Particles (unidentified)	1
							5300 Scrap, debris, waste	1
							5630 Industrial vehicles	1
							5631 Handtrucks, dollies, etc.	1
							5638 Powered towing vehicles	1
							5749 Wood items	1
							5899 Working surfaces	1
							6020 Another person	ì
8	704	Urban rail conductors	4	72.23	210 Fracture	3	5640 Rail vehicles	2
					200 Electric shock	1	1515 Conductors	1
							5620 Highway vehicles	1
9	763	Teamsters	2	66.31	210 Fracture	2	701 Buildings	1
						-	5620 Highway vehicles	ì
10	601	Asbestos workers	21	61.20	283 Asbestosis	17	4300 Mineral items, nonmetallic	17
.0	001	Appeared workers	2.	01.20	130 Burn (chemical)	ï	950 Halogenated compounds	1,
					210 Fracture	i	999 Chemicals and compounds	;
					570 Respiratory conditions	i	1930 Desks	;
					999 Nonclassifiable	i	5801 Floor	i
11	405	Surveying assistants	5	55.95	400 Multiple injuries	3	5620 Highway vehicles	
11	003	Surveying assistants	,	33.93		3	2910 Water	*
					110 Asphyxia, strangulation	:	2910 Water	,
					160 Contusion, crushing	•		
12	614	Drillers, earth	20	54.53	400 Multiple injuries	5	3350 Mining machinery	3
					200 Electric shock	4	5620 Highway vehicles	3
					210 Fracture	4	3250 Drilling, turning machines	2
					160 Contusion, crushing	2	4140 Pipe	2
					286 Silicosis	2	4300 Mineral items, nonmetallic	2
					274 Influenza, pneumonia, etc.	1	4600 Particles (unidentified)	2
					991 Heart conditions	1	1515 Conductors	1
					999 Nonclassifiable	1	1599 Electrical apparatus	1
							2610 Cranes, derricks	ı
					1		4110 Automobile parts (metal)	1
					1		5610 Aircraft	1

Table 4.1 (Cont.)

		Occupation				Nature Of Injury Or Illi	ness		Source Of Injury Or Illi	ness
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
12	614	Drillers, earth (Cont.)						5810	Ground	1
13	961	Firemen and fire protection	77	51.38	991	Heart conditions	34		Heart failure	18
						Multiple injuries	11		Highway vehicles	15
						Asphyxia, strangulation	8		Flame, fire, smoke	12
						Fracture	8		Nonclassifiable	8
						Burn (heat)	5	i	Pressure lines	3
						Toxic systemic poisoning	3		Bundles, bales	3
						Cut, laceration, puncture	1	1	Ground	3
					190	Dislocation	1		Bodily motion	2
					200	Electric shock	1		Buildings and structures	2
						Influenza, pneumonia, etc.	I		Halogenated compounds	2
						Sprains, strains	i		Carbon monoxide	1
						Cerebrovascular conditions	1		Chemicals and compounds	1
						Malignant tumor	1		Electrical apparatus	1
					999	Nonclassifiable	i		Heat	I
					1				Bullets	1
					1				Floor	1
					j				Sidewalks, paths, walkways	I
					1				Street, road	i
					1			8800	Miscellaneous	1
14	550	Structural metal craftsmen	27	49.84		Multiple injuries	9		Ground	6
					210	Fracture	5	5801	Floor	4
						Heart conditions	5	1	Conductors	2
						Electric shock	3	4199	Metal items	2
						Nonclassifiable	2		Heart failure	2
						Contusion, crushing	1		Containers	ì
					1	Dislocation	1		Doors, gates	1
					271	Toxic systemic poisoning	ł		Scaffolds, staging, etc.	1
					1			1	Carbon tetrachloride	i
					1				Flame, fire, smoke	1
					1				Cranes, derricks	1
					1				Beams, bars	1
					1				Mineral items, nonmetallic	1
					1			1	Water vehicles	ı
								1	Lumber	1
								5845	Street, road	1
15	433	BElectric power linemen	34	44.35	200	Electric shock	15	1515	Conductors	11
					400	Multiple injuries	6	5810	Ground	8

Table 4.1 (Cont.)

	Occupation			Nature Of Injury Or Ill	Nature Of Injury Or Illness			Source Of Injury Or Illness		
Cank	Code Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Death		
15	433 Electric power linemen (Cont.)			120 Burn (heat)	4	1510	Transformers, converters			
				210 Fracture	3	1599	Electrical apparatus			
				160 Contusion, crushing	2	5620	Highway vehicles			
				991 Heart conditions	2		Heart failure			
				130 Burn (chemical)	1	755	Walls, fences			
				999 Nonclassifiable	1		Switches, circuit breakers			
				1			Flame, fire, smoke			
				i		8800	Miscellaneous			
16	754 Garbage collectors	19	40.42	400 Multiple injuries	8	5620	Highway vehicles			
				210 Fracture	5	660	Bundles, bales			
				991 Heart conditions	4	699	Containers			
				999 Nonclassifiable	2		Earth moving machines			
				1			Machines			
				1			Vehicles			
				ŧ.		5801	Floor			
						5810	Ground			
				•		6010	Heart failure			
						9800	Nonclassifiable			
17	640 Miners, n.e.c.	59	39.70	400 Multiple injuries	17	4300	Mineral items, nonmetallic			
				110 Asphyxia, strangulation	8	1140	Hydrocarbon gases			
				210 Fracture	7	4600	Particles (unidentified)			
				286 Silicosis	7	3250	Drilling, turning machines			
				280 Pneumoconiosis	5	3350	Mining machinery			
				271 Toxic systemic poisoning	4	930	Carbon dioxide			
				999 Nonclassifiable	4		Carbon monoxide			
				287 Other pneumoconioses	3		Coal			
				160 Contusion, crushing	2		Mineral items, metallic			
				200 Electric shock	ı		Silica			
				572 Influenza, pneumonia	1		Highway vehicles			
				1		5810	Ground			
				Į		1	Miscellaneous			
							Metallic compounds			
				1		2360	Screwdriver, bolt setter			
				1			Earth moving machines			
				İ		4030	Drums, pulleys, sheaves			
				1		4199	Metal items			
				I		5610	Aircraft			
				1		5635	Forklifts, stackers, etc.			

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Nature Of Injury Or Illness

Source Of Injury Or Illnes:

	Occupation		Nature Of Injury Or Illness Source Of Injury					
Rank	Code Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths	Code Definition	Deaths	
17	640 Miners, n.e.c. (Cont.)					5801 Floor	1	
				İ		9800 Nonclassifiable	1	
18	173 Technicians, n.e.c.	7	39.53	120 Burn (heat)	2	1700 Flame, fire, smoke	2	
				160 Contusion, crushing	I	935 Carbon monoxide	1	
				271 Toxic systemic poisoning	1	1599 Electrical apparatus	1	
				400 Multiple injuries	1	2230 Hammer, sledge, mallet	1	
				510 Cerebrovascular conditions	1	3000 Machines	1	
				991 Heart conditions	1	5620 Highway vehicles	1	
19	495 Not specified mechanics	26	39.17	400 Multiple injuries	7	6010 Heart failure	3	
				991 Heart conditions	5	1700 Flame, fire, smoke	2	
				120 Burn (heat)	3	4199 Metal items	2	
				200 Electric shock	2	5620 Highway vehicles	2	
				271 Toxic systemic poisoning	2	400 Bodily motion	I	
				110 Asphyxia, strangulation	1	630 Boxes, crates, cartons	1	
				130 Burn (chemical)	1	900 Chemicals	1	
				140 Concussion	1	905 Alcohols	1	
				170 Cut, laceration, puncture	1	935 Carbon monoxide	I	
				190 Dislocation	1	1350 Powered conveyors	1	
				310 Sprains, strains	1	1515 Conductors	1	
				995 Other injury, n.e.c.	1	2620 Elevators	1	
				1		2910 Water	1	
				1		4120 Bullets	1	
						4130 Molten metal	1	
				1		5635 Forklifts, stackers, etc.	1	
				1		5801 Floor	i	
						5810 Ground	1	
						5845 Street, road	1	
						6210 Tires	1	
						8800 Miscellaneous	1	
20	943 Elevator operators	4	39.01	400 Multiple injuries	2	1300 Conveyors	1	
	•			160 Contusion, crushing	1	2620 Elevators	1	
				210 Fracture	1	5801 Floor	1	
						5810 Ground	1	
21	715 Truck drivers	489	38.76	400 Multiple injuries	194	5620 Highway vehicles	315	
				210 Fracture	84	6010 Heart failure	25	
				991 Heart conditions	83	9800 Nonclassifiable	19	
				999 Nonclassifiable	35	1700 Flame, fire, smoke	8	
				120 Burn (heat)	17	2610 Cranes, derricks	8	
				I Dans (now)	1,	and the control of the control		

Table 4.1 (Cont.)

Rank Code Definition Deaths Rate Code I 21 715 Truck drivers (Cont.) 160 C 110 A 200 E	Nature Of Injury Or Illness Definition Deaths Contustion, crushing 17 Asphyxia, strangulation 12 Electric shock 11	Source Of Injury Or Ille Code Definition 660 Bundles, bales	Deaths
21 715 Truck drivers (Cont.) 160 C 110 A 200 E	Contusion, crushing 17 Asphyxia, strangulation 12	660 Bundles, bales	
110 A 200 E	Asphyxia, strangulation 12	The state of the s	
200 E			7
	Electric shock 11	5810 Ground	7
1 170 0	21000010 310000	630 Boxes, crates, cartons	6
11/00	Cut, laceration, puncture 10	600 Boxes, containers, packages	4
995 (Other injury, n.e.c. 6	5710 Logs	4
271 T	Toxic systemic poisoning 5	601 Barrels, kegs, drums	3
310 S	Sprains, strains 4	699 Containers	3
100 A	Amputation or enucleation 3	1999 Furniture, fixtures	3
140 (Concussion 3	2910 Water	3
510 (Cerebrovascular conditions 3	4120 Bullets	3
270 S	Systemic poisoning 1	5638 Powered towing vehicles	3
572 1	influenza, pneumonia 1	5640 Rail vehicles	3
		5801 Floor	3
		5845 Street, road	3
		8800 Miscellaneous	3
		530 Pressure lines	2
		670 Tanks, bins, etc.	2
		1515 Conductors	2
		3300 Earth moving machines	2
		4300 Mineral items, nonmetallic	2
•		4700 Plants, trees, vegetation	2
		5631 Handtrucks, dollies, etc.	2
		5635 Forklifts, stackers, etc.	2
		5720 Lumber	2
		5730 Skids, pallets	2
		5899 Working surfaces	2
		201 Animals	1
		250 Insects	1
		400 Bodily motion	1
		510 Pressurized containers	1
		665 Reels, rolls	1
		705 Doors, gates	1
		935 Carbon monoxide	1
1		950 Halogenated compounds	1
		999 Chemicals and compounds	1
i		1120 Crude, fuel oil	1
		1130 Liquid hydrocarbons	1
1		1180 Naphtha solvents	1
		1190 Asphalts and road oils	1

	cc			

Nature Of Injury Or Illness Source Of Injury Or Illness Rank Code Definition Deaths Rate Code Definition Deaths Code Definition Deaths 715 Truck drivers (Cont.) 1400 Drugs and medicines 1500 Electric apparatus 1501 Motors 1820 Grains and grain products 2000 Glass items 2215 Crowbar, pry bar 2230 Hammer, sledge, mallet 2245 Knife 2270 Rope, chain 2290 Shovel, spade 2620 Elevators 3200 Crushing machines 3400 Office machines 4115 Beams, bars 4140 Pipe 5070 Arc-welding equipment 5500 Textile items 5610 Aircraft 5800 Working surfaces 5840 Stairs, steps 6210 Tires 714 Taxi drivers and chauffeurs 37.23 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 5620 Highway vehicles 991 Heart conditions 4120 Bullets 400 Multiple injuries 2245 Knife 210 Fracture 6010 Heart failure 995 Other injury, n.e.c., 6020 Another person 999 Nonclassifiable 6210 Tires 160 Contusion, crushing 310 Sprains, strains 404 Boilermakers 200 Electric Shock 5801 Floor 37.10 210 Fracture 1599 Electrical Apparatus 120 Burn (heat) 2500 Heating equipment 271 Toxic systemic poisoning 4300 Mineral items, nonmetallic 283 Asbestosis 4600 Particles (unidentified) 400 Multiple injuries 6010 Heart failure 572 Influenza, pneumonia 491 Mechanic, except auto 2 35.07 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 950 Halogenated compounds 400 Multiple injuries 5620 Highway vehicles

Table 4.1 (Cont.)

Occupation				Nature Of Injury Or Illness Source						rce Of Injury Or Illness	
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Death	
25	751	Construction laborers	173	32.89	400	Multiple injuries	64	4300	Mineral items, nonmetallic	2	
					210	Fracture	25		Highway vehicles	24	
					991	Heart conditions	20	5810	Ground	1:	
					200	Electric shock	14		Floor	1	
					110	Asphyxia, strangulation	13		Earth moving machines		
					999	Nonclassifiable	9		Nonclassifiable		
					286	Silicosis	6		Conductors		
					120	Burn (heat)	3		Flame, fire, smoke		
					160	Contusion, crushing	3	2910	Water		
					170	Cut, laceration, puncture	3	6010	Heart failure		
					240	Effects of heat exposure	3	8800	Miscellaneous		
					283	Asbestosis	3		Buildings		
					310	Sprains, strains	3	2400	Heat		
					510	Cerebrovascular conditions	2	4600	Particles (unidentified)		
					140	Concussion	1		Forklifts, stackers, etc.		
					990	Occupational disease	1	5720	Lumber		
					1			5899	Working surfaces		
					1			530	Pressure lines		
					1				Walls, fences		
									Drain tile, sewer pipe ,etc.		
									Electrical apparatus		
					1				Shovel, spade		
					1				Elevators		
					1			4140	Pipe .		
					l				Pumps		
					1				Powered towing vehicles		
					1			5800	Working surfaces		
					1				Bodily motion		
									Reels, rolls		
					}			699	Containers		
					1			705	Doors, gates		
					į.			799	Buildings and structures		
					1			801	Brick		
					1			999	Chemicals and compounds		
					1			1300	Conveyors		
					1			1500	Electric apparatus		
					1				Hammer, siedge, maliet		
					1				Hand tools, not powered		
					Į.				Hand tools, powered		

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		Occupation			Nature Of Injury Or Illno	255		Source Of Injury Or Ill.	ness
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
25	751	Construction laborers (Cont.)					2610 3001 3200 3350 3999 4115 4120 4199 5631	Hand tools, powered Cranes, derricks Agitators, mixers, etc. Crushing machines Mining machinery Machines Beams, bars Bullets Metal items Handtrucks, dollies, etc. Rail vehicles Street, road	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
26	523	3 Plumber apprentices	3	32.73	200 Electric shock 572 Influenza, pneumonia 991 Heart conditions	1 1 1	2700	i Saw) Infectious parasites) Heart failure	1 1 1
27	821	l Farm foremen	7	32.49	160 Contusion, crushing 120 Burn (heat) 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 210 Fracture 400 Multiple injuries 999 Nonclassifiable	2 1 1 1 1	1700 3850 4120 5638	Animals) Flame, fire, smoke) Shears, slitters, slicers) Shears B Powered towing vehicles) Ground	2 1 1 1 1
28	84	4 Therapy assistants	2	31.53	330 Hepatitis 572 Influenza, pneumonia	1		Infectious parasites Mineral items, nonnetallic	1 1
29	642	2 Greasers, except auto	8	30.74	400 Multiple injuries 991 Heart conditions 160 Contusion, crushing 200 Electric shock 210 Fracture 310 Sprains, strains	2 2 1 1 1	4300 151: 2270 6010	O Cranes, derricks O Mineral items, nonmetallic S Conductors O Rope, chain O Heart failure	3 2 1 1
30	536	6 Shoetmetal apprentices	ı	29.62	400 Multiple injuries	1	580	l Floor	1
31	78:	5 Not specified laborers	61	28.43	400 Multiple injuries 991 Heart conditions 210 Fracture 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 999 Nonclassifiable 160 Contusion, crushing 170 Cut, laceration, puncture	12 12 9 6 4 3 3	980 430 135 291 563	0 Highway vehicles 0 Nonclassifiable 0 Mineral items, nonmetallic 0 Powered conveyors 0 Water 5 Forklifts, stackers, etc. 0 Logs	7 5 4 3 3 3

		Occupation			Nature Of Injury Or Illi	ness		Source Of Injury Or It	rce Of Injury Or Illness	
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths	
31	785	Not specified laborers (Cont.)			120 Burn (heat)	2		Floor	3	
					200 Electric shock	2		Boxes, crates, cartons	2	
					510 Cerebrovascular conditions	2		Shovel, spade	2	
					140 Concussion	1		Earth moving machines	2	
					190 Dislocation	1		Handtrucks, dollies, etc.	2	
					271 Toxic systemic poisoning	1 [Rail vehicles	2	
					274 Influenza, pneumonia, etc.	1		Ground	2	
					551 Malignant tumor	1		Heart failure	2	
					995 Other injury, n.e.c.	1		Miscellaneous	2	
					1	1	660	Bundles, bales	1	
								Acids	1	
						ì	950	Halogenated compounds	1	
								Crude, fuel oil	1	
						1		Conductors	1	
						1		Knife	1	
						ı		Cranes, derricks	1	
								Saws	l	
					1	- 1		Machines	1	
								Beams, bars	1	
								Metal binders	1	
								Plants, trees, vegetation	1	
					ł			Working surfaces	1	
							5840	Stairs, steps	1	
32	412	Bulldozer operators	20	28.39	210 Fracture	8	3300	Earth moving machines	8	
					400 Multiple injuries	4	4700	Plants, trees, vegetation	2	
					991 Heart conditions	4	5638	Powered towing vehicles	2.	
					160 Contusion, crushing	3	9800	Nonclassifiable	2	
					999 Nonclassifiable	1	5300	Scrap, debris, waste	i	
							5620	Highway vehicles	1	
					1		5635	Forklifts, stackers, etc.	1	
					1		5699	Vehicles	1	
							5710	Logs	ı	
					ļ		8800	Miscellaneous	1	
33	965	Sheriffs and bailiffs	13	27.94	991 Heart conditions	5		Highway vehicles	4	
					170 Cut, laceration, puncture	4		Bullets	3	
					400 Multiple injuries	3	6010	Heart failure	3	
					999 Nonclassifiable	1	755	Walls, fences	t	
					j		2245	Knife	ł	

Table 4.1 (Cont.)

Rank Code Definition Deaths Rate Code Definition Deaths Code Definition Solid Aircraft	Source Of Injury Or Illness		
34 503 Molders, metal 9 26.07 286 Silicosis 4 4300 Mineral items, nonmote 120 Burn (heat) 1 5200 Silica 900 Chemicals 130 Molten metal 14130 Molten metal 14130 Molten metal 14140 Pipe 991 Heart conditions 1 4800 Plastic items 6010 Heart failure 14140 Pipe 14140 Pi	Deaths		
120 Burn (heat) 1 5200 Silica 900 Chemicals 1 130 Molten metal 1 1410 Molten metal 1410 Molten metal 1410 Molten metal 1410 Pipe l l			
210 Fracture 1 900 Chemicals 1 572 Influenza, pneumonia 1 4130 Molten metal 990 Occupational disease 1 4140 Pipe 4800 Plastic items 6010 Heart failure 1 570 Respiratory conditions 1 570 Respiratory conditions 1 570 Respiratory conditions 1 5801 Floor 6010 Heart failure 1 5801 Floor 6010	etallic 2		
572 Influenza, pneumonia 1 4130 Molten metal 990 Occupational disease 1 4140 Pipe 991 Heart conditions 1 4800 Plastic items 6010 Heart failure 1 60	2		
990 Occupational disease 1 4140 Pipe 991 Heart conditions 1 4800 Plastic items 6010 Heart failure 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1		
991 Heart conditions 1 4800 Plastic items	1		
Solution Solution	1		
35 671 Knitters, loopers, etc. 4 25.39 210 Fracture 2 5500 Textile items 570 Respiratory conditions 1 5800 Working surfaces 991 Heart conditions 1 5801 Floor 6010 Heart failure	ı		
570 Respiratory conditions 1 5800 Working surfaces 991 Heart conditions 1 5801 Floor 6010 Heart failure	1		
991 Heart conditions 1 5801 Floor 6010 Heart failure	1		
6010 Heart failure	I		
	1		
36 203 Buyers, farm products 3 24.39 400 Multiple injuries 2 5620 Highway vehicles	ĭ		
	2		
210 Fracture 1 701 Buildings	1		
37 666 Stationary firemen 11 23.25 210 Fracture 3 1700 Flame, fire, smoke	2		
991 Heart conditions 2 699 Containers	1		
120 Burn (heat) 1 755 Walls, fences	ì		
160 Contusion, crushing 1 2610 Cranes, detricks	1		
274 Influenza, pneumonia, etc. 1 3400 Office machines	1		
286 Silicosis 1 4600 Particles (unidentifie	d) 1		
400 Multiple injuries I 5635 Forklifts, stackers, et			
572 Influenza, pneumonia 1 5800 Working surfaces	1		
8800 Miscellaneous	1		
9800 Nonclassifiable	1		
38 551 Tailors 4 22.66 991 Heart conditions 2 665 Reels, rolls	1		
170 Cut, laceration, puncture 1 2245 Knife	1		
400 Multiple injuries 1 5500 Textile items	1		
6020 Another person	1		
39 431 Electrician apprentices 4 22.05 200 Electric shock 3 1500 Electric apparatus	1		
170 Cut, laceration, puncture 1 1520 Switches, circuit brea	akers 1		
2260 Pliers, tongs	1		
4120 Bullets	1		
40 436 Excavating machine operators 62 21.58 400 Multiple injuries 24 3300 Earth moving machin	nes 23		
160 Contusion, crushing 12 5620 Highway vehicles	7		
210 Fracture 7 5810 Ground	4		
110 Asphyxia strangulation 4 2910 Water	3		
991 Heart conditions 4 4 4300 Mineral items, nonm	-		

Table 4.1 (Cont.)

Occupation					Nature Of Injury Or Illness			Source Of Injury Or Illness		
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
40	436	Excavating machine operators (Cont.)			999	Nonclassifiable	4		Heart failure	3
					200	Electric shock	3	9800	Nonclassifiable	3
						Toxic systemic poisoning	2		Cranes, derricks	2
						Concussion	1	5899	Working surfaces	2
					570	Respiratory conditions	i		Insects	1
					Į.			1	Tanks, bins, etc.	1
					(Carbon monoxide	1
					1			1	Conductors	1
					ł				Hammer, tamper	1
					1				Elevators	1
					1				Agricultural machines	1
					1				Mining machinery	1
					1				Plants, trees, vegetation	1
					ł				Handtrucks, dollies, etc.	1
					1				Powered towing vehicles	1
					1			1	Street, road	1
41	963	Marshais and constables	i	20.51	400	Multiple injuries	t	999	Chemicals and compounds	i
42	492	Miscellaneous mechanics	34	20.35	400	Multiple injuries	12		Highway vehicles	6
						Heart conditions	8		Floor	:
					1	Fracture	5		Metal items	2
						Nonclassifiable	3		Ground	2
						Burn (heat)	2	1	Containers	1
						Asphyxia, strangulation	1		Doors, gates	1
						Electric shock	1		Electrical apparatus	1
						Asbestosis	1		Flame, fire, smoke	1
					310	Cerebrovascular conditions	1		Cabinets, bookcases, etc.	
					1				Hand tools, not powered	ì
					1				Wrench	1
					1			1	Water	
					1				Machines	
									Planers, shapers, molders	
					1				Presses (not printing)	
					l				Mineral items, nonmetallic	
					1				Arc-welding equipment	
					1			•	Steam	
					1				Forklifts, stackers, etc.	
					1				Vehicles	i
					1			6010	Heart failure	1

56

Table 4.1 (Cont.)

	Occupation				Nature Of Injury Or Ill	Source Of Injury Or Illness		
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths Cod	le Definition	Deaths
42	492	Miscellaneous mechanics (Cont.)					00 Miscellaneous 00 Nonclassifiable	1
43	51	Geologists	6	19.30	400 Multiple injuries 110 Asphyxia, strangulation	2 56	20 Highway vehicles 10 Aircraft 10 Water	3 2 1
44	802	Farm managers	5	19.29	110 Asphyxia, strangulation 210 Fracture	2 9	20 Highway vehicles 00 Chemicals 99 Chemicals and compounds 00 Earth moving machines	2 1 1
45	695	Not specified operatives	22	18.34	120 Burn (heat) 210 Fracture 280 Pneumoconiosis 400 Multiple injuries 999 Nonclassifiable 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 160 Contusion, crushing 200 Electric shock 250 Hernia, rupture 286 Silicosis 551 Malignant tumor 991 Heart conditions	4 52 2 56 2 58 2 16 1 6 1 9 1 15 1 25 1 29 1 33 1 41 43 56 58	00 Flame, fire, smoke 00 Silica 20 Highway vehicles 10 Floor 31 Boxes, crates, cartons 70 Tanks, bins, etc. 00 Chemicals 99 Electrical apparatus 00 Heating equipment 99 Other liquids 00 Earth moving machines 30 Molten metal 00 Mineral items, nonmetallic 00 Steam 35 Forklifts, stackers, etc. 99 Working surfaces 10 Tires 00 Nonclassifiable	2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
46	534	Roofers and slaters	17	18.21	210 Fracture 400 Multiple injuries 160 Contusion, crushing 510 Cerebrovascular conditions 991 Heart conditions	5 56 2 6 2 7 1 22 26 58	10 Ground 20 Highway vehicles 60 Bundles, bales 40 Scaffolds, staging, etc. 00 Hand tools, not powered 99 Hoisting apparatus 00 Working surfaces 30 Sidewalks, paths, walkways	7 4 1 1 1 1
47	964	Policemen and detectives	61	18.09	170 Cut, laceration, puncture 400 Multiple injuries		20 Highway vehicles 20 Bullets	19 18

	Occupation				Nature Of Injury Or Ill	Source Of Injury Or Illness		
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths C	ode Definition	Deaths
47		Policemen and detectives (Cont.)	Deark	Ture	991 Heart conditions 210 Fracture 999 Nonclassifiable 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 190 Dislocation 310 Sprains, strains 330 Hepatitis 510 Cerebrovascular conditions	9 6 8 8 2 5 1 6 1 1 2 1 1 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	010 Heart failure 800 Miscellaneous 610 Aircraft 020 Another person 705 Doors, gates 700 Infectious parasites 910 Water 699 Vehicles 801 Floor 810 Ground 840 Stairs, steps 899 Working surfaces	8 3 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1
48		Crane and derrick operators	17	17.68	400 Multiple injuries 210 Fracture 160 Contusion, crushing 200 Electric shock 991 Heart conditions 999 Nonclassifiable	10 2 3 3 1 5 1 5 1 4	800 Nonclassifiable 610 Cranes, derricks 300 Earth moving machines 620 Highway vehicles 810 Ground 665 Reels, rolls 300 Mineral items, nonmetallic 638 Powered towing vehicles 700 Wood items	1 7 2 2 2 1 1
49		Mining engineers	ı	17.46	210 Fracture	1 1	530 Pressure lines	i
50	502	Millwrights	12	17.40	400 Multiple injuries 210 Fracture 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 140 Concussion 200 Electric shock 280 Pneumoconiosis 510 Cerebrovascular conditions 551 Malignant tumor 991 Heart conditions	2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	300 Mineral items, nonmetallic 670 Tanks, bins, etc. 705 Doors, gates 501 Motors 610 Cranes, derricks 000 Machines 750 Saws 140 Pipe 635 Forklifts, stackers, etc. 801 Floor 810 Ground	2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
51	750	Carpenters' helpers	7	17.22	210 Fracture 240 Effects of heat exposure 310 Sprains, strains 400 Multiple injuries 991 Heart conditions	3 1 2 1 4	810 Ground 710 Bridges 400 Heat 199 Metal items 700 Wood items 801 Floor	1 1 1 1

	Occupation			_	Nature Of Injury Or Ill	Illness Source Of Injury Or Illnes		
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths	Code Definition	Deaths
51	750	Carpenters' helpers (Cont.)					5810 Ground 8800 Miscellaneous	i 1
52	705	Deliverymen and routemen	64	16.63	991 Heart conditions 400 Multiple injuries 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 210 Fracture 999 Nonclassifiable 160 Contusion, crushing 510 Cerebrovascular conditions 120 Burn (heat) 990 Occupational disease	22 17 7 6 6 2 2 1	5620 Highway vehicles 630 Boxes, crates, cartons 4120 Bullets 9800 Nonclassifiable 6010 Heart failure 5631 Handtrucks, dollies, etc. 530 Pressure lines 660 Bundles, bales 6699 Containers 710 Bridges	29 7 6 5 4 3 2 1
							1999 Furniture, fixtures 2270 Rope, chain 5640 Rail vehicles 5801 Floor 8800 Miscellaneous	1 1 1 1
53	571	Craft workers, n.e.c.	7	15.74	210 Fracture 200 Electric shock 400 Multiple injuries 991 Heart conditions	4 1 1	5810 Ground 1350 Powered conveyors 1510 Transformers, converters 5620 Highway vehicles 5801 Floor 6010 Heart failure	2 1 1 1 1
54	93	Airline stewardesses	5	15.70	400 Multiple injuries 999 Nonclassifiable	4 [5610 Aircraft	5
55	53:	5 Sheetmetal workers	16	15.41	210 Fracture 400 Multiple injuries 200 Electric shock 991 Heart conditions 160 Contusion, crushing 999 Nonclassifiable	5 5 2 2 2 1 1	5620 Highway vehicles 5801 Floor 5810 Ground 5820 Roofs 9800 Nonclassifiable 1599 Electrical apparatus 2315 Drill 2830 Movable ladders 4199 Metal items 5830 Sidewalks, paths, walkways	3 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1
56	663	2 Sawyers	12	15.00	400 Multiple injuries 210 Fracture	5 4	3750 Saws 4700 Plants, trees, vegetation	2 2

Nature Of Injury Or Illness

Source Of Injury Or Illness

900 Chemicals 950 Halogenated compounds

Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
56	662	Sawyers (Cont.)			160 Contusion, Crushing	1	5710	Logs	2
					200 Electric shock	1		Powered conveyors	1
					995 Other injury, n.e.c.	1		Electrical apparatus	1
								Cranes, derricks	1
								Machines	1
								Lumber	1
							5749	Wood items	1
57	635	Metal platers	3	14.65	130 Burn (chemical)	ī	901	Acids	ı
					270 Systemic poisoning	1	910	Alkalies	1
					274 Influenza, pneumonia, etc.	1	945	Cyanide, cyanogen compound	s 1
58	435	Engravers, except photo	1	14.17	274 Influenza, pneumonia, etc.	1	901	Acids	1
59	402	Bakers	13	13.70	991 Heart conditions	6	1820	Grains and grain products	4
					274 Influenza, pneumonia, etc.	2	699	Containers	2
					572 Influenza, pneumonia	2	9800	Nonclassifiable	2
					170 Cut, laceration, puncture	1	630	Boxes, crates, cartons	1
					210 Fracture	1		Bullets	1
					400 Multiple injuries	1		Particles (unidentified)	1
								Stairs, steps	1
							6020	Another person	1
60	694	Miscellaneous operatives	69	13.44	210 Fracture	13	5620	Highway vehicles	8
					991 Heart conditions	13	5801	Floor	8
					400 Multiple injuries	11	1700	Flame, fire, smoke	6
					120 Burn (heat)	6		Chemicals and compounds	3
					286 Silicosis	5		Mineral items, nonmetallic	3
					999 Nonclassifiable	4		Particles (unidentified)	3
					160 Contusion, crushing	3		Forklifts, stackers, etc.	3
					274 Influenza, pneumonia, etc.	3		Ground	3
					170 Cut, laceration, puncture	2		Heart failure	3
					200 Electric shock	2		Nonclassifiable	3
					283 Asbestosis	2		Bundles, bales	2
					110 Asphyxia, strangulation	1		Containers	2
					130 Burn (chemical)	1		Elevators	2
					140 Concussion	1)	Silica	2
					271 Toxic systemic poisoning)	1	Skids, pallets	2
					995 Other injury, n.e.c.	1		Miscellaneous	2
					<u> </u>		630	Boxes, crates, cartons	1

Occupation

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		Occupation			Nature Of Injury Or Illi	tess		Source Of Injury Or Ill	ness
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
60 60	694	Definition Miscellaneous operatives (Cont.) Plumbers and pipe fitters	Deaths 40	13.08	991 Heart conditions 400 Multiple injuries 283 Asbestosis 110 Asphyxia, strangulation	13 9 6 2	1960 2245 2299 2320 3300 3750 3999 4200 5616 5800 6020 4300 5620 5899	Definition Lighting equipment Knife Hand tools, not powered Hannmer, tamper Earth moving machines Saws Machines Mineral items, metallic Aircraft Working surfaces Another person Mineral items, nonmetallic Highway vehicles Working surfaces Heart failure	Deaths 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 3 3 3 3 3
					210 Fracture 120 Burn (heat) 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 190 Dislocation 200 Electric shock 271 Toxic systemic poisoning 274 Influenza, pneumonia, etc. 286 Silicosis 510 Cerebrovascular conditions	2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2320 4144 5810 8800 50 60 799 950 999 1599 2500 2610 3250 4111 4120 5800	Hammer, tamper Pipe Ofround Miscellaneous Bodilers Barrels, kegs, drums Buildings and structures Halogenated compounds Chemicals and compounds Electrical apparatus Heating equipment Oranes, derricks Oranes, derricks Beams, bars Bullets Understands	2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
62	623	Gas station attendants	30	13.05	170 Cut, laceration, puncture 400 Multiple injuries 210 Fracture 120 Burn (heat) 991 Heart conditions	14 5 3 2 2	562 113 170	Discovery control of the control of	13 6 1 1

Table 4.1 (Cont.)

	Occupation				Nature Of Injury Or Ill	ness		Source Of Injury Or Ill	ness
ank	Code Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Death
62	623 Gas station attendants (Cont.)			160	Contusion, crushing	1		Automobile parts (metal)	
				310	Sprains, strains	ı		Nails, spikes, etc.	
				995	Other injury, n.e.c.	1		Metal items	
				999	Nonclassifiable	1	5800	Working surfaces	
				1				Heart failure	
								Another person	
				1				Tires	
				1			9800	Nonclassifiable	
63	30 Judges	2	12.94	991	Heart conditions	2	6010	Heart failure	
64	442 Forgemen and hammermen	1	12.71	999	Nonclassifiable	ı	9800	Nonclassifiable	
65	622 Furnace & smelter operators	5	12.57	286	Silicosis	2	705	Doors, gates	
				110	Asphyxia, strangulation	1	2290	Shovel, spade	
				210	Fracture	1	4300	Mineral items, nonmetallic	
				991	Heart conditions	1	4600	Particles (unidentified)	
66	520 Plasterers	2	11.85	210	Fracture	1	530	Pressure lines	
				991	Heart conditions	1	5810	Ground	
67	213 Construction inspectors	2	11.82	400	Multiple injuries	2	5620	Highway vehicles	
68	441 Foremen	137	11.72	400	Multiple injuries	34	5620	Highway vehicles	
					Heart conditions	25	6010	Heart failure	
				210	Fracture	22	4300	Mineral items, nonmetallic	
				200	Electric shock	9	5810	Ground	
				120	Burn (heat)	6	1515	Conductors	
				160	Contusion, crushing	6	9800	Nonclassifiable	
				170	Cut, laceration, puncture	5		Water	
				999	Nonclassifiable	5	999	Chemicals and compounds	
				110	Asphyxia, strangulation	4	3300	Earth moving machines	
				283	3 Asbestosis	4	755	Walls, fences	
				286	Silicosis	3		Bullets	
					Malignant tumor	3		Handtrucks, dollies, etc.	
				1	Concussion	2	1	Miscellaneous	
					Toxic systemic poisoning	2		Insects	
					Influenza, pneumonia, etc.	2		Doors, gates	
				1 -) Pneumoconiosis	2		Crude, fuel oil	
				,	Dislocation	ı	1	Flame, fire, smoke	
					7 Other pneumoconioses	i	•	Crushing machines	
				510	Cerebrovascular conditions	1		Machines	
				1			4199	Metal items	

		Occupation			Nature Of Injury Or II	lness	Source Of Injury Or Illi	ness
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths	Code Definition	Deaths
68		Foremen (Cont.)					5200 Silica 5610 Aircraft 5635 Forklifts, stackers, etc. 5800 Working surfaces 5801 Floor 6020 Another person 630 Boxes, crates, cartons 660 Bundles, bales 699 Containers 801 Brick 1199 Coal & petroleum products 1501 Motors 1510 Transformers, converters 1520 Switches, circuit breakers 2200 Hand tools, not powered 2290 Shovel, spade 2299 Hand tools, not powered 2610 Cranes, derricks 2699 Hoisting apparatus 2899 Ladders 4115 Beams, bars 4140 Pipe 4600 Particles (unidentified) 5710 Logs 5720 Lumber 5820 Roofs	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
۲0	414	· C	•	11.70	400 Malainia ini nin		5899 Working surfaces	ı
69 70		Carpenter apprentices Parm laborers, wage workers	1 73	11.70	400 Multiple injuries 400 Multiple injuries 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 160 Contusion, crushing 200 Electric shock 210 Fracture 991 Heart conditions 999 Nonclassifiable 271 Toxic systemic poisoning 995 Other injury, n.e.c. 140 Concussion	1 28 6 6 6 6 6 5 4 3 2	5638 Powered towing vehicles 5810 Ground 6010 Heart failure 9800 Nonclassifiable 935 Carbon monoxide 3999 Machines 1820 Grains and grain products	1 14 11 7 4 4 4 4 3 3 3 2 2

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		Occupation			Nature Of Injury Or II.	iness		Source Of Injury Or Illi	ress
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
70	822	Farm laborers, wage workers (Cont.)			120 Burn (heat)	1		Miscellaneous	2
								Animals	1
					1			Doors, gates	1
					Ì			Scaffolds, staging, etc.	1
					1			Chemicals and compounds	1
					1			Hydrocarbon gases	ı
								Electric apparatus	1
					1			Conductors	1
								Electrical apparatus	1
								Flame, fire, smoke	ı
								Cranes, derricks	1
					ł .			Elevators	1
								Water	1
]			Earth moving machines	1
								Mineral items, nonmetallic	1
								Plants, trees, vegetation	1
								Floor	1
					İ		l l	Runways, platforms	1
71		Loom fixers	1	11.45	200 Electric shock	ŧ	1	Weaving, spinning machines	ı
72	510	Painters, construction	35	11.02		11		Ground	11
					400 Multiple injuries	7		Floor	4
					991 Heart conditions	5		Containers	2
					160 Contusion, crushing	3		Gluc	2
					999 Nonclassifiable	2		Working surfaces	2
					110 Asphyxia, strangulation	1		Tanks, bins. etc.	1
					190 Dislocation	1		Windows, window frames	i
					200 Electric shock	1		Coal & petroleum products	1
					271 Toxic systemic poisoning	1		Conductors	1
					286 Silicosis	1) Water	
					572 Influenza, pneumonia	i		Pipe .	1
					990 Occupational disease	i		Mineral items, nonmetallic	1
								Highway vehicles	1
								Handtrucks, dollies, etc.	1
					İ			Powered towing vehicles	!
								Working surfaces	1
					1			Stairs, steps	1
								Heart failure	1
					1		8800	Miscellaneous	i

65

		Occupation			Nature Of Injury Or Illi	1ess	Source Of Injury Or Ill	ness
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths	Code Definition	Deaths
73		Definition Guards and watchmen	Deaths 44	Rate 10.86	Code Definition 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 400 Multiple injuries 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 991 Heart conditions 210 Fracture 160 Contusion, crushing 999 Nonclassifiable 200 Electric shock 271 Toxic systemic poisoning	Deaths 19 6 5 5 3 2 2 1 1	Code Definition 4120 Bullets 520 Highway vehicles 5810 Ground 6010 Heart failure 6020 Another person 8800 Miscellaneous 9800 Nonclassifiable 699 Containers 999 Chemicals and compounds 1700 Flame, fire, smoke 1900 Furniture, fixtures 2299 Hand tools, not powered 2620 Elevators 4140 Pipe 5300 Scrap, debris, waste 5801 Floor	Deaths 18 5 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
74	231	Sales managers	25	10.75	170 Cut, laceration, puncture 991 Heart conditions 210 Fracture 160 Commission, crushing 400 Multiple injuries 995 Other injury, n.e.c.	12 6 4 1 1	5845 Street, road 6500 Ice, snow 4120 Bullets 5620 Highway vehicles 6020 Another person 8800 Miscellaneous 630 Boxes, crates, cartons 660 Bundles, bales 1900 Furniture, fixtures 2245 Knife 5801 Floor 6010 Heart failure	1 1 10 4 2 2 2 1 1 1 1
75	932	Recreation attendants	12	10.67	110 Asphyxia, strangulation 210 Fracture 991 Heart conditions 999 Nonclassifiable 400 Multiple injuries	5 2 2 2 1	9800 Nonclassifiable 2910 Water 5620 Highway vehicles 6100 Athletic equipment 6010 Heart failure 6020 Another person	1 5 3 2 1
76 77		Industrial engineering technicians Inspectors	1 10	10.63 10.59	210 Fracture 991 Heart conditions 400 Multiple injuries 200 Electric shock	1 5 3 1	5610 Aircraft 6010 Heart failure 5620 Highway vehicles 699 Containers	I 4 2 I

Table 4.1 (Cont.)

		Occupation			Nature Of Injury Or .	Iliness	Source Of Injury Or Illi	ness
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths	Code Definition	Deaths
77	452	Inspectors (Cont.)			286 Silicosis	1	1501 Motors 4300 Mineral items, nonmetallic 5200 Silica	i i
78		Warehousemen	19	10.48	991 Heart conditions 400 Multiple injuries 110 Asphysia strangulation 210 Fracture 120 Burn (heat) 160 Contusion, crushing 240 Effects of heat exposure	8 4 2 2 1 1 1	630 Boxes, crates, cartons 5620 Highway vehicles 4140 Pipe 601 Barreis, kegs, drums 1870 Vegetable products 2400 Heat 3001 Agitators, mixers, etc. 3300 Earth moving machines 5810 Ground 6010 Heart failure	6 4 2 1 1 1 1
79	333	Messengers and office boys	7	10.40	999 Nonclassifiable 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 400 Multiple injuries 991 Heart conditions	3 2 1 1	5620 Highway vehicles 4120 Bullets 8800 Miscellaneous	4 2 1
80	392	: Weighers	3	10.34	120 Burn (heat) 286 Silicosis 991 Heart conditions	1 1 1	699 Containers 1700 Flame, fire, smoke 4300 Mineral items, nonmetallic	1 1 1
81	453	Jewelers and watchmakers	3	10.21	170 Cut, laceration, puncture 991 Heart conditions 999 Nonclassifiable	1 1	1999 Furniture, fixtures 4120 Bullets 5620 Highway vehicles	1 1 1
82	430	Electricians	43	9.89	200 Electric shock 991 Heart conditions 210 Fracture 400 Multiple injuries 160 Contusion, crushing 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 140 Concussion 120 Burn (heat) 310 Sprains, strains 551 Malignant tumor	10 9 6 5 3 3 2 2 1	5801 Floor 1515 Conductors 1520 Switches, circuit breakers 6010 Heart failure 1501 Motors 5720 Lumber 665 Reels, rolls 935 Carbon monoxide 999 Chemicals and compounds 1199 Coal & petroleum products 1500 Electric apparatus 1510 Transformers, converters 1700 Flame, fire, smoke 1870 Vegetable products	6 3 3 3 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1

	Occupation			Nature Of Injury Or Ili	lness	Source Of Injury Or Illi	ness
Rank	Code Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths (Code Definition	Deaths
82	430 Electricians (Cont.)					2200 Hand tools, not powered 2315 Drill 2315 Drill 2355 Saw 2610 Cranes, derricks 2830 Movable ladders 3300 Earth moving machines 3350 Mining machinery 3750 Saws 3999 Machines 4115 Beams, bars 4300 Mineral items, nonmetallic 5600 Highway vehicles 5640 Rail vehicles 5810 Ground 8800 Miscellaneous 9800 Nonclassifiable	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
83	410 Brickmasons and stonemasons	11	9.80	210 Fracture 991 Heart conditions 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 286 Silicosis 400 Multiple injuries 572 Influenza, pneumonia 999 Nonclassifiable	4 2 1 1 1 1 1	4300 Mineral items, nonmetallic 750 Towers, poles, etc. 755 Walls, fences 2910 Water 3999 Machines 4600 Particles (unidentified) 5800 Working surfaces 5801 Floor 5810 Ground 5820 Roofs	2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
84	545 Stationary engineers	12	9.56	991 Heart conditions 210 Fracture 999 Nonclassifiable 160 Contusion, crushing 276 Gastro-intestinal disease 400 Multiple injuries	5 2 2 1 1 1	5620 Highway vehicles 6010 Heart failure 9800 Nonclassifiable 501 Boilers 1599 Electrical apparatus 4199 Metal items 5300 Scrap, debris, waste 5301 Handtrucks, dollies, etc. 5801 Floor	2 2 2 1 1 1 1
85	445 Glaziers	3	9.50	271 Toxic systemic poisoning 286 Silicosis 400 Multiple injuries	1 1	630 Boxes, crates, cartons 935 Carbon monoxide 5200 Silica	1 1 1

Table 4.1 (Cont.)

	Occupation			Nature Of Injury Or Ill	ness	Source Of Injury Or Illi	ness
Rank	Code Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths	Code Definition	Deaths
86	334 Meter readers, utilities	3	9.43	110 Asphyxia, strangulation 210 Fracture 400 Multiple injuries	1 1 1	8800 Miscellaneous 3250 Drilling, turning machines	1
87	641 Mixing operatives	5	9.20	999 Nonclassifiable 274 influenza, pneumonia, etc. 286 Silucosis 289 Pneumoconiosis with TB	2 1 1 1	900 Chemicals 1350 Powered conveyors 4300 Mineral items, nonmetallic 4600 Particles (unidentified) 9800 Nonclassifiable	1 1 1 1
88	i 140 College tenchers, n.e.c.	4	9.12	210 Fracture 400 Multiple injuries 991 Heart conditions 999 Nonclassifiable	1 1 1	5620 Highway vehicles 5610 Aircraft 6010 Heart failure	2 1 1
89	443 Furniture and wood finishers	2	9.00	286 Silicosis 991 Heart conditions	1 1	1900 Furniture, fixtures 4300 Mineral items, nonmetallic	1 1
90	733 Freight and material handlers	44	8.91	210 Fracture 991 Heart conditions 400 Multiple injuries 160 Contusion, crushing 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 190 Dislocation 120 Burn (heat) 140 Concussion 240 Effects of heat exposure 286 Silicosis 999 Nonclassifiable	12 10 6 4 3 2 2 2 1 1 1 1	630 Boxes, crates, cartons 6010 Heart failure 5635 Forklifts, stackers, etc. 4120 Bultets 5620 Highway vehicles 1700 Flame, fire, smoke 1901 Cabinets, bookcases, etc. 3600 Presses (not printing) 5710 Logs 9800 Nonclassifiable 660 Bundles, bales 901 Acids 1350 Powered conveyors 2400 Heat 3150 Forging, welding machines 4199 Metal items 4800 Plastic items 4800 Plastic items 5631 Handtrucks, dollies, etc. 5638 Powered towing vehicles 5640 Rail vehicles 5801 Floor	6 3 3 3 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1

		Occupation				Nature Of Injury Or Ill	ness		Source Of Injury Or Illi	ness
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
91	612	Cutting operatives, n.e.c.	15	8.86	991	Heart conditions	8		Bundles, bales	2
						Silicosis	2		Reels, rolls	2
					400	Multiple injuries	2	9800	Nonclassifiable	2
					110	Asphyxia, strangulation	1	1700	Flame, fire, smoke	1
						Contusion, crushing	1	2610	Cranes, derricks	1
					190	Dislocation	1	4199	Metal items	1
					1				Mineral items, nonmetallic	1
					l				Paper and pulp items	1
					1				Plants, trees, vegetation	I
					l			5631	Handtrucks, dollies, etc.	1
					1				Floor	I
								8800	Miscellaneous	i
92	554	Telephone linemen	5	8.82	200	Electric shock	2	1515	Conductors	2
					210	Fracture	2	1700	Flame, fire, smoke	1
					120	Burn (heat)	i	2641	Air hoist	1
					1			5810	Ground	l
93	201	Assessors and controllers	2	8.21	170	Cut, laceration, puncture	1	4120	Bullets	1
					991	Heart conditions	1	6010	Heart failure	1
94	651	Grinding machine operative	7	8.14	286	Silicosis	3	4600	Particles (unidentified)	2
					157	Tuberculosis	1	1199	Coal & petroleum products	1
					210	Fracture	1	4300	Mineral items, nonmetallic	1
					280	Pneumoconiosis	1	5200	Silica	1
					400	Multiple injuries	1	5801	Floor	1
					1	-		5825	Runways, platforms	1
95	903	Janitors and sextons	75	8.14	991	Heart conditions	28	2290	Shovel, spade	10
					170	Cut, laceration, puncture	11	9800	Nonclassifiable	7
					210	Fracture	11	4120	Bullets	6
					120	Burn (heat)	4	5801	Floor	6
					271	Toxic systemic poisoning	1	1700	Flame, fire, smoke	4
					310	Sprains, strains	3	6010	Heart failure	4
					995	Other injury, n.e.c.	1	5620	Highway vehicles	3
					999	Nonclassifiable	3	5810	Ground	3
					400	Multiple injuries	3	601	Barrels, kegs, drums	2
					200	Electric shock	1	699	Containers	2
					190	Dislocation	1	799	Buildings and structures	2
					160	Contusion, crushing	3	935	Carbon monoxide	2
					140	Concussion	1	1910	Chairs, benches, etc.	2
					510	Cerebrovascular conditions	2	5840	Stairs, steps	2

	Occupation			Nature Of Injury Or Illness Source Of Injur						
Rank	Code D	Pefinition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths	Code Definition	Deaths		
95		anitors and sextons (Cont.)	Deans	Kale	110 Asphyxia, strangulation	2	501 Boilers 630 Boxes, crates, cartons 705 Doors, gates 755 Walls, fences 1140 Hydrocarbon gases 1501 Motors 1599 Electrical apparatus 1970 Tables 1999 Furniture, fixtures 2245 Knife 2285 Screwdrivet 2305 Buffer, polisher, waxer 2610 Cranes, derricks 3050 Agricultural machines 3999 Machines 4199 Metal items 5100 Soaps, detergents, cleaners 5720 Lumber 5800 Working surfaces 5825 Runways, platforms			
96	711 P	arking attendants	2	8.05	160 Contusion, crushing 173 Cut, laceration, puncture	1	2609 Hoisting apparatus 4120 Bullets	1		
97	23 E	agineers, n.e.c.	12	8.03	400 Multiple injuries 991 Heart conditions 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 150 Infective disease 200 Electric shock 210 Fracture 999 Nonclassifiable	5 2 1 1 1 1	5620 Highway vehicles 799 Buildings and structures 1515 Conductors 2910 Water 4600 Particles (unidentified) 5610 Aircraft 6010 Heart failure 8800 Miscellaneous	5 1 1 1 1 1 1		
98	624 G	Graders and sorters	2	8.01	120 Burn (heat) 280 Pneumoconiosis	1 1	1700 Flame, fire, smoke 9800 Nonclassifiable	1 1		
99	633 N	feat cutters, manufacturing	5	7.93	991 Heart conditions 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 310 Sprains, strains 999 Nonciassifiable	2 1 1	201 Animals 1840 Meats and meat products 5635 Forklifts, stackers, etc. 5899 Working surfaces 9800 Nonclassifiable	1 1 1 1		

				1 401	v via (Conta)			
		Occupation			Nature Of Injury Or Ill	ness	Source Of Injury Or Ili	ness
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths (Code Definition	Deaths
100	933	Personal service attendants, n.e.c.	5	7.88	120 Burn (heat) 160 Contusion, crushing 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 210 Fracture	1 1 1	705 Doors, gates 900 Chemicals 4120 Bullets 5840 Stairs, steps	t 1 1
101	485	Radio and TV mechanics	6	7.61	991 Heart conditions 991 Heart conditions 200 Electric shock 999 Nonclassifiable	1 1 1	8800 Miscellaneous 630 Boxes, crates, cartons 1200 Cold 1515 Conductors 1999 Furniture, fixtures 6010 Heart failure	1 1 1 1
102	621	Filers, polishers, sanders	6	7.52	271 Toxic systemic poisoning 160 Contusion, crushing 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 400 Multiple injuries 991 Heart conditions	2 1 1 1 1	9800 Nonclassifiable 900 Chemicals 901 Acids 3100 Buffers, sanders, grinders 4140 Pipe 4199 Metal items 6020 Another person	1 1 1 1 1
103	703	Bus drivers	18	7.52	991 Heart conditions 400 Multiple injuries 210 Fracture 999 Nonclassifiable 140 Concussion 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 250 Hemia, rupture	6 5 2 2 1 1	5620 Highway vehicles 6010 Heart failure 601 Barrels, kegs, drums 801 Brick 2290 Shovel, spade 4120 Bullets 9800 Nonclassifiable	11 2 1 1 1
104 105		Riveters and fasteners Milling machine operatives	1 5	7.40 7.09	210 Fracture 210 Fracture 286 Silicosis 400 Multiple injuries 991 Heart conditions 999 Nonclassifiable	1 1 1 1	3999 Machines 3250 Drilling, turning machines 4115 Beams, bars 5200 Silica 5620 Highway vehicles 5810 Ground	1 1 1 1
106 107		Agricultural scientists Sales managers, except retail	1 17	7.06 7.02	995 Other injury, n.e.c. 991 Heart conditions 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 210 Fracture 400 Multiple injuries 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 510 Cerebrovascular conditions	1 5 3 2 1	5620 Highway vehicles 5620 Highway vehicles 6010 Heart failure 4120 Bullets 9800 Nonclassifiable 1700 Flame, fire, smoke 1840 Meats and meat products	1 3 3 2 2 1 1

Table 4.1 (Cont.)

	Occupation			Nature Of Injury Or Illi	Source Of Injury Or Illi	ness	
Rank	Code Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths C	ode Definition	Deaths
107	233 Sales managers, except retail (Cont.)			580 Ill-defined conditions 999 Nonclassifiable	1 5 5	2910 Water 5610 Aircraft 5810 Ground 5020 Another person 5500 Ice, snow	1 1 1 1
108	415 Carpenters	54	6.93	991 Heart conditions 210 Fracture 400 Multiple injuries 200 Electric shock 160 Contusion, crushing 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 999 Nonclassifiable 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 310 Sprains, strains 100 Amputation or enucleation 140 Concussion 995 Other injury, n.e.c.	15	5810 Ground 8800 Miscellaneous 5810 Miscellaneous 5811 Floor 1515 Conductors 2610 Cranes, derricks 5720 Lumber 3300 Earth moving machines 3300 Mineral items, nonmetallic 5840 Stairs, steps 690 Stairs, steps 699 Containers, packages 699 Containers 701 Buildings 755 Walls, fences 1599 El-ctrical apparatus 1930 Desks 2300 Hand tools, powered 2320 Hammer, tamper 2355 Saw 2820 Hammer, tamper 2375 Saws 2810 Shears, slitters, slicers 5635 Forklifts, stackers, etc. 5640 Rail vehicles 5820 Roofs 5899 Working surfaces 5610 Heart failure	9 6 4 3 3 3 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
109	764 Vehicle & equipment cleaners	8	6.83	210 Fracture 999 Nonclassifiable 100 Amputation or enucleation 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 120 Burn (heat)	2 2 2 1 2 1 3	5620 Highway vehicles 950 Halogenated compounds 2620 Elevators 5631 Handtrucks, dollies, etc. 5640 Rail vehicles	3 1 1 1 1

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Source Of Injury Or Illness Nature Of Injury Or Illness Deaths | Code Definition Deaths Rate Code Definition Rank Code Definition Deaths 5840 Stairs, steps 764 Vehicle & equipment cleaners (Cont.) 400 Multiple injuries 421 Cement and concrete finisher 3 6.60 286 Silicosis 4600 Particles (unidentified) 110 400 Multiple injuries 5620 Highway vehicles 995 Other injury, n.e.c. 5720 Lumber 690 Miscellaneous machine operators 58 6.55 400 Multiple injuries 5620 Highway vehicles 6010 Heart failure 991 Heart conditions 999 Nonclassifiable 9800 Nonclassifiable 160 Contusion, crushing 3999 Machines 5200 Silica 286 Silicosis 5635 Forklifts, stackers, etc. 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 120 Burn (heat) 5749 Wood items 210 Fracture 8800 Miscellaneous 200 Electric shock 950 Halogenated compounds 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 1140 Hydrocarbon gases 2610 Cranes, derricks 250 Hernia, rupture 271 Toxic systemic poisoning 3000 Machines 274 Influenza, pneumonia, etc. 3600 Presses (not printing) 572 Influenza, pneumonia 4300 Mineral items, nonmetallic 4600 Particles (unidentified) 601 Barrels, kegs, drums 660 Bundles, bales 755 Walls, fences 901 Acids 1599 Electrical apparatus 1700 Flame, fire, smoke 2500 Heating equipment 2910 Water 2999 Other liquids 3001 Agitators, mixers, etc. 3200 Crushing machines 3300 Earth moving machines 3650 Printing machines 3750 Saws 4120 Bullets 4199 Metal items 5899 Working surfaces 124 Coaches and P.E. teachers 6.51 210 Fracture 5620 Highway vehicles

		Occupation			Nature Of Injury Or Il	lness		Source Of Injury Or It	lness
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
113	960	Crossing guards	2	6.45	210 Fracture 400 Multiple injuries	1 1	5620	Highway vehicles	2
114	755	Gardeners and groundskeepers	28	6.41	991 Heart conditions 210 Fracture 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 400 Multiple injuries 120 Burn (heat) 999 Nonclassifiable 140 Concussion 160 Contusion, crushing 200 Electric shock	8 7 3 3 2 2 1 1	4700 1515 1700 3050 5620 5638 699 1930 2000 2299 2910	Shovel, spade Plants, trees, vegetation Conductors Flame, fire, smoke Agricultural machines Highway vehicles Powered towing vehicles Containers Desks Glass items Hand tools, not powered Water Earth moving machines	3 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1
115	074			(22	205		5720 5810 5845 5899 6010 9800	Lumber Ground Street, road Working surfaces Heart failure Nonclassifiable	1 1 1 1
116		Baggage porters and belthops Fork lift operators	15	6.33	210 Fracture 210 Fracture 991 Heart conditions 400 Multiple injuries 160 Contusion, crushing 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 310 Sprains, strains 995 Other injury, n.e.c.	1 4 4 3 1 1 1 1 1	5635 630 1001 2290 4199 5640 5801 5810	Another person Forklifts, stackers, etc. Boxes, crates, cartons Boots, shoes, etc. Shovel, spade Metal items Raii vehicles Floor Ground Heart failure	7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
117 118 119	53	Floor layers, except tile Physicists and astronomers Office machine mechanics	1 1 3	6.16 5.99 5.95	120 Burn (heat) 272 Blood disease 510 Cerebrovascular conditions 551 Malignant tumor 991 Heart conditions	1 1 1 1	5000 5100 5620	Flame, fire, smoke Radiating substances Soaps, detergents, cleaners Highway vehicles Heart failure	1 1 1 1

Table 4.1 (Cont.)

		Occupation				Nature Of Injury Or Illa	ness		Source Of Injury Or Illa	ness
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
120	245	Managers and administrators, n.e.c.	254	5.94	400	Multiple injuries	76	5620	Highway vehicles	60
					991	Heart conditions	60	4120	Bullets	32
					170	Cut, laceration, puncture	43	5610	Aircraft	29
					210	Fracture	31	6010	Heart failure	24
					999	Nonclassifiable	13	630	Boxes, crates, cartons	12
					160	Contusion, crushing	6	9800	Nonclassified	11
					120	Burn (heat)	5	8800	Miscellaneous	7
					110	Asphyxia, strangulation	4	665	Recis, rolls	4
					200	Electric shock	3	4300	Mineral items, nonmetallic	4
					510	Cerebrovascular conditions	3	5801	Floor	4
					140	Concussion	2	5810	Ground	4
					271	Toxic systemic poisoning	2	1700	Flame, fire, smoke	3
						Asbestosis	1		Knife	3
					286	Silicosis	1	2610	Cranes, derricks	3
					540	Mental disorders	1	3000	Machines	3
						Malignant tumor	1	4700	Plants, trees, vegetation	3
					570	Respiratory conditions	1	5646	Rail vehicles	3
					995	Other injury, n.e.c.	1	699	Containers	2
					1				Doors, gates	2
					i			1	Carbon monoxide	2
					1				Conductors	2
					1) Water	2
					1			1	Beams, bars	2
					1				Hardtacks, dollies, etc.	2
									Boxes, containers, packages	1
					1				Barrels, kegs, drums	1
					1			670	Tanks, bins, etc.	1
					1				Walls, fences	1
					1				Chemicals and compounds	1
					1			1350	Powered conveyors	1
					1				Electrical apparatus	i
					Ţ				Meats and meat products	l
					1			1910	Chairs, benches, etc.	1
					1			1930) Desks	3
					1				Floor coverings	1
					1			1970) Tables	1
					1			1999	Furniture, fixtures	1
					1			2285	Screwdriver	I
					I			2290	Shovel, spade	1

76

	Occupation			Nature Of Injury Or Illness		Source Of Injury Or Illi	ness
Rank	Code Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition Death	s Code	Definition	Deaths
120	245 Managers and administrators, n.e.c. (Cont.)	Deams	Nuce	Code Dejiminon Dedir	3050 3300 4020 4125 4199 4600 4800 5095 5635 5635 5660 5800 5830	Agricultural machines Earth moving machines Chains, ropes, cables Molds Metal items Particles (unidentified) Plastic items Radiating substances Forklifts, stackers, etc. Powered towing vehicles Working surfaces Sidewalks, paths, walkways States Another person	
121	413 Cabinetmakers	3	5.75	991 Heart conditions 271 Toxic systemic poisoning	6210 2 999 1 1901 9800	O Tires O Chemicals and compounds O Cabinets, bookcases, etc. O Nonclassifiable	1
122	401 Auto accessories installers	1	5.75	400 Multiple injuries	1 670	Tanks, bins, etc.	1
123	45 Chemists	5	5.71	110 Asphyxia, strangulation 270 Systemic poisoning 330 Hepatitis 400 Multiple injuries 991 Heart conditions	1 900 1 1140 1 2700 1 5610	Barrels, kegs, drums Chemicals Hydrocarbon gases Infectious parasites Aircraft	1 1 1 1
124	420 Carpet installers	3	5.51	991 Heart conditions	1950	Cabinets, bookcases, etc. Floor coverings Heart failure	1 1 1
125	315 Vehicle dispatchers	4	5.48	991 Heart conditions 170 Cut, laceration, puncture	1 666 3400	Boxes, crates, cartons Bundles, bales Office machines Bullets	1 1 1
126	902 Cleaners and charwomen	34	5.47	210 Fracture 991 Heart conditions 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 400 Multiple injuries 120 Burn (heat)	8 699 3 1350 3 1700	Floor Containers Powered conveyors Flame, fire, smoke Hand tools, not powered	6 4 2 2 2

Table 4.1 (Cont.)

		Occupation				Nature Of Injury Or Illi	ness		Source Of Injury Or Illi	ness
	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
126		Cleaners and charwomen (Cont.)	Dear	Turk	160 274 100 110 300 510 572	Contusion, crushing Influenza, pneumonia, etc. Amputation or enucleation O Asphyxia, strangulation O Scratches, abrasions O Cerebrovascular conditions Influenza, pneumonia O Nonclassifiable	2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5800 601 630 950 1599 1820 1999 2700 3200 4020 4120 4600 5620 5810	Working surfaces Barrels, kegs, drums Boxes, crates, cartons Halogenated compounds Electrical apparatus Grains and grain products Furniture, fixtures Infectious parasites Crushing machines Chains, ropes, cables Bullets Particles (unidentified) Highway vehicles Ground Sidewalks, paths, walkways Heart failure	2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
127	266	Newsboys	4	5.46	21	9 Nonclassifiable 0 Fracture	2 1 1	9800	Nonclassifiable Highway vehicles	4
128	473	Automobile mechanics	38	5.44	99 21 40 12 16 20 11 14 24	Multiple injuries Heart conditions O Fracture O Multiple injuries D Burn (heat) O Contusion, crushing O Contusion, crushing O Electric shock O Asphyxia, strangulation O Concussion O Effects of heat exposure I Toxic systemic poisoning	14 7 7 2 2 2 2 1 1 1	4110 6010 6210 595 752 932 1200 1700 2400 2910 4112 4199 5632 6020 3150 5720	Highway vehicles Automobile parts (metal) Heart failure Tires Pressure vessels Walls, fences Carbon monoxide Cold Flame, fire, smoke Heat Water Beams, bars Metal items Forklifts, stackers, etc. Another person Forging, welding machines Lumber Ground	9 4 4 3 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2

		Occupation			Nature Of Injury Or Il	lness	Source Of Injury Or Ill	ness
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths (Code Definition	Deaths
128	473	Automobile mechanics (Cont.)					9800 Nonclassifiable	2
129	161	Surveyors	3	5.43	110 Asphyxia, strangulation	1	5620 Highway vehicles	2
					210 Fracture	1)	4700 Plants, trees, vegetation	1
					400 Multiple injuries	1 (
130	481	Heavy equipment mechanics	35	5.40	400 Multiple injuries	13	5620 Highway vehicles	3
					210 Fracture	4	5801 Floor	3
					991 Heart conditions	4	1515 Conductors	2
					200 Electric shock	3	2295 Wrench	2
					140 Concussion	2	3300 Earth moving machines	2
					160 Contusion, crushing	-	4199 Metal items	2
					100 Amputation or enucleation	- 1	8800 Miscellaneous	2
					110 Asphyxia, strangulation	I (670 Tanks, bins, etc.	I
					120 Burn (heat)	1	750 Towers, poles, etc.	ì
					286 Silicosis	1	935 Carbon monoxide	1
					310 Sprains, strains	11	1130 Liquid hydrocarbons	1
					572 Influenza, pneumonia	1	1501 Motors	1
					995 Other injury, n.e.c.	,	1520 Switches, circuit breakers	!
						i i	1599 Electrical apparatus	!
					1		2500 Heating equipment 2699 Hoisting apparatus	
					1		3250 Drilling, turning machines	1
					1		3350 Mining machinery	:
					1		3999 Machines	:
					İ		5200 Silica	;
							5635 Forklifts, stackers, etc.	:
					1		5640 Rail vehicles	i
						l	5810 Ground	;
						ì	6010 Heart failure	1
							6210 Tires	1
						- 1	9800 Nonclassifiable	1
131	681	Winding operatives, n.e.c.	2	5.32	120 Burn (heat)	1 1	1700 Fiame, fire, smoke	1
					170 Cut, laceration, puncture		8800 Miscellaneous	i
132	480	Farm implement mechanics	2	5.28	210 Fracture	i)	5620 Highway vehicles	1
132	400	ratin imprement mechanics	2	3.20	400 Multiple injuries	- 1	5845 Street, road	1
122	116	: Husiness teachers		5.17	1 ' '		•	
133		Business teachers	1		400 Multiple injuries	1	2610 Cranes, derricks	ι
134	260	Advertising agents	4	5.14		2	5620 Highway vehicles	3
					160 Contusion, crushing	1	6010 Heart failure	1

Table 4.1 (Cont.)

	Occupation			Nature Of Injury Or Ill	llness Source Of Injury Or Illness			
Rank	Code Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths	Code Definition	Deaths	
134	260 Advertising agents (Cont.)			991 Heart conditions	1			
135	611 Clothing ironers	4	5.13	991 Heart conditions 120 Burn (heat)	3	705 Doors, gates 2399 Hand tools, powered 3600 Presses (not printing) 5620 Highway vehicles	1 1 1	
136	530 Pressmen and plate printers	6	5.08	991 Heart conditions 190 Dislocation 510 Cerebrovascular conditions 999 Nonclassifiable	3 1 1	5730 Skids, pallets 9800 Nonclassifiable 2290 Shovel, spade 5810 Ground	2 2 1 1	
137	692 Machine operators, n.e.c.	11	5.05	999 Nonclassifiable 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 286 Silicosis 991 Heart conditions 120 Burn (hear)	4 2 2 2 2 1	9800 Nonclassifiable 4199 Metal items 5200 Silica 660 Bundles, bales 670 Tanks, bins, etc. 699 Containers 3000 Machines	3 2 2 1 1 1	
138	680 Welders and flame-cutters	23	5.04	400 Multiple injuries 120 Burn (heat) 160 Contusion, crushing 210 Fracture 991 Heart conditions 271 Toxic systemic poisoning 274 Influenza, pneumonia, etc. 285 Siderosis 289 Pneumoconiosis with TB 551 Malignant tumor 999 Nonclassifiable	6 3 3 3 3 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	4199 Metal items 601 Barrels, kegs, drums 3150 Forging, welding machines 4300 Mineral items, nonmetallic 4600 Particles (unidentified) 750 Towers, poles, etc. 799 Buildings and structures 900 Chemicals 999 Chemicals and compounds 1700 Flame, fire, smoke 4115 Bearus, bars 4140 Pipe 4200 Mineral items, metallic 5099 Radiating substances 5720 Lumber 5801 Floor 9800 Nonclassifiable	3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
139	240 Elementary school administrators	10	5.04	991 Heart conditions 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 400 Multiple injuries	8 1 1	6010 Heart failure 3400 Office machines 4120 Bullets 5868 Historiax makeles	6	

Table 4.1 (Cont.)

	Occupation			Nature Of Injury Or Ile	lness	Source Of Injury Or .	Illness
Rank	Code Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths	Code Definition	Deaths
140	950 Housekeepers, except private home	5	5.03	210 Fracture 400 Multiple injuries 510 Cerebrovascular conditions 991 Heart conditions 999 Nonclassifiable	1 1 1 1	630 Boxes, crates, cartons 5610 Aircraft 5620 Highway vehicles 5801 Floor 9800 Nonclassifiable	1 1 1 1
141	25 Foresters	2	4.96	210 Fracture	2	2399 Hand tools, powered 5710 Logs	1
142	230 Restaurant and bar managers	23	4.90	170 Cut, laceration, puncture 991 Heart conditions 210 Fracture 999 Nonclassifiable 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 120 Burn (heat) 160 Contusion, crushing	10 6 2 2 1 1	4120 Bullets 699 Containers 630 Boxes, crates, cartons 5620 Highway vehicles 1700 Flame, fire, smoke 1970 Tables 2910 Water 5801 Floor 5840 Stairs, steps 6020 Another person 8800 Miscellaneous	9 3 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1
143	180 Athletes and kindred workers	4	4.88	210 Fracture 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 991 Heart conditions	2 I 1	755 Walls, fences 2910 Water 5810 Ground 6100 Athletic equipment	1 1 1
144	470 Air conditioning mechanics	7	4.86	991 Heart conditions 120 Burn (heat) 200 Electric shock 400 Multiple injuries	3 2 1 1	1700 Flame, fire, smoke 6010 Heart failure 670 Tanks, bins, etc. 1599 Electrical apparatus 5801 Floor	2 2 1 1 1
145	326 Insurance adjusters	6	4.85	400 Multiple injuries 991 Heart conditions	4 2	5620 Highway vehicles 4500 Paper and pulp items 6010 Heart failure	4 1 1
146	615 Dry wall installers	3	4.84	400 Multiple injuries 991 Heart conditions	2 1	5620 Highway vehicles 5810 Ground 6010 Heart failure	1 1 1
147	210 Credit men	2	4.72	110 Asphyxia, strangulation 400 Multiple injuries	1 1	2910 Water 5620 Highway vehicles	1 1
148	740 Animal caretakers, except farm	3	4.60	110 Asphyxia, strangulation 210 Fracture	1	2910 Water 5620 Highway vehicles	1

Occupation

Natura Of Injury Or Illness

Source Of Injury Or Illness

		Occupation				Nature Of Injury Or Ill	ness		Source Of Injury Or Il	iness
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
148	740	Animal caretakers, except farm (Cont.)			999	Nonclassifiable	1	5801	Floor	1
149	216	Building managers and superintendents	5	4.58	400	Multiple injuries	2	1700	Flame, fire, smoke	i
					120	Burn (heat)	1	3999	Machines	1
					170	Cut, laceration, puncture	1	4120	Bullets	i
					991	Heart conditions	1	5610	Aircraft	1
					1			5810	Ground	1
150	222	Public administration, n.e.c.	13	4.44	400	Multiple injuries	6	5610	Aircraft	5
					991	Heart conditions	4	5620	Highway vehicles	2
					120	Burn (heat)	1	6010	Heart failure	2
						Cut, laceration, puncture	ı	ı	Shovel, spade	1
					210	Fracture	1		Bullets	I
					Ì				Paper and pulp items	!
					ſ			1	Plants, trees, vegetation	1
151	72	2 Veterinarians	1	4.34	991	Heart conditions	1	201	Animals	1
152	162	Engineering technicians, n.e.c.	7	4.24	210	Fracture	2		Highway vehicles	4
						Multiple injuries	2		Conductors	1
					1	Nonclassifiable	2		Ground	1
					200	Electric shock	1	5899	Working surfaces	1
153	215	Inspectors, except construction	3	4.17		Heart conditions	2		Containers	1
					570	Respiratory conditions	1		Liquid hydrocarbons	1
					1			6010	Heart failure	1
154	482	Home appliance installers	4	4.11	210	Fracture	2	1515	Conductors	1
					200	Electric shock	1	5620	Highway vehicles	ı
					999	Nonclassifiable	1		Floor	1
					ļ			9800	Nonclassifiable	1
155	390	Ticket agents	4	4.08	210	Fracture	2		Highway vehicles	2
						Contusion, crushing	I		Containers	1
					170	Cut, laceration, puncture	1	4140	Pipe	1
156	560	Tile setters	1	3.98	250	Homia, rupture	1	630	Boxes, crates, cartons	1
157	631	Meat catters, except manufacturing	5	3.93	991	Heart conditions	4	1840	Meats and meat products	2
					400	Multiple injuries	1	630	Boxes, crates, cartons	1
					1	· -		5620	Highway vehicles	1
								6010	Heart failure	1
158	22	Officials of lodges, etc.	3	3.84	170	Cut, laceration, puncture	1	4120) Bullets	1
		-				Fracture	1	5620	Highway vehicles	1
					400	Multiple injuries	1	5840	Stairs, steps	1

		Occupation			Nature Of Injury Or Il	lness	Source Of Injury Or Ill	ness
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths	Code Definition	Deaths
159	910	Bartenders	8	3.80	170 Cut, laceration, puncture 991 Heart conditions 210 Fracture	5 2 1	4120 Bullets 6020 Another person 8800 Miscellaneous 5620 Highway vehicles 9800 Nonclassifiable	2 2 2 1
160	760	Longshoremen and stevedores	1	3.73	991 Heart conditions	1	5749 Wood items	1
161		Stamping press operatives	3	3.67	160 Contusion, crushing 310 Sprains, strains 991 Heart conditions	1	3600 Presses (not printing) 1970 Tables	2
162	211	Funeral directors	1	3.64	999 Nonclassifiable	1	5620 Highway vehicles	1
163	471	Aircraft mechanics	3	3.60	271 Toxic systemic poisoning 400 Multiple injuries 572 Influenza, pneumonia	1 1 1	900 Chemicals 999 Chemicals and compounds 5610 Aircraft	1 1
164	644	Painters, manufactured goods	4	3.58	572 Influenza, pneumonia 157 Tuberculosis 400 Multiple injuries	2 1 1	965 Glue 2700 Infectious parasites 5801 Floor	2 1 1
165	645	Photographic process workers	2	3.38	310 Sprains, strains 551 Malignant tumor	1	665 Reels, rolls 900 Chemicals	1
166	13	Industrial engineers	5	3.37	991 Heart conditions 120 Burn (heat) 210 Fracture 400 Multiple injuries	2 1 1 1	6010 Heart failure 1700 Flame, fire, smoke 3999 Machines 5610 Aircraft	2 i 1 !
167	11	Civil engineers	4	3.28	400 Multiple injuries 210 Fracture	3	5620 Highway vehicles	4
168	954	Welfare service aides	2	3.24	140 Concussion 400 Multiple injuries	1	5620 Highway vehicles	2
169	145	Teachers, except college, n.e.c.	5	3.24	400 Multiple injuries 210 Fracture 280 Pneumoconiosis 995 Other injury, n.e.c.	2 1 1 1	5620 Highway vehicles 900 Chemicals 2245 Knife 5610 Aircraft	2 i 1 1
170	64	Pharmacists	3	3.10	991 Heart conditions 250 Hernia, rupture	2	630 Boxes, crates, cartons 5840 Stairs, steps	2 1
171	472	Automobile body repairmen	4	3.09	991 Heart conditions 120 Burn (heat) 551 Malignant tumor	2 1 1	965 Glue 2370 Welding tools 4110 Automobile parts (metal) 6010 Heart failure	i 1 1

Nature Of Injury Or Illness

Source Of Injury Or Illness

9800 Nonclassifiable

999 Chemicals and compounds

Rank Code Definition Deaths Rate Code Definition Deaths | Code Definition Deaths 150 Agriculture technicians 3.05 400 Multiple injuries 5620 Highway vehicles 173 913 Dishwashers 2.97 2910 Water 5 120 Burn (heat) 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 4120 Bullets 210 Fracture 5801 Floor 5899 Working surfaces 991 Heart conditions 999 Nonclassifiable 9800 Nonclassifiable 184 Editors and reporters 2.96 991 Heart conditions 699 Containers 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 4120 Bullets 999 Nonclassifiable 6010 Heart failure 9800 Nonclassifiable 175 5 Computer specialists, n.e.c. 2.92 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 4120 Bullets 176 634 Meat wrappers, retail trade 999 Chemicals and compounds 2.89 572 Influenza, pneumonia 552 Telephone installers 5620 Highway vehicles 2.89 210 Fracture 991 Heart conditions 5749 Wood items 400 Multiple injuries 5845 Street, road 999 Nonclassifiable 6010 Heart failure 9800 Nonclassifiable 381 Stock clerk and storekeeper 10 2.87 991 Heart conditions 630 Boxes, crates, cartons 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 4120 Bullets 160 Contusion, crushing 2620 Elevators 4300 Mineral items, nonmetallic 210 Fracture 5720 Lumber 400 Multiple injuries 990 Occupational disease 179 31 Lawyers 10 2.75 991 Heart conditions 4120 Bullets 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 5610 Aircraft 210 Fracture 5620 Highway vehicles 400 Multiple injuries 4500 Paper and pulp items 999 Nonclassifiable 5830 Sidewalks, paths, walkways 6010 Heart failure 8800 Miscellaneous 650 Drill press operatives 2.66 280 Pneumoconiosis 4300 Mineral items, nonmetallic 181 762 Stock handlers 17 2.66 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 4120 Bullets 991 Heart conditions 630 Boxes, crates, cartons 400 Multiple injuries 5635 Forklifts, stackers, etc.

120 Burn (heat)

210 Fracture

Occupation

	Occupation			Nature Of Injury Or Illi	Source Of Injury Or Illness		
Rank	Code Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths	Code Definition	Deaths
181	762 Stock handlers (Cont.)			310 Sprains, strains 510 Cerebrovascular conditions	1	2245 Knife 5620 Highway vehicles 5631 Handtrucks, dollies, etc. 5810 Ground 6200 Rubber products	1 1 1 1
182	265 Insurance agents	10	2.58	210 Fracture 400 Multiple injuries 991 Heart conditions 170 Cut, laceration, puncture	4 3 2 1	5620 Highway vehicles 1999 Furniture, fixtures 4192 Bullets 5640 Rail vehicles 5810 Ground 5845 Street, road 6010 Heart failure 9800 Nonclassifiable	3 1 1 1 1 1 1
183	281 Sales representatives, manufacturing	7	2.57	400 Multiple injuries 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 210 Fracture 999 Nonclassifiable	3 1 1 1	5610 Aircraft 5620 Highway vehicles 2910 Water 4120 Bullets 9800 Nonclassifiable	2 2 1 1
184	44 Biological scientists	1	2.49	110 Asphyxia, strangulation	1	2910 Water	1
185	10 Chemical engineers	1	2.44	400 Multiple injuries	1	2500 Heating equipment	1
186	202 Bank officers	11	2.44	400 Multiple injuries 991 Heart conditions 210 Fracture 120 Burn (heat) 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 995 Other injury, n.e.c.	3 3 2 1 1	5610 Aircraft 1930 Desks 5620 Highway vehicles 4120 Bullets 5810 Ground 6010 Heart failure 6020 Another person	3 2 2 3 1 1
187	171 Radio operators	1	2.43	991 Heart conditions	1	6010 Heart failure	1
188	323 Expediters	4	2.42	160 Contusion, crushing 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 400 Multiple injuries 991 Heart conditions	1 1 1	5620 Highway vehicles 630 Boxes, crates, cartons 4125 Molds	2 !
189	225 Purchasing agents, n.e.c.	4	2.38	190 Dislocation 210 Fracture 400 Multiple injuries 991 Heart conditions	1 1 1	5620 Highway vehicles 4199 Metal items 9800 Nonclassifiable	2 i 1

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	Occupation				Nature Of Injury Or Il	Source Of Injury Or Illness		
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths Co	de Definition	Deaths
190	355	Office machine operators	ì	2.37	210 Fracture	1 5	301 Floor	ı
191	320	Enumerators and interviewers	ı	2.35	991 Heart conditions	1 6	010 Heart failure	1
192	563	Upholsterers	ì	2.34	991 Heart conditions	1 6	010 Heart failure	1
193		Buyers, wholesale and retail	3	2.30	991 Heart conditions	6	630 Boxes, crates, cartons 500 Paper and pulp items 010 Heart failure	1 1 1
194	610	Manufacturing inspectors	11	2.18	400 Multiple injuries 286 Silicosis 160 Contusion, crushing 210 Fracture 283 Asbestosis 287 Other pneumoconioses 289 Pneumoconiosis with TB 991 Heart conditions	2 8 1 1 1 4 1 5 1 5 1 5	300 Mineral items, nonmetallic 800 Miscellaneous 300 Conveyors 500 Particles (unidentified) 200 Silica 620 Highway vehicles 635 Forklifts, stackers, etc. 801 Floor 010 Heart failure	2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1
195	461	Machinists	8	2.17	170 Cut, laceration, puncture 991 Heart conditions 200 Electric shock 250 Hernia, rupture 274 Influenza, pneumonia, etc. 283 Asbestosis	2 9 1 1 1 3 1 4	300 Mineral items, nonmetallic 800 Nonclassifiable 520 Switches, circuit breakers 000 Machines 199 Metal items 600 Particles (unidentified)	2 2 1 1 1
196	212	. Health administrators	3	2.12	170 Cut, laceration, puncture 400 Multiple injuries 991 Heart conditions	1 4	120 Bullets 500 Paper and pulp items 620 Highway vehicles	1 1
197	664	Shoemaking machine operators	1	2.04	991 Heart conditions	1 3	900 Stitching, sewing machines	ı
198	643	Packers, except meat and produce	8	1.99	991 Heart conditions 400 Multiple injuries 250 Hemia, rupture 280 Pneumoconiosis 286 Silicosis	2 4 1 1 1 4	660 Bundles, bales 300 Mineral items, nonmetallic 630 Boxes, crates, cartons 999 Chemicals and compounds 199 Metal items 010 Heart failure	2 2 1 1 1
199	100) Social workers	5	1.97	999 Nonclassifiable 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 140 Concussion 991 Heart conditions	1 2 1 5	620 Highway vehicles 910 Water 699 Vehicles 010 Heart failure	2 1 1
200	141	Adult education teachers	1	1.96	991 Heart conditions	1 6	010 Heart failure	1

Nature Of Injury Or Illness Source Of Injury Or Illness **Occupation** Deaths Rank Code Definition Rate Code Definition Deaths | Code Definition Deaths 922 Health sides, except nursing 1.95 991 Heart conditions 630 Boxes, crates, cartons 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 2910 Water 999 Nonclassifiable 5620 Highway vehicles 6020 Another person 395 Unspecified clerical workers 1.94 991 Heart conditions 6010 Heart failure 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 1700 Flame, fire, smoke 160 Contusion, crushing 1930 Desks 170 Cut. laceration, puncture 2245 Knife 210 Fracture 5845 Street, road 203 152 Draftsmen 1.87 200 Electric shock 1599 Electrical apparatus 400 Multiple injuries 705 Doors, gates 991 Heart conditions 5620 Highway vehicles 371 Secretaries, medical 1.77 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 4135 Nails, spikes, etc. 205 561 Tool and die makers 1.70 551 Malignant tumor 4300 Mineral items, nonmetallic 991 Heart conditions 5620 Highway vehicles 901 Maids, except private home 2 1.69 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 1890 Food products 206 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 4120 Bullets 207 2 Architects 1 1.65 250 Hernia, rupture 1901 Cabinets, bookcases, etc. 208 602 Assemblers 13 1.65 210 Fracture 6010 Heart failure 991 Heart conditions 400 Bodily motion 160 Contusion, crushing 755 Walls, fences 120 Burn (heat) 950 Halogenated compounds 271 Toxic systemic poisoning 2290 Shovel, spade 310 Sprains, strains 2610 Cranes, derricks 400 Multiple injuries 3450 Packaging machines 999 Nonclassifiable 3999 Machines 5610 Aircraft 5620 Highway vehicles 5810 Ground 9800 Nonclassifiable 314 Counter clerks, except food 1.65 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 4120 Bullets 210 Fracture 2200 Hand tools, not powered 400 Multiple injuries 6020 Another person 210 982 Housekeepers, private home 5620 Highway vehicles 1.50 310 Sprains, strains 211 925 Nursing aides and orderlies 11 1.49 991 Heart conditions 6020 Another person 140 Concussion 6010 Heart failure 2

		Occupation			Nature Of Injury Or Illi	ness	Source Of Injury Or It	lness
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths Co	de Definition	Deaths
211	925	Nursing aides and orderlies (Cont.)			310 Sprains, strains 190 Dislocation 510 Cerebrovascular conditions 995 Other injury, n.e.c. 999 Nonclassifiable	1 2 1 5	920 Counters, benches, etc. 910 Water 801 Floor 800 Nonclassifiable	1 1 1
212	374	Shipping and receiving clerk	5	1.48	991 Heart conditions		630 Boxes, crates, cartons 010 Heart failure	3 2
213	183	Designers	2	1.47	170 Cut, laceration, puncture 991 Heart conditions		630 Boxes, crates, cartons 200 Hand tools, not powered	1
214	194	Artists and entertainers	1	1.45	170 Cut, laceration, puncture	1 4	120 Bullets	1
215	912	Cooks, except private home	13	1.45	991 Heart conditions 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 160 Contusion, crushing 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 210 Fracture 400 Multiple injuries	3 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 4 5 5 5 5	699 Containers 010 Heart failure 030 Boxes, crates, cartons 140 Hydrocarbon gases 700 Flame, fire, smoke 910 Water 120 Bullets 620 Highway vehicles 801 Floor 800 Nonclassifiable	3 2 1 1 1 1 1 1
216	935	5 Barbers	1	1.41	210 Fracture	1	701 Buildings	1
217	56	5 Personnel workers	4	1.38	120 Burn (heat) 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 400 Multiple injuries 991 Heart conditions	1 5	120 Bullets 610 Aircraft 620 Highway vehicles 010 Heart failure	1 1 1
218	12	2 Electrical engineers	4	1.33	400 Multiple injuries 999 Nonclassifiable		620 Highway vehicles 810 Ground	3 1
219	101	Recreation workers	1	1.28	110 Asphyxia, strangulation	1 2	910 Water	1
220) Office managers, n.e.c.	4	1.27	170 Cut, laceration, puncture 210 Fracture 400 Multiple injuries 540 Mental disorders	1 4 1 5 1 5	170 Manufactured gases 120 Bullets 610 Aircraft 840 Stairs, steps	1 1 1
221	282	2 Wholesale sales representatives	8	1.25	400 Multiple injuries 120 Burn (heat) 210 Fracture 999 Nonclassifiable	1 1	620 Highway vehicles 700 Flame, fire, smoke 801 Floor 800 Miscellaneous	5 1 1 1

		Occupation				Nature Of Injury Or Illi	ness		Source Of Injury Or I	llness
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
222	192	Public relations representatives	1	1.16	999	Nonclassifiable	1	5620	Highway vehicles	1
223	674	Textile operatives, n.e.c.	1	1.16	300	Scratches, abrasions	1	3999	Machines	1
224	235	College administrators	1	1.15	991	Heart conditions	1	6010	Heart failure	1
225	926	Practical nurses	3	1.15	190	Dislocation	1	1700	Flame, fire, smoke	1
					271	Toxic systemic poisoning	1	2700	Infectious parasites	1
					289	Pneumoconiosis with TB	l	6020	Another person	1
226	310	Cashiers	12	1.12	170	Cut, laceration, puncture	5	4120	Bullets	3
					210	Fracture	2	5620	Highway vehicles	2
					991	Heart conditions	2	630	Boxes, crates, cartons	1
					120	Burn (heat)	ì	1700	Flame, fire, smoke	1
						Multiple injuries	1		Knife	1
					999	Nonclassifiable	1		Floor	1
					l				Heart failure	1
					1				Another person	1
					l			8800	Miscellaneous	ı
227	823	Unpaid family farm laborers	2	1.12	210	Fracture	1	3300	Earth moving machines	2
					400	Multiple injuries	1]		
228	916	Food service workers, n.e.c.	4	1.11	170	Cut, laceration, puncture	2	9800	Nonclassifiable	2
					190	Dislocation	1	2699	Hoisting apparatus	1
					210	Fracture	I	5801	Floor	1
229	86	Clergymen	2	1.07	991	Heart conditions	1	630	Boxes, crates, cartons	1
		-			995	Other injury, n.e.c.	1	5620	Highway vehicles	ı
230	921	Dental assistants	ŀ	1.06	160	Contusion, crushing	1	1960	Lighting equipment	I
231	915	Waiters	10	1.04	170	Cut, laceration, puncture	3	2910	Water	2
					991	Heart conditions	3	4120	Buliets	2
					110	Asphyxia, strangulation	2	660	Bundles, baies	1
					210	Fracture	2	699	Containers	i
					1			2245	Knife	1
					1			5620	Highway vehicles	1
					1			5801	Floor	1
					1			9800	Nonclassifiable	i
232	65	Physicians	3	1.00	210	Fracture	1	5620	Highway vehicles	1
		•			991	Heart conditions	1	6010	Heart failure	1
					999	Nonclassifiable	i	•	Another person	1
233	271	Stock and bond salesmen	i	0.97	210	Fracture	I	5620	Highway vehicles	1
234	332	Mail handlers	1	0.86		Multiple injuries	1	l .	Highway vehicles	1
234			•	0.00	1 700	maniple injuries		1 7020	ingums, rentries	,

Rank		Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths	Code Definition	Deaths
235	174	Vocational counselors	1	0.85	400 Multiple injuries	I	5620 Highway vehicles	1
236	321	Estimators and investigators	3	0.84	210 Fracture	I	5620 Highway vehicles	i
					274 Influenza, pneumonia, etc.	1	6010 Heart failure	1
					510 Cerebrovascular conditions	1	8800 Miscellaneous	1
237	195	Unspecified research workers	1	0.83	271 Toxic systemic poisoning	I	1199 Coal & petroleum products	1
238	301	Bank teliers	3	0.83	170 Cut, laceration, puncture	2	4120 Builets	2
					110 Asphyxia, strangulation	1	6020 Another person	i
239	422	Compositors and typesetters	i	0.82	991 Heart conditions	1	6010 Heart failure	1
240	55	Operations researchers	1	0.77	400 Multiple injuries	1	5620 Highway vehicles	1
241	190	Painters and sculptors	i	0.74	999 Nonclassifiable	1	5620 Highway vehicles	1
242	4	Computer systems analysts	1	0.71	400 Multiple injuries	1	5620 Highway vehicles	1
243	911	Busboys	1	0.71	170 Cut, laceration, puncture	1	4120 Builets	1
244	364	Receptionists	3	0.70	170 Cut, laceration, puncture	2	4120 Bullets	2
					991 Heart conditions	1	6010 Heart failure	I
245	942	Child care, except private home	2	0.67	200 Electric shock	1	5749 Wood items	1
					991 Heart conditions	1	8800 Miscellaneous	1
246	914	Food counter workers	2	0.66	170 Cut, laceration, puncture	1	660 Bundles, bales	1
					991 Heart conditions	1	4120 Bullets	1
247	312	Clerical supervisors, n.e.c.	1	0.60	991 Heart conditions	ı	6020 Another person	1
248	284	Sales workers, except clerks, retail	2	0.56	400 Multiple injuries	2	5620 Highway vehicles	2
249	153	Electrical engineering technicians	1	0.54	110 Asphyxia, strangulation	1	2910 Water	1
250		Accountants	4	0.54	170 Cut, laceration, puncture	1	5620 Highway vehicles	2
					400 Multiple injuries	1	4120 Bullets	1
					995 Other injury, n.e.c.	1	5610 Aircraft	1
					999 Nonclassifiable	1		
251	270	Real estate agents	2	0.52		1	935 Carbon monoxide	l .
		_	_		400 Multiple injuries	1	5620 Highway vehicles	1
252	80	Farmers	5	0.52	400 Multiple injuries	2	3050 Agricultural machines	I .
					170 Cut, laceration, puncture 260 Inflammation of joints	1	4199 Metal items 5620 Highway vehicles	
					995 Other injury, n.e.c.		5638 Powered towing vehicles	
					775 Outer injury, inc.c.	•	6010 Heart failure	i
253	321	File clerks	1	0.49	991 Heart conditions	1	630 Boxes, crates, cartons	
233	52.	A 110 PIECES	1	V.47	771 Heart Conditions		OSO DONES, CHIEFS, CHIEFES	•

		Occupation			Nature Of Injury Or Ill	ness	Source Of Injury Or Illi	ness
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths	Code Definition	Deaths
254	305	Bookkeepers	6	0.46	991 Heart conditions 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 210 Fracture 271 Toxic systemic poisoning 400 Multiple injuries	2 1 1 1	630 Boxes, crates, cartons 999 Chemicals and compounds 4120 Bullets 5620 Highway vehicles 5801 Floor 6010 Heart failure	1 1 1 1 1
255	375	Statistical clerks	1	0.39	580 Ill-defined conditions	1	5845 Street, road	1
256	663	Sewers and stitchers	2	0.38	274 Influenza, pneumonia, etc. 991 Heart conditions	i 1	320 Fur, hair, wool, etc. 660 Bundles, bales	1
257	394	Miscellaneous clerical workers	3	0.37	120 Burn (heat) 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 310 Sprains, strains	1 1 1	4120 Bullets 5801 Floor 9800 Nonclassifiable	1 1 1
258	283	Sales clerks, retail trade	6	0.37	400 Multiple injuries 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 310 Sprains, strains	4 1 1	5620 Highway vehicles 4120 Bullets 5801 Floor	4 1 1
259	984	Servants, private household	1	0.32	400 Multiple injuries	1	5810 Ground	1
260	372	Secretaries, n.e.c.	7	0.29	170 Cut, laceration, puncture 120 Burn (heat) 140 Concussion 210 Fracture 310 Sprains, strains	3 1 1 1	4120 Bullets 1700 Flame, fire, smoke 2245 Knife 5620 Highway vehicles 5801 Floor 5810 Ground	2 1 1 1 1 1
261	144	Secondary school teachers	2	0.24	991 Heart conditions	2	6010 Heart failure 8800 Miscellaneous	1 1
262	75	Registered nurses	1	0.11	999 Nonclassifiable	1	9800 Nonclassifiable	1
263	142	Elementary school teachers	1	0.11	400 Multiple injuries	1	5620 Highway vehicles	1
NA	995	OCCUPATION NOT REPORTED	234	NA	999 Nonclassifiable 210 Fracture 400 Multiple injuries 991 Heart conditions 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 160 Contusion, crushing 283 Asbestosis 995 Other injury, n.c.c. 286 Silicosis 120 Burn (heat)	48 46 46 29 22 6 6 6	9800 Nonclassifiable 5620 Highway vehicles 5600 Vehicles 4120 Bullets 6010 Heart failure 4300 Mineral items, nonmetallic 5800 Working surfaces 999 Chemicals and compounds 1700 Flame, fire, smoke 5700 Wood items	62 39 18 15 15 6 5 4 4

Table 4.1 (Cont.)

Occupation				Nature Of Injury	Nature Of Injury Or Illness			Source Of Injury Or Illness		
Rank	Code Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths		
NA	995 OCCUPATION NOT REPORTED (Cont.)			240 Effects of heat exposu	ire 3	5801	Floor			
				271 Toxic systemic poison	ning 3	630	Boxes, crates, cartons	3		
				310 Sprains, strains	3	3300	Earth moving machines	3		
				510 Cerebrovascular cond	itions 2	5610	Aircraft	:		
				110 Asphyxia, strangulati	on 1	5638	Powered towing vehicles			
				140 Concussion	1	5810	Ground			
				200 Electric shock	i	8800	Miscellaneous			
				272 Blood disease	1	100	Abnormal air pressure			
				551 Malignant tumor	1	699	Containers			
				572 Influenza, pneumonia	. 1	900	Chemicals			
				990 Occupational disease	1	950	Halogenated compounds			
				!			Electric apparatus			
				ì			Heat			
				1			Liquids			
				1			Particles (unidentified)			
							Silica			
				1			Live animals, birds, etc.			
						201	Animals			
				ł		530	Pressure lines			
							Bundles, bales			
				1		755	Walls, fences			
				1			Buildings and structures			
				į.			Electrical apparatus			
				i		1930	Desks			
				l		2355	Saw			
						2800	Ladders			
				1		3450	Packaging machines			
				ļ		3999	Machines			
						4020	Chains, ropes, cables			
						4110	Automobile parts (metal)			
				1		4113	Beams, bars			
				i		4140) Pipe			
				1		4199	Metal items			
						5400) Steam			
				1		5635	Forklifts, stackers, etc.			
				i			Stairs, steps			
							Working surfaces			
				l .			Another person			

Table 4.1 (Cont.)

Occupation						Nature Of Injury Or Illness			Source Of Injury Or Illness		
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths	
NA	280	Sales representatives, n.e.c.	95	NA	991	Heart conditions	26	5620	Highway vehicles	37	
					400	Multiple injuries	23	4120	Bullets	13	
					170	Cut, laceration, puncture	17	630	Boxes, crates, cartons	7	
					210	Fracture	14	6010	Heart failure	6	
					999	Nonclassifiable	5	5610	Aircraft	4	
					120	Burn (heat)	2	8800	Miscellaneous	4	
					110	Asphyxia, strangulation	1	1999	Furniture, fixtures	3	
					140	Concussion	1	2245	Knife	3	
					160	Contusion, crushing	1	699	Containers	2	
					190	Dislocation	1	1700	Flame, fire, smoke	2	
					280	Pneumoconiosis	1	4140	Pipe	2	
					283	Asbestosis	1	9800	Nonclassifiable	2	
					510	Cerebrovascular conditions	1	965	Glue	1	
					995	Other injury, n.e.c.	1	1599	Electrical apparatus	1	
					ı			1910	Chairs, benches, etc.	1	
					1			2620	Elevators	- 1	
					1			4300	Mineral items, nonmetallic	1	
					1			5800	Working surfaces	1	
					1			5801	Floor	!	
					1			5830	Sidewalks, paths, walkways	1	
					ļ			5840	Stairs, steps	i	
					1			6210	Tires	1	
NA	575	Craftsmen, n.e.c.	5	NA	400	Multiple injuries	3	5620	Highway vehicles	2	
		,				Electric shock	i		Conductors	1	
					210	Fracture	i	3999	Machines	1	
									Floor	1	
			4059				4059	•		4059	

Chapter 5

The Industry List

A single list of 323 industries--283 with denominators and 40 without denominators--is discussed in this chapter. One table, 5.1, is presented. Table 5.1 lists cause of death by *nature* (columns 6, 7, 8) and *source* (columns 9, 10, 11). Causes of death in the *type* category are provided in Appendix D. Again, the type category had too many causes and was not always useful. All of the 323 industries recorded at least one death. One list of industries with zero deaths and another list with five or more deaths are provided in Appendices H and I. Including those industries with zero deaths, the study provides information on 370 industries.

The same caveat applies to the industry as to the occupation list. The industry list is not definitive. Many limitations will be noted in Chapter 8. Nevertheless, the list is more comprehensive, that is, it contains more industries and more cause of death information than any other available in the literature.

There are two major differences between the occupation and industry lists. First, to remain consistent with BLS employment (denominator) data, the industry list excluded all local, state, and federal government employees. Second, the industry list used two more years of data than the occupation list: 1985 and 1986.

STRUCTURE OF TABLE 5.1

The structure of the industry table is identical to that for the occupation table with one exception: the industries are defined by 1972 and 1977 S.I.C. codes, not 1970 Census codes.

Just as in the occupation lists, the cause of death information in the industry lists is not always comparable. For example, consider the first few causes of death in logging camps in columns 6, 7, 8 and 9, 10, 11. It is not necessarily true that all 53 deaths due to Plants, trees, and vegetation (columns 9, 10, 11) were

caused by Multiple injuries (columns 6, 7, 8). Some falling trees (columns 9, 10, 11), for example, could have caused a fracture or concussion or other injury (columns 6, 7, 8).

Again, following the structure for Table 4.1, the lists of causes of death within an industry are ranked by numbers of deaths. Leading causes are presented at the top within any industry. Ties are broken by allowing the cause of death category with the lowest ANSI number to precede the next cause of death with a higher ranking number.

Finally, some records on cause of death are probably better than others. No editing was allowed. Readers can make an independent judgment if a conflict arises in the rankings of causes of deaths. A review of the cause of death rankings did not reveal any glaring contradictions, however.

ANALYSIS OF INDUSTRIES

There are a number of parallels between the industry and occupation lists. Logging, Cut Stone, Taxicabs, Iron Ores, Crushed Stone, Street Construction, Trucking, Contractors, Lead Ores, and Heavy Construction are among the top 11 industries. Most of the corresponding occupations are also highly ranked. Lumbermen (rank 3), Stone Cutters (rank 1), Taxi Drivers (rank 22), Miners n.e.c. (rank 17), Construction Laborers (rank 25), Truck Drivers (rank 21), Earth Drillers (rank 12), and Blasters (rank 6) are highly ranked on the occupation list. These corresponding results lend credibility to both the occupation and industry lists.

Logging Camps and Contractors are the top industry on the list. One hundred fifty-seven deaths were recorded, yielding a kill ratio of 186.8 per 100,000 per year. This very high ranking for logging has been noted in other studies. Leading causes of death include "multiple injuries," "fractures," and "concussions," resulting most frequently from trees falling on workers (Appendix D) or workers falling from trees (Appendix D). Accidents involving falls in the logging industry have been widely documented. Causes of death in Table 5.1 indicate that aircraft crashes resulted in four deaths and bullets resulted in one death.

Cut Stone and Stone Products rank second, recording 12 deaths and a 103 per 100,000 rate. The majority died of silicosis (columns 6, 7, 8). But columns 9, 10, 11 reveal that one death resulted from bullets.

Such a high ranking for the Cut Stone industry has been reported in only two other studies.³ The high rank for Cut Stone in Table 5.1 as well as for stone cutters in Table 4.1 indicates that this line of work requires additional investigation. Stone cutting industries and occupations appear to be very hazardous, yet they are not frequently mentioned in public discussions of dangerous jobs.

The Taxicab industry occupies position three. A rate of 102 per 100,000 was generated from 49 deaths. The dangerous aspects of driving a cab have been noted in other studies.⁴ Taxi drivers most frequently die from homicide, that is, bullets and knives (columns 9, 10, 11) and vehicle crashes (Appendix D).

The Iron Ore Mining industry ranks fourth with 7 deaths yielding a rate of 45 per 100,000 per year. Not surprisingly, silicosis was the leading cause of death. Most mining jobs are widely recognized as hazardous.⁵

The Crushed and Broken Stone Mining industry occupies position five with a 37 per 100,000 rate. The plurality of deaths result from "caught in or under collapsing materials" (Appendix D). This suggests that the stones crush the workers. The next broad category of cause of death would be a vehicle crash or mishaps with an earth moving machine (Appendix D).

The high ranking is not surprising. Earth Moving Operatives were found to have a very high death rate in Texas⁶ and Earth Drillers rank 12th in Table 4.1.

Highway and Street Construction rank sixth. The rate was 36 per 100,000 and was calculated from 93 deaths. Vehicle accidents (columns 9, 10, 11) are a leading cause of death. A high percentage of these accidents apparently afflict pedestrians, not drivers. The ANSI type of death codes are extensive in describing deaths to drivers and passengers of vehicles but brief for describing pedestrian deaths. Given that the leading cause of death in Appendix D is "Struck by, N.E.C.", one can speculate that many of these were pedestrian deaths.

The dangerous nature of construction is well known.⁷ But the fact that highway and street construction is the most dangerous type of construction is probably not well known.

Occupying position seven is Chemical and Fertilizer Mineral Mining with 8 deaths and a rate of 35 per 100,000 per year. According to Appendix D, most of these eight deaths were the result of the decedent being struck by falling objects or motor vehicle accidents or falls. Seven of these 8 accidents caused a fracture. A high rank for Chemical and Fertilizer Minerals is not surprising given that it is a mining industry.

Trucking, in position eight, generated the largest number of deaths--401. The rate was 32.8 per 100,000. The majority of these deaths resulted from vehicle crashes (columns 9, 10, 11). Bullets killed six; a knife killed one, and another person killed one. The bullets, knife, and "another person" (columns 9, 10, 11) categories were likely homicides. Carbon monoxide was responsible for one death (columns 9, 10, 11). Four persons employed in trucking (not necessarily drivers) were electrocuted (columns 6, 7, 8).

Trucking is widely known to researchers as a hazardous industry.⁸ But since the original OSH Act ignored vehicle crashes and because the public continues to underestimate the risk of vehicles, it is likely that this high ranking for trucking will surprise some readers.

Miscellaneous Special Contractors occupy position nine with 130 deaths and a 32 per 100,000 rate. These contractors include paint and wallpaper

stripping contractors, parking lot maintenance, plastic wall installation, sandblasting, swimming pool construction, repairs of T.V. and radio stations, and steeple jacks. Asbestosis and silicosis together felled 17 persons (columns 6, 7, 8). Highway vehicles were responsible for 21 deaths (columns 9, 10, 11). Falls killed 15 (Appendix D). Again, most construction is widely recognized as hazardous.⁹

Lead and Zinc Ore Mining is in position ten. Nine deaths occurred, which generated a rate of 30.5. Four of the deaths were the result of "pneumoconiosis" or "other pneumoconioses" (columns 6, 7, 8). Five deaths resulted from being struck by objects or a fall (Appendix D). No deaths were directly attributed to lead poisoning. This does not mean that lead would not injure lead miners. Most of the effects of lead involve undesirable behavioral changes. Only extremely high levels of lead can cause encephalopathy (degenerative brain disease), which if untreated results in death.¹⁰

Heavy Construction, Excluding Highway, ranks 11th with 175 deaths and a 30.4 rate. This industry constructs bridges and tunnels; water, sewer, pipe, and power lines; dams; harbors; hydroelectric plants; missile facilities; oil refineries; and subways. Causes of deaths were typical for construction. Highway vehicle crashes lead the list in columns 9, 10, 11. A somewhat surprising category ties for the leading cause in Appendix D: "contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation." This could be a combination of the "asphyxia," "silicosis," "asbestosis," and "influenza" of columns 6, 7, 8. Also somewhat surprising is "electric shock" (columns 6, 7, 8), which was responsible for 18 deaths.

The twelfth most dangerous industry is Sawmills and Planing Mills. Sixty deaths were recorded, which yielded a rate of 28.88. The causes of death are as would be expected for timber work: "being struck by or caught" under "logs and trees" (Appendix D and columns 9, 10, 11). Somewhat unexpected is "highway vehicles" in the leading category in columns 9, 10, 11.

Fats and Oils rank thirteenth (13th). This is a manufacturing industry including cottonseed oil mills, soybean oil mills, animal fat (lard) mills, and shortening mills. Eleven deaths were recorded, generating a rate of 28.1. No cause of death was a clear leader. Vehicle crashes, falls, electrocution, and asphyxia all caused at least one death.

Leather Tanning and Finishing ranks 14th. Five deaths occurred that generated a rate of 27.9. The leading cause of death was asphyxia (columns 6, 7, 8) caused by "contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation" (Appendix D). The substance inhaled was likely some kind of acid (columns 9, 10, 11).

The fifteenth industry is Sanitary Services. Fifteen deaths were recorded, corresponding to a rate of 27.3. Vehicle crashes caused seven of the deaths (columns 9, 10, 11). Other causes of death involved being struck by objects such as barrels, kegs, and bales (columns 9, 10, 11).

New and Used Car Dealers rank 16th. Thirty-six deaths occurred and generated a rate of 25.8. Vehicle crashes were the leading causes of death (columns 9, 10, 11). This is a very high ranking for an industry that is not

The Industry List 97

generally regarded as dangerous. The cause of deaths due to vehicles explains this high ranking, however.

Occupying position 17 is Painting, Papering, and Decorating with 39 deaths and a rate of 25.7. As Appendex D indicates, falls were the leading causes of deaths. The inhalation of caustics and toxics generated two asbestosis deaths, one asphyxia death, and one influenza death.

Sand and Gravel is in position 18. Nine deaths occurred and generated a rate of 25.6. Causes of death included vehicle accidents, burns, and inhalation of caustics.

Concrete and Plaster Products rank 19th. Vehicle crashes (columns 9, 10, 11) and contact with electric current were the leading causes of death. Carbon monoxide was responsible for one death (columns 9, 10, 11).

Rounding out the top 20 is Paving and Roofing materials. Seven deaths were recorded, yielding a rate of 24.4 per 100,000. Silicosis and Asbestosis were responsible for two and one death, respectively (columns 6, 7, 8). Overexertion and falls were responsible for another three deaths (Appendix D).

Apart from the top 20, a number of other industries merit comment.

Several industries have causes of death that are understandable and lend credibility to the data in the SDS. The leading cause of death for roofing (rank 21) is falls (Appendix D). The leading causes for Air Transportation Services (rank 22) and Certified Air Transportation (rank 93) are aircraft crashes (columns 9, 10, 11). The leading cause for Electrical Work (rank 56) is electrocution.

A number of industries have leading causes of death that are provocative. Confectionery products (rank 44), Paints and Allied Products (rank 38), Household Furniture (rank 59), Industrial and Inorganic Chemicals (rank 61), Miscellaneous Chemicals (rank 62), Plastics (rank 84), Electrical Repair Shops (rank 86), Books (rank 222), Used Car Dealers (235) have "flame, fire, and smoke" as a leading cause. Real Estate Operators (rank 53), Gasoline Service Stations (rank 60), Real Estate Agents (rank 79), Liquor Stores (108), Shoe Stores (rank 128), Miscellaneous Business Services (rank 143), Cigarettes (rank 147), Grocery Stores (rank 155), Hotels (rank 175), Miscellaneous Shopping Goods Stores (rank 176), Child Care Services (268), Eating and Drinking Places (rank 123), Mutual Savings Banks (rank 195), and Legal Services (rank 280) have "bullets" as the leading cause of death.

Silicosis is one of the leading causes of death in Iron and Steel Foundries (rank 24), Nonmetallic Mineral Products (rank 48), Nonferrous Foundries (rank 85), Basic Steel Products (rank 98), Retail Stores, n.e.c. (rank 117), Special Industry Machinery (rank 124), Pottery and Related Products (rank 139), General Industry Machinery (rank 146), Plumbing and Heating (rank 177), and Miscellaneous Nonmetallic Minerals (no rank or denominator). Asbestosis is one of the leading causes among workers in the Industrial Organic Chemicals industry (rank 102) and Drugs (rank 164). Silicosis and/or asbestosis are

responsible for at least one death in 79 of all 323 industries appearing in Table 5.1.

The leading cause of death in Millwork (rank 52) and Life Insurance (rank 247) is an aircraft crash. The leading cause in Hospitals (rank 248) is "Another person" (columns 9, 10, 11). Decedents may have been "overexerting by lifting objects" (Appendix D), i.e., a patient.

School Buses ranked 63rd, with most deaths being caused by vehicle accidents and two deaths resulting from overexertion with a shovel.

The high rankings for Logging, Taxicabs, Highway Construction, Sawmills, Roofing, Air Transportation, and Electrical Work probably are readily acknowledged by the public. But a number of industries might surprise readers with their high rankings. These include Trucking, Fats and Oils, Leather Tanning, Sanitary Services, New and Used Car Dealers, Miscellaneous Durable Goods, Public Warehousing, Dairy Products, Bakery Products, Confectionery Products, Apparel, Hats, Real Estate Operators, Retail Garden Stores, Groceries, Gasoline Service Stations, School Buses, Beer, Auto Rentals, Newspapers, Retail Bakeries, and Beverages. Again, if these industries surprise readers and perhaps workers contemplating changing jobs, then an important market mechanism for reducing job-related deaths is thwarted. Reasonably accurate knowledge about job hazards among prospective and current employees is necessary if "the market" is to generate compensating wages for dangerous jobs and send an important message to the employer. If the job is hazardous, the employer must pay for the hazard with a higher wage than if the job is safe.

CLOSING REMARKS

Table 5.1 presents the industries ranked by death rates. But this ranking may not be the most useful. Consequently, alphabetical lists are available in the index. A smaller list of industries with five or more deaths is available in Appendix I.

NOTES

- 1. See Meng, 1991; Leigh, 1987; Harrison et al., 1989; Thaler and Rosen, 1976; Cone et al., 1991; Paulozzi, 1987; Personick, 1992a; and Rosenberg et al., 1993.
 - 2. See Paulozzi, 1987, and Personick, 1992a.
 - 3. See Meng, 1991, and Rosenberg et al., 1993.
 - 4. See Leigh, 1987; Thaler and Rosen, 1976; and Toscano and Windau, 1993.
- 5. See Meng, 1991; Leigh, 1987; Harrison et al., 1989; Rosenberg et al., 1993; Thaler and Rosen, 1976; and Toscano and Windau, 1993.
 - 6. See Center for Disease Control, 1985.

The Industry List 99

7. See Center for Disease Control, 1985; Sorock, 1993; and Toscano and Windau, 1993.

- 8. See Meng, 1991; Center for Disease Control, 1985; Leigh, 1987; Stone, 1993; Bell et al., 1990; Cone et al., 1991; Thaler and Rosen, 1976; and Toscano and Windau, 1993.
- 9. See Sorock et al., 1993; Personick and Daley, 1989; Goldberg et al., 1989; Cone et al., 1991; and Buskin and Paulozzi, 1987.
- 10. See Greeley, 1991.

Table 5.1 Male and Female Job Deaths within Industries

Ranked in Descending Order by Rate Of Deaths per 100,000 Workers With Frequencies of Deaths by Natures and Sources of Injury or Illness

Industry			Nature Of Injury Or Illne	ess	Source Of Injury Or Illn	ess
	Number	Rate		Number		Number
	Of	per	}	Of		Of
Rank Code Definition	Deaths 5 8 1	100,000	Code Definition	Deaths	Code Definition	Deaths
1 241 Logging Camps and Contractors	157	186.82	400 Multiple injuries	82	4700 Plants, trees, vegetation	53
			210 Fracture	43	5710 Logs	30
			999 Nonclassifiable	9	5620 Highway vehicles	22
			140 Concussion	5	5749 Wood items	7
			160 Contusion, crushing	5	9800 Nonclassifiable	6
			995 Other injury, n.e.c.	3	3300 Earth moving machines	5
			100 Amputation or enucleation	2	5638 Powered towing vehicles	5
			170 Cut, laceration, puncture	2	5810 Ground	5
			200 Electric shock	2	5610 Aircraft	4
			110 Asphyxia, strangulation	1	2610 Cranes, derricks	2
			240 Effects of heat exposure	1	5635 Forklifts, stackers, etc.	2
			580 III-defined conditions	1	5700 Wood items	2
			991 Heart conditions	i	601 Barrels, kegs, drums	1
			1		1515 Conductors	1
			1		2355 Saw	1
			Ì		2400 Heat	1
			1		2910 Water	1
					3999 Machines	1
			ł		4000 Mechanical apparatus	1
			}		4020 Chains, ropes, cables	1
			1		4120 Bullets	1
			1		4150 Metal parts, except auto	1
			i		4199 Metal items	1
			į.		5600 Vehicles	1
			į.		5800 Working surfaces	1
			1		6010 Heart failure	1
2 328 Cut Stone and Stone Products	12	103.00	286 Silicosis	8	4300 Mineral items, nonmetallic	4
			999 Nonclassifiable	2	4600 Particles (unidentified)	4
			170 Cut, laceration, puncture	1	3850 Shears, slitters, slicers	1
			274 Influenza, pneumonia, etc.	1	4120 Bullets	1
					5200 Silica	1

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry				Nature Of Injury Or Illnes	: s		Source Of Injury Or Illnes	rs .
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
2	328	Cut Stone and Stone Products (Cont.)						8800	Miscellaneous	1
3	412	Taxicabs	49	102.45	170	Cut, laceration, puncture	25	4120	Bullets	20
					991	Heart conditions	13	5620	Highway vehicles	19
					210	Fracture	5	2245	Knife	4
					400	Multiple injuries	2	6010	Heart failure	2
					995	Other injury, n.e.c.	2	630	Boxes, crates, cartons	1
					160	Contusion, crushing	1		Containers	1
					310	Sprains, strains	1		Shovel, spade	1
								5720	Lumber	1
4	101	Iron Ores	7	45.22		Silicosis	5		Particles (unidentified)	1
						Contusion, crushing	1	1	Mineral items, nonmetallic	
					572	Influenza, pneumonia	1		Mineral items, metallic	
								5899	Working surfaces	:
5	142	2 Crushed and Broken Stone	14	37.11	400	Multiple injuries	7	4300	Mineral items, nonmetallic	
						Fracture	3		Highway vehicles	
					160	Contusion, crushing	1		Earth moving machines	
					1	Heart conditions	1) Rolls	
					1	Other injury, n.e.c.	1		Heart failure	
					999	Nonclassifiable	ı	9800) Nonclassifiable	
6	16	Highway, Street Construction	93	36.30	400	Multiple injuries	36	5620	Highway vehicles	3
					210	Fracture	17		Earth moving machines	1
					991	Heart conditions	12	6010	Heart failure	
					160	Contusion, crushing	7	1	Crushing machines	
					999	Nonclassifiable	7		Mineral items, nonmetallic	
						Electric shock	3		Plants, trees, vegetation	
) Asphyxia, strangulation	2	4) Nonclassifiable	
						Silicosis	2) Shovel, spade	
						Other injury, n.e.c.	2		Hammer, tamper	
					1	Concussion	1) Water	
						Cut, laceration, puncture	1) Vehicles	
						Effects of heat exposure	1		Forklifts, stackers, etc.	
						Toxic systemic poisoning	1) Logs	
					310) Sprains, strains	1		Lumber	
					1			1) Ground	
					1				Insects	
					1				Drain tile, sewer pipe, etc.	
					I			1300	Conveyors	

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry			Nature Of Injury Or Illnes	Source Of Injury Or Illness			
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
6	161	Highway, Street Construction (Cont.)						Powered conveyors	1
							2299	Hand tools, not powered	1
								Heat	1
					Ĭ		2610	Cranes, derricks	1
								Machines	1
					\			Mining machinery	1
					1			Machines	1
					ţ			Mechanical apparatus	1
								Bullets	ì
					ł			Pipe	1
					j			Metal items	1
					1			Silica	1
					1			Rail vehicles	1
					1			Floor	1
							5845	Street, road	i
7	147	7 Chemical and Fertilizer Minerals	8	35.20	210 Fracture	7	4700	Plants, trees, vegetation	2
					110 Asphyxia, strangulation	1	5640	Rail vehicles	2
							4300	Mineral items, nonmetallic	1
					1		5699	Vehicles	i
							5810	Ground	1
							9800	Nonclassifiable	ı
8	42	1 Trucking	401	32.84	400 Multiple injuries	163	5620	Highway vehicles	246
					991 Heart conditions	72	6010	Heart failure	20
					210 Fracture	61	9800	Nonclassifiable	18
					999 Nonclassifiable	32	630	Boxes, crates, cartons	11
					160 Contusion, crushing	16	4120) Bullets	6
					120 Burn (heat)	13	5635	Forklifts, stackers, etc.	6
					170 Cut, laceration, puncture	11		Flame, fire, smoke	5
					110 Asphyxia, strangulation	6	4199	Metal items	5
					995 Other injury, s.e.c.	6	1	Ground	5
					200 Electric shock	4		Floor	4
					310 Sprains, strains	4	660	Bundles, bales	3
					140 Concussion	3	1	Containers	3
					510 Cerebrovascular conditions	3		Furniture, fixtures	3
					100 Amputation or enucleation	2		Office machines	3
					271 Toxic systemic poisoning	2	5631	Handtrucks, dollies, etc.	3
					190 Dislocation	I		Powered towing vehicles	3
					240 Effects of heat exposure	1	5730	Skids, pallets	3

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry			Nature Of Injury Or Illn	Nature Of Injury Or Illness			Source Of Injury Or Illness		
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Death		
8	421	Trucking (Cont.)			270 Systemic poisoning	1		Bodily motion			
							600	Boxes, containers, packages			
							665	Reels, rolls			
							1500	Electric apparatus			
							1930	Desks			
							2610	Cranes, derricks			
							3300	Earth moving machines			
							5710	Logs			
							5720	Lumber			
							5800	Working surfaces			
					1			Tires			
							510	Pressurized containers			
					1		530	Pressure lines			
					1		601	Barrels, kegs, drums			
					}		755	Walls, fences			
								Buildings and structures			
					ŧ		935	Carbon monoxide			
						1120	Crude, fuel oil				
							1190	Asphalts and road oils			
								Drugs and medicines			
					1			5 Conductors			
							1900	Furniture, fixtures			
					1			Cabinets, bookcases, etc.			
					1			Chairs, benches, etc.			
) Glass items			
					Ì			5 Crowbar, pry bar			
								Hammer, sledge, mallet			
					1			Knife			
					1			Rope, chain			
					j			Heat			
								Elevators			
					1) Water			
					1			Agricultural machines			
				1			5 Beams, bars				
					1			Paper and pulp items			
					1			Plants, trees, vegetation			
					}			Vehicles			
								O Stairs, steps			
					1			5 Street, road			

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

	Industry Rank Code Definition		Nature Of Injury Or Illness					Source Of Injury Or Illness			
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths		
8	421	Trucking (Cont.)					6020 6200	Working surfaces Another person Rubber products Miscellancous	1 1 1		
9	179	Miscellaneous Special Contractors	130	32.45	400 Multiple injuries 210 Fracture 283 Asbestosis 999 Nonclassifiable 991 Heart conditions 200 Electric shock i 10 Asphyxia, strangulation 160 Contusion, crushing 120 Burn (heat) 286 Silicosis 100 Amputation or enucleation 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 240 Effects of heat exposure 510 Cerebrovascular conditions 561 Central nervous system 570 Respiratory conditions	33 31 15 12 11 19 5 4 4 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	4300 5620 5810 5800 1513 3300 5801 2610 9800 4700 701 701 530 699 5720 6010 705 705 707 707 701 201 202 202 203 203 204 205 205 205 205 205 205 205 205	Miscellancous Mineral items, nonmetallic Highway vehicles Ground Working surfaces Conductors Earth moving machines Floor Cranes, derricks Nonclassifiable Plants, trees, vegetation Walls, fences Beams, bars Metal items Buildings Chemicals and compounds Lumber Heart failure Animals Pressure lines Containers Doors, gates Scaffolds, staging, etc. Buildings and structures Flame, fire, smoke Heat Elevators Water Drilling, turning machines Machines Pipe Particles (unidentified) Vehicles Aicraft Eall vehicles	1 21 21 10 8 8 6 6 6 6 6 5 5 4 4 3 3 3 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry				Nature Of Injury Or Illnes	5		Source Of Injury Or Illnes	is
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
9	179	Miscellaneous Special Contractors (Cont.)						5899	Street, road Working surfaces Miscellaneous	1 1 1
10	103	Lead and Zinc Ores	9	30.51	280 160 287	Fracture Pneumoconiosis Contusion, crushing Other pneumoconioses Multiple injuries	3 3 1 1	750 999 2610 5200 5635 5810	Mineral items, nonmetallic Towers, poles, etc. Chemicals and compounds Cranes, derricks Silica Forklifts, stackers, etc. Ground Miscellaneous	2 1 1 1 1 1 1
11	1622	Heavy Construction, except Highway	175	30.41	210 200 110 991 999 286 166 170 283 510 120 140 150 316 572	Multiple injuries Fracture Electric shock A sphyxia, strangulation Heart conditions Nonclassifiable Silicosis Contusion, crushing Cut, laceration, puncture A sbestosis Amputation or enucleation Burn (heat) Concussion Dislocation Sprains, strains Influenza, pneumonia Other injury, n.e.c.	62 22 18 16 13 13 11 7 7 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1	4300 5810 151: 2910 3300 2610 580 4140 4600 1700 6010 411: 572: 572: 572: 572: 572: 572: 572: 572	Highway vehicles Mineral items, nonmetallic Ground Conductors Water Dearth moving machines O Nonclassifiable Cranes, derricks Floor Pipe Dearth (and items) Flame, fire, smoke Flame, fire, smoke Heart failure Beams, bars Lumber Working surfaces Walls, (ences Hydrocarbon gases Electrical apparatus Rail vehicles D Miscellaneous Bodily motion Containers D Scaffolds, staging, etc.	27 222 15 12 11 11 11 9 8 8 6 6 5 5 5 5 4 4 4 3 3 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry			Nature Of Injury Or Illness	·		Source Of Injury Or Illne:	55
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
11	162	Heavy Construction, except Highway (Cont.) Sawmills and Planing Mills	60	28.88		24 15 7 5 4 2 1 1	1510 1520 2290 2620 3001 3200 3250 5610 5638 5620 9800 9800 900 900 900 3299 1300 3299 4144 5640 5640 5770 5770 5770 5770 5770 5770 5770 57	Transformers, converters Switches, circuit breakers Shovel, spade Hand tools, powered Elevators Agitators, mixers, etc. Crushing machines Drilling, turning machines Saws Aircraft Powered towing vehicles Highway vehicles Nonclassifiable Plants, trees, vegetation Logs Forklifts, stackers, etc. Powered conveyors Forging, welding machines Saws Abnormal Air Pressure Chemicals Abnormal Air Pressure Chemicals Conveyors Shovel, spade Crushing machines Machines Pipe Rail vehicles Wood items Skids, pallets Wood items Floor Heart failure Tires	1
13	207	Fats and Oils	11	28.07	991 Heart conditions 400 Multiple injuries	4 2	5620) Miscellaneous) Highway vehicles) Miscellaneous	1 2 2
					100 Amputation or enucleation	1		Barrels, kegs, drums	

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry				Nature Of Injuty Or Illnes	5		Source Of Injury Or Illnes	rs
ank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Death
13	207	Fats and Oils (Cont.)			110	Asphyxia, strangulation	1		Containers	
						Electric shock	1		Motors	
					210	Fracture	1		Metal items	
					999	Nonclassifiable	I		Forklifts, stackers, etc.	
					1				Floor	
					1			6010	Heart failure	
14	311	Leather Tanning and Finishing	5	27.92	110	Asphyxia, strangulation	3	901	Acids	
					510	Cerebrovascular conditions	I	6010	Heart failure	
					991	Heart conditions	1	9800	Nonclassifiable	
15	495	Sanitary Services	15	27.28	400	Multiple injuries	4	5620	Highway vehicles	
		•			991	Heart conditions	4	601	Barrels, kegs, drums	
					110	Asphyxia, strangulation	i	660	Bundles, bales	
					120	Burn (heat)	l	901	Acids	
					170	Cut, laceration, puncture	1	3150	Forging, welding machines	
					200	Electric shock	ì	3300	Earth moving machines	
				210	Fracture	1		Bullets		
					Toxic systemic poisoning	i	5070	Arc-welding equipment		
					999	Nonclassifiable	1	1		
16	551	New and Used Car Dealers	36	25.82	991	Heart conditions	13		Highway vehicles	
					400	Multiple injuries	11	6010	Heart failure	
					120	Burn (heat)	2	999	Chemicals and compounds	
					170	Cut, laceration, puncture	2	4120	Bullets	
					210	Fracture	2	9800	Nonclassifiable	
					110	Asphyxia, strangulation	1	1900	Furniture, fixtures	
					160	Contusion, crushing	1	1930	Desks	
					240	Effects of heat exposure	i	2370	Welding tools	
					510	Cerebrovascular conditions	1	2400	Heat Heat	
						Respiratory conditions	1	1) Water	
					999	Nonclassifiable	1		Earth moving machines	
					1				Automobile parts (metal)	
					j			1	Floor	
					í			1	Tires	
					1			6500	Ice, snow	
17	172	Painting, Paper Hanging, Decorating	39	25.71	210	Fracture	14	5810	Ground	
					400	Multiple injuries	9	580	Floor	
					991	Heart conditions	5	5800	Working surfaces	
					200	Electric shock	3	1515	Conductors	
					283	Asbestosis	2	4300	Mineral items, nonmetallic	

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry				Nature Of Injury Or Illness	i		Source Of Injury Or Illnes	īS .
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
17	172	Painting, Paper Hanging, Decorating (Cont.)			160 572 990 995	Asphyxia, strangulation Contusion, crushing Influenza, pneumonia Occupational disease Other injury. n.e.c. Nonclassifiable		5899 9800 660 670 699 708 965 999 1500 2910 5820	Highway vehicles Working surfaces Nonclassifiable Bundles, bales Tanks, bins, etc. Containers Windows, window frames Giue Chemicals and compounds Electric apparatus Water Roofs Heart failure	2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
18	144	Sand and Gravel	9	25.58	400 999 110 120	Fracture Multiple injuries Nonclassifiable Asphyxia, strangulation Burn (heat) Heart conditions	2 2 1 1 1	9800 1515 3300 3350 4300	Working surfaces Nonclassifiable Conductors Earth moving machines Mining machinery Mineral items, nonmetallic	2 2 1 1 1 1
19	327	Concrete and Plaster Products	50	24.65	991 110 200 210 999 160 120 271 286	Multiple injuries Heart conditions Asphyxia, strangulation Electric shock Fracture Nonclassifiable Contusion, crushing Burn (heat) Toxic systemic poisoning Silicosis Respiratory conditions	13 8 6 6 5 4 3 2 1 1 1	2610 4300 3300 5810 5631 6010 8800 605 935 1180 1515 1700 2650 3999 4110	Highway vehicles Cranes, derricks Offines, derricks Dimineral items, nonmetallic Earth moving machines Ground Handtrucks, dollies, etc. Heart failure Miscellaneous Boxes, containers, packages Bags Earth hitton chide Naphtha solvents Conductors Flame, fire, smoke Jacks Machines Automobile parts (metal)	9 6 6 4 3 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry				Nature Of Injury Or Illnes	s		Source Of Injury Or Illnes	s
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
19	327	Concrete and Plaster Products (Cont.)						5635 5640 5800	Textile items Forklifts, stackers, etc. Rail vehicles Working surfaces Nonclassifiable	1 1 1 1
20	295	Paving and Roofing Materials	7	24.45	310 210 283	i Silicosis) Sprains, strains) Fracture 3 Asbestosis) Nonclassifiable	2 2 1 1	4600 9800 5810 6210	Particles (unidentified) Nonclassifiable Ground Tires Miscellaneous	2 2 1 1
21	176	Roofing and Sheet Metal Work	43	24.39	210 400 991 160 283 995 240 510 110 140 170 200	Practure Multiple injuries Heart conditions Heart conditions Contusion, crushing Asbestosis Nonclassifiable Cerebrovascular conditions Asphyxia, strangulation Concussion Cut, laceration, puncture Electric shock Sprains, strains	111 9 5 5 3 3 3 3 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5620 4300 660 2400 5801 5830 605 740 1515 2200 2699 2830 4140 5720 5800 5845 8800	Ground Highway vehicles Mineral items, nonmetallic Bundles, bales Heat Floor Sidewalks, paths, walkways Bags Scaffolds, staging, etc. Hydrocarbon gases Conductors Hand tools, not powered Hoisting apparatus Movable ladders Pipe Lumber Working surfaces Roofs Street, road Miscellaneous Nonclassifiable	12 6 3 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
22	458	3 Air Transportation Services	13	23.40	400 120 160 190 573	D Fracture Multiple injuries D Burn (heat) Contusion, crushing Dislocation Influenza, pneumonia Heart conditions	4 3 1 1 1 1 1	5610 5620 660 699 700 999	A Aircraft Highway vehicles Bundles, bales Containers 5 Doors, gates Chemicals and compounds Tires	5 3 1 1 1

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry	_		Nature Of Injury Or Illne	25		Source Of Injury Or Illne	ss
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
22	458	Air Transportation Services (Cont.)			999 Nonclassifiable	1			
23	334	Secondary Nonferrous Metals	5	23.28	120 Burn (heat) 160 Contusion, crushing 210 Fracture 280 Pneumoconiosis 510 Cerebrovascular conditions	1 1 1 1	705 1700 4165	Bundles, bales Doors, gates Flame, fire, smoke Metal chips Nonclassifiable	1 1 1 1
24	332	Iron and Steel Foundaries	41	23.11	286 Silicosis 400 Multiple injuries 999 Nonclassifiable 120 Burn (heat) 160 Contusion, crushing 210 Fracture 190 Dislocation 200 Electric shock 240 Effects of heat exposure 280 Pneumoconiosis 289 Pneumoconiosis with TB 310 Sprains, strains 990 Occupational disease 991 Heart conditions	14 66 55 4 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	9800 4300 4130 999 2610 4199 4600 5632 5801 900 1512 2400 2500 2699 3550 4112 5300 5620 5899	Silica Nonclassifiable Mineral items, nonmetallic Molten metal Chemicals and compounds Cranes, derricks Metal items Particles (unidentified) Forklifts, stackers, etc. Floor Chemicals Conductors Heat Heating equipment Hoisting apparatus Planers, shapers, molders Scrap, debris, waste Highway vehicles Working surfaces Heat furnity and the surfaces Highway vehicles Working surfaces	6 5 4 4 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
25	178	Water Well Drilling	4	22.51	200 Electric shock 210 Fracture	3	2610	Cranes, derricks Mining machinery	2 2
26	509	Miscellaneous Durable Goods	43	21.80	400 Multiple injuries 210 Fracture 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 991 Heart conditions 160 Contusion, crushing 200 Electric shock 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 120 Burn (heat) 999 Nonclassifiable	17 10 4 4 3 2 1 1	2610 3300 4120 660 1350 4140 5800	O Highway vehicles O Cranes, derricks D Earth moving machines B Bullets B Bundles, bales Powered conveyors Pipe Working surfaces Heart failure	10 3 3 3 2 2 2 2 2

	Industry			Nature Of Injury Or Illne	:55	Source Of Injury Or Illnes	5.5
Rank Coa	le Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths (Code Definition	Deaths
26 5	09 Miscellaneous Durable Goods (Cont.)					6020 Another person 9800 Nonclassifiable 801 Brick 1501 Motors 1515 Conductors 1700 Flame, fire, smoke 2245 Knife 3850 Shears, slitters, slicers 4000 Mechanical apparatus 4800 Plastic items 5640 Rail vehicles 5801 Floor	2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1
27 4	93 Combination Utility Services	41	20.52	200 Electric shock 400 Multiple injuries 991 Heart conditions 210 Fracture 120 Burn (heat) 283 Asbestosis 170 Cut, faceration, puncture 999 Nonclassifiable 160 Contusion, crushing 271 Toxic systemic poisoning 310 Sprains, strains 551 Malignant tumor	8 8 6 5 3 3 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1	5607 Highway vehicles 1515 Conductors 4300 Mineral items, nonmetallic 699 Containers 1510 Transformers, converters 5800 Working surfaces 250 Insects 801 Brick 985 Metal, n.e.c. 1500 Electric apparatus 1520 Switches, circuit breakers 1700 Flame, fire, smoke 2230 Hammer, sledge, mallet 2245 Knife 2305 Buffer, polisher, waxer 3300 Earth moving machines 4120 Bullets 4120 Bullets 4700 Plants, trees, vegetation 5600 Vehicles 5635 Forklifts, stackers, etc. 5640 Rail vehicles 5810 Ground 6500 Lee, snow 8800 Miscellaneous 9800 Nonclassifiable	7 6 3 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

_	Industry					Nature Of Injury Or Illness		Source Of Injury Or Illness		
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code I	Definition	Deaths	Code Definition	Deaths	
28	177	Concrete Work Fuel and Ice Dealers	25	19.15	400 M 210 F 991 F 120 E 110 A 200 E 310 S 995 C 999 T	Multiple injuries Fracture Heart conditions Burn (heat) Asphyxia, strangulation Electric shock Sprains, strains Other injury, n.e.c. Nonclassifiable Heart conditions	10 4 4 2 1 1 1 1 1	5620 Highway vehicles 2299 Hand tools, not powered 4300 Mineral items, nonmetallic 5720 Lumber 5810 Ground 8800 Miscellaneous 9800 Nonclassifiable 400 Bodily motion 700 Buildings and structures 701 Buildings 799 Buildings and structures 5801 Floor 6010 Heart failure 530 Pressure lines	7 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 3	
					120 I 170 G 400 I 210 I	Asphyxia, strangulation Burn (heat) Cut, laceration, puncture Multiple injuries Fracture Asbestosis	2 2 2 2 1 1	6010 Heart failure 1700 Flame, fire, smoke 1420 Bullets 5620 Highway vehicles 670 Tanks, bins, etc. 2200 Hand tools, not powered 2500 Heating equipment 4300 Mineral items, nonmetallic 5610 Aircraft 5810 Ground 8800 Miscellaneous 9800 Nonclassifiable	3 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1	
30	171	Plumbing, Heating, Air Conditioning	96	17.03	991 1 110 2 200 1 283 2 210 1 170 6 120 1 160 6 271 7	Multiple injuries Heart conditions Asphyxia, strangulation Electric shock Asbestosis Fracture Cut, laceration, puncture Burn (heat) Contusion, crushing Toxic systemic poisoning Influenza, pneumonia, etc. Silicosis	23 21 11 10 9 7 3 2 1 1	4300 Mineral items, nonmetallic 5620 Highway vehicles 1599 Electrical apparatus 4140 Pipe 5899 Working surfaces 6010 Heart failure 5801 Floor 9800 Nonclassifiable 1515 Conductors 2610 Cranes, derricks 999 Chemicals and compounds 2320 Hammer, tamper	20 9 5 5 5 5 4 4 3 3 2 2	

		Industry			Nature Of Injury Or Illnes	s	Source Of Injury Or Illne	ss
Rank		Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths	Code Definition	Deaths
30	171	Plumbing, Heating, Air Conditioning (Cont.)			510 Cerebrovascular conditions	ı	4120 Bullets	2
					551 Malignant tumor	1	5610 Aircraft	2
					570 Respiratory conditions	1	5635 Forklifts, stackers, etc.	2
					572 Influenza, pneumonia	1	5638 Powered towing vehicles	2
					995 Other injury, n.e.c.	1	400 Bodily motion	ì
					999 Nonclassifiable	1	501 Boilers	1
					l		601 Barrels, kegs, drums	1
							670 Tanks, bins, etc.	1
							799 Buildings and structures	1
							915 Aromatic compounds	1
							1700 Flame, fire, smoke	1
					1		1999 Furniture, fixtures	1
					i		2290 Shovei, spade	1
							2355 Saw	1
					}		2500 Heating equipment	1
							2700 Infectious parasites	I
					i		3250 Drilling, turning machines	1
							3350 Mining machinery	1
					1		4115 Beams, bars	1
					1		4199 Metal items	I
					1		4600 Particles (unidentified)	1
					ì		5800 Working surfaces	1
					}		5810 Ground	1
					1		5840 Stairs, steps	1
							8800 Miscellaneous	1
31	503	Lumber and Construction Materials	34	16.98		11		13
					210 Fracture	6		3
					991 Heart conditions	6	5640 Rail vehicles	2
					120 Burn (heat)	2	i e	2
					160 Contusion, crushing	2	1	2
					283 Asbestosis	2	1	l l
					140 Concussion	i	1	1
					190 Dislocation	ı		1
					240 Effects of heat exposure	1	1901 Cabinets, bookcases, etc.	1
					286 Silicosis	1	1930 Desks	1
					570 Respiratory conditions	1	2290 Shovel, spade	1
					1		2500 Heating equipment	I
					į .		2899 Ladders	1
					1		4600 Particles (unidentified)	1

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

	Industry			Nature Of Injury Or Illness		Source Of Injury Or Illness		
Rank	Code Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
31	503 Lumber and Construction Materials (Cont.)					5600	Plants, trees, vegetation Vehicles Logs	1 1 1
32	325 Structural Clay Products	7	16.81	210 Fracture 400 Multiple injuries 160 Contusion, crushing	3 3 1	801 1350 3999	Forklifts, stackers, etc. Brick Powered conveyors Machines Highway vehicles	3 1 1 1
33	244 Wood Containers	7	16.71	400 Multiple injuries 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 210 Fracture 991 Heart conditions 999 Nonclassifiable	3 1 1 1 1	3999 5620 5635 5638 5710	Saws Machines Highway vehicles Forklifts, stackers, etc. Powered towing vehicles Logs Miscellaneous	1 1 1 1
34	422 Public Warehousing	15	16.71	400 Multiple injuries 210 Fracture 991 Heart conditions 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 120 Burn (heat) 160 Contusion, crushing 310 Sprains, strains 995 Other injury, n.e.c.	6 2 2 1 1 1 1	5635 1350 1700 1870	Highway vehicles Boxes, crates, cartons Forklifts, stackers, etc. Powered conveyors Flame, fire, smoke Vegetable products Heart failure	6 3 2 1 1 1 1
35	154 Nonresidential Construction	86	15.81	400 Multiple injuries 210 Fracture 991 Heart conditions 200 Electric shock 160 Contusion, crushing 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 999 Nonclassifiable 140 Concussion 120 Burn (heat) 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 280 Pneumoconiosis 286 Silicosis	28 16 15 8 5 4 4 2 1 1	5620 4300 5800 9800 1515 3300 5801 6010 740 2610 4199 8800 601	Ground Highway vehicles Mineral items, nonmetallic Working surfaces Nonclassifiable Conductors Earth moving machines Floor Heart failure Scaffolds, staging, etc. Cranes, derricks Metal items Miscellaneous Barrels, kegs, drums Chemicals and compounds	18 7 5 5 5 4 4 4 4 2 2 2 2 1 1

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry				Nature Of Injury Or Illness	s	Source	Of Injury Or Illne	S.S
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code Definit	tion	Deaths
35		Nonresidential Construction (Cont.)						1510 Transfo 1599 Electric 1700 Flame, 2290 Shovel, 2300 Hand to 2355 Saw 2399 Hand to 2620 Elevate 2699 Hoistin 2699 Ladder 2910 Water 4115 Beams, 4140 Pipe 4700 Plants, 4930 Pumps	armers, converters al apparatus fire, smoke spade sols, powered sols, powered sols, powered sols, powered str sg apparatus s bars trees, vegetation ts, stackers, etc. titems	
36		Paper Mills, except Building Paper	27	15.65	400 160 210 510 551 993 120 271 993	Asphyxia, strangulation Multiple injuries Contusion, crushing Fracture Cerebrovascular conditions Malignant tumor Other injury, n.e.c. Burn (heat) Electric shock Toxic systemic poisoning Heart conditions	7 5 3 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1	1700 Flame, 1140 Hydrod 4300 Minera 5610 Aircrai 5620 Highw 9800 Noncle 950 Haloge 1515 Condu 2500 Heatin 3100 Buffer 3300 Earth I 5630 Industs 5810 Groun	es, bales fire, smoke fire, smoke fire, smoke fire and smoke fire and smoke fire and smoke fire and smoke fire and smoke fire and smoke fire and smoke fire and smoke fire and	4 3 3 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1
37	542	2 Meat, Freezer Provisioners	9	15.63	210	I Heart conditions) Fracture) Multiple injuries	7 1 1	5620 Highw 400 Bodily 630 Boxes		3 1 1

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry				Nature Of Injury Or Illnes	s		Source Of Injury Or Illnes	s
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
37	542	Meat, Freezer Provisioners (Cont.)						660	Bundles, bales	1
					1			1840	Meats and meat products	1
					1			5749	Wood items	1
					1			6010	Heart failure	1
38	285	Paints and Allied Products	10	15.52	120	Burn (heat)	3	1700	Flame, fire, smoke	3
					130	Burn (chemical)	2	5620	Highway vehicles	2
					210	Fracture	1	601	Barrels, kegs, drums	1
					270	Systemic poisoning	i	900	Chemicals	I
					280	Pneumoconiosis	1	987	Paint	1
					400	Multiple injuries	1	992	Solvents, n.e.c.	i
					991	Heart conditions	1	4300	Mineral items, nonmetallic	1
39	174	Masonry, Stonework, Plastering	61	15.50	210	Fracture	13	4300	Mineral items, nonmetallic	14
		•			400	Multiple injuries	13	5620	Highway vehicles	8
					991	Heart conditions	13	5810	Ground	6
					283	Asbestosis	12	755	Walls, fences	4
					999	Nonclassifiable	4	5800	Working surfaces	4
					130	Burn (chemical)	1	6010	Heart failure	4
					160	Contusion, crushing	1	630	Boxes, crates, cartons	2
					200	Electric shock	1	999	Chemicals and compounds	2
					250	Hernia, rupture	1	9800	Nonclassifiable	2
					271	Toxic systemic poisoning	1	530	Pressure lines	1
					572	Influenza, pneumonia	1	670	Tanks, bins, etc.	1
					1			1	Containers	1
					I				Buildings	1
					ł				Towers, poles, etc.	1
									Buildings and structures	1
					1			935	Carbon monoxide	1
					Í				Halogenated compounds	1
					1				Transformers, converters	1
					1			2800	Ladders	1
					1			3300	Earth moving machines	i
					J				Handtrucks, dollies, etc.	i
					1			1	Rail vehicles	1
					1			5801	Floor	1
								6020	Another person	ł
40	202	Dairy Products	26	15.27	991	Heart conditions	13	630	Boxes, crates, cartons	6
					400	Multiple injuries	7		Highway vehicles	6
					160	Contusion, crushing	3	9800	Nonclassifiable	3

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

	Industry			Nature Of Injury Or Illness	5	Source Of Injury Or Illne	ss
Rank	Code Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths	Code Definition	Deaths
40	202 Dairy Products (Cont.)			210 Fracture 170 Cut, laceration, puncture	2	755 Walls, fences 6010 Heart failure 1200 Cold 2295 Wrench 2620 Elevators 5638 Powered towing vehicles 5730 Skids, pallets 5801 Floor 8800 Miscellaneous	2 2 1 1 1 1 1
41	205 Bakery Products	32	14.52	991 Heart conditions 400 Multiple injuries 210 Fracture 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 274 Influenza, pneumonia, etc. 160 Contusion, crushing 250 Hernia, rupture 990 Occupational disease	12 7 5 3 2 1 1	5620 Highway vehicles 9800 Nonclassifiable 630 Boxes, crates, cartons 1820 Grains and grain products 4120 Bullets 6010 Heart failure 699 Containers 5801 Floor 4160 Metal binders 5638 Powered towing vehicles 6210 Tires	9 4 3 3 3 3 2 2 2 1 1
42	2 494 Water Supply	3	14.12	110 Asphyxia, strangulation 400 Multiple injuries 991 Heart conditions	1 1 i	5610 Aircraft 8800 Miscellaneous 9800 Nonclassifiable	1 t t
43	413 Intercity Highway Transport	5	13.65	170 Cut, laceration, puncture 400 Multiple injuries 210 Fracture	2 2 1	5620 Highway vehicles 2285 Screwdriver 4120 Bullets	3 1 1
44	3 206 Confectionery Products	14	13.40	120 Burn (heat) 400 Multiple injuries 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 991 Heart conditions 210 Fracture 271 Toxic systemic poisoning 995 Other injury, n.e.c.	4 3 2 2 1 1	1700 Flame, fire, smoke 2910 Water 5620 Highway vehicles 630 Boxes, crates, cartons 699 Containers 1870 Vegetable products 2699 Hoisting apparatus	5 3 2 1 1 1
45	5 224 Narrow Fabric Mills	3	13.02	120 Burn (heat) 400 Multiple injuries 991 Heart conditions	1 1 1	1700 Flame, fire, smoke 3000 Machines 6010 Heart failure	1 i 1

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

	Industry					Nature Of Injury Or Illness			Source Of Injury Or Illness	
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
46		Definition Apparel, Piece Goods, Notions	Deaths 22	12.57	991 210 400 510 999 110 120	Definition Heart conditions Fracture Multiple injuries Cerebrovascular conditions Nonclassifiable Asphyxia, strangulation Burn (heat) Cut, laceration, puncture	9 4 2 2 2 1 1	5620 630 665 1700 6010 9800 610 660 699 5800	Definition Highway vehicles Boxes, crates, cartons Reels, rolls Flame, fire, smoke Heart failure Nonclassifiable Pots and pans Bundles, bales Containers Working surfaces Another person	5 3 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1
47	204	Grain Mill Products	17	12.55	120 100 170 200 210 274 286 570 991 995	Multiple injuries Burn (heat) Amputation or enucleation Cut, laceration, puncture Electric shock Fracture Influenza, pneumonia, etc. Silicosis Respiratory conditions Heart conditions Other injury, n.e.c.	5 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	\$800 5620 1700 2620 301 699 2610 4120 4600 5200 5610	Miscellaneous Highway vehicles Flame, fire, smoke Elevators Bones Containers Cranes, derricks Bullets Particles (unidentified) Silica Aircraft Heart failure	5 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1
48	329	Nonmetallic Mineral Products	16	12.46	286 120 130 157 160 200 210 250 271 283 310 400	Nonciassifiable Silicosis Burn (heat) Burn (chemical) Tuberculosis Contusion, crushing Electric shock Fracture Hernia, rupture Toxic systemic poisoning Asbestosis Sprains, strains Multiple injuries Nonciassifiable	1 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	601 935 1199 1599 1970 2500 4125 4300 4600 5200 5620 5640	Chemicals and compounds Barrels, kegs, drums Carbon monoxide Coal and petroleum products Electrical apparatus Tables Heating equipment Molds Mineral items, nonmetallic Particles (unidentified) Silica Highway vehicles Rail vehicles Nonclassifiable	3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

	Industry				Nature Of Injury Or Illnes	5		Source Of Injury Or Illne	ss
Rank	Code Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
49	333 Primary Nonferrous Metals	7	12.13		Fracture	2		Nonclassifiable	2
				400	Multiple injuries	2		Powered conveyors	1
				200	Electric shock	1		Switches, circuit breakers	1
					Occupational disease	1		Liquids	I
				995	Other injury, n.e.c.	1	1	Metal items	1
				j			5801	Floor	1
50	235 Hats, Caps, and Millinery	2	11.95	400	Multiple injuries	ì	5500	Textile items	1
				991	Heart conditions	1	5620	Highway vehicles	1
51	245 Wood Buildings, Mobile Homes	8	11.11	400	Multiple injuries	5	5620	Highway vehicles	5
٠.	243 11 odd Daneingel 1120 nie kromes	v	••••		Fracture	2		Conductors	1
					Electric shock	1		Handtrucks, dollies, etc.	i
						-		Nonclassifiable	i
52	243 Millwork, Plywood, etc.	24	11.05	400	Multiple injuries	8	5610) Aircraft	3
32	243 Millwork, Flywood, etc.	24	11.03		Fracture	5		Cabinets, bookcases, etc.	2
					Heart conditions	2		Highway vehicles	2
					Contusion, crushing	ī		Lumber	2
				•	Electric shock	1		Wood items	2
					Hernia, rupture	i		Doors, gates	1
					Toxic systemic poisoning	1		Chemicals and compounds	1
					Asbestosis	1		Powered conveyors	1
					Sprains, strains	1		Hoists	1
					Ill-defined conditions	1	3600	Presses (not printing)	1
					Other injury, n.e.c.	1		Particles (unidentified)	1
					Nonclassifiable	1		Handtrucks, dollies, etc.	1
				1				Forklifts, stackers, etc.	1
				ł				Logs	1
							ł	Floor	1
				1			5816	Ground	1
				1			584:	Street, road	1
				ì			880	Miscellaneous	1
53	651 Real Estate Operators	51	10.58	991	Heart conditions	24	4120	Buliets	5
	OJ. Liver Course Operators	٠.	10.50		Cut, laceration, puncture	10		Heart failure	5
					Burn (heat)	3		Shovel, spade	4
) Fracture	3		9 Containers	3
					Asphyxia, strangulation	2		5 Knife	3
					Nonclassifiable	2	1) Nonclassifiable	3
				1) Concussion	1		Barrels, kegs, drums	2
				3	Contusion, crushing	1		5 Carbon monoxide	2

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry				Nature Of Injury Or Illnes	ss		Source Of Injury Or Iline:	SS .
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
53	651	Real Estate Operators (Cont.)				Electric shock Toxic systemic poisoning	1		Flame, fire, smoke Cans	2
						Silicosis	i		Boxes, crates, cartons	i
						Multiple injuries	i		Bundles, bales	1
						Influenza, pneumonia	1		Doors, gates	1
					1	militariza, piromiora			Buildings and structures	1
					1				Chemicals	1
					1			1	Paint	1
					1			1140	Hydrocarbon gases	1
					1				Chairs, benches, etc.	1
								2000	Glass items	1
					1			2285	Screwdriver	1
					1			2299	Hand tools, not powered	1
					1			2399	Hand tools, powered	1
					1			3300	Earth moving machines	1
					1			4199	Metal items	1
					1			4300	Mineral items, nonmetallic	1
					1			4600	Particles (unidentified)	i
					1			5620	Highway vehicles	1
					1				Floor	1
					į .			5810	Ground	1
					i			5840	Stairs, steps	1
					1			8800	Miscellaneous	1
54	517	Oil and Petroleum Products	23	10.57	400	Multiple injuries	7	5620	Highway vehicles	11
					120	Burn (heat)	4	1700	Flame, fire, smoke	2
					991	Heart conditions	3	6010	Heart failure	2
					210	Fracture	2	1130	Liquid hydrocarbons	1
					999	Nonclassifiable	2	1840	Meats and meat products	I
					110	Asphyxia, strangulation	1	2290	Shovel, spade	1
					160	Contusion, crushing	1	3050	Agricultural machines	1
					271	Toxic systemic poisoning	1	4120) Builets	1
					283	Asbestosis	1		Metal items	I
					995	Other injury, n.e.c.	1	4300	Mineral items, nonmetallic	1
					1			5600	Vehicles	1
55	411	Local and Suburban Transport	9	10.44	210	Fracture	2	5620	Highway vehicles	5
	•••		ŕ		1	Multiple injuries	2		Mineral items, nonmetallic	1
						Heart conditions	2		Floor	1
					999	Nonclassifiable	2	6010	Heart failure	1

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry				Nature Of Injury Or Illness	5		Source Of Injury Or Illnes	ıs
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
55	411	Local and Suburban Transport (Cont.)			283	Asbestosis	1	6210	Tires	1
56	173	Electrical Work	45	10.22	200	Electric shock	12	1515	Conductors	6
					991	Heart conditions	11	5620	Highway vehicles	6
					400	Multiple injuries	7		Floor	4
					210	Fracture	6	5810	Ground	4
					170	Cut, laceration, puncture	3	6010	Heart failure	3
					160	Contusion, crushing	2	9800	Nonclassifiable	3
					110	Asphyxia, strangulation	i	1510	Transformers, converters	2
					140	Concussion	1	8800	Miscellancous	2
					310	Sprains, strains	1	665	Reels, rolls	1
					551	Malignant tumor	1	1500	Electric apparatus	1
					1				Motors	1
					l			1520	Switches, circuit breakers	i
					1				Electrical apparatus	1
					l				Pliers, tongs	1
					1				Drill	i
					1			1	Saw	ı
					1			1	Movable ladders	1
					1			1	Machines	1
					l				Beams, bars	I
					ł			1	Bullets	1
					1				Mineral items, nonmetallic	1
					1			4 '	Rail vehicles	I
					ļ			5800	Working surfaces	1
57	526	Retail Garden Stores	6	10.20	110	Asphyxia, strangulation	i		Heart failure	2
					160	Contusion, crushing	1	950	Halogenated compounds	1
					210	Practure	1		Agitators, mixers, etc.	1
					274	Influenza, pneumonia, etc.	1		Highway vehicles	1
					510	Cerebrovascular conditions	I	5630	Industrial vehicles	1
					991	Heart conditions	i			
58	514	Groceries and Related Products	69	10.05	991	Heart conditions	31	5620	Highway vehicles	20
					400	Multiple injuries	12	630	Boxes, crates, cartons	10
					170	Cut, laceration, puncture	7	4120	Bullets	7
					210	Fracture	7	6010	Heart failure	7
					999	Nonclassifiable	3	980	Nonciassifiable	6
					160	Contusion, crushing	2	563	Handtrucks, dollies, etc.	4
					310	Sprains, strains	2	5610) Aircraft	2
					510	Cerebrovascular conditions	2	60	Barrels, kegs, drums	ı

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry			Nature Of Injury Or Illnes.	s	Source Of Injury Or Illnes	s
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths	Code Definition	Deaths
58		Groceries and Related Products (Cont.)			120 Burn (heat) 200 Electric shock 572 Influenza, pneumonia	1 1 1	740 Scaffolds, staging, etc. 1599 Electrical apparatus 1820 Grains and grain products 1840 Meats and meat products 2315 Drill 2910 Water 4110 Automobile parts (metal) 4500 Paper and pulp items 5635 Forklifts, stackers, etc. 5801 Floor 5845 Street, road 5800 Miscellaneous	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
59	251	Household Furniture	30	9,99	400 Multiple injuries 120 Burn (heat) 991 Heart conditions 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 400 Multiple injuries 160 Contusion, crushing 999 Nonclassifiable 190 Dislocation 200 Electric shock 271 Toxic systemic poisoning 286 Silicosis	7 5 4 4 3 3 3 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1	1700 Flame, fire, smoke 5620 Highway vehicles 3750 Saws 4120 Bullets 5801 Floor 6010 Heart failurc	5 5 5 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
60	554	4 Gasoline Service Stations	52	9.92	2 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 400 Multiple injuries 991 Heart conditions 120 Burn (heat) 210 Fracture 271 Toxic systemic poisoning 999 Nonclassifiable 160 Contusion, crushing	23 10 5 4 3 3 3	5620 Highway vehicles 935 Carbon monoxide 6010 Heart failure 705 Doors, gates 1130 Liquid hydrocarbons	21 13 3 2 1 1 1

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry			Nature Of Injury Or Illness			Source Of Injury Or Illnes	is
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
60	554	Gasoline Service Stations (Cont.)					4110 4135	Buffers, sanders, grinders Automobile parts (metal) Nails, spikes, etc. Metal items	1 1 1
61	281	Industrial and Inorganic Chemicals	15	9.79	210 Fracture 991 Heart conditions 110 Asphyxia, strangulation	4 4 2	5638 5800 6020 9800 1700 5620	Aircraft Powered towing vehicles Working surfaces Another person Nonclassifiable Flame, fire, smoke Highway vehicles Floor	1 1 1 1 2 2 2
					271 Toxic systemic poisoning 274 Influenza, pneumonia, etc. 400 Multiple injuries 995 Other injury, n.e.c. 999 Nonclassifiable	1 1 1 1 1 1	6010 601 900 950 999 5635 5640	Heart failure Barrels, kegs, drums Chemicals Halogenated compounds Chemicals and compounds Forklifts, stackers, etc. Rail vehicles Nonclassifiable	2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
62	289	Miscellaneous Chemical Products	9	9.74	120 Burn (heat) 400 Multiple injuries 274 Influenza, pneumonia, etc. 999 Nonclassifiable	5 2 1 1	900 999 5620	Flame, fire, smoke Chemicals Chemicals and compounds Highway vehicles Miscellaneous	5 ! ! !
63	415	5 School Buses	8	9.71	991 Heart conditions 400 Multiple injuries 999 Nonclassifiable 210 Fracture	3 2 2 1	2290) Highway vehicles) Shovel, spade) Heart failure	5 2 1
64	518	3 Beer, Wine, Distilled Liquors	14	9.67	991 Heart conditions 400 Multiple injuries 120 Burn (hear)	8 5 1	5620 1700 5631	Boxes, crates, cartons Highway vehicles Flame, fire, smoke Handtrucks, dollies, etc. Heart failure	6 5 1 1
65	751	l Auto Rentals, without Drivers	12	9.58	999 Nonclassifiable 991 Heart conditions 572 Influenza, pneumonia	1 3 1	1130) Highway vehicles) Liquid hydrocarbons) Saws	7 1 1

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry			Nature Of Injury Or Illness	•	Source Of Injury Or Illnes	23
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths	Code Definition	Deaths
65	751	Auto Rentals, without Drivers (Cont.) Miscellaneous Nondurable Goods	38	9.45	400 Multiple injuries 210 Fracture 170 Cut, laceration, puncture	5 1 1 8 7 3 3	4120 Bullets 5720 Lumber 8800 Miscellaneous 5620 Highway vehicles 630 Boxes, crates, cartons 6010 Heart failure 4120 Bullets 5635 Farklifts, stackers, etc.	1 1 1 9 3 3 2 2
					210 Fracture 999 Nonclassifiable 271 Toxic systemic poisoning 120 Burn (heat) 140 Concussion 160 Contusion, crushing 286 Silicosis 990 Occupational disease 995 Other injury, n.e.c.	3 3 2 1 1 1 1 1	8800 Miscellaneous 250 Insects 660 Bundles, bales 701 Buildings 999 Chemicals and compounds 1350 Powered conveyors 1515 Conductors 1700 Flame, fire, smoke 1999 Furniture, fixtures 2610 Cranes, derricks 2620 Elevators 2830 Movable ladders 3001 Agitators, mixers, etc. 4140 Pipe 4300 Mineral items, nonmetallic 5631 Handtrucks, dollies, etc. 5810 Ground	2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
67	271	Newspapers	41	9.43	991 Heart conditions 400 Multiple injuries 999 Nonclassifiable 210 Fracture 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 274 Influenza, pneumonia, etc. 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 160 Contusion, crushing 190 Dislocation	14 7 6 5 4 2 1 1	5620 Highway vehicles 660 Bundles, bales 665 Reels, rolls 6610 Heart failure 699 Containers 710 Bridges 799 Buildings and structures 999 Chemicals and compounds 2245 Knife 4110 Automobile parts (metal) 4600 Particles (unidentified) 8800 Miscellaneous	19 9 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry				Nature Of Injury Or Illnes	s		Source Of Injury Or Illne	:55
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
67	271	Newspapers (Cont.)				······		9800	Nonclassifiable	i
68	546	Retail Bakeries	13	9.32	400 572 170 210	Heart conditions Multiple injuries Multiple injuries Inducaz, pneumonia Ctu, laceration, puncture Fracture Nonclassifiable	6 2 2 1 1 1	1820 5620 605 630 2245 5840	Containers Grains and grain products Highway vehicles Bags Boxes, crates, cartons Knife Stairs, steps Another person	3 3 2 1 1 1 1
69	319	Leather Goods, n.e.c.	1	9.17	991	Heart conditions	1	630	Boxes, crates, cartons	1
70 71		Fur Goods	2	9.13 9.13	991	Influenza, pneumonia, etc. Heart conditions	1	1099	Fur, hair, wool, etc.	1
71	4/1	Freight Forwarding	,	9.13	170	Heart conditions Cut, laceration, puncture Fracture	3 1	630 2245	Heart failure Boxes, crates, cartons Knife Floor	2 1 1 1
72	515	Farm-Product Raw Materials	13	9.08	160 210 110	Multiple injuries Contusion, crushing Fracture Asphyxia, strangulation Other injury, n.e.c.	7 2 2 1 1	201 701 1820 5610 5635 5640 5810 5825	Highway vehicles Animals Buildings Grains and grain products Aircraft Forklifts, stackers, etc. Rail vehicles Ground Runways, platforms Nonclassifiable	4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
73	208	Beverages	20	8.86	400 110 999 210	Heart conditions Multiple injuries Asphyxia, strangulation Nonclassifiable Fracture Silicosis	11 3 2 2 1 1	630 5620 5631 9800 601 670 705 1300 2270	Heart failure Boxes, crates, cartons Highway vehicles Handtrucks, dollies, etc. Nonclassifiable Barrels, kegs, drums Tanks, bins, etc. Doors, gates Conveyors Rope, chain	3 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1

Nature Of Injury Or Illness

Source Of Injury Or Illness

		Industry				Nature Of Injury Or Illnes	5		Source Of Injury Or Illnes	:5
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
73	208	Beverages (Cont.)						5635	Mineral items, nonmetallic Forklifts, stackers, etc. Wood items	1
74	249	Miscellaneous Wood Products	7	8.86	110 200 240 400	Contusion, crushing Asphyxia, strangulation Electric shock Effects of heat exposure Multiple injuries Nonclassifiable	2 1 1 1 1	1520 1700 2400 5620	Presses (not printing) Switches, circuit breakers Flame, fire, smoke Heat Highway vehicles Powered towing vehicles	2 1 1 1 1
75	252	Office Furniture	5	8.84	271 400	Fracture Toxic systemic poisoning Multiple injuries Respiratory conditions	2 1 1 1	4600 5610 5620	Powered conveyors Particles (unidentified) Aircraft Highway vehicles Miscellancous	1 1 1 1
76	175	Carpentering and Flooring	13	8.83	210 120 140 200	Heart conditions Fracture Burn (heat) Concussion Electric shock Multiple injuries	6 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	701 755 1515 1700 1950 1999 3850 5631 5635	Highway vehicles Buildings Walls, fences Conductors Flame, fire, smoke Floor coverings Furniture, fixtures Shears, slitters, slicers Handtrucks, dollies, etc. Forklifts, stackers, etc. Heart failure Nonclassifiable	2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
77	226	Textile Fluishing, except Wool	6	8.79	170 300 400 55	Amputation or enucleation Cut, laceration, puncture Scratches, abrasions Multiple injuries Malignant turnor Heart conditions	1 1 1 1 1	999 1350 3999 4120	Reels, rolls Chemicals and compounds Powered conveyors Machines Bullets Floor	1 1 1 1 1
78	152	Residential Building Construction	52	8.72	99 210 200	Multiple injuries Heart conditions Fracture Electric shock Contusion, crushing	12 11 10 5 3	3300 5801 5810	Highway vehicles Earth moving machines Floor Ground Heart failure	6 4 4 4 3

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry				Nature Of Injury Or Illness	ì		Source Of Injury Or Illnes	is .
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
78	152	Residential Building Construction (Cont.)			999	Nonclassifiable	3	8800	Miscellaneous	3
					120	Burn (heat)	2	1599	Electrical apparatus	2
					170	Cut, laceration, puncture	1	1700	Flame, fire, smoke	2
					190	Dislocation	1	4930	Pumps	2
					240	Effects of heat exposure	1	5840	Stairs, steps	2
					310	Sprains, strains	1	600	Boxes, containers, packages	1
					551	Malignant tumor	1	699	Containers	1
					995	Other injury, n.e.c.	1	755	Walls, fences	1
					1	• • •		801	Brick	1
					1			1500	Electric apparatus	1
								1515	Conductors	1
					1			2230	Hammer, sledge, mallet	1
					1			2320	Hammer, tamper	1
					1			2400	Heat	1
								2610	Cranes, derricks	1
								2900	Liquids	1
								3750	Saws	1
					1			4115	Beams, bars	1
								4199	Metal items	1
					1			5099	Radiating substances	1
								5600	Vehicles	1
					1			5720	Lumber	i
					1			5800	Working surfaces	1
					1				Roofs	1
					1				Nonclassifiable	1
79	653	Real Estate Agents, Managers	34	8.48	991	Heart conditions	7	4120) Bullets	5
	****	Zona, ramagoro	•	Ų. 1 .		Cut, laceration, puncture	6		Flame, fire, smoke	4
						Asphyxia, strangulation	4		Highway vehicles	4
						Contusion, crushing	4		Heart failure	4
						Multiple injuries	4		Aircraft	2
						Burn (heat)	3		Boilers	ī
						Fracture	3		Walls, fences	i
						Cerebrovascular conditions	2		Buildings and structures	i
						Concussion	1		Carbon monoxide	i
					1 '"		•		Electrical apparatus	;
					1				Glass items	1
					1			1	Elevators	
					1) Water	
					1) Plastic items	i
					1			1 4000	, t septie (fff112)	

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry				Nature Of Injury Or Ilines	5		Source Of Injury Or Illne	255
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
79	653	Real Estate Agents, Managers (Cont.)						5631 5801 5840 8800	Steam Handtrucks, dollies, etc. Floor Stairs, steps Miscellancous Nonclassifiable	1 1 1 1 1
80	399	Miscellaneous Manufactures	11	8.28	991 120 170 210 310	Multiple injuries Heart conditions Burn (heat) Cut, laceration, puncture Fracture Sprains, strains Nonclassifiable	4 2 1 1 1 1	5620 5801 9800 2699 3100	Boxes, crates, cartons Highway vehicles Floor Nonclassifiable Hoisting apparatus Buffers, sanders, grinders Wood items	2 2 2 2 1 1
81	229	Miscellaneous Textile Goods	5	8.18	210 274 572	Delectric shock Defracture Influenza, pneumonia, etc. Influenza, pneumonia Heart conditions	1 1 1 1	1515 5620	Particles (unidentified) Conductors Highway vehicles Miscellaneous	2 1 1
82	201	Mest Products	29	8.07	991 120 400 110 160 170 200	Practure Heart conditions Burn (heat) Multiple injuries Asphyxia, strangulation Contusion, crushing Cut, laceration, puncture Electric shock Nonclassifiable	9 6 3 3 2 2 2 2 1 1	6010 630 5400 5635 5801 201 1501 1599 1820 2245 5840	Highway vehicles Heart failure Boxes, crates, cartons Steam Forklifts, stackers, etc. Floor Animals Motors Electrical apparatus Grains and grain products Meats and meat products Knife Stairs, steps Working surfaces	10 3 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1
83	794	Commercial Sports	6	7.98	160 210 400	Nonclassifiable Contusion, crushing Fracture Multiple injuries Heart conditions	2 1 1 1	5620 5810 201	Highway vehicles Ground Animals Heart failure	2 2 1 1

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry				Nature Of Injury Or Illness	;	Source Of Injury Or Illness	;
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code Definition	Deaths
84	282	Plastics, Synthetic Materials	15	7.96		Multiple injuries	4	1700 Flame, fire, smoke	2
						Fracture	3	4120 Builets	2
						Cut, laceration, puncture	2	4300 Mineral items, nonmetallic	2
						Malignant tumor	2	1515 Conductors	1
					120	Burn (heat)	1	1599 Electrical apparatus	1
					200	Electric shock	1	2500 Heating equipment	1
						Asbestosis	1	4200 Mineral items, metallic	ı
					286	Silicosis)	5200 Silica	1
								5610 Aircraft	1
					l			5801 Floor	1
					1			5810 Ground	1
					ł			9800 Nonclassifiable	1
85	336	Nonferrous Foundries	7	7.92	286	Silicosis	4	4600 Particles (unidentified)	2
					210	Fracture	2	988 Plastics	1
					170	Cut, laceration, puncture	1	999 Chemicals and compounds	1
					l			3750 Saws	1
					1			4140 Pipe	1
								5635 Forklifts, stackers, etc.	1
86	762	Electrical Repair Shops	7	7.80	991	Heart conditions	3	1700 Flame, fire, smoke	2
					120	Burn (heat)	2	1999 Furniture, fixtures	2
					200	Electric shock	1	999 Chemicals and compounds	1
					286	Silicosis	1	1515 Conductors	1
								6010 Heart failure	1
87	153	Operative Builders	5	7.70	140	Concussion	1	5610 Aircraft	1
		•			210	Fracture	1	5800 Working surfaces	1
					400	Multiple injuries	1	5801 Floor	1
						Other injury, n.e.c.	1	5810 Ground	1
						Nonclassifiable	1	9800 Nonclassifiable	1
88	104	Gold and Silver Ores	4	7.69	110	Asphyxia, strangulation	2	935 Carbon monoxide	2
						Multiple injuries	2	4300 Mineral items, nonmetallic	2
89	341	Metal Services, a.e.c.	8	7.60	274	Influenza, pneumonia, etc.	2	901 Acids	2
	• • •		•	1,00		Burn (chemical)	1	910 Alkalies	1
						Systemic poisoning	i	945 Cyanide, cyanogen compound	s i
						Toxic systemic poisoning	i	950 Halogenated compounds	• . i
						Silicosis	i	2275 Saw	i
						Multiple injuries	i	4300 Mineral items, nonmetallic	ì
						Heart conditions	ī	5801 Floor	· i
					1 ′′′		-	1	•

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry				Nature Of Injury Or Illne	55		Source Of Injury Or Illne	55
Rank		Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
90	753	Automotive Repair Shops	29	7.45	991	Heart conditions	10	5620	Highway vehicles	9
						Multiple injuries	5		Automobile parts (metal)	4
					210	Fracture	4		Heart failure	2
						Cut, laceration, puncture	2		Tires	2
						Nonclassifiable	2		Nonclassifiable	2
						Burn (heat)	1	250	Insects	1
						Concussion	1		Doors, gates	i
						Contusion, crushing	1		Glue	i
						Toxic systemic poisoning	1		Chemicals and compounds	1
					t	Silicosis	1		Flame, fire, smoke	1
					551	Malignant tumor	1		Hoisting apparatus	1
					1			1 -	Bullets	i
					1				Vehicles	1
					1			1	Ground	i
]			8800	Miscellaneous	1
91	317	Handbags and Leather Goods	2	7.39	991	Heart conditions	2	630	Boxes, crates, cartons	1
					1			660	Bundles, bales	1
92	138	Oil and Gas Field Services	24	7.39	400	Multiple injuries	15		Highway vehicles	9
					140	Concussion	2	3250	Drilling, turning machines	4
					210	Fracture	2	9800	Nonclassifiable	3
					999	Nonclassifiable	2	5610	Aircraft	2
					200	Electric shock	i	530	Pressure lines	i
						Other injury, n.e.c.	1		Tanks, bins, etc.	i
					999	Nonclassifiable	1		Conductors	1
					l				Pipe	ı
					I			•	Metal items	i
								5801	Floor	1
93	451	Certified Air Transportation	32	7.27	400	Multiple injuries	13	5610	Aircraft	19
						Nonclassifiable	6		Heart failure	4
					210	Fracture	5	5620	Highway vehicles	2
					991	Heart conditions	4	201	Animals	1
						Burn (heat)	1	900	Chemicals	1
					170	Cut, laceration, puncture	i	4700	Plants, trees, vegetation	I
					271	Toxic systemic poisoning	1	5631	Handtrucks, dollies, etc.	1
					540	Mental disorders	1	5635	Forklifts, stackers, etc.	1
					1			8800	Miscellaneous	1
					1			9800	Nonclassifiable	1

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry				Nature Of Injury Or Illnes	s	Source Of Injury Or Illne	
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code Definition	Deaths
94	291	Petroleum Refining	11	7.21	999 110 120 170 210	Multiple injuries Nonclassifiable Asphyxia, strangulation Burn (heat) Cut, laceration, puncture Fracture Heart conditions	3 2 1 1 1	5620 Highway vehicles 8800 Miscellaneous 9800 Nonclassifiable 670 Tanks, bins, etc. 900 Chemicals 1700 Flame, fire, smoke 2910 Water	2 2 2 1 1
95	352	Farm and Garden Machinery	10	7.20	995 400 210 999	Other injury, n.e.c. Multiple injuries Fracture Nonclassifiable Burn (heat)	1 5 2 2	4120 Bullets 5620 Highway vehicles 5610 Aircraft	1 4 3 1 1
96	391	Jewelry, Silverware, etc.	4	7.13	271 991	Cut, laceration, puncture Toxic systemic poisoning Heart conditions Nonclassifiable	1 1 1 1	699 Containers	1 1 1
97 98		6 Luggage Basic Steel Products	29	7.12 6.98	400 286 991 120 160 110 170 210 271	Heart conditions Multiple injuries Silicosis Heart conditions Bum (heat) Contusion, crushing Assphyxia, strangulation Cut, faceration, puncture Fracture Toxic systemic poisoning Nonclassifiable	1 9 6 4 3 2 1 1 1 1	2610 Cranes, derricks 4199 Metal items 5200 Silica 5610 Aircraft 9800 Nonclassifiable 660 Bundles, bales	1 4 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry			Nature Of Injury Or Illne	35	Source Of Injury Or Illnes	S
Rank		Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths Co	ode Definition	Deaths
98	331	Basic Steel Products (Cont.)				1 -	810 Ground 800 Miscellancous	1
99	863	Labor Organizations	10	6.97	400 Multiple injuries 991 Heart conditions 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 283 Asbestosis 510 Cerebrovascular conditions	3 5 1 1 1 4 4	010 Heart failure 620 Highway vehicles 955 Metallic compounds 930 Desks 120 Bullets 300 Mineral items, nonmetallic 800 Miscellaneous	3 2 1 1 1 1
100	353	Construction Machinery	22	6.86	400 Multiple injuries 991 Heart conditions 160 Contusion, crushing 286 Silicosis 100 Amputation or enucleation 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 120 Burn (heat) 140 Concussion 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 210 Fracture 990 Occupational disease	4 4 4 3 5 3 1 1 1 2 1 3 3 1 4 1 1 4 1 1 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6	800 Nonclassifiable 199 Metal items 635 Forklifts, stackers, etc. 530 Pressure lines 350 Powered conveyors 625 Hoists 250 Drilling, turning machines 115 Beams, bars 300 Mineral items, nonmetallic 600 Particles (unidentified) 200 Silica 610 Aircraft 620 Highway vehicles 801 Floor 840 Stairs, steps 010 Heart failure 800 Miscellaneous	4 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
101	504	Sporting, Toy, and Hobby Goods	5	6.82	991 Heart conditions 210 Fracture 400 Multiple injuries 999 Nonclassifiable	2 5 i 1 5	620 Highway vehicles 699 Containers 635 Forklifts, stackers, etc. 800 Nonclassifiable	2 1 1
102	286	Industrial Organic Chemicals	11	6.69	283 Asbestosis 551 Malignant tumor 999 Nonclassifiable 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 271 Toxic systemic poisoning 274 Influenza, pneumonia, etc. 400 Multiple injuries 991 Heart conditions	2 9 2 1 1 1 1 1 4	999 Chemicals and compounds 800 Nonclassifiable 670 Tanks, bins, etc. 900 Chemicals 950 Halogenated compounds 199 Coal and petroleum products 600 Particles (unidentified) 635 Forklifts, stackers, etc.	3 2 1 1 1 1 1

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry				Nature Of Injury Or Illnes	5		Source Of Injury Or Illne	ss
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Death
103	344	Structural Metal Products	31	6.56	991	Heart conditions	7		Highway vehicles	
					210	Fracture	5	6010	Heart failure	
					400	Multiple injuries	5	4199	Metal items	:
					120	Burn (heat)	2	4600	Particles (unidentified)	
					160	Contusion, crushing	2	5610	Aircraft	
					271	Toxic systemic poisoning	2	8800	Miscellaneous	
					110	Asphyxia, strangulation	1	9800	Nonclassifiable	
					170	Cut, laceration, puncture	1	670	Tanks, bins, etc.	
					190	Dislocation	1	701	Buildings	
					283	Asbestosis	1	705	Doors, gates	
					285	Siderosis	1	940	Carbon tetrachloride	
					510	Cerebrovascular conditions	1	999	Chemicals and compounds	
					572	Influenza, pneumonia	1	1700	Flame, fire, smoke	
					999	Nonclassifiable	1	4115	Beams, bars	
					1			4300	Mineral items, nonmetallic	
					1			5810	Ground	
					I			5820	Roofs	
					1			5825	Runways, platforms	
104	636	Title Insurance	3	6.26	400	Multiple injuries	2	5620	Highway vehicles	
					991	Heart conditions	1	6010	Heart failure	
105	323	Products of Purchased Glass	3	6.25	400	Multiple injuries	1	630	Boxes, crates, cartons	
					510	Cerebrovascular conditions	1	5620	Highway vehicles	
					991	Heart conditions	1			
106	821	Elementary, Secondary Schools	19	6.19	991	Heart conditions	7	5620	Highway vehicles	
		•			1110	Asphyxia, strangulation	2	580	Floor	
						Fracture	2	1200	Cold	
						Effects of cold exposure	2	2910) Water	
						Multiple injuries	2	6010	Heart failure	
						Contusion, crushing	I	93	Carbon monoxide	
						Toxic systemic poisoning	1	1910	Chairs, benches, etc.	
						Multiple injuries	1		Furniture, fixtures	
						Nonclassifiable	1		Shovel, spade	
					1) Machines	
					1) Ground	
					1			4 -) Miscellaneous	
107	287	Agricultural Chemicals	4	6.16	210) Fracture	2	999	Chemicals and compounds	
			•	5.10		Asphyxia, strangulation	1		Lighting equipment	

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry				Nature Of Injury Or Ilines	s		Source Of Injury Or Illn	ess
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
107	287	Agricultural Chemicals (Cont.)						5620	Highway vehicles	1
108	592	! Liquor Stores	8	6.06	400	Cut, laceration, puncture Multiple injuries Heart conditions	4 2 2	630 2200	Builets Boxes, crates, cartons Hand tools, not powered Highway vehicles	4 2 1 1
109	209) Foods and Kindred Products	10	6.05	400 991 120 170 210	Asphyxia, strangulation Multiple injuries Heart conditions Burn (heat) Cut, laceration, puncture Fracture Medical care complications	2 2 2 1 1 1	8800 400 4120 5400 5631 5801	Highway vehicles Miscellaneous Bodily motion Bullets Steam Handtrucks, dollies, etc. Floor Heart failure	2 2 1 1 1 1 1
110	238	3 Miscellaneous Apparet and Accessories	3	6.01	400	Cut, laceration, puncture Multiple injuries Heart conditions	! 1 1	5500	Knife Textile items Highway vehicles	1 1 1
111	483	Radio and TV Broadcasting	13	6.00	991 110 999 170 510	Multiple injuries Heart conditions Asphyxia, strangulation Nonclassifiable Cut, laceration, puncture Cerebrovascular conditions Other injury, n.e.c.	3 3 2 2 1 1	9800 1599 2910 4120 5610 5810 6010	Highway vehicles Nonclassifiable Electrical apparatus Water Bullets Aircraft Ground Heart failure Miscellaneous	3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1
112	341	Metal Shipping Containers	4	5.99	210	Multiple injuries Fracture Heart conditions	2 1 1	3600	Forklifts, stackers, etc. Presses (not printing) Miscellaneous	2 1 1
113	572	! Household Appliance Stores	5	5.98	310	Heart conditions Sprains, strains Multiple injuries	3 1 1	630 5620	Nonclassifiable Boxes, crates, cartons Highway vehicles Heart failure	2 1 1 1
114	55 3	Auto and Home Supply Stores	16	5.79	170 400 210	Heart conditions Cut, laceration, puncture Multiple injuries Fracture Nonclassifiable	5 3 3 2 2	4120 601 630	Highway vehicles Bullets Barrels, kegs, drums Boxes, crates, cartons Shovel, spade	4 3 1 1

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

	Industry			Nature Of Injury Or Illnes.	s	Source Of Injury Or Illnes	ıs
Rank	Code Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths	Code Definition	Deaths
114	553 Auto and Home Supply Stores (Cont.)			510 Cerebrovascular conditions	ì	3999 Machines 4199 Metal items 5810 Ground 6010 Heart failure 6210 Tires 9800 Nonclassifiable	1 1 1 1
115	721 Laundry, Cleaning, etc. Services	21	5.78	991 Heart conditions 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 400 Multiple injuries 140 Concussion 120 Burn (heat) 160 Contusion, crushing 200 Electric shock	9 4 3 2 1 1	5620 Highway vehicles 6010 Heart failure 4120 Bullets 660 Bundles, balcs 665 Reels, rolls 1501 Motors 1999 Furniture, fixtures 2245 Knife 3600 Presses (not printing) 4115 Beams, bars 5631 Handtrucks, dollies, etc. 5800 Working surfaces 5801 Floor 6020 Another person 8800 Miscellaneous 9800 Nonclassifiable	3 3 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
116	545 Dairy Products Stores	2	5.69	170 Cut, laceration, puncture 991 Heart conditions	1	630 Boxes, crates, cartons 4120 Bullets	1
117	599 Retail Stores, n.e.c.	16	5.59	286 Silicosis 400 Multiple injuries 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 210 Fracture 991 Heart conditions	6 5 2 1 1	4300 Mineral items, nonmetallic 5620 Highway vehicles 4120 Bullets 4600 Particles (unidentified) 899 Ceramic items 3999 Machines 5610 Aircraft 5810 Ground 9800 Nonclassifiable	4 3 2 2 1 1 1 1
118	505 Metals and Minerals, except Oil	8	5.54	400 Multiple injuries 999 Nonclassifiable 160 Coatusion, crushing 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 274 Influenza, pneumonia, etc.	3 2 1 1 1	999 Chemicals and compounds 4120 Bullets 4199 Metal items	1 1 1 1

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry				Nature Of Injury Or Iline	ess		Source Of Injury Or Illn	ess
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
118	505	Metals and Minerals, except Oil (Cont.)						5660	Highway vehicles Water vehicles Nonclassifiable	1 1 1
119	511	Paper and Paper Products	9	5.54	210	Heart conditions Fracture Nonclassifiable	5 2 2	5620 9800 5610 5801	Boxes, crates, cartons Highway vehicles Nonclassifiable Aircraft Floor Heart failure	2 2 2 1 1
120	239	Miscellaneous Fabricated Textiles	10	5.52	160 999	Heart conditions Contusion, crushing Nonclassifiable Fracture	4 3 2 1	5620 400 630 660 2610 4199	Reels, rolls Highway vehicles Bodily motion Boxes, crates, cartons Bundles, bales Cranes, derricks Metal items Floor	2 2 1 1 1 1 1
121	726	Funeral Service, Crematories	4	5.49	210	Multiple injuries Fracture Heart conditions	2 1 1	630	Floor Boxes, crates, cartons Highway vehicles	2 1 1
122	734	Services to Buildings	31	5.48	400 991 170 999 200 110 120	Fracture Multiple injuries Heart conditions Cut, laceration, puncture Nonclassifiable Electric shock Asphyxia, strangulation Burn (heat) Contusion, crushing Scratches, abrasions	7 6 6 6 3 3 2 2 1 1 I I I	5800 5810 601 705 935 1350 1599 1700 2290 2299 2320 2620 2700 3400 4120	Highway vehicles Working surfaces Ground Barrels, kegs, drums Doors, gates Carbon monoxide Powered conveyors Electrical apparatus Flame, fire, smoke Shovel, spade Hand tools, not powered Hammer, tamper Elevators Infectious parasites Crushing machines Office machines Bullets Plants, trees, vegetation	5 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry			Nature Of Injury Or Illnes	s		Source Of Injury Or Illnes	s
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
122	734	Services to Buildings (Cont.)					5830 6010 6020	Fioor Sidewalks, paths, walkways Heart failure Another person Nonclassifiable	1 1 1 1
123	223	Weaving Mills, Wool	1	5.46	991 Heart conditions	1	9800	Nonclassifiable	ī
124	355	Special Industry Machinery	10	5.44	210 Fracture 286 Silicosis 160 Contusion, crushing 200 Electric shock 274 Influenza, pneumonia, etc. 283 Asbestosis 580 Ill-defined conditions 991 Heart conditions	2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1	1520 1840 3300 4140 4199 4300 4600 5200	Chemicals and compounds Switches, circuit breakers Meats and meat products Earth moving machines Pipe Metal items Mineral items, nonmetallic Particles (unidentified) Silica Heart failure	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
125	491	Electric Services	22	5.26	200 Electric shock 991 Heart conditions 120 Burn (heat) 210 Fracture 400 Multiple injuries 130 Burn (chemical) 283 Asbestosis	7 4 3 3 3 1 1	5620 5810 1510 3300 4300 5801	Conductors) Heart failure Electrical apparatus) Highway vehicles) Ground Transformers, converters) Earth moving machines Mineral items, nonmetallic Floor) Miscellaneous	7 4 2 2 2 1 1 1 1
126	525	i Hardware Stores	8	5.25	400 Multiple injuries 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 200 Electric shock 991 Heart conditions 999 Nonclassifiable	3 2 1 1 1	5620 630 151: 224: 4120 4199) Mischances) Boxes, crates, cartons 5 Conductors 6 Knife) Bullets) Metal items) Aircraft	2 1 1 1 1 1
127	703	Camps and Trailering Parks	8	5.20	999 Nonclassifiable 210 Fracture 400 Multiple injuries 120 Burn (heat)	3 2 2 1	1700 560	Highway vehicles Flame, fire, smoke Animal drawn vehicles Ground	5 1 1

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry				Nature Of Injury Or Illnes	5		Source Of Injury Or Illnes	5
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths		Definition	Deaths
128	566	Shoe Stores	10	5.13	ì	Cut, laceration, puncture	3		Bullets	2
						Fracture	3		Highway vehicles	2
						Multiple injuries	2	1	Knife	1
					991	Heart conditions	2		Shovel, spade	1
					t t				Rail vehicles	1
					ł				Floor	1
					Į.				Stairs, steps	1
								í	Nonclassifiable	1
129	393	Musical Instruments	1	5.10	991	Heart conditions	1	1	Heart failure	1
130	508	Machinery, Equipment, and Supplies	69	5.09		Multiple injuries	18		Highway vehicles	28
						Heart conditions	14		Aircraft	5
					1	Fracture	10		Heart failure	5
						Cut, laceration, puncture	4		Containers	3
						Nonclassifiable	4		Mineral items, nonmetallic	3
						Contusion, crushing	3		Flame, fire, smoke	2
						Other injury, n.e.c.	3	1	Bullets	2
						Asphyxia, strangulation	2		Silica	2
					1	Burn (heat)	2		Boxes, containers, packages Boxes, crates, cartons	
						Influenza, pneumonia, etc. Asbestosis	2		Chemicals	,
						Silicosis	2	1	Carbon monoxide	
					1	Electric shock	1	1	Chemicals and compounds	;
						Cerebrovascular conditions			Crude, fuel oil	,
					1	Influenza, pneumonia	,		Knife	i
					1	imiaettes, producerio			Cranes, derricks	i
					ł			1	Water	1
					1			3000	Machines	ī
					l			3050	Agricultural machines	1
									Office machines	1
					1			5635	Forklifts, stackers, etc.	1
					1			5638	Powered towing vehicles	i
					1			5640	Rail vehicles	1
					1			580	Floor	i
									Ground Ground	1
					1			584	Street, road	1
								9800	Nonclassifiable	1
131	474	Rental of Railroad Cars	2	5.09	210	Fracture	1	999	Chemicals and compounds	1
					271	Toxic systemic poisoning	1		Highway vehicles	1

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry			_	Nature Of Injury Or Illness			Source Of Injury Or Illness	5
	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
132	346	Metal Forgings and Stampings	13	5.09	400 160 190 210 272 286	Heart conditions Multiple injuries Contusion, crushing Dislocation Fracture Blood diseasc Silicosis Nonclassifiable	5 2 1 1 1 1 1	5610 6010 630 999 3450 3650 4600	Reels, rolls Aircraft Heart failure Boxes, crates, cartons Chemicals and compounds Packaging machines Printing machines Printing machines Highway vehicles	2 2 2 1 1 1 1
133		Engines and Turbines	6	5.08	200 286 400 991	Cut, laceration, puncture Electric shock Silicosis Multiple injuries Heart conditions Nonclassifiable	1 1 1 1 1	8800 5620 8800 1500	Highway vehicles Miscellaneous Highway vehicles Miscellaneous Electric apparatus Silica	2 2 1 1
134	381	Scientific Instruments	4	5.07		Heart conditions Asphyxia, strangulation	3 1	630	Heart failure Boxes, crates, cartons Coal and petroleum products	2 1 1
135	203	Preserved Fruits and Vegetables	12	5.03	400 160 190 200 274 310	Fracture Multiple injuries Contusion, crushing Dislocation Electric shock Influenza, pneumonia, etc. 9 Sprains, strains Heart conditions	4 2 1 1 1 1 1 1	755 910 1300 1515 3999 5635 5638 5801 5810 5825	Bodily motion Walls, fences Alkalies Conveyors Conductors Machines Forklifts, stackers, etc. Powered towing vehicles Floor Ground Runways, platforms Nonclassifiable	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
136	265	Paperboard Containers	10	4.98	400 110 160	Heart conditions Multiple injuries Asphyxia, strangulation Contusion, crushing Fracture	4 3 1 1 1	5620 630 660 3300 5635 6010	Highway vehicles Boxes, crates, cartons Bundles, bales Earth moving machines Forklifts, stackers, etc. Heart failure Nonclassifiable	4 1 1 1 1

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

	Industry				Nature Of Injury Or Illnes	s	Source Of Injury Or Illnes	s
Rank	Code Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code Definition	Deaths
137	506 Electrical Goods	22	4.97	991 400 120 200 210 110	Heart conditions Multiple injuries Burn (heat) Electric shock Fracture Asphyxia, strangulation Hemia, rupture	8 3 2 2 2 1	5620 Highway vehicles 6010 Heart failure 630 Boxes, crates, cartons 999 Chemicals and compounds 1501 Motors 1515 Conductors 1515 Ecctrical apparatus	6 4 2 1 1
				283 286	Asbestosis Silicosis Other injury, n.e.c.	1	1700 Flame, fire, smoke 2910 Water 3000 Machines 5200 Silica 5610 Aircraft 9800 Nonclassifiable	1 1 1 1 1
138	264 Miscellaneous Converted Paper Products	11	4.91	160 160 200 400 400 510 991	Heart conditions Contusion, crushing Contusion, crushing Electric shock Multiple injuries Multiple injuries Cerebrovascular conditions Heart conditions Other injury, n.e.c.	3 1 1 1 1 1 1	6010 Heart failure 699 Containers 999 Chemicals and compounds 1500 Electric apparatus 2290 Shovel, spade 2620 Elevators 3000 Machines 3600 Presses (not printing) 5620 Highway vehicles 5635 Forklifts, stackers, etc.	2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
139	326 Pottery and Related Products	2	4.87	286	Silicosis	2	5200 Silica	2
140	501 Motor Vehicle and Automotive Equipment	20	4,86	991 140 120 160 190 200	Multiple injuries Heart conditions Concussion Burn (heat) Contusion, crushing Dislocation Electric shock Fracture	9 4 2 1 1 1 1	5620 Highway vehicles 6010 Heart failure 9800 Nonclassifiable 599 Pressure vessels 600 Boxes, containers, packages 1700 Flame, fire, smoke 3150 Forging, welding machines 5610 Aircraft 5810 Ground 5840 Stairs, steps	9 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1
141	521 Lumber, Other Building Materials	16	4.78	210 991	Multiple injuries Fracture Heart conditions Contusion, crushing	6 2 2 1	5620 Highway vehicles 5749 Wood items 5810 Ground 9800 Nonclassifiable	4 2 2 2

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

_		Industry				Nature Of Injury Or Illness			Source Of Injury Or Illne	ss
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
141	521	Lumber, Other Building Materials (Cont.)			200 274 995	Cut, laceration, puncture Electric shock Influenza, pneumonia, etc. Other injury, n.e.c. Nonclassifiable	1 1 1 1	3750 4120 5635 5720	Conductors Saws Bullets Forklifts, stackers, etc. Lumber Miscellaneous	1 1 1 1 1
142	307	Miscellaneous Plastics Products	24	4.78	991 400 160 170 120 250 272 283 572	Fracture Heart conditions Multiple injuries Contusion, crushing Cut, laceration, puncture Burn (heat) Hernia, rupture Blood disease Asbestosis Influenza, pneumonia Nonciassifiable	5 5 4 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1	3000 3999 5620 8800 630 665 705 900 950 2000 3450 3600 4120 4800	Forklifts, stackers, etc. Machines Machines Machines Miscellaneous Boxes, crates, cartons Reels, rolls Doors, gates Chemicals Halogenated compounds Chemicals and compounds Powered conveyors Glass items Packaging machines Presses (not printing) Bullets Plastic items Heart failure	3 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
143	735	Miscellaneous Business Services	77	4.77	210 400 991 166 999 110 200 120 271 510	Cut, laceration, puncture Fracture Multiple injuries Heart conditions Contusion, crushing Nonclassifiable Asphyxia, strangulation Electric shock Burn (heat) Toxic systemic poisoning Cerebrovascular conditions Other injury, n.e.c.	26 15 13 9 3 3 2 2 2 1 1 1	5620 6010 5610 5801 400 2245 4140 5810 5840 630 660	Bullets Highway vehicles Heart failure Aircraft Floor Bodily motion Knife Pipe Ground Stairs, steps Boxes, crates, cartons Bundles, bales Containers Chemicals and compounds	22 20 4 3 3 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry			Nature Of Injury Or Illness	·		Source Of Injury Or Illnes	s
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
143	739	Miscellaneous Business Services (Cont.)					1700 2200 2910 3250 4199 4300 5300 5600 5640	Electrical apparatus Flame, fire, smoke Hand tools, not powered Water Drilling, turning machines Metal items Mineral items, nonmetallic Scrap, debris, waste Vehicles Rail vehicles	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
144	233	Women's and Misses' Outerwear	19	4.77	991 Heart conditions 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 210 Fracture 510 Cerebrovascular conditions	16 1 1	665 660 630 630 705 2245 4500 5620 5631 5801	Nonclassifiable Reels, rolls Bundles, bales Heart failure Boxes, crates, cartons Containers Doors, gates Knife Paper and pulp items Highway vehicles Handtrucks, dollies, etc. Floor Miscellaneous	1 5 3 2 1 1 1 1 1 1
145	502	Furniture and Home Furnishings	6	4.59	991 Heart conditions 400 Multiple injuries 160 Contusion, crushing	3 2 1	1930 1950 5830	Highway vehicles Desks Floor coverings Sidewalks, paths, walkways Heart failure	2 1 1 1
146	356	General Industry Machinery	13	4.47	400 Multiple injuries 286 Silicosis 999 Nonclassifiable 120 Burn (heat) 210 Fracture 271 Toxic systemic poisoning 274 Influenza, pneumonia, etc. 572 Influenza, pneumonia 991 Heart conditions	3 2 2 1 1 1 1 1	5620 950 965 999 1700 3999 4300 5200	O Aircraft O Highway vehicles O Halogenated compounds O Glue O Chemicals and compounds O Flame, fire, smoke O Machines O Mineral items, nonmetallic O Silica O Working surfaces	2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry				Nature Of Injury Or Illnes	s		Source Of Injury Or Illn	ess
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
146	356	General Industry Machinery (Cont.)						9800	Nonclassifiable	1
147	211	Cigarettes	2	4.46		Cut, laceration, puncture Multiple injuries	1 1		Bullets Forklifts, stackers, etc.	1 1
148	507	Hardware, Plumbing, Heating Equipment	11	4.44	991 210 995	Multiple injuries Heart conditions Fracture Other injury, n.e.c. Nonclassifiable	5 3 1 1	9800 5610 5801 5810	Highway vehicles Pipe Nonclassifiable Aircraft Floor Ground Heart failure	3 2 2 1 1
149	571	Home Furnishings Stores	17	4.42	170 510 140 400	Heart conditions Cut, laceration, puncture Cerebrovascular conditions Concussion Multiple injuries Nonclassifiable	9 3 2 1 1 1 1	4120 630 5620 1900 1901 1950 2290 8800	Furniture, fixtures Bullets Boxes, crates, cartons Highway vehicles Furniture, fixtures Cabinets, bookcases, etc. Floor coverings Shovel, spade Miscellaneous Nonclassifiable	4 3 2 2 1 1 1 1 1
150	573	Radio, TV, and Music Stores	8	4.36	400 170 210	Heart conditions Multiple injuries Cut, laceration, puncture Fracture Nonclassifiable	3 2 1 1	630 1200 4120 6010) Highway vehicles) Boxes, crates, cartons (Cold) Bullets) Heart failure) Nonclassifiable	3 1 1 1 1
151	284	Soap, Cleaners and Toilet Goods	6	4.20	159 170 310	Heart conditions Other infective disease Cut, laceration, puncture Sprains, strains Multiple injuries	2 1 1 1	2700 2910 4120 5810	Bodily motion Infectious parasites Water Bullets Ground Nonclassifiable	1 1 1 1
152	752	Automobile Parking	10	4.06	210 991	Cut, laceration, puncture Fracture Heart conditions Contusion, crushing	3 3 1	6010 9800 935	Bullets Heart failure Nonclassifiable Carbon monoxide Hoisting apparatus	3 2 2 1 1

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry				Nature Of Injury Or Illne	533		Source Of Injury Or Iline	55
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
152	752	Automobile Parking (Cout.)						6020	Another person	i
153	358	Refrigeration Service Machinery	7	4.03	400 991	Cut, laceration, puncture Multiple injuries Heart conditions Burn (chemical)	2 2 2 1	699 905 1001 1700	Pumps Containers Alcohols Boots, shoes, etc. Flame, fire, smoke Machines	2 1 1 1 1
154	561	Men's Clothing and Furnishings	5	3.99	1	Heart conditions Cut, laceration, puncture	3 2	2245 4120 5620	Boxes, crates, cartons Knife Bullets Highway vehicles Heart failure	1 1 1 1
155	541	Grocery Stores	88	3.94	991 400 210 160 310 995 240 280 572	Cut, laceration, puncture Heart conditions Multiple injuries Fracture Contusion, crushing Sprains, strains Other injury, n.e.c. Effects of heat exposure Pneumoconiosis Influenza, pneumonia Nonclassifiable	35 28 100 5 2 2 2 2 1 1 1	630 5620 2245 6010 1840 6020 88000 5631 5810 530 699 999 1120 2299 2400 4020 4140 5610	Bullets Boxes, crates, cartons Highway vehicles Knife Heart failure Meats and meat products Another person Miscellaneous Nonclassifiable Handtrucks, dollies, etc. Ground Pressure lines Containers Chemicals and compounds Crude, fuel oil Tables Hand tools, not powered Heat Chains, ropes, cables Pipe Aircraft Working surfaces	29 13 11 4 4 4 3 3 3 3 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
156	516	Chemicals and Allied Products	5	3.91	120 274	Multiple injuries Burn (heat) Influenza, pneumonia, etc. Heart conditions	2 1 1 1	999 1700	Acids Chemicals and compounds Flame, fire, smoke Plastic items	1 1 1

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry				Nature Of Injury Or Illness			Source Of Injury Or Illnes	3
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
156	516	Chemicals and Allied Products (Cont.)						5620	Highway vehicles	1
157	386	Photographic Equipment and Supplies	5	3.86	283 400 551	Toxic systemic poisoning Asbestosis Multiple injuries Malignant tumor Nonclassifiable	1 1 1 1	5610	Chemicals Aircraft Chemicals and compounds	2 2 1
158	342	Cuttery, Hand Tools, Hardware	6	3.82		Multiple injuries Cut, laceration, puncture	2	3100 4120 6020	Highway vehicles Buffers, sanders, grinders Bullets Another person Nonclassifiable	2 1 1 1
159	225	Kaiting Mills	8	3.75	991 120	Fracture Heart conditions Burn (heat) Respiratory conditions	3 3 1 1	2399 2999 3999 5500 5800 5801	Bundles, bales Hand tools, powered Other liquids Machines Textile items Working surfaces Floor Heart failure	1 1 1 1 1 1
160		Engineering, Architectural Services	22	3.67	991 110 200 210 999	Multiple injuries Heart conditions Asphyxia, strangulation Electric shock Fracture Nonclassifiable	8 7 3 2 1 1	6010 1599 2910 600 799 5610 8800	Highway vehicles Heart failure Electrical apparatus Water Boxes, containers, packages Buildings and structures Aircraft Miscellaneous	10 4 2 2 1 1 1
161		Cement, Hydraulic	1	3.61	1	Multiple injuries	1	Į.	Floor	1
162		Advertising	6	3.60	991	Multiple injuries Heart conditions	2	5610 5810 6010	Highway vehicles Hand tools, not powered Aircraft Ground Heart failure	2 1 1 1
163	234	: Women's and Children's Underwear	3	3.54		Heart conditions Fracture	1	5801	Bundles, bales Floor Miscellaneous	1

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry				Nature Of Injury Or Illnes	is .		Source Of Injury Or Illne.	55
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
164	283	Drugs	7	3.51		Asbestosis Multiple injuries	2 2		Mineral items, nonmetallic Boxes, crates, cartons	2
					1	Asphyxia, strangulation	1		Chemicals and compounds	1
					160	Contusion, crushing	1	2910	Water	1
					271	Toxic systemic poisoning	1		Highway vehicles	1
165	824	Correspondence and Vocational Schools	2	3.44	400	Multiple injuries	1	1	Office machines	1
						Heart conditions	1	1 -	Highway vehicles	ī
166	783	Motion Picture Theaters	4	3.43	210	Fracture	2	3000	Machines	1
					170	Cut, laceration, puncture	1	4120	Bullets	ı
					991	Heart conditions	1		Highway vehicles	1
								5801	Floor	1
167	478	Miscellaneous Transportation Services	3	3.42	160	Contusion, crushing	1	695	Containers	1
					400	Multiple injuries	1	2610	Cranes, derricks	1
					991	Heart conditions	1	3300	Earth moving machines	1
168	349	Miscellaneous Metal Products	8	3.34	400	Multiple injuries	3		Highway vehicles	2
					110	Asphyxia, strangulation	1		Halogenated compounds	1
					1	Tuberculosis	1		Switches, circuit breakers	1
					1	Cut, laceration, puncture	1		Infectious parasites	I
						Electric shock	i		Molds	1
					286	Silicosis	1		Silica	1
					ĺ			,	Working surfaces	1
169	278	Blankbooks and Book Binding	2	3.13	1	Heart conditions	1		Highway vehicles	1
					995	Other injury, n.e.c.	1	9800	Nonclassifiable	1
170	523	Paint, Glass, and Wallpaper Stores	2	3.13	280	Pneumoconiosis	1	630	Boxes, crates, cartons	ı
					400	Multiple injuries	1	965	Glue	1
171	254	Partitions and Fixtures	2	3.13	200	Electric shock	1	1515	Conductors	1
					991	Heart conditions	1	1901	Cabinets, bookcases, etc.	1
172	259	Miscellaneous Furniture, Fixtures	1	3.12	991	Heart conditions	1	8800	Miscellaneous	1
173	314	Footwear, Except Rubber	4	3.11	400	Multiple injuries	2	2620	Elevators	1
					991	Heart conditions	2	3900	Stitching, sewing machines	1
					ì			5899	Working surfaces	1
					j			6010	Heart failure	1
174	543	Fruit and Vegetable Markets	4	3.11	991	Heart conditions	2	630	Boxes, crates, cartons	1
					170	Cut, laceration, puncture	1		Bullets	1
					200	Electric shock	ı	5810	Ground	1

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry				Nature Of Injury Or Illnes.	5		Source Of Injury Or Illnes	is .
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
174	543	Fruit and Vegetable Markets (Cont.)						8800	Miscellaneous	1
175	701	Hotels, Motels, and Tourist Courts	35	3.10	170	Cut, laceration, puncture	12	4120	Bullets	8
					210	Fracture	8	1700	Flame, fire, smoke	3
					991	Heart conditions	6	699	Containers	2
					120	Burn (heat)	3	3050	Agricultural machines	2
					999	Nonclassifiable	2	5801	Floor	2
					110	Asphyxia, strangulation	1	6010	Heart failure	2
					140	Concussion	1	6020	Another person	2
						Multiple injuries	1		Walls, fences	1
					990	Occupational disease	1		Grains and grain products	1
					1				Meats and meat products	1
					1				Food products	1
					1				Knife	1
					1				Water	1
					1				Chains, ropes, cables	1
									Molds	1
					1				Mineral items, nonmetallic	I
					1				Highway vehicles	1
									Working surfaces	!
									Stairs, steps	i
					1				Street, road	:
					1			1	Nonclassifiable	I
176	594	Miscellaneous Shopping Goods Stores	20	3.07	1	Cut, laceration, puncture	6	1) Bullets	5
						Heart conditions	6		Highway vehicles	4
						Concussion	2		Boxes, crates, cartons	1
						Fracture	2	1	Reels, rolls	i
						Multiple injuries	2		Electric apparatus	1
						Asphyxia, strangulation	1		Furniture, fixtures	1
					510	Cerebrovascular conditions	1	•) Water	1
					i				Mineral items, nonmetallic	1
					1				Paper and pulp items	1
								1) Ground	1
					1				Heart failure	1
									Another person	i
					1) Miscellaneous	1
177	343	Plumbing and Heating, except Electrical	2	3.05		Silicosis	1	4) Silica	1
					287	Other pneumoconioses	1	880) Miscellaneous	1

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry			Nature Of Injury Or Illnes	S	Source Of Injury Or Illnes	rs:
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths C	Code Definition	Deaths
178	348	Ordnance and Accessories	2	3.05	991 Heart conditions 999 Nonclassifiable		3000 Mechines 6010 Heart failure	i i
179	335	Nonferrous Rolling and Drawing	6	3.03	210 Fracture 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 140 Concussion 400 Multiple injuries 991 Heart conditions	! ! !	3999 Machines 705 Doors, gates 4150 Metal parts, except auto 5610 Aircraft 5638 Powered towing vehicles	2 1 1 1
180	492	Gas Production and Distribution	5	3.01	210 Fracture 400 Multiple injuries 999 Nonclassifiable	3 1 1	5620 Highway vehicles	5
181	539	General Merchandise Stores	4	2.99	400 Multiple injuries 999 Nonclassifiable	1	4120 Bullets 5620 Highway vehicles 6210 Tires 9800 Nonclassifiable	1 1 1
182	655	Subdividers and Developers	4	2.97	200 Electric shock 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 400 Multiple injuries	1	1500 Electric apparatus 1515 Conductors 4120 Bullets 5640 Rail vehicles	1 1 1
183	782	Cinema Distribution and Services	2	2.97	400 Multiple injuries 991 Heart conditions		5620 Highway vehicles 6010 Heart failure	1 1
184	373	Ship and Boat Building and Repair	6	2.94	400 Multiple injuries 120 Burn (heat) 283 Asbestosis 550 Neoplasm, tumor 999 Nonclassifiable	1 1	5620 Highway vehicles 8800 Miscellaneous 3000 Machines 4130 Molten metal	2 2 1 1
185	764	Upholstery, and Furniture Repair	4	2.93	210 Fracture 271 Toxic systemic poisoning 572 Influenza, pneumonia 991 Heart conditions		950 Halogenated compounds 1900 Furniture, fixtures 5800 Working surfaces	2 1 1
186	371	Motor Vehicles and Equipment	23	2.91	400 Multiple injuries 991 Heart conditions 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 210 Fracture 999 Nonclassifiable 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 150 Infective disease 160 Contusion, crushing	3 2 2 2 1 1	5801 Floor 5620 Highway vehicles 5635 Forklifts, stackers, etc. 6010 Heart failure 4300 Mineral items, nonmetallic 5899 Working surfaces 670 Tanks, bins, etc. 1700 Flame, fire, smoke	4 3 3 3 2 2 1 1

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry				Nature Of Injury Or Iline	\$5		Source Of Injury Or Illnes	75
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
186	371	Motor Vehicles and Equipment (Cont.)			280	Electric shock Prieumoconiosis Influenza, pneumonia	1 1 1	4600 5070	Crushing machines Particles (unidentified) Arc-welding equipment Water vehicles	1 1 1
187	222	Weaving Mills, Synthetics	3	2.87		Nonclassifiable Concussion	2 1	5620 5801	Highway vehicles Floor Ground	1 1 1
188	395	Office and Art Supplies	1	2.81	991	Heart conditions	1	630	Boxes, crates, cartons	1
189	306	Fabricated Rubber Products	3	2.80	271	Burn (heat) Toxic systemic poisoning Nonclassifiable	1 1 1	5400	Chemicals and compounds Steam Working surfaces	1 1 1
190	733	Mailing, Reproduction, Stenographic	4	2.74	240 991	Cut, laceration, puncture Effects of heat exposure Heart conditions Nonclassifiable	1 1 1 1	3150 4120	Tables Forging, welding machines Rullets Highway vehicles	1 1 1 1
191	362	Electrical Industrial Apparatus	6	2.74	400 160	Cut, laceration, puncture Multiple injuries Contusion, crushing Silicosis	2 2 1 1	4125 4199 4200 5620	Powered conveyors Molds Metal items Mineral items, metallic Highway vehicles Forklifts, stackers, etc.	1 1 1 1 1
192	231	Men's and Boys' Suits and Coats	2	2.72	991	Heart conditions	2		Apparel Metal items	1 1
193	322	Glasswear, Pressed or Blown	3	2.70	400	Electric shock Multiple injuries Nonclassifiable	1 1 1	5620	Motors Highway vehicles Nonclassifiable	t 1 1
194	446	Water Transportation Services	3	2.69		Fracture Heart conditions	2 1	5635	Boxes, crates, cartons Forklifts, stackers, etc. Skids, pallets	1 1 1
195	603	Mutual Savings Banks	2	2.66		Cut, laceration, puncture Heart conditions	1 1		Bullets Highway vehicles	1
196	423	Trucking Terminal Facilities	1	2.64	120	Burn (heat)	1	5620	Highway vehicles	1
197	621	Security Brokers and Dealers	6	2.62	160 400	Practure Contusion, crushing Multiple injuries Cerebrovascular conditions	2 1 1 1	400 1930	Highway vehicles Hodily motion Desks Working surfaces	2 1 1 1

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry				Nature Of Injury Or Ilines	5		Source Of Injury Or Ilines	rz.
Rank		Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
197	621	Security Brokers and Dealers (Cont.)			991	Heart conditions	1	6010	Heart failure	i
198	864	Civic and Social Associations	9	2.62	110	Asphyxia, strangulation	2	2910	Water	2
					170	Cut, laceration, puncture	2	5840	Stairs, steps	2
					991	Heart conditions	2	630	Boxes, crates, cartons	1
					1	Electric shock	1		Conductors	ı
						Fracture	1		Bullets	1
					995	Other injury, n.e.c.	l		Floor	1
					l				Nonclassifiable	1
19 9	472	Arrangement of Transport	4	2.61		Burn (heat)	l		Highway vehicles	2
						Cut, laceration, puncture	1		Bullets	1
						Heart conditions	ı	6010	Heart failure	i
					999	Nonclassifiable	1	1		
200	361	Electric Distributing Equipment	3	2.58	160	Contusion, crushing	1	1599	Electrical apparatus	1
					200	Electric shock	I		Highway vehicles	1
					999	Nonclassifiable	1	5635	Forklifts, stackers, etc.	1
201	839	Social Services, n.e.c.	6	2.57	400	Multiple injuries	2	5620	Highway vehicles	4
					110	Asphyxia, strangulation	1	660	Bundles, bales	1
					210	Fracture	1	2910	Water	i
					991	Heart conditions	1			
					999	Nonclassifiable	1			
202	385	Ophthalmic Goods	1	2.41	400	Multiple injuries	1	5830	Sidewalks, paths, walkways	1
203	832	Individual and Family Services	6	2.39	210	Fracture	3	5800	Working surfaces	2
					991	Heart conditions	2	630	Boxes, crates, cartons	1
					510	Cerebrovascular conditions	1	5801	Floor	1
					1			6010	Heart failure	1
					1			9800	Nonclassifiable	1
204	527	Mobile Home Dealers	4	2.39	400	Multiple injuries	2	5620	Highway vehicles	2
					999	Nonclassifiable	2	5610	Aircraft	i
					1			9800	Nonclassifiable	1
205	615	Business Credit Institutions	1	2.37	140	Concussion	1	5620	Highway vehicles	1
206	781	Cinema Production and Services	2	2.32	210	Fracture	1	1501	Motors	1
			_		1	Heart conditions	i		Street, road	i
207	633	Fire, Marine, and Casualty Insurance	11	2.30	1	Multiple injuries	3	l	Highway vehicles	6
207	0,,,	a mo, manage and Casanty Injurante	•••	2.50		Fracture	2		Nonclassifiable	2
					1	Heart conditions	2		Desks	í
					1	Contusion, crushing	1		Heart failure	i

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry				Nature Of Injury Or Illness	s _	Source Of Injury Or Illne.	ss
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code Definition	Deaths
207	633	Fire, Marine, and Casualty Insurance (Cont.)			510	Cut, laceration, puncture Cerebrovascular conditions Nonclassifiable	1 1 1	6020 Another person	1
208	596	Nonstore Retailers	6	2.25	120 140 400	Heart conditions Burn (heat) Concussion Multiple injuries Nonclassifiable	2 1 1 1	5620 Highway vehicles 630 Boxes, crates, cartons 999 Chemicals and compounds 5730 Skids, pallets	3 1 1 1
209	861	Business Associations	2	2.20		Multiple injuries Heart conditions	1 1	5620 Highway vehicles 6010 Heart failure	i 1
210	396	Costume Jewelry and Notions	1	2.16	210	Fracture	1	5801 Floor	1
211	359	Miscellaneous Machinery, except Electrical	6	2.15	210 250 271	Heart conditions Fracture Hernia, rupture Toxic systemic poisoning Nonclassifiable	2 1 1 1	4199 Metal items 950 Halogenated compounds 6010 Heart failure 6020 Another person 9800 Nonclassifiable	2 1 1 1
212	213	Chewing and Smoking Tobacco	2	2.15	120	Burn (heat)	2	5400 Steam	2
213	279	Printing Trade Services	1	2.14	991	Heart conditions	1	6010 Heart failure	ł
214	481	Telephone Communication	21	2.13	991 120 160 400 200	Fracture Heart conditions Burn (heat) Contusion, crushing Multiple injuries Electric shock Nonclassifiable	8 5 2 2 2 1 1	5620 Highway vehicles 1515 Conductors 1700 Fiame, fire, smoke 5810 Ground 6010 Heart failure 400 Bodily motion 630 Boxes, crates, cartons 2641 Air hoist 5749 Wood items 5845 Street, road	8 2 2 2 2 1 1 1
215	565	Family Clothing Stores	4	2.09	310	Cut, laceration, puncture Sprains, strains Nonclassifiable	2 1 1	2245 Knife 5610 Aircraft 5801 Floor 9800 Nonclassifiable	1 1 1
216	272	Periodicals	2	2.08	400	Multiple injuries	2	5610 Aircraft 5620 Highway vehicles	1

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry			Nature Of Injury Or Illnes	3	Source Of Injury Or Illne.	55
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths Co.	de Definition	Deaths
217	365	Radio and TV Receiving Equipment	2	2.07	140 Concussion 991 Heart conditions		99 Machines 01 Floor	1
218	131	Crude Oil and Natural Gas	5	2.07	400 Multiple injuries 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 210 Fracture	1 5	20 Highway vehicles 30 Pressure lines 50 Drilling, turning machines	3 1 1
219	275	Commercial Printing	9	2.01	991 Heart conditions 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 210 Fracture 274 Influenza, pneumonia, etc. 999 Nonclassifiable	2 41 1 56 1 6	30 Boxes, crates, cartons 20 Bullets 20 Highway vehicles 60 Bundles, bales 65 Reels, rolls 00 Chemicals	2 2 2 1 1
220	78	Landscape, Horticultural Services	18	1.98	210 Fracture 400 Multiple injuries 991 Heart conditions 160 Contusion, crushing 200 Electric shock 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 140 Concussion 999 Nonclassifiable	3 22 3 43 2 47 2 58 1 6 1 15 1 15 23 26	20 Highway vehicles 90 Shovel, spade 00 Mineral items, nonmetallic 00 Plants, trees, vegetation 10 Ground 99 Containers 15 Conductors 99 Electrical apparatus 99 Hand tools, powered 10 Cranes, derricks 00 Earth moving machines	4 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1
221	357	Office and Computing Machines	9	1.98	210 Fracture 991 Heart conditions 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 270 Systemic poisoning 400 Multiple injuries 551 Malignant tumor 999 Nonclassifiable	2 6 1 9 1 41 1 51	20 Highway vehicles 99 Containers 00 Chemicals 20 Bullets 00 Soaps, detergents, cleaners 00 Working surfaces	4 1 1 1 1
222	273	Beaks	2	1.93	110 Asphyxia, strangulation 210 Fracture		00 Flame, fire, smoke 20 Highway vehicles	1 1
223	121	Bituminous Coal and Lignite	23	1.92	400 Multiple injuries 210 Fracture 271 Toxic systemic poisoning 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 160 Contusion, crushing 200 Electric shock	5 11 3 33 2 11 1 33	00 Mineral items, nonmetallic 40 Hydrocarbon gases 00 Earth moving machines 01 Coal 50 Mining machinery 115 Conductors	7 3 3 2 2 1

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry			Nature Of Injury Or Ilines	ss	Source Of Injury Or Illne	255
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths Co	de Definition	Deaths
223	121	Bituminous Coal and Lignite (Cont.)			310 Sprains, strains	26 56 56	60 Screwdriver, bolt setter 20 Elevators 20 Highway vehicles 40 Rail vehicles 10 Ground	i l l l
224	635	Surety Insurance	1	1.90	400 Multiple injuries	1 56	40 Rail vehicles	1
225	369	Electrical Equipment and Supplies	3	1.89	991 Heart conditions 210 Fracture	1 60	99 Working surfaces 10 Heart failure 00 Nonclassifiable	1 1 1
226	227	Floor Covering Mills	1	1.83	210 Fracture	1 58	01 Floor	1
227	394	Toys and Sporting Goods	2	1.81	400 Multiple injuries 991 Heart conditions	. ,	01 Floor 00 Miscellaneous	1 1
228	461	Pipe Lines, except Natural Gas	2	1.67	120 Burn (heat) 400 Multiple injuries		00 Flame, fire, smoke 20 Highway vehicles	1 1
229	562	: Women's Ready-to-Wear Stores	6	1.65	991 Heart conditions 140 Concussion 210 Fracture 400 Multiple injuries	1 50 1 50 5 5	30 Boxes, crates, cartons 05 Doors, gates i10 Aircraft 20 Highway vehicles 30 Skids, pallets 110 Heart failure	! ! ! !
230	833	Job Training and Related Services	3	1.59	210 Fracture 400 Multiple injuries 991 Heart conditions		20 Highway vehicles 110 Heart failure	2 1
231	736	Personnel Supply Services	11	1.56	400 Multiple injuries 999 Nonclassifiable 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 120 Burn (heat) 160 Contusion, crushing 210 Fracture 995 Other injury, n.e.c.	2 2: 1 2: 1 5: 1 5: 1 5: 1 6:	i20 Highway vehicles i20 Elevators 10 Water 335 Forklifts, stackers, etc. i40 Rail vehicles 110 Ground 110 Heart failure i00 Miscellaneous	4 1 1 1 1 1
232	221	Weaving Mills, Cotton	2	1.56	200 Electric shock 400 Multiple injuries		950 Weaving, spinning machine 620 Highway vehicles	s 1
233	382	2 Measuring and Controlling Devices	4	1.55	400 Multiple injuries 210 Fracture 283 Asbestosis	1 4	510 Cranes, derricks 500 Mineral items, nonmetallic 520 Highway vehicles	1 1 1

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

	Industry			Nature Of Injury Or Illnes	ss		Source Of Injury Or Illnes	s
Rank	Code Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
233	382 Measuring and Controlling Devices (Cont.)					5631	Handtrucks, dollies, etc.	
234	364 Electrical Lighting and Wiring Equipment	3	1.47	210 Fracture 572 Influenza, pneumonia	2 1	5800	Glue Working surfaces Ground	
235	552 Used Car Dealers	4	1.43	120 Burn (heat) 200 Electric shock 210 Fracture 400 Multiple injuries	1 1 1	3150 5610	Flame, fire, smoke Forging, welding machines Aircraft Working surfaces	
236	602 Commercial and Stock Savings Banks	21	1.42	210 Fracture 400 Multiple injuries 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 991 Heart conditions 120 Burn (heat) 200 Electric shock 260 Inflammation of joints 274 Influenza, pneumonia, etc. 310 Sprains, strains	5 3 3 1 1 1	5801 4120 5610 5620 6010 1515 5810 5830 5840 5840	Miscellaneous Floor Bullets Aircraft Highway vehicles Heart failure Conductors Ground Sidewalks, paths, walkways Stairs, steps Street, road Another person	
237	637 Pension, Health, and Welfare Funds	2	1.36	991 Heart conditions	2	6010	Heart failure	
238	822 Colleges and Universities	10	1.32	991 Heart conditions 160 Contusion, crushing 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 272 Blood disease 400 Multiple injuries 999 Nonclassifiable	5 1 1 1	5000 5610 5620	Heart failure Bundles, bales Furniture, fixtures Radiating substances Aircraft Highway vehicles Floor	
239	632 Medical and Health Insurance	2	1.32	400 Multiple injuries 991 Heart conditions.	1 1		Boxes, crates, cartons Highway vehicles	
240	384 Medical Instruments and Supplies	2	1.25	400 Multiple injuries 551 Malignant tumor	1 1	•	Mineral items, nonmetallic Aircraft	
241	555 Boat Dealers	2	1.21	210 Fracture	2	9800	Nonciassifiable	
242	354 Metal Working Machinery	4	1.20	400 Multiple injuries 160 Contusion, crushing 170 Cut, laceration, puncture	2 1 1	3000	Conductors Machines Bullets	

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry				Nature Of Injury Or Illnes	s		Source Of Injury Or Illi	iess
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
242	354	Metal Working Machinery (Cont.)						5801	Floor	1
243	805	Nursing, and Care Facilities	13	1.19	991	Heart conditions	3	9800	Nonclassifiable	3
		•			310	Sprains, strains	2	5610	Aircraft	2
					400	Multiple injuries	2	6020	Another person	2
					510	Cerebrovascular conditions	2	630	Boxes, crates, cartons	1
					100	Amputation or enucleation	1	1599	Electrical apparatus	1
					140	Concussion	1	2295	Wrench	1
					330	Hepatitis	1	2700	Infectious parasites	1
					999	Nonclassifiable	1	5801	Floor	1
								6010	Heart failure	1
244	531	Department Stores	22	1.16	400	Multiple injuries	5	5620	Highway vehicles	5
						Heart conditions	5		Bullets	3
						Fracture	3	1	Floor	3
					170	Cut, laceration, puncture	2	1999	Furniture, fixtures	2
						Sprains, strains	2	6020	Another person	2
						Nonclassifiable	2	755	Walls, fences	1
					140	Concussion	1	1910	Chairs, benches, etc.	1
					159	Other infective disease	1	2500	Heating equipment	1
					160	Contusion, crushing	1	2620	Elevators	1
						· -		2700	Infectious parasites	1
					1			5635	Forklifts, stackers, etc.	1
					1			5800	Working surfaces	1
245	591	Drug and Proprietary Stores	6	1.16	991	Heart conditions	4	630	Boxes, crates, cartons	3
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			170	Cut, laceration, puncture	1		Bullets	1
						Hernia, rupture	1	5840	Stairs, steps	I
]			1	Miscellaneous	1
246	836	Residential Care	3	1.14	1 110	Asphyxia strangulation	1	400	Bodily motion	1
240	050	Randell (La) C	,	1.14		Cerebrovascular conditions	i		Water	i
					1	Heart conditions		1	Nonclassifiable	ì
247		* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6							
247	031	Life Insurance	6	1.12	,	Multiple injuries	3		Aircraft	2 2
						Burn (heat)			Highway vehicles Ground	
						Fracture) Heart failure	1
						Heart conditions	1	1		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
248	806	i Hospitals	31	1.08		Heart conditions	8		Another person	5
) Fracture	5	1	Nonclassifiable	4
						Cut, laceration, puncture	3	1) Bullets	3
					160	Contusion, crushing	2	5801	Floor	3

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

_		Industry			Nature Of Injury Or Illi	ess	Source Of Injury Or Iline	55
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths	Code Definition	Deaths
248	806	Hospitals (Cont.)			190 Dislocation 330 Hepatitis 400 Multiple injuries	2 2 2	2700 Infectious parasites 5620 Highway vehicles 6010 Heart failure	2 2 2
					999 Nonclassifiable 120 Burn (heat)	2 1	501 Boilers 699 Containers	1
					140 Concussion 274 Influenza, pneumonia, etc. 283 Asbestosis 310 Sprains, strains	1 1 1	755 Walls, fences 1700 Flame, fire, smoke 1920 Counters, benches, etc. 1970 Tables	1 1 1
							2295 Wrench 4300 Mineral items, nonmetallic 5810 Ground 5840 Stairs, steps	1 1 1
249	612	Savings and Loan Associations	3	1.03	110 Asphyxia, strangulation 400 Multiple injuries 991 Heart conditions	1 1	3999 Machines 6020 Another person 9800 Nonclassifiable	1 1 1
250	367	Electronic Components and Accessories	6	1.02	991 Heart conditions 283 Asbestosis 287 Other pneumoconioses 400 Multiple injuries 999 Nonclassifiable	2 1 1 1 1	9800 Nonclassifiable 999 Chemicals and compounds 3000 Machines 4115 Beams, bars 4200 Mineral items, metallic	2 1 1 1
251	892	Noncommercial Research Organizations	1	1.01	991 Heart conditions	1	4500 Paper and pulp items	1
252	737	Computer and Data Processing Services	4	1.00	400 Multiple injuries 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 210 Fracture	2 1 1	5620 Highway vehicles 4120 Bullets	3 1
253	793	Bowling and Billiards	ı	0.99	210 Fracture	1	5800 Working surfaces	1
254	345	Screw Machine Products, Bolts, etc.	ì	0.98	400 Multiple injuries	1	5610 Aircraft	1
255	614	Personal Credit Institutions	2	0.96	210 Fracture 991 Heart conditions	I 1	9800 Nonclassifiable	2
256	807	Medical and Dental Labs	1	0.95	274 Influenza, pneumonia, etc.	1	900 Chemicals	1
257	616	Mortgage Bankers and Brokers	1	0.95	400 Multiple injuries	1	5620 Highway vehicles	1
258	549	Miscellaneous Food Stores	2	0.94	210 Fracture 991 Heart conditions	1 1	630 Boxes, crates, cartons 5620 Highway vehicles	1
259	366	Communication Equipment	5	0.90	170 Cut, laceration, puncture 310 Sprains, strains 400 Multiple injuries	1 1 1	5620 Highway vehicles 665 Reels, rolls 4120 Bullets	2 1 1

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry				Nature Of Injury Or Illnes	is		Source Of Injury Or Illne	ss
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
259	366	Communication Equipment (Cont.)			1	Heart conditions Nonclassifiable	1 1	9800	Nonclassifiable	1
260	232	Men's and Boys' Furnishings	3	0.88	572	Electric shock Influenza, pneumonia Nonclassifiable	1 1 1	1599	Chemicals and compounds Electrical apparatus Highway vehicles	! 1 !
261	263	Paperboard Mills	3	0.83	160	Burn (heat) Contusion, crushing Fracture	1 1 1	4130	Bundles, bales Molten metal Highway vehicles	l 1 1
262	801	Offices of Physicians	7	0.83	159 400 540 551	Cut, laceration, puncture Other infective disease Multiple injuries Mental disorders Malignant tumor Nonclassifiable	2 1 1 1 1	2700 4135 5080 5600 6010	Knife Infectious parasites Nails, spikes, etc. X-ray equipment Vehicles Heart failure Nonclassifiable	1 1 1 1 3
263	802	Offices of Dentists	3	0.78	400	Contusion, crushing Multiple injuries Nonclassifiable	1 1 1		Highway vehicles Lighting equipment	1
264	671	Holding Offices	3	0.72	1	Multiple injuries Heart conditions	2 1		Highway vehicles Bodily motion	2 1
265	792	Orchestras and Entertainers	4	0.70	991	Multiple injuries Heart conditions Nonclassifiable	2 1 1		Highway vehicles Bodity motion	3 1
266	724	Barber Shops	1	0.70	210	Fracture	1	701	Buildings	1
267	723	Beauty Shops	2	0.65	1	Influenza, pneumonia, etc. Heart conditions	1 1		Doors, gates Cosmetics	1 1
268	835	Child Day Care Services	2	0.64	170	Cut, laceration, puncture	2	4120	Builets	2
269	363	Household Appliances	1	0.64	120	Burn (heat)	1	699	Containers	1
270	372	Aircraft and Parts	4	0.63	210	Heart conditions Fracture Multiple injuries	2 1 1	5620 5810) Hammer, sledge, mallet) Highway vehicles) Ground) Nonclassifiable	1 1 1 1
271	893	Accounting, Auditing, and Bookkeeping	2	0.56		Heart conditions Nonclassifiable	1 1	1) Ground) Nonclassifiable	1 1
272	563	Women's Specialty Stores	1	0.52	170	Cut, laceration, puncture	1	2245	Knife	1

Code Definition

Nature Of Injury Or Illness

Source Of Injury Or Illness

Deaths

37

12

Deaths Code Definition

5620 Highway vehicles 8800 Miscellaneous 5620 Highway vehicles 5610 Aircraft 6010 Heart failure 630 Boxes, crates, cartons 699 Containers 1999 Furniture, fixtures 4120 Bullets 4600 Particles (unidentified) 5845 Street, road 9800 Nonclassifiable 910 Alkalies 6010 Heart failure 5620 Highway vehicles 5810 Ground 4120 Bullets

5620 Highway vehicles

4600 Particles (unidentified)
5610 Aircraft
400 Bodily motion
610 Pots and pans
615 Cans
660 Bundles, bales
670 Tanks, bins, etc.
1140 Hydrocarbon gases

9800 Nonclassifiable
630 Boxes, crates, cartons
699 Containers
6010 Heart failure
6020 Another person
8800 Miscellaneous
2910 Water
5801 Floor
1700 Flame, fire, smoke
2245 Knife
1970 Tables

273	808 Outpatient Care Facilities	1	0.50	210 Fracture	1
274	261 Pulp Mills	1	0.50	995 Other injury, n.e.c.	1
275	641 Insurance Agents, Brokers, and Services	15	0.50	991 Heart conditions 400 Multiple injuries 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 210 Fracture 572 Influenza, pneumonia 999 Nonclassifiable	6 4 2 1 1
276 277	754 Auto Services, except Repair 862 Professional Organizations	2	0.45	279 Toxic effects, one system 991 Heart conditions 210 Fracture	1
278	673 Trusts		0.44	140 Concussion	1
279	581 Eating and Drinking Places	123	0.40	170 Cut, laceration, puncture 991 Heart conditions 210 Fracture 400 Multiple injuries 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 999 Nonclassifiable 120 Burn (heat) 160 Contusion, crushing 190 Dislocation 274 Influenza, pneumonia, etc. 286 Silicosis 572 Influenza, pneumonia	52 35 9 8 6 4 3 2 1

Deaths

Rate

Industry

Rank Code Definition

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry			Nature Of Injury Or Illness	s ·	Source Of Injury Or Illne	22
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths	Code Definition	Deaths
279	581	Eating and Drinking Places (Cont.)					1820 Grains and grain products 2200 Hand tools, not powered 2500 Heating equipment 2620 Elevators 2699 Hoisting apparatus 4020 Chains, ropes, cables 4199 Metal items 5720 Lumber	1 1 1 1 1 1 1
280	811	Legal Services	13	0.37	991 Heart conditions 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 400 Multiple injuries 999 Nonclassifiable 160 Contusion, crushing 210 Fracture 540 Mental disorders	4 2 2 2 1 1 1	5840 Stairs, steps 4120 Bullets 5610 Aircraft 5620 Highway vehicles 400 Bodily motion 605 Bags 1170 Manufactured gases 4500 Paper and pulp items 5800 Working surfaces 5840 Stairs, steps 6010 Heart failure	1 2 2 2 1 1 1 1
281	866	6 Religious Organizations	12	0.23	991 Heart conditions 400 Multiple injuries 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 160 Contusion, crushing 271 Toxic systemic poisoning 310 Sprains, strains 995 Other injury, n.e.c. 999 Nonclassifiable	4 2 1 1 1 1 1	5620 Highway vehicles 6010 Heart failure 250 Insects 630 Boxes, crates, cartons 2910 Water 5720 Lumber 5801 Floor 5840 Stairs, steps	1 4 2 1 1 1 1
282	804	Health Practitioners Office	1	0.13	991 Heart conditions	1	8800 Miscellaneous	1
283	401	Railroads	1	0.04	210 Fracture	1	5640 Rail vehicles	1
NA	15) General Farms, Crop Farms	50	NA	400 Multiple injuries 999 Nonclassifiable 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 200 Electric shock 160 Contusion, crushing 995 Other injury, n.e.c. 210 Fracture 991 Heart conditions	18 6 5 5 4 4 2 2	3050 Agricultural machines 5638 Powered towing vehicles 9800 Nonclassifiable 3300 Earth moving machines 5810 Ground 6010 Heart failure	11 7 4 4 3 3 2

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry				Nature Of Injury Or Illness			Source Of Injury Or Illne	35
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
NA	19	General Farms, Crop Farms (Cont.)		······	140	Concussion	1	201	Animals	1
					170	Cut, laceration, puncture	1		Doors, gates	i
					240	Effects of heat exposure	1	740	Scaffolds, staging, etc.	1
					260	Inflammation of joints	1	999	Chemicals and compounds	1
					1			1099	Apparel	1
					Į				Electric apparatus	1
					l			4	Conductors	1
					1				Grains and grain products	1
					1				Heat	1
					1				Heating equipment	1
								1	Water	1
					1			1	Metal items	1
					1				Forklifts, stackers, etc.	1
					1				Working surfaces	1
					1			8800	Miscellaneous	i
NA	999	Nonclassifiable	42	NA	991	Heart conditions	15	5600	Vehicles	4
					210	Fracture	9	5620	Highway vehicles	4
					999	Nonclassifiable	6	9800	Nonclassifiable	4
					400	Multiple injuries	3	665	Reels, rolls	2
					110	Asphyxia, strangulation	2	799	Buildings and structures	2
					170	Cut, laceration, puncture	2	1700	Flame, fire, smoke	2
					286	Silicosis	2	4115	Beams, bars	2
					310	Sprains, strains	2	5200	Silica	2
					200	Electric shock	1	5730	Skids, pallets	2
					l			6010	Heart failure	2
					1			530	Pressure lines	1
					1				Electrical apparatus	1
					1				Desks	1
					1			2000	Glass items	1
					1				Hand tools, not powered	1
					j				Hand tools, not powered	1
					1			2355	Saw	1
					1			4120	Bullets	1
					1				Metal items	1
					1				Plants, trees, vegetation	1
					Į.			5610) Aircraft	ŧ
					1			5700) Wood items	1
								580	Floor	1
					1			5810) Ground	1

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry				Nature Of Injury Or Illne:	rs		Source Of Injury Or Illne	
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths
NA	999	Nonclassifiable (Cont.)						_	Street, road Miscellaneous	1
NA	149	Miscellaneous Nonmetallic Minerals	32	NA	286 287 289 160 271 274	Pneumoconiosis Silicosis Other pneumoconioses Pneumoconiosis with TB Contusion, crushing Toxic systemic poisoning Influenza, pneumonia, etc.	14 7 4 2 1 1	999 4600 5200 935 4030 4200	Mineral items, nonmetallic Chemicals and compounds Particles (unidentified) Silica Carbon monoxide Drums, pulleys, sheaves Mineral items, metallic	16 5 4 3 1 1
NA	24	Dairy Farms	24	NA	991 400 210 110 160 120 200 270	Multiple injuries Heart conditions Multiple injuries Fracture Asphyxia, strangulation Contusion, crushing Burn (heat) Electric shock Systemic poisoning Toxic systemic poisoning	1 1 7 6 4 3 1 1 1	5620 3050 3995 5638 8800 201 900 933 995 1140 1700	Highway vehicles Highway vehicles Agricultural machines Machines Powered towing vehicles Miscellaneous Animals Chemicals Carbon monoxide Chemicals and compounds Hydrocarbon gases Flame, fire, smoke	6 3 3 3 2 1 1 1
NA	799	Miscellaneous Recreational Services	23	NA	991 210 170 200 110	Multiple injuries Heart conditions Fracture Cut, laceration, puncture Electric shock Asphyxia, strangulation Burn (heat) Nonclassifiable	7 5 4 2 2 1 1	5620 4120 6010 6100 699 750 1500 1700 2622 3999 4700 5610 580	DEATH moving machines Highway vehicles Bullets Heart failure Athletic equipment Containers Towers, poles, etc. Electric apparatus Flame, fire, smoke Hoists Machines Plants, trees, vegetation Aircraft Floor Ground	1 3 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

	Industry			Nature Of Injury Or Illn	ess	Source Of Injury Or Illnes	IS .
Rank	Code Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths	Code Definition	Deaths
NA	799 Miscellaneous Recreational Services (Cont.)					6500 Ice, snow 8800 Miscellaneous 9800 Nonclassifiable] t 1
NA	769 Miscellaneous Repair Shops	18	NA	400 Multiple injuries 991 Heart conditions 120 Burn (heat) 210 Fracture 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 200 Electric shock 283 Asbestosis 990 Occupational disease 995 Other injury, n.e.c.	5 3 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1	4300 Mineral items, nonmetallic 5620 Highway vehicles 1700 Flame, fire, smoke 999 Chemicals and compounds 1520 Switches, circuit breakers 4115 Beams, bars 4120 Bullets 4140 Pipe 4199 Metal items 5610 Aircraft 5810 Ground 6010 Heart failure 8800 Miscellaneous	3 3 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
NA	869 Membership Organizations, n.e.c.	12	NA	210 Fracture 271 Toxic systemic poisoning 400 Multiple injuries 991 Heart conditions 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 120 Burn (heat) 310 Sprains, strains	3 2 2 2 1 1 1	5620 Highway vehicles 935 Carbon monoxide 6010 Heart failure 1700 Flame, fire, smoke 3050 Agricultural machines 4300 Mineral items, nonmetallic	5 2 2 1 1
NA	452 Noncertified Air Transport	10	NA	400 Multiple injuries 120 Burn (heat) 210 Fracture	6 2 2	5610 Aircraft 1700 Flame, fire, smoke 5620 Highway vehicles	8 1 1
NA	18 Horticultural Specialties	9	NA	110 Asphyxia, strangulation 170 Cut, laceration, puncture 210 Fracture 400 Multiple injuries 510 Cerebrovascular conditions 995 Other injury, n.e.c.	2 2 2 1 1	2245 Knife 5620 Highway vehicles 2000 Glass items 2910 Water 5638 Powered towing vehicles 5899 Working surfaces 6010 Heart failure	2 2 1 1 1 1 1
NA	106 Ferroalloy Ores, except Vanadium	9	NA	400 Multiple injuries 110 Asphyxia, strangulation 120 Burn (heat) 210 Fracture	4 2 2 1	3350 Mining machinery 2910 Water 4200 Mineral items, metallic 4300 Mineral items, nonmetallic	3 2 1 1

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry			Nature Of Injur	y Or Iliness	Source Of Injury Or Illne	SS
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths C	ode Definition	Deaths
NA	106	Ferroalloy Ores, except Vanadium (Cont.)				1 -	810 Ground 800 Miscellaneous	1
NA	21	Livestock, except Dairy, etc.	8	NA	400 Multiple injuries 110 Asphyxia, strangu 170 Cut, laceration, pu 200 Electric shock 210 Fracture	lation 3 1 4 4 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1	i620 Highway vehicles 820 Grains and grain products 820 Bullets 1638 Powered towing vehicles 8810 Ground 8800 Miscellaneous	3 1 1 1 1
NA	108	Metal Mining Services	8	NA	400 Multiple injuries 160 Contusion, crushi 210 Fracture	ng 1 4	6610 Aircraft 1110 Automobile parts (metal) 5620 Highway vehicles 5801 Floor	5 1 1 1
NA	559	Automotive Dealers, n.e.c.	8	NA	400 Multiple injuries 999 Nonclassifiable 210 Fracture	2	5610 Aircraft 5620 Highway vehicles 5800 Working surfaces	6
NA	13	Field Crops, except Cash Grains	6	NA	400 Multiple injuries 110 Asphyxia, strangu 120 Burn (heat) 160 Contusion, crushi 210 Fracture	ulation 1	5620 Highway vehicles 1700 Flame, fire, smoke 2910 Water 5801 Floor	3 ! ! !
NA	17	Fruits and Tree Nuts	6	NA	110 Asphyxia, strangi 160 Contusion, crushi 210 Fracture 400 Multiple injuries 570 Respiratory cond 999 Nonclassifiable	ing 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1700 Flame, fire, smoke 2620 Elevators 1850 Shears, slitters, slicers 5620 Highway vehicles 5638 Powered towing vehicles	2 1 1 1
NA	85	5 Forestry Services	6	NA	400 Multiple injuries 110 Asphyxia, strang 999 Nonclassifiable	. 1	5610 Aircraft 5620 Highway vehicles	3
NA	881	Private Households	6	NA	400 Multiple injuries 991 Heart conditions 310 Sprains, strains 999 Nonclassifiable	2	5620 Highway vehicles 2290 Shovel, spade 5631 Handtrucks, dollies, etc. 5810 Ground	3 1 1
NA	593	8 Used Merchandise Stores	5	NA	991 Heart conditions 170 Cut, laceration, p 210 Fracture	uncture !	5620 Highway vehicles 1999 Furniture, fixtures 4120 Bullets	2 1 1

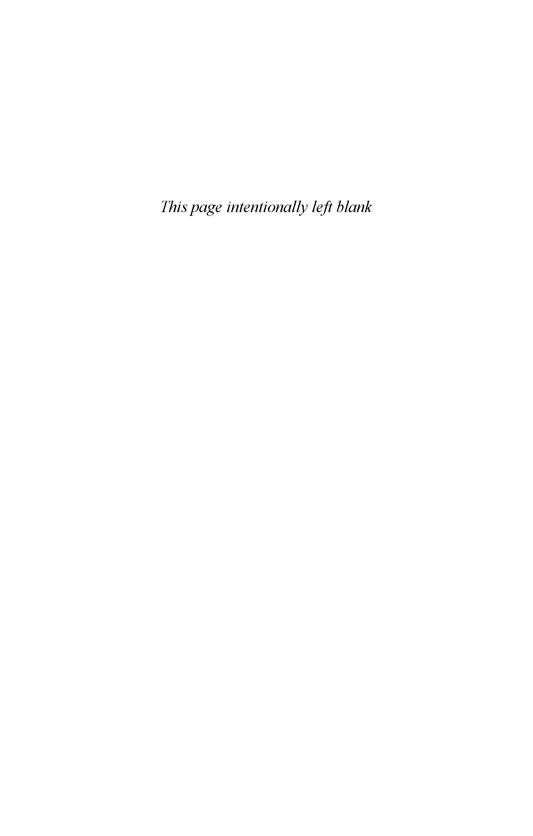
Table 5.1 (Cont.)

Industry				Nature Of Injury Or Illn	Nature Of Injury Or Illness		ess
Rank	Code Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code Definition	Deaths	Code Definition	Death
NA	593 Used Merchandise Stores (Cont.)			999 Nonclassifiable	1	6010 Heart failure	
NA	72 Crop Services	4	NA	999 Nonclassifiable	2	1599 Electrical apparatus	
				200 Electric shock	1	5620 Highway vehicles	
				400 Multiple injuries	1	5801 Floor	
						9800 Nonclassifiable	
NΑ	214 Tobacco Stemming, and Redrying	4	NA	210 Fracture	2	630 Boxes, crates, cartons	
				170 Cut, laceration, puncture	i	2400 Heat	
				240 Effects of heat exposure	1	4120 Bullets	
						5801 Floor	
NA	829 Schools and Educational Services	4	NA	999 Nonclassifiable	2	5610 Aircraft	
				210 Fracture	I	5620 Highway vehicles	
				400 Multiple injuries	1		
NA	75 Animal Services, except Veterinary	3	NA	400 Multiple injuries	2	201 Animals	
				210 Fracture	1	2500 Heating equipment	
						5620 Highway vehicles	
NA	109 Miscellaneous Metal Ores	3	NA	110 Asphyxia, strangulation	2	930 Carbon dioxide	
		_		551 Malignant tumor	1	5099 Radiating substances	
NA	266 Building Paper and Board Mills	3	NA	210 Fracture	2	5620 Highway vehicles	
	200 Salinard Albar and Salia in the	-		551 Malignant tumor	ĩ	5801 Floor	
				.	-	8800 Miscellaneous	
NA	605 Banking Functions	3	NA	170 Cut, laceration, puncture	,	4120 Bullets	
••••	oos saucions	,		210 Fracture	ī	5620 Highway vehicles	
NA	27 Animal Specialties	2	NA	110 Asphyxia, strangulation		201 Animals	
140	27 Animal Specianics	4	1474	999 Nonclassifiable	÷	2910 Water	
	(41 P)	•	314		:		
NA	141 Dimension Stone	2	NA	210 Fracture	3	100 Abnormal Air Pressure	
				400 Multiple injuries		3350 Mining machinery	
NA	489 Communication Services, n.e.c.	2	NA	210 Fracture	2	5610 Aircraft	
NA	497 Irrigation Systems	2	NA	400 Multiple injuries	1	799 Buildings and structures	
				999 Nonclassifiable	1	5620 Highway vehicles	
NA	628 Security, and Commodity Services	2	NA	110 Asphyxia, strangulation	1	2910 Water	
	•			160 Contusion, crushing	1	5810 Ground	
NA	679 Miscellaneous Investing	2	NA	400 Multiple injuries	1	3050 Agricultural machines	
	*	_		991 Heart conditions	;	6010 Heart failure	

Table 5.1 (Cont.)

		Industry				Nature Of Injury Or Illness			Source Of Injury Or Illness		
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	Rate	Code	Definition	Deaths	Code	Definition	Deaths	
NA	729	Miscellaneous Personal Services	2	NA	170	Cut, laceration, puncture	1	2245	Knife	1	
					991	Heart conditions	1	6010	Heart failure	1	
NA	899	Services, a.e.c.	2	NA	400	Multiple injuries	2	5620	Highway vehicles	2	
NA	105	Bauxite, Other Aluminum Ores	1	NA	400	Multiple injuries	1	5810	Ground	1	
NA	442	Deep Sea Domestic Transport	i	NA	991	Heart conditions	1	5749	Wood items	1	
NA	482	Telegraph Communication	1	NA	283	Asbestosis	1	4300	Mineral items, nonmetallic	1	
NA	601	Federal Reserve Banks	1	NA	170	Cut, laceration, puncture	1	4120	Bullets	ı	
NA	623	Security, Commodity Exchanges	1	NA	991	Heart conditions	1	630	Boxes, crates, cartons	1	
NA	735	News Syndicates	1	NA.	274	Influenza, pneumonia, etc.	1	900	Chemicals	1	
NA	809	Health and Allied Services	ì	NA	271	Toxic systemic poisoning	1	935	Carbon monoxide	1	
NA	841	Museums and Art Galleries	1	NA	991	Heart conditions	1	1900	Furniture, fixtures	1	
NA	842	Offices of Dentists	1	NA	400	Multiple injuries	1	201	Animals	1	
			4826				4826			4826	

n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified



Chapter 6

National Estimates and Causes of 5,498 Job-Related Deaths in 1979–81, 1983, 1985, 1986

NATIONAL ESTIMATES

The SDS data contain 5,498 deaths from 11 states from 1979-81, 1983, 1985, and 1986. This represents approximately 916.3 deaths per year. Given that, on average, the 7 to 11 states contributed 16.36 percent of U.S. employment, the annual estimate is 5,601 (916.3 / .1636 = 5,601). If 89 percent were injury deaths and 11 percent were disease deaths, then approximately 4,985 people die from injuries and 616 die from diseases each year. This annual U.S. estimate of 5,601 for injury and disease deaths is likely to be low for several reasons. The most important reason, however, is the exclusive reliance on WC records. If (1) WC records catch 43 percent of all injury deaths, 1 and if (2) 11 percent of the SDS deaths are disease deaths, including 4 percent due to heart failure, then our estimate of national job-related *injury* deaths is 11,593 for the years 1979-86:

$$\frac{5,601 \times .89}{.43} = 11,593$$

This 11,593 estimate exceeds the NIOSH, NTOF 7,000 per year estimate but is close to the 12,000 National Safety Council (1992) estimate for *injury* deaths for the same years.

CAUSE OF DEATH

The SDS allows three entries relating to cause of death: nature, source, and type. In this chapter these causes of death are analyzed for 5,498 deaths from 1979-86 across 11 states.

Nature of Injury or Illness

Table 6.1 indicates the rankings for all 5,498 deaths, according to the nature of the death as defined by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI). These data include decedents in the SDS who, prior to death, worked either for a private employer or federal, state, or local government.

The first category, Multiple Injuries, accounts for roughly 24.5 percent of all deaths. The term is general and probably acts as a catch-all category for more than one injury.

The second category is Heart Conditions, which contributes roughly 21.1 percent of the deaths. This cause of death should not necessarily be interpreted as coronary heart disease (CHD) resulting from years in a stressful job.² The WC boards must be convinced that the heart condition was directly related to the job. As a result, these heart conditions should frequently be interpreted as heart failures resulting from a recent traumatic on-the-job experience. The autopsy, for example, would have indicated that the direct cause of the death was heart failure, even though the job-related event precipitating the failure could have been a vehicle crash injury, heat or smoke exposure, contact with an electric current, a fall, and so on.

But heart disease due to stress may more likely be compensable by WC boards today than in the 1980's. Many fatal heart attacks suffered by police and firefighters, for example, are compensated by the WC boards even if the attack occurred at home. One heart disease case, reported by Freedman (1990) but not included in the SDS, involved a man who was recently fired. His widow alleged that the firing caused stress and induced the heart attack. New York's highest court agreed and awarded her WC benefits.

In the public mind, job stress leading to heart disease is most frequently associated with executive and professional jobs. The scientific literature does not support this view, however. Most studies show that workers in low-paid manual jobs suffer the highest heart disease rates and executives and professionals suffer the least.³

Third in line is "Fractures." Fourth is "Cuts, lacerations, and punctures." Fifth is "Injuries and illnesses that could not be classified." "Asphyxia and strangulation" is in the sixth position, while "Contusion and crushing" is in position seven. "Electric shock" accounts for 3.4 percent of all deaths and is in position eight. "Heat burn" is in position nine and accounts for 3.1 percent of all deaths.

Ties are not broken in Table 6.1. If two or more categories contribute the same number of deaths, those categories receive the same rank. For example, in Table 6.1 three categories tied for rank 17: codes 153, 64, and 69.

The Nature of Death classification is especially useful in identifying occupational diseases apart from the problematic "heart conditions" category. "Silicosis and asbestosis" are the highest ranking diseases and account for 1.9 percent and 1.4 percent of all deaths. The actual number of deaths are 106 and

77. Consequently the annual estimates are then approximately 17.7 and 12.8 (106/6 and 77/6). Given that the states in the SDS on average contributed 16.36 percent of employment in the United States, our U.S. estimates for silicosis and asbestosis are then 108 and 78 (17.7 / .1636 and 12.8 / .1636). NIOSH estimates published in *Health, United States, 1991* (p. 180) indicate roughly 170 annual silicosis deaths and 123 annual asbestosis deaths during 1979-86. Yet no assessments of WC undercounts for either silicosis or asbestosis have appeared in the literature. As we will see in Chapter 8, however, WC numbers may underestimate injury deaths by 57 percent. Given the expected WC undercount, the 108 and 78 annual estimates, therefore, appear remarkably consistent with the NIOSH data in *Health, United States, 1991*.

The same publication lists roughly 940 annual deaths due to coal miners' pneumoconiosis and 550 annual deaths due to mesothelioma. "Pneumoconiosis," "Other pneumoconioses," and "Pneumoconiosis with tuberculosis" account for 28, 7, and 4 deaths, for a total of 39 deaths in Table 6.1. If the same calculations are applied as above, the SDS or WC data here indicate only 39 annual pneumoconiosis deaths. This is obviously a gross underestimate, but it can be explained.

A significant portion of black lung benefits are paid through the federal Black Lung Disability Trust. The purpose of the Trust, established in 1972, was to "fill the gap in state WC coverage on coal miners." In 1987, 242,000 miners, widows, and dependents received \$904 million in annual Black Lung benefits.⁵ The Trust is paid for by a national tax on coal. Some WC boards, employers, employees, and physicians in the past have simply forwarded claims to the Trust. Consequently, most black lung cases are not included in the SDS. This is not now true in Pennsylvania, Kentucky, and West Virginia, however, where state WC boards pay death benefits for black lung. Survivors of family members dying from black lung in these three states may also receive payment from the Trust. The Trust benefits are reduced, however, in states where WC pays a death benefit. Most coal mined in the United States comes from these three states. But none of these are included in the SDS. However, two states included in the SDS--Colorado and Virginia--also have high mortality rates due to black lung.⁶ This striking undercount of pneumoconiosis in the SDS obviously has implications for the ranking in Tables 4.1 and 5.1. This is one of the drawbacks of the SDS data indicated in Chapters 1 and 8.

The SDS undercount of mesothelioma is also of concern. The undercount may in part be the result of coding error. The nature of the illness or injury that the SDS investigators adapted from the American National Standard Institute did not list mesothelioma as a possible cause of death. Mesothelioma is a form of cancer of the membranes that surround the lungs and line the chest cavity. Caused by exposure to asbestiform fibers, mesothelioma generally occurs 20 years after the onset of exposure. There were especially high mortality rates due to mesothelioma in three states included in the SDS--New York, Iowa, and Wisconsin.⁷

Since the SDS does not allow mesothelioma as a possible nature of death, a separate analysis was conducted on the nonclassifiable deaths in the nature list in Table 6.1. Byssinosis (brown lung) was also likely to be undercounted in these SDS/WC data. Industries that contributed significant amounts to the nonclassifiable deaths included mining, mineral processing, heating equipment, electrical housewares, industrial furnace manufacturing, shipbuilding, and construction. Each of these industries are among those suspected of exposing workers to asbestiform fiber.8

According to Richard Guarasci (1985), roughly only 2 percent of workers' compensation cases were contested by employers in North and South Carolina during the late 1970s. However, 80 percent of the North Carolina and 100 percent of the South Carolina byssinosis cases were contested by the textile companies. Excessive exposure to cotton dust causes byssinosis. Workers' Compensation claims boards in the Carolinas resisted byssinosis disability claims until 1983. Yet byssinosis had been a compensable disease in Britain since World War II. Moreover, by 1983, 80 percent of U.S. textile plants had already installed OSHA-recommended engineering controls to reduce worker's exposure to cotton dust.9

OSHA is also partly to blame for some job-related deaths because of limp fines and few inspections. From 1975 to 1983, OSHA inspectors found over 90 percent of textile mills in the Carolinas had dust in the air of factories which exceeded OSHA standards. Even so, the average penalty levied by the Carolinas' Occupational Safety and Health Administrations due to noncompliance was \$50.10

The Nature classifications are also useful in indicating the overall contribution of a disease versus the injuries to total job-related deaths in the SDS data. Table 6.1 sums together all of the disease categories--silicosis (106 deaths), asbestosis (77 deaths), cerebrovascular conditions (49), pneumoconiosis (39), influenza (32), tumor (21), respiratory conditions (10), occupational disease n.e.c. (8), hepatitis (7), blood disease (4), infections (4), mental disorders (3), tuberculosis (3), inflammations of joints (3), gastrointestinal (1), siderosis (1), and neoplasm (1)--to show 337 deaths can be classified as disease deaths, excluding heart disease deaths. One estimate of the contribution of disease is then 6.13 percent (339/5,498). But this excludes the possible mesotheliomas in the nonclassifiable category. Assuming one-third of the nonclassifiable are mesotheliomas, 106 additional deaths bring the total deaths to 443 or 8.1 percent (443 / 5,498). Finally, assuming an additional three percent for heart disease, would bring our disease deaths to 11.1 percent or 610 deaths.

Poisonings contributed 64 deaths, for a 1.2 percent contribution.

The 6-8 percent contribution of occupational disease--excluding the bulk of black lung diseases and heart diseases--to total job-related deaths is remarkably consistent with other government reports. Cotter and Macon (1987) estimated 8.8 percent of deaths due to disease in 1985, while Macon (1984) estimated roughly 8.3 percent of deaths due to disease in 1982.

The government estimates that black lung, mesothelioma, asbestosis, and silicosis (but not heart disease) caused roughly 1,700 annual deaths in the early 1980s. 11 Assuming 11,593 injury deaths per year, the *Health, United States, 1991* estimates suggest roughly 13 percent of all occupational deaths can be attributed to disease (excluding heart disease).

All of these government data likely underestimate occupational illnesses, however. Hilaski (1981) and Markowitz et al. (1989) suggest that five to eight times as many people die from occupational disease as from occupational injuries. See Chapter 8.

Source of Injury or Illness

Table 6.2 presents a ranking of 5,498 deaths by source, as defined by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI). The ANSI code appears as the second column. Leading the list are highway vehicles, with 23 percent of all deaths. Prior BLS reports, using the data from BLS surveys of 280,000 firms, indicate highway vehicles caused roughly 27 to 29 percent of all deaths. This 23 percent estimate appears low but, in fact, can be easily reconciled with prior BLS reports. The ANSI codes list five vehicle categories. The BLS reports allow only two vehicle categories. It is likely that some of the ANSI categories such as "Powered towing vehicles" (rank 23), "Vehicles" (rank 35, tie), "Vehicles" (rank 48, tie), or "Industrial vehicles" (rank 51) are classified as highway vehicles in the BLS reports from 280,000 firms.

Heart failure ranks second and accounts for 6.4 percent of the deaths. The BLS reports from 280,000 firms attribute heart failure to 9-10 percent of deaths. The discrepancy may again be due to the much greater number of possible categories in the ANSI Source list compared to the BLS list, as well as the prominence of "Nonclassifiable" (rank 4) and "Miscellaneous" (rank 11) on the list in Table 6.2.

A surprising category ranks third: bullets. Earlier BLS reports¹³ ignore any category for assault or murder. Later BLS reports¹⁴ include a category for assault. The later BLS reports estimate that assaults contributed 4 percent. Table 6.2 suggests that bullets alone account for 5.6 percent. Moreover, if "Another person" (rank 18) and "Knife" (rank 20) are added to bullets, then over 7.3 percent of deaths may be attributed to assault. The 7.3 percent puts "Assault" in second position, ahead of "Heart failure." The SDS data thus suggest that the BLS estimates from 280,000 firms may severely underestimate the number of job-related murders. Researchers investigating alternative sources of data, including the new U.S. Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries (CFOI), came to the same conclusion: 15 the BLS underestimated the number of job-related murders from 1975 through 1990.

"Bullets" may also represent suicide. A recent case (not in the SDS) involved a man who had fractured three vertebrae in a work-related accident. He

became despondent and distressed and experienced considerable chronic pain. He could not find work. Two years after the injury he committed suicide. His widow was granted WC death benefits. 16

After Nonclassifiable, the next in line are "Ground" and "Floor", together contributing roughly 6 percent. "Ground" and "Floor" suggest a fall occurred. Combining "Ground" and "Floor" with "Stairs" (rank 28), we obtain a 6.5 percent contribution. In contrast, the BLS estimates 9-12 percent of deaths due to falls.

"Aircraft" is in position eight and contributes 2.7 percent of deaths. The 1979-88 BLS estimates are 4-5 percent. "Flame, fire and smoke" contribute 2.2 percent of deaths. The BLS estimates are 2-4 percent.

The remarkable similarity between the list in Table 6.2 and those of the BLS for "Highway vehicle," "Heart failure," "Bullets," "Aircraft," and "Flame" lends credibility to the SDS data.

The lion's share of ANSI categories are ignored in the BLS reports. A number of interesting findings pertaining to the unique ANSI categories emerge from Table 6.2. "Animals" (rank 42) contribute 11 deaths; "Insects" (rank 48) contribute five deaths; and "Other live animals and birds" contribute one death. "Elevators" are responsible for 18 deaths. People in desk jobs are not immune from injury. "Desks" (rank 43) killed ten people.

Type of Accident or Exposure

Table 6.3 provides information on the last ANSI set of categories: type of accident or exposure. The categories in Table 6.3 are again much more narrow than those in the BLS reports from the 280,000 firms or the more recent CFOI reports.¹⁷ Nevertheless, a number of similarities are evident. "Electrocutions" contribute 6-9 percent of the BLS deaths. In Table 6.3, "Contact with electric current" contributes 3.6 percent. "Explosions" account for 2-4 percent of BLS deaths and 1.5 percent of SDS deaths. "Struck by," "Motor vehicle," and "Fall" categories contribute sizeable shares of deaths on both the SDS and BLS lists.

A number of interesting findings emerge from Table 6.3. "Noise" (rank 49) killed three people. It is not clear how noise caused the death. It may have been a contributing factor in keeping the worker from hearing that danger was imminent. Nevertheless, there is increasing evidence that sustained levels of noise can raise blood pressure.¹⁸

"Overexertion" (ranks 7, 23, 24, 45) was responsible for 374 deaths.

"Inhalation of radiation or caustics" is in position two and accounts for 8.4 percent of the deaths. This is unexpected. The closest category in the BLS reports is "Gas inhalation," with 2-3 percent of the deaths. This suggests an area of further research. The BLS may be underestimating deaths due to inhalation of toxic substances. This could be related to the mesothelioma misclassification since it is likely that a death certificate would indicate inhalation as the type of

exposure in a mesothelioma death. This 8.4 percent statistic could represent an alternative estimate of the number of disease deaths in the SDS. Mesothelioma, asbestosis, silicosis, and black lung all result from inhaling substances.

COMPARISON TO THE NEW CFOI DATA

The BLS began collecting new data in 1990--the Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries (CFOI). Yet the CFOI ignores illnesses and occupational disease. The general patterns in the earlier BLS reports from 1982 and 1985 are found again in the CFOI data from 1990, 1991. Highway vehicles contributed to 18 percent of deaths, nonhighway vehicles contributed 6 percent, aircraft 5 percent, falls 11 percent, contact with electric current 6 percent, explosion 3 percent, and struck by 17 percent. The one unusual finding pertains to homicide. In the 1990s, homicide contributes to 14 percent of deaths, up significantly from the earlier BLS reports and these SDS data estimates from the 1980s. One reason for the higher homicide percentage could be due to the CFOI excluding diseases. All injury contributions would, therefore, appear bigger in the CFOI. But it could also be that the earlier BLS reports and the SDS data used here underestimate the number of murders.

The CFOI is not directly comparable to the earlier BLS reports on the 280,000 firms or the SDS data reported here for three reasons. First, the CFOI data apply to the 1990s. Second, only traumatic (injury) deaths are reported in the CFOI, whereas the BLS reports from 280,000 firms and the SDS data represent some illnesses. Third, the CFOI goes beyond SDS and WC data as well as the data from the 280,000 firms to collect death records from death certificates, state coroner reports, news media, toxicology reports, autopsy, and state motor vehicle reports. The CFOI information suggests that WC death claims constituted only roughly 43-46 percent of all traumatic deaths for 31 states in 1991.²⁰

SUMMARY TABLE 6.4

Tables 6.1-6.3 present detailed information on the cause of death. Table 6.4 presents information in broader and, perhaps, more informative categories. The rankings and percentages are based upon the author's judgment since considerable confusion could occur in attempting to parcel out multiple injuries, nonclassifiable, fractures, cuts, and so on. The list in Table 6.4 is based on the SDS data; hence, for example, black lung and mesothelioma are inadequately represented.

Because of the disease undercount, the most serious error in Table 6.4 is in rank 3: "All diseases including heart."

NOTES

- 1. See Cimini and Becker, 1993.
- 2. See Karasek and Theorell, 1990.
- 3. See Karasek and Theorell, 1990, and Leigh, 1991.
- 4. See Freeman, 1990, p. 30.
- 5. See U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 1990.
- 6. See National Center for Health Statistics, 1988, p. 25.
- 7. See National Center for Health Statistics, 1988, p. 23.
- 8. See National Center for Health Statistics, 1988.
- 9. See Guarasci, 1985.
- 10. See Guarasci, 1985.
- 11. See National Center for Health Statistics, 1991.
- 12. See Cotter and Macon, 1987, and Macon, 1984.
- 13. See Macon, 1984.
- 14. See Cotter and Macon, 1987.
- 15. See Kraus, 1987; Davis, 1987; and Toscano and Windau, 1992.
- 16. See Minter, 1993b.
- 17. See Cimini and Becker, 1993.
- 18. See Talbott, 1988, and Mathews et al., 1987.
- 19. See Toscano and Windau, 1992.
- 20. See Cimini and Becker, 1993, and Toscano and Windau, 1992.

Table 6.1

Job Deaths by Nature of Illness or Injury
Ranked in Descending Order by Total Deaths
Shared Ranks are Used

			Number	Percent
		Nature	of	of
Rank	Code	Description	Deaths	Total
1	400	Multiple injuries	1349	24.54%
2	991	Heart conditions	1159	21.08%
3	210	Fracture	777	14.13%
4	170	Cut, laceration, puncture	436	7.93%
5	999	Non classifiable	317	5.77%
6	110	Asphyxia, strangulation	209	3.80%
7	160	Contusion, crushing	207	3.77%
8	200	Electric shock	187	3.40%
9	120	Burn (heat)	169	3.07%
10	286	Silicosis	106	1.93%
11	283	Asbestosis	77	1.40%
12	995	Other injury, n.e.c.	62	1.13%
13	271	Toxic systemic poisoning	59	1.07%
14	140	Concussion	52	0.95%
15	510	Cerebrovascular conditions	49	0.89%
16	310	Sprains, strains	45	0.82%
17	274	Influenza, pneumonia, etc.	32	0.58%
18	280	Pneumoconiosis	28	0.51%
19 20	572 551	Influenza, pneumonia	25	0.45%
21	190	Malignant tumor Dislocation	21 19	0.38% 0.35%
21	240	Effects of heat exposure	15	0.33%
23	100	Amputation or enucleation	13	0.27%
24	570	Respiratory conditions	10	0.18%
25	250	Hernia, rupture	9	0.16%
26	990	Occupational disease	8	0.15%
27	130	Burn (chemical)	7	0.13%
27	287	Other pneumoconioses	7	0.13%
27	330	Hepatitis	7	0.13%
28	270	Systemic poisoning	5	0.09%
29	272	Blood disease	4	0.07%
29	289	Pneumoconiosis with TB	4	0.07%
30	540	Mental disorders	3	0.05%
30	580	Ill-defined conditions	3	0.05%
30	157	Tuberculosis	3	0.05%
30	159	Other infective disease	3	0.05%
31	260	Inflammation of joints	2	0.04%
31	220	Effects of cold exposure	2	0.04%
31	300	Scratches, abrasions	2	0.04%
32	150	Infective disease	1	0.02%
32	276	Gastro-intestinal disease	1	0.02%
32	279	Toxic effects, one system	1	0.02%
32	285	Siderosis	1	0.02%

Table 6.1 (Cont.)

Rank	Code	Nature Description	Number of Deaths	Percent of Total
32	520	Medical care complications	1	0.02%
32	550	Neoplasm, tumor	1	0.02%
32	561	Central nervous system	1	0.02%
		•	=======	
		TOTAL	5498	100.00%

Job Deaths by Source of Injury or Illness Ranked in Descending Order by total Deaths Shared Ranks are Used

Table 6.2

1 5620 Highway vehicles 1246 2 2 6010 Heart failure 354 3 4120 Bullets 308 4 9800 Non classifiable 283 5 4300 Mineral items, nonmetallic 207 6 5810 Ground 181 7 5801 Floor 151 8 5610 Aircraft 149 9 0630 Boxes, crates, cartons 131 10 1700 Flame, fire, smoke 123 11 8800 Miscellaneous 112 12 3300 Earth moving machines 87 12 4700 Plants, trees, vegetation 87 13 1515 Conductors 81 14 0999 Chemicals and compounds 67 14 2910 Water 67 15 5635 Forklifts, stackers, etc. 65 16 5800 Working surfaces 63	ercent
Rank Code Description Deaths 7 1 5620 Highway vehicles 1246 2 2 6010 Heart failure 354 3 4120 Bullets 308 4 9800 Non classifiable 283 5 4300 Mineral items, nonmetallic 207 6 5810 Ground 181 7 5801 Floor 151 8 5610 Aircraft 149 9 0630 Boxes, crates, cartons 131 10 1700 Flame, fire, smoke 123 11 8800 Miscellaneous 112 12 3300 Earth moving machines 87 12 4700 Plants, trees, vegetation 87 13 1515 Conductors 81 14 0999 Chemicals and compounds 67 14 2910 Water 67 15 5635 Forkli	of
2 6010 Heart failure 354 3 4120 Bullets 308 4 9800 Non classifiable 283 5 4300 Mineral items, nonmetallic 207 6 5810 Ground 181 7 5801 Floor 151 8 5610 Aircraft 149 9 0630 Boxes, crates, cartons 131 10 1700 Flame, fire, smoke 123 11 8800 Miscellaneous 112 12 3300 Earth moving machines 87 12 4700 Plants, trees, vegetation 87 13 1515 Conductors 81 14 0999 Chemicals and compounds 67 14 2910 Water 67 15 5635 Forklifts, stackers, etc. 65 16 5800 Working surfaces 63	otal
3 4120 Bullets 308 4 9800 Non classifiable 283 5 4300 Mineral items, nonmetallic 207 6 5810 Ground 181 7 5801 Floor 151 8 5610 Aircraft 149 9 0630 Boxes, crates, cartons 131 10 1700 Flame, fire, smoke 123 11 8800 Miscellaneous 112 12 3300 Earth moving machines 87 12 4700 Plants, trees, vegetation 87 13 1515 Conductors 81 14 0999 Chemicals and compounds 67 14 2910 Water 67 15 5635 Forklifts, stackers, etc. 65 16 5800 Working surfaces 63	2.66%
4 9800 Non classifiable 283 5 4300 Mineral items, nonmetallic 207 6 5810 Ground 181 7 5801 Floor 151 8 5610 Aircraft 149 9 0630 Boxes, crates, cartons 131 10 1700 Flame, fire, smoke 123 11 8800 Miscellaneous 112 12 3300 Earth moving machines 87 12 4700 Plants, trees, vegetation 87 13 1515 Conductors 81 14 0999 Chemicals and compounds 67 14 2910 Water 67 15 5635 Forklifts, stackers, etc. 65 16 5800 Working surfaces 63	6.44%
5 4300 Mineral items, nonmetallic 207 6 5810 Ground 181 7 5801 Floor 151 8 5610 Aircraft 149 9 0630 Boxes, crates, cartons 131 10 1700 Flame, fire, smoke 123 11 8800 Miscellaneous 112 12 3300 Earth moving machines 87 12 4700 Plants, trees, vegetation 87 13 1515 Conductors 81 14 0999 Chemicals and compounds 67 14 2910 Water 67 15 5635 Forklifts, stackers, etc. 65 16 5800 Working surfaces 63	5.60%
6 5810 Ground 181 7 5801 Floor 151 8 5610 Aircraft 149 9 0630 Boxes, crates, cartons 131 10 1700 Flame, fire, smoke 123 11 8800 Miscellaneous 112 12 3300 Earth moving machines 87 12 4700 Plants, trees, vegetation 87 13 1515 Conductors 81 14 0999 Chemicals and compounds 67 14 2910 Water 67 15 5635 Forklifts, stackers, etc. 65 16 5800 Working surfaces 63	5.15%
7 5801 Floor 151 8 5610 Aircraft 149 9 0630 Boxes, crates, cartons 131 10 1700 Flame, fire, smoke 123 11 8800 Miscellaneous 112 12 3300 Earth moving machines 87 12 4700 Plants, trees, vegetation 87 13 1515 Conductors 81 14 0999 Chemicals and compounds 67 14 2910 Water 67 15 5635 Forklifts, stackers, etc. 65 16 5800 Working surfaces 63	3.77%
8 5610 Aircraft 149 9 0630 Boxes, crates, cartons 131 10 1700 Flame, fire, smoke 123 11 8800 Miscellaneous 112 12 3300 Earth moving machines 87 12 4700 Plants, trees, vegetation 87 13 1515 Conductors 81 14 0999 Chemicals and compounds 67 14 2910 Water 67 15 5635 Forklifts, stackers, etc. 65 16 5800 Working surfaces 63	3.29%
9 0630 Boxes, crates, cartons 131 10 1700 Flame, fire, smoke 123 11 8800 Miscellaneous 112 12 3300 Earth moving machines 87 12 4700 Plants, trees, vegetation 87 13 1515 Conductors 81 14 0999 Chemicals and compounds 67 14 2910 Water 67 15 5635 Forklifts, stackers, etc. 65 16 5800 Working surfaces 63	2.75%
10 1700 Flame, fire, smoke 123 11 8800 Miscellaneous 112 12 3300 Earth moving machines 87 12 4700 Plants, trees, vegetation 87 13 1515 Conductors 81 14 0999 Chemicals and compounds 67 14 2910 Water 67 15 5635 Forklifts, stackers, etc. 65 16 5800 Working surfaces 63	2.71%
11 8800 Miscellaneous 112 12 3300 Earth moving machines 87 12 4700 Plants, trees, vegetation 87 13 1515 Conductors 81 14 0999 Chemicals and compounds 67 14 2910 Water 67 15 5635 Forklifts, stackers, etc. 65 16 5800 Working surfaces 63	2.38%
12 3300 Earth moving machines 87 12 4700 Plants, trees, vegetation 87 13 1515 Conductors 81 14 0999 Chemicals and compounds 67 14 2910 Water 67 15 5635 Forklifts, stackers, etc. 65 16 5800 Working surfaces 63	2.24%
12 4700 Plants, trees, vegetation 87 13 1515 Conductors 81 14 0999 Chemicals and compounds 67 14 2910 Water 67 15 5635 Forklifts, stackers, etc. 65 16 5800 Working surfaces 63	2.04%
13 1515 Conductors 81 14 0999 Chemicals and compounds 67 14 2910 Water 67 15 5635 Forklifts, stackers, etc. 65 16 5800 Working surfaces 63	1.58%
14 0999 Chemicals and compounds 67 14 2910 Water 67 15 5635 Forklifts, stackers, etc. 65 16 5800 Working surfaces 63	1.58%
14 2910 Water 67 15 5635 Forklifts, stackers, etc. 65 16 5800 Working surfaces 63	1.47%
15 5635 Forklifts, stackers, etc. 65 16 5800 Working surfaces 63	1.22%
16 5800 Working surfaces 63	1.22%
	1.18%
17 0000 Cartainam	1.15%
17 0699 Containers 58	1.05%
	0.98%
18 6020 Another person 54	0.98%
and the contract of the contra	0.84%
• •	0.80%
21 5710 Logs 43 (0.78%
21 0660 Bundles, bales 43).78%
22 2245 Knife 41 (0.75%
23 5638 Powered towing vehicles 38	0.69%
24 1599 Electrical apparatus 35	0.64%
24 2290 Shovel, spade 35	0.64%
25 5640 Rail vehicles 34 (0.62%
25 3999 Machines 34 0).62%
26 4140 Pipe 31).56%
27 5200 Silica 30 C).55%
27 5631 Hand trucks, dollies, etc. 30).55%
28 5899 Working surfaces 27 0	.49%
· ·	.49%
	.47%
29 0400 Bodily motion 26 0	.47%
30 5720 Lumber 24 0	.44%
·	.42%
	.40%
	.38%
33 0935 Carbon monoxide 21 0	.38%
33 1999 Furniture, fixtures 21 0	.38%

Table 6.2 (Cont.)

			Number	Percent
		Source	of	of
Rank	Code	Description	Deaths	Total
33	4115	Beams, bars	21	0.38%
34	0601	Barrels, kegs, drums	20	0.36%
35	0705	Doors, gates	18	0.33%
35	5600	Vehicles	18	0.33%
35	2620	Elevators	18	0.33%
36	0530	Pressure lines	17	0.31%
36	5749	Wood items	17	0.31%
37	1350	Powered conveyors	16	0.29%
37	5845	Street, road	16	0.29%
37	3000	Machines	16	0.29%
38	0799	Buildings and structures	15	0.27%
38	0950	Halogenated compounds	15	0.27%
38	2700	Infectious parasites	15	0.27%
39	2400	Heat	14	0.25%
40	1820	Grains and grain products	13	0.24%
40	6210	Tires	13	0.24%
41	0670	Tanks, bins, etc.	12	0.22%
41	1140	Hydrocarbon gases	12	0.22%
41	1500	Electric apparatus	12	0.22%
41	2299	Hand tools, not powered	12	0.22%
41	2500	Heating equipment	12	0.22%
42	1520	Switches, circuit breakers	11	0.20%
42	3350	Mining machinery	11	0.20%
42	4110	Automobile parts (metal)	11	0.20%
42	0201	Animals	11	0.20%
43	1840	Meats and meat products	10	0.18%
43	1930	Desks	10	0.18%
43	3250	Drilling, turning machines	10	0.18%
43	3750	Saws	10	0.18%
43	5730	Skids, pallets	10	0.18%
44	0701	Buildings	9	0.16%
44	1501	Motors	9	0.16%
44	4500	Paper and pulp items	ģ	0.16%
45	1510	Transformers, converters	8	0.15%
45	5400	Steam	8	0.15%
45	5830	Sidewalks, paths, walkways	8.	0.15%
45	3600	Presses (not printing)	8	0.15%
46	0600	Boxes, containers, packages	7	0.13%
46	0740	Scaffolds, staging, etc.	7	0.13%
46	0954	Carbon monoxide	7	0.13%
46	1910	Chairs, benches, etc.	7	0.13%
46	1970	Tables	7	
46	2200	Hand tools, not powered	7	0.13% 0.13%
46	2699	Hoisting apparatus	7	0.13%
46	3200	Crushing machines	7	0.13%
46 46	5820	Roofs	7	
40 47	0605		6	0.13%
47	0901	Bags Acids		0.11%
47	0965	Glue	6 6	0.11%
4/	0703	Giue	0	0.11%

Table 6.2 (Cont.)

		Course	Number	Percent
Rank	Code	Source Description	of Deaths	of Total
47	1900	Furniture, fixtures	6	0.11%
47	2320	Hammer, tamper	6	0.11%
47	3150	Forging, welding machines	6	0.11%
47	3400	Office machines	6	0.11%
47	4200	Mineral items, metallic	6	0.11%
47	5700	Wood items	6	0.11%
47	1901	Cabinets, bookcases, etc.	6	0.11%
47	2000	Glass items	6	0.11%
48	0250	Insects	5	0.09%
48	0801	Brick	5	0.09%
48	1199	Coal & petroleum products	5	0.09%
48	2230	Hammer, sledge, mallet	5	0.09%
48	2295	Wrench	5	0.09%
48	2355	Saw	5	0.09%
48	4130	Molten metal	5	0.09%
48	4930	Pumps	5	0.09%
48	5300	Scrap, debris, waste	5	0.09%
48	5699	Vehicles	5	0.09%
48	2399	Hand tools, powered	5	0.09%
48	3100	Buffers, sanders, grinders	5	0.09%
49	0501	Boilers	4	0.09%
49			4	
	0750	Towers, poles, etc.		0.07%
49	1120	Crude, fuel oil	4	0.07%
49	1130	Liquid hydrocarbons	4	0.07%
49	3850	Shears, slitters, slicers	4	0.07%
49	4020	Chains, ropes, cables Textile items	4	0.07%
49	5500		4	0.07%
49	1200	Cold	4	0.07%
49	1300	Conveyors Molds	4	0.07%
49 49	4125 4800	Plastic items	4 4	0.07%
				0.07%
50	0599	Pressure vessels	3	0.05%
50	0910	Alkalies	3	0.05%
50	1099	Apparel	3	0.05%
50	1950	Floor coverings	3	0.05%
50	2270	Rope, chain	3	0.05%
50 50	2625	Hoists	3 3	0.05%
	2800	Ladders		0.05%
50	2830	Movable ladders	3	0.05%
50	3001	Agitators, mixers, etc.	3	0.05%
50	4000	Mechanical apparatus	3	0.05%
50	5825	Runways, platforms	3	0.05%
50	6100	Athletic equipment	3	0.05%
50	6500	Ice, snow	3	0.05%
51	0100	Abnormal air pressure	2	0.04%
51	0610	Pots and pans	2	0.04%
51	0615	Cans	2	0.04%
51	0700	Buildings and structures	2	0.04%
51	0708	Windows, window frames	2	0.04%

Table 6.2 (Cont.)

Source Source Deaths Total				Number	Percent
51 0710 Bridges 2 0.04% 51 0820 Carbon dioxide 2 0.04% 51 0935 Carbon dioxide 2 0.04% 51 0985 Metal, n.e.c. 2 0.04% 51 0987 Paint 2 0.04% 51 10987 Paint 2 0.04% 51 10992 Solvents, n.e.c. 2 0.04% 51 1101 Coal 2 0.04% 51 1280 Vegetable products 2 0.04% 51 2285 Screwdriver 2 0.04% 51 2300 Hand tools, powered 2 0.04% 51 2315 Drill 2 0.04% 51 2390 Ladders 2 0.04% 51 2390 Other liquids 2 0.04% 51 2900 Lighting equipment 2 0.04% 51 5600			Source	of	of
51 0820 Drain tile, sewer pipe, etc. 2 0.04% 51 0930 Carbon dioxide 2 0.04% 51 0987 Metal, n.e.c. 2 0.04% 51 0997 Paint 2 0.04% 51 10992 Solvents, n.e.c. 2 0.04% 51 1200 Vegetable products 2 0.04% 51 1270 Vegetable products 2 0.04% 51 2300 Hand tools, powered 2 0.04% 51 2301 Hand tools, powered 2 0.04% 51 2891 Ladders 2 0.04% 51 2890 Liquids 2 0.04% 51 2990 Chdral binders 2 0.04% 51 4160 Metal binders 2 0.04% 51 4160 Metal binders 2 0.04% 51 5099 Radiating substances 2 0.04%	Rank	Code	Description	Deaths	Total
51 0930 Carbon dioxide 2 0.04% 51 0985 Metal, n.e.c. 2 0.04% 51 0997 Paint 2 0.04% 51 0992 Solvents, n.e.c. 2 0.04% 51 1870 Vegetable products 2 0.04% 51 2285 Screwdriver 2 0.04% 51 2300 Hand tools, powered 2 0.04% 51 2315 Drill 2 0.04% 51 2390 Ladders 2 0.04% 51 2990 Liquids 2 0.04% 51 2999 Other liquids 2 0.04% 51 4150 Metal binders 2 0.04% 51 4160 Metal binders 2 0.04% 51 450 Water vehicles 2 0.04% 51 560 Water vehicles 2 0.04% 51 5630 <td>51</td> <td>0710</td> <td>Bridges</td> <td>2</td> <td>0.04%</td>	51	0710	Bridges	2	0.04%
51 0985 Metal, n.e.c. 2 0.04% 51 0987 Paint 2 0.04% 51 10992 Solvents, n.e.c. 2 0.04% 51 1101 Coal 2 0.04% 51 1287 Vegetable products 2 0.04% 51 2285 Screwdriver 2 0.04% 51 2300 Hand tools, powered 2 0.04% 51 2315 Drill 2 0.04% 51 2899 Ladders 2 0.04% 51 2899 Liquids 2 0.04% 51 2990 Liquids 2 0.04% 51 2990 Liquids 2 0.04% 51 2990 Liquids 2 0.04% 51 4160 Metal parts, exc. auto 2 0.04% 51 4160 Metal parts, exc. auto 2 0.04% 51 450	51	0820	Drain tile, sewer pipe, etc.	2	0.04%
51 0987 Paint 2 0.04% 51 0992 Solvents, n.e.c. 2 0.04% 51 1101 Coal 2 0.04% 51 1287 Vegetable products 2 0.04% 51 2300 Hand tools, powered 2 0.04% 51 2300 Hand tools, powered 2 0.04% 51 2305 Drill 2 0.04% 51 2390 Liquids 2 0.04% 51 2990 Liquids 2 0.04% 51 2999 Other liquids 2 0.04% 51 4150 Metal binders 2 0.04% 51 4160 Metal binders 2 0.04% 51 5070 Arc-welding equipment 2 0.04% 51 5070 Arc-welding substances 2 0.04% 51 5660 Water vehicles 2 0.04% 51	51	0930	Carbon dioxide	2	0.04%
51 0992 Solvents, n.e.c. 2 0.04% 51 1101 Coal 2 0.04% 51 1870 Vegetable products 2 0.04% 51 2285 Screwdriver 2 0.04% 51 2315 Drill 2 0.04% 51 2315 Drill 2 0.04% 51 2399 Ladders 2 0.04% 51 2990 Liquids 2 0.04% 51 2999 Other liquids 2 0.04% 51 4160 Metal parts, exc. auto 2 0.04% 51 4160 Metal parts, exc. auto 2 0.04% 51 5070 Arc-welding equipment 2 0.04% 51 5070 Arc-welding equipment 2 0.04% 51 5660 Water vehicles 2 0.04% 51 5670 Liye animals, birds, etc. 2 0.04% <	51	0985	Metal, n.e.c.	2	0.04%
51 1101 Coal 2 0.04% 51 1870 Vegetable products 2 0.04% 51 2285 Screwdriver 2 0.04% 51 2300 Hand tools, powered 2 0.04% 51 2399 Ladders 2 0.04% 51 2899 Ladders 2 0.04% 51 2999 Other liquids 2 0.04% 51 2999 Chter liquids 2 0.04% 51 4150 Metal parts, exc. auto 2 0.04% 51 4160 Metal binders 2 0.04% 51 5070 Arc-welding equipment 2 0.04% 51 5099 Radiating substances 2 0.04% 51 5660 Water vehicles 2 0.04% 51 1960 Lighting equipment 2 0.04% 51 1950 Packaging machines 2 0.04%	51	0987	Paint	2	0.04%
51 1870 Vegetable products 2 0.04% 51 2285 Screwdriver 2 0.04% 51 2300 Hand tools, powered 2 0.04% 51 2315 Drill 2 0.04% 51 2899 Ladders 2 0.04% 51 2999 Other liquids 2 0.04% 51 4150 Metal parts, exc. auto 2 0.04% 51 4160 Metal binders 2 0.04% 51 5070 Arc-welding equipment 2 0.04% 51 5070 Arc-welding equipment 2 0.04% 51 5060 Water vehicles 2 0.04% 51 5070 Lighting equipment 2 0.04% 51 1960 Lighting equipment 2 0.04% 51 1950 Lighting equipment 2 0.04% 51 1950 Lighting equipment 2 0.04%	51	0992	Solvents, n.e.c.	2	0.04%
51 2285 Screwdriver 2 0.04% 51 2301 Hand tools, powered 2 0.04% 51 2315 Drill 2 0.04% 51 2899 Ladders 2 0.04% 51 2990 Cher liquids 2 0.04% 51 2999 Other liquids 2 0.04% 51 4160 Metal barts, exc. auto 2 0.04% 51 5070 Arc-welding equipment 2 0.04% 51 5070 Arc-welding equipment 2 0.04% 51 5660 Water vehicles 2 0.04% 51 5450 Packaging machines 2 0.04% 51 3450 Packaging machines 2 0.04%	51	1101	Coal	2	0.04%
51 2300 Hand tools, powered 2 0.04% 51 2315 Drill 2 0.04% 51 2899 Ladders 2 0.04% 51 2999 Other liquids 2 0.04% 51 4150 Metal parts, exc. auto 2 0.04% 51 4160 Metal binders 2 0.04% 51 5070 Arc-welding equipment 2 0.04% 51 5099 Radiating substances 2 0.04% 51 5600 Water vehicles 2 0.04% 51 5600 Water vehicles 2 0.04% 51 5600 Water vehicles 2 0.04% 51 5601 Lighting equipment 2 0.04% 51 5630 Lighting equipment 2 0.04% 51 5630 Industrial vehicles 2 0.04% 52 0301 Bones 1 0.02% <tr< td=""><td>51</td><td>1870</td><td>Vegetable products</td><td>2</td><td>0.04%</td></tr<>	51	1870	Vegetable products	2	0.04%
51 2315 Drill 2 0.04% 51 2899 Ladders 2 0.04% 51 2990 Uter liquids 2 0.04% 51 4150 Metal parts, exc. auto 2 0.04% 51 4160 Metal binders 2 0.04% 51 5070 Arc-welding equipment 2 0.04% 51 5079 Radiating substances 2 0.04% 51 5660 Water vehicles 2 0.04% 51 1960 Lighting equipment 2 0.04% 51 3450 Packaging machines 2 0.04% 52 0301 Indersing indersing indersing indersing indersing indersing inder	51	2285	Screwdriver	2	0.04%
51 2899 Ladders 2 0.04% 51 2900 Liquids 2 0.04% 51 2999 Other liquids 2 0.04% 51 4160 Metal parts, exc. auto 2 0.04% 51 5070 Arc-welding equipment 2 0.04% 51 5099 Radiating substances 2 0.04% 51 5660 Water vehicles 2 0.04% 51 1960 Lighting equipment 2 0.04% 51 1960 Lighting equipment 2 0.04% 51 3450 Packaging machines 2 0.04% 51 4135 Nails, spikes, etc. 2 0.04% 51 4135 Nails, spikes, etc. 2 0.04% 52 0200 Live animals, birds, etc. 1 0.02% 52 0301 Bones 1 0.02% 52 0899 Ceramic items 1 0.02%			Hand tools, powered		0.04%
51 2900 Liquids 2 0.04% 51 2999 Other liquids 2 0.04% 51 4150 Metal parts, exc. auto 2 0.04% 51 4160 Metal binders 2 0.04% 51 5070 Arc-welding equipment 2 0.04% 51 5099 Radiating substances 2 0.04% 51 5660 Water vehicles 2 0.04% 51 5660 Water vehicles 2 0.04% 51 1960 Lighting equipment 2 0.04% 51 3450 Packaging machines 2 0.04% 51 3435 Packaging machines 2 0.04% 51 4135 Nails, spikes, etc. 2 0.04% 51 4135 Nails, spikes, etc. 2 0.04% 52 0200 Live animals, birds, etc. 1 0.02% 52 0301 Bones 1 0.02	51	2315	Drill	2	0.04%
51 2999 Other liquids 2 0.04% 51 4150 Metal parts, exc. auto 2 0.04% 51 4160 Metal binders 2 0.04% 51 5070 Arc-welding equipment 2 0.04% 51 5099 Radiating substances 2 0.04% 51 5660 Water vehicles 2 0.04% 51 1960 Lighting equipment 2 0.04% 51 3450 Packaging machines 2 0.04% 51 3450 Packaging machines 2 0.04% 51 4135 Naits, spikes, etc. 2 0.04% 51 4135 Naits, spikes, etc. 2 0.04% 52 0200 Live animals, birds, etc. 1 0.02% 52 0301 Bones 1 0.02% 52 0301 Bones 1 0.02% 52 0395 Alcohols 1 0.02%	51	2899	Ladders	2	0.04%
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Table 6.2 (Cont.)

D 1	<i>a</i> ,	Source	Number of	Percent of
Rank	Code	Description	Deaths	Total
52	3650	Printing machines	1	0.02%
52	3700	Rolls	1	0.02%
52	3950	Weaving, spinning machines	i	0.02%
52	4030	Drums, pulleys, sheaves	1	0.02%
52	4100	Metal items	1	0.02%
52	4155	Metal fasteners	1	0.02%
52	4165	Metal chips	1	0.02%
52	5000	Radiating substances	1	0.02%
52	5080	X-ray equipment	1	0.02%
52	6200	Rubber products	1	0.02%
52	0320	Fur, hair, wool, etc.	1	0.02%
52	0946	Cosmetics	1	0.02%
52	1890	Food products	1	0.02%
52	2305	Buffer, polisher, waxer	1	0.02%
52	5601	Animal drawn vehicles	1	0.02%
52	1920	Counters, benches, etc.	1	0.02%
		TOTAL	5498	100.00%

Table 6.3

Job Deaths by Type of Accident or Exposure
Ranked in Descending Order by Total Deaths
Shared Ranks are Used

			Number	Percent
		Туре	of	of
Rank	Code	Description	Deaths	Total
1	029	Struck by, n.e.c.	527	9.59%
2	181	Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation	459	8.35%
3	899	Accident type, n.e.c.	414	7.53%
4	123	Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects	377	6.86%
5	022	Struck by flying object	318	5.78%
6	021	Struck by falling object	279	5.07%
7	121	Overexertion by lifting objects	244	4.44%
8	300	Motor vehicle accident, uns.	223	4.06%
9	130	Contact with electric current	197	3.58%
10	999	Non classifiable	167	3.04%
11	039	Fall to lower level, n.e.c.	165	3.00%
12	331	Motor vehicle accident, non collision, overturned	145	2.64%
13	201	Aircraft accident	136	2.47%
14	311	Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, oncoming	127	2.31%
15	332	Motor vehicle accident, non collision, ran off roadway	118	2.15%
16	153	Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects	106	1.93%
17	064	Caught in or under collapsing materials	97 97	1.76%
17	069	Caught in, under, between, n.e.c.	97 97	1.76%
17	310	Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns.	97	1.76%
18	062	Caught between moving and stationary objects Explosions, uns.	84 81	1.53%
19 20	500 322	Motor vehicle accident, standing vehicle on side of road		1.47% 1.40%
21	051	Fall onto walkway, etc.	75	1.36%
22	031	Fall from scaffold, etc.	74	1.35%
23	129	Overexertion, n.e.c.	65	1.18%
24	122	Overexertion by pulling or pushing objects	58	1.05%
25	032	Fall from ladder	55	1.00%
25	034	Fall from vehicle	55	1.00%
26	321	Motor vehicle accident, stationary object in roadway	50	0.91%
27	313	Motor vehicle accident, vehicles moving in intersection	49	0.89%
28	036	Fall into shaft, etc.	44	0.80%
29	312	Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, same direction	38	0.69%
30	011	Struck against stationary object	34	0.62%
31	183	Contact with radiation or caustics, by absorption	31	0.56%
32	020	Struck by, uns.	27	0.49%
33	100	Bodily reaction, uns.	24	0.44%
34	035	Fall on stairs	22	0.40%
35	323	Motor vehicle accident, struck while standing in roadwa	y 20	0.36%
36	338	Motor vehicle accident, other non collision	19	0.35%
36	330	Motor vehicle accident, non collision, uns.	19	0.35%
37	012	Struck against moving object	18	0.33%
38	061	Caught in running or meshing objects	17	0.31%
38	320	Motor vehicle accident, stationary object, uns.	17	0.31%

Table 6.3 (Cont.)

			Number	Percen
		Туре	of	of
Rank	Code	Description	Deaths	Total
39	189	Contact with radiation or caustics, n.e.c.	15	0.27%
40	151	Contact with temp. extremes, general heat	14	0.25%
41	052	Fall onto or against objects	13	0.24%
42	030	Fall from elevation, uns.	11	0.20%
43	060	Caught in, under, between, uns.	10	0.189
44	010	Struck against, uns.	9	0.16%
44	063	Caught between two or more moving objects	9	0.16%
45	120	Overexertion, uns.	7	0.13%
46	631	Non-highway vehicle accident, overturned vehicle	6	0.11%
46	182	Contact with radiation or caustics, by ingestion	6	0.11%
47	059	Fall on same level, n.e.c.	5	0.09%
48	085	Rubbed or abraded by repetition of pressure	4	0.07%
48	150	Contact with temp. extremes, uns.	4	0.07%
48	333	Motor vehicle accident, noncollision, sudden stop or start	4	0.07%
48	152	Contact with temp. extremes, general cold	4	0.07%
48	180	Contact with radiation or caustics, uns.	4	0.07%
48	200	Transportation accident, not motor vehicle, uns.	4	0.07%
49	101	Bodily reaction involuntary motions	3	0.05%
49	400	Exposure to noise, uns.	3	0.05%
50	033	Fall from piled materials	2	0.04%
50	050	Fall on same level, uns.	2	0.04%
50	081	Rubbed or abraded by leaning, kneeling, etc	2	0.04%
50	102	Bodily reaction voluntary motions	2	0.04%
50	324	Motor vehicle accident, struck while standing off roadway	_	0.04%
51	082	Rubbed or abraded by objects handled	1	0.02%
51	207	Streetcar or subway accident	1	0.02%
51	211	Train accident	1	0.02%
51	298	Transportation accident, not motor vehicle, n.e.c.	1	0.02%
51	610	Non-highway vehicle accident, collision, both in motion	1	0.02%
51	632	Non-highway vehicle accident, vehicle out of control	ì	0.02%
51	635	Non-highway vehicle accident, fall from vehicle	1	0.02%
		TOTAL	5498	100.00%

n.e.c. = not elsewhere specified

Table 6.4

Estimates of Broad Causes of Deaths in the SDS

Rank	Description P	Percent of Deaths	
1	All vehicles and pedestrians	25.0	
2	Struck by an object (not flying and not vehi	cle) 15.0	
3	All diseases including heart	11.0	
4	Homicide and suicide	9.0	
5	Fall	7.0	
6	Heart failure after traumatic event	4.0	

Chapter 7

Women

Tables 4.1, 5.1, and 6.1-6.4 combine deaths for men and women. In this chapter, special attention is directed to women only. Women contributed 238 deaths in the SDS data from 1979-86.

OCCUPATIONS

Table 7.1 is similar in construction to the occupation death rates in Table 4.1. Because only 164 female deaths are recorded during the four (occupation) years, Table 7.1 is short. And because there are few deaths, the nature, and source columns from Table 4.1 do not appear in Table 7.1.

The most dangerous occupations for women are, in order, Airplane Pilot, Earth Driller, Crane Worker, Geologist, Therapy Assistant, Metal Molder, Mine Operative, Engineer nec, Airline Stewardess, Delivery Worker, Forester, Athlete, and Truck Driver. The Airplane Pilot category includes cropdusters, helicopter pilots, and corporate pilots as well as airline pilots.

These rankings appear reasonable, especially given their similarity to the rankings in Table 4.1. However, only 32 of 76 occupations in Table 7.1 register more than one death. Eight of the top ten occupations record only one death. These low numbers of female deaths--4 percent of the total--are consistent with other studies. They are, nevertheless, disquieting in providing a convincing ranking of occupations in which women are at risk.

Estimates in Table 4.1 may ultimately prove to be more reliable for assessing the rankings of occupations for women. Even if women were assigned less hazardous duties than men, the relative rankings in Table 4.1 may still apply to women. For the relative rankings to be irrelevant, one must argue that assignment to hazardous duties not only varies between men and women but also across jobs. As attitudes change about what tasks women are capable of,

any disparity between male and female job-related death rates for a given occupation should disappear.

INDUSTRY

Given the relatively uninformative women-only occupation list, the construction of a women-only industry list was never attempted.

CAUSES OF DEATHS

Nature

Table 7.2 ranks the Nature category for women. "Multiple injuries" is in the first position, just as is true in Table 6.1. But unlike Table 6.1, "Fractures and cuts" are tied for second place. "Heart conditions" is in position four for women, but in position two for men and women (Table 6.1). In Table 7.2, "Silicosis" is responsible for one female death. One woman died of asbestosis. A much higher percentage of women (4.2%) than men (.8%) died of sprains and strains. Four women died of hepatitis.

Source

Table 7.3 presents the Source ranking for women. "Highway vehicles" heads the list. Although homicide is not an ANSI category unto itself, "Bullets" together with "Knives" represent 20 percent of female deaths. If "Persons other than the injured" are responsible for the death, then homicide deaths could well exceed 25 percent for women. Of interest is the high homicide rate for women found in other studies.² Roughly 4 percent died from heart failure, and 3 percent each from aircraft crashes and infectious parasites. Animals killed two women, and an animal-drawn vehicle killed another.

Type

Table 7.4 presents the rankings for the type of accident or exposure. These rankings are very similar for men and women: "Struck by nec," "Contact with caustics by inhalation," "Struck by flying object" (bullets), and "Motor vehicle accidents" are very high on both lists.

Women 187

DISCUSSION

A total of 238 female deaths are recorded in the SDS. These are not a great number of deaths to analyze. Nevertheless, some conclusions may be tentatively advanced. (1) Homicide is responsible for a greater percentage of female than male deaths. (2) The relative importance of vehicle crashes, being struck by objects, heart failure, falls, and aircraft crashes appears to be about the same for women as for men.

Because of the few female deaths, two additional conclusions can be offered. (3) Table 7.1 is probably not reliable. Unless there is strong evidence to the contrary, the tables in Chapters 4 and 5, which rank occupations and industries by male and female deaths combined, probably apply equally to men and women. This conclusion may be more reasonable in the years ahead as traditional views of "inappropriate" tasks for women within jobs fade. In a separate analysis of SDS data from the late 1970s, Root and Daley (1980) drew the same conclusion. Within the same job, men and women suffer roughly the same injury rate. Recent data from postal employees disputes this view, however. Zwerling, Sprince, Ryan, and Jones (1993) found women had higher injury rates within the same job. (4) Additional research into job-related deaths among women is clearly warranted. This additional research should also consider the effects of job hazards and exposures on fetuses and women's reproductive capacity.

NOTES

- 1. See Baker et al., 1982; Bell et al., 1990; and Toscano and Windau, 1992.
- 2. See Davis et al., 1987.

Table 7.1

Female Job-Related Deaths within Occupations

			Number	Rate
			of	per
Rank	Code	Definition	Deaths	100,000
1	163	Airplane pilots	1	204.52
2	614	Drillers, earth	1	187.64
3	424	Crane, derrick, hoist workers	1	51.52
4	51	Geologists	1	34.27
5	84	Therapy assistants	1	31.06
6	503	Molders, metal	1	28.55
7	640	Mine operatives, n.e.c.	1	25.26
8	780	Miscellaneous laborers	5	22.09
9	23	Engineers, n.e.c.	1	17.63
10	931	Airline stewardesses	4	14.91
11	705	Delivery and route workers	4	13.50
12	25	Foresters and conservationists	1	13.02
13	180	Athletes and kindred workers	2	12.95
14	715	Truck drivers	3	11.14
15	753	Freight and material handlers	3	10.72
16	751	Construction laborers	1	8.66
17	954	Welfare service aides	2	8.42
18	45	Chemists	1	6.57
19	623	Garage workers and gas station attendants	1	6.46
20	233	Sales managers, except retail trade	1	5.94
21	932	Attendants, recreation and amusement	2	5.36
22	194	Writers, artists, and entertainers, n.e.c.	1	5.27
23	266	Newsboys	1	4.98
24	950	Housekeepers, excluding private household	4	4.63
25	141	Adult education teachers	1	4.51
26	960	Crossing guards and bridge tenders	1	4.48
27	964	Policemen and detectives	1	3.84
28	645	Photographic process workers	1	3.60
29	4	Computer systems analysts	1	3.42
30	680	Welders and flame-cutters	1	3.41
31	656	Punch and stamping press operatives	1	3.20
32	762	Stock handlers	4	2.68
33	902	Cleaners and charwomen	6	2.61
34	65	Physicians, medical and osteopathic	1	2.54
35	231	Sales managers, retail trade	2	2.36
36	31	Lawyers	1	2.18
37	703	Bus drivers	2	2.14
38	611	Clothing ironers and pressers	1	2.06
39	162	Engineering and science technicians	1	1.94
40	982	Housekeepers, private household	1	1.77
41	962	Guards and watchmen	1	1.68
42	371	Secretaries, medical	1	1.63
43	913	Dishwashers	1	1.62
44	690	Machine operatives, miscellaneous	3	1.49
45	925	Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants	9	1.41
46	922	Health aides, excluding nursing	2	1.34

Table 7.1 (Cont.)

Rank	Code	Definition	Number of Deaths	Rate per 100,000
47	926	Practical nurses	3	1.15
48	910	Bartenders	1	1.08
49	220	Office managers, n.e.c.	2	1.06
50	921	Dental assistants	1	1.02
51	692	Machine operatives, not specified	i	.97
52	145	Teachers, except college and university, n.e.c.	1	.91
53	643	Packers and wrappers, excluding meat and produce	2	.90
54	202	Bank officers and financial managers	1	.84
55	610	Checkers, examiners, in manufacturing	2	.81
56	230	Restaurant, cafeteria, and bar managers	2	.77
57	822	Farm laborers, wage workers	1	.72
58	903	Janitors and sextons	2	.68
59	245	Managers and administrators, n.e.c.	4	.65
60	394	Miscellaneous clerical workers	2	.62
61	901	Chambermaids, excluding private household	1	.60
62	325	File clerks	1	.59
63	270	Real estate agents and brokers	I	.58
64	310	Cashiers	6	.55
65	602	Assemblers	3	.52
66	912	Cooks, excluding private households	3	.50
67	364	Receptionists	2	.44
68	100	Social workers	1	.50
69	915	Waiters	3	.37
70	301	Bank tellers	1	.31
71	942	Child care workers, excluding private household	1	.29
72	395	Not specified clerical workers	2	.26
73	372	Secretaries, n.e.c.	6	.25
74	305	Bookkeepers	2	.20
75	663	Sewers and stitchers	1	.14
76	75	Registered nurses	1	.06
		All others, no denominators	5	
		Number of deaths	164	

n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified

Table 7.2

Female Job Deaths by Nature of Illness or Injury
Ranked in Descending Order by Female Deaths
Shared Ranks are Used

			Number	Percent
		Nature	of	of
Rank	Code	Description	Deaths	Total
1	400	Multiple injuries	57	23.95%
2	210	Fracture	33	13.87%
2	170	Cut, laceration, puncture	33	13.87%
3	999	Non classifiable	19	7.98%
4	991	Heart conditions	18	7.56%
5	110	Asphyxia, strangulation	13	5.46%
6	310	Sprains, strains	10	4.20%
7	160	Contusion, crushing	8	3.36%
7	120	Burn (heat)	8	3.36%
8	140	Concussion	6	2.52%
9	330	Hepatitis	4	1.68%
10	995	Other Injury; n.e.c.	3	1.26%
10	271	Toxic systemic poisoning	3	1.26%
10	510	Cerebrovascular conditions	3	1.26%
11	200	Electric shock	2	0.84%
11	274	Influenza, pneumonia, etc.	2	0.84%
11	572	Influenza, pneumonia	2	0.84%
11	190	Dislocation	2	0.84%
11	159	Other infective disease	2	0.84%
12	286	Silicosis	1	0.42%
12	283	Asbestosis	1	0.42%
12	551	Malignant tumor	1	0.42%
12	240	Effects of heat exposure	1	0.42%
12	250	Hernia, rupture	1	0.42%
12	990	Occupational disease	1	0.42%
12	289	Pneumoconiosis with TB	1	0.42%
12	157	Tuberculosis	1	0.42%
12	220	Effects of cold exposure	1	0.42%
12	300	Scratches, abrasions	1	0.42%
		TOTAL	238	100.00%

n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified

Table 7.3

Female Job Deaths by Source of Injury or Illness
Ranked in Descending Order by Female Deaths
Shared Ranks are Used

			Number	Percent
		Source	of	of
Rank	Code	Description	Deaths	Total
1	5620	Highway vehicles	66	27.73%
2	4120	Bullets	21	8.82%
3	5801	Floor	12	5.84%
4	9800	Non classifiable	11	4.62%
4	6020	Another person	11	4.62%
5	6010	Heart failure	10	4.20%
6	5610	Aircraft	8	3.36%
6	2700	Infectious parasites	8	3.36%
7	1700	Flame, fire, smoke	7	2.94%
8	5810	Ground	6	2.52%
8	8800	Miscellaneous	6	2.52%
8	2910	Water	6	2.52%
9	2245	Knife	5	2.10%
10	4300	Mineral items, nonmetallic	4	1.68%
10	0999	Chemicals and compounds	4	1.68%
11	0699	Containers	3	1.26%
11	5840	Stairs, steps	3	1.26%
11	0400	Bodily motion	3	1.26%
12	5800	Working surfaces	2	0.84%
12	0660	Bundles, bales	2	0.84%
12	5899	Working surfaces	2	0.84%
12	0201	Animals	2	0.84%
12	3600	Presses (not printing)	2	0.84%
13	0630	Boxes, crates, cartons	1	0.42%
13	1515	Conductors	1	0.42%
13	2610	Cranes, derricks	1	0.42%
13	4199	Metal items	1	0.42%
13	3999	Machines	1	0.42%
13	5631	Hand trucks, dollies, etc.	1	0.42%
13	0665	Reels, rolls	1	0.42%
13	0755	Walls, fences	1	0.42%
13	0935	Carbon monoxide	1	0.42%
13	1999	Furniture, fixtures	1	0.42%
13 13	4115 0601	Beams, bars	1	0.42%
13	2620	Barrels, kegs, drums Elevators	1	0.42%
13	3000	Machines	1	0.42%
13	0950		1	0.42% 0.42%
13	2400	Halogenated compounds Heat	1	
13	1901		1	0.42%
13	2000	Cabinets, bookcases, etc. Glass items	1	0.42% 0.42%
13	2399	Hand tools, powered	1	0.42%
13	3100	Buffers, sanders, grinders	1	0.42%
13	1200	Cold	1	0.42%
13	1200	Colu	1	0.4470

Table 7.3 (Cont.)

Rank	Code	Source Description	Number of Deaths	Percent of Total
13	1300	Conveyors	1	0.42%
13	4125	Molds	1	0.42%
			1	
13	4800	Plastic items	i	0.42%
13	1960	Lighting equipment	1	0.42%
13	3450	Packaging machines	1	0.42%
13	4135	Nails, spikes, etc.	1	0.42%
13	5630	Industrial vehicles	1	0.42%
13	0320	Fur, hair, wool, etc.	1	0.42%
13	0946	Cosmetics	1	0.42%
13	1890	Food products	1	0.42%
13	2305	Buffer, polisher, waxer	1	0.42%
13	5601	Animal drawn vehicles	1	0.42%
13	1920	Counters, benches, etc.	1	0.42%
		TOTAL	238	100.00%

Table 7.4

Female Job Deaths by Type of Accident or Exposure
Ranked in Descending Order by Total Deaths
Shared Ranks are Used

			Number	Percent
		Type	of	of
Rank	Code	Description	Deaths	Total
1	029	Struck by, n.e.c.	30	12.61%
2	181	Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation	21	8.82%
3	022	Struck by flying object	20	8.40%
3	300	Motor vehicle accident, uns.	20	8.40%
4	899	Accident type, n.e.c.	16	6.72%
5	051	Fall onto walkway	14	5.88%
6	311	Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, oncoming	12	5.04%
7	999	Non classifiable	9	3.78%
8	121	Overexertion by lifting objects	8	3.36%
9	331	Motor vehicle accident, non collision, overturned	6	2.52%
9	201	Aircraft accident	6	2.52%
10	332	Motor vehicle accident, non collision, ran off roadway	5	2.10%
10	500	Explosions, uns.	5	2.10%
11	039	Fall to lower level, n.e.c.	4	1.68%
11	153	Contact with temperature extremes, hot objects	4	1.68%
11	310	Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns.	4	1.68%
11	322	Motor vehicle accident, standing vehicle on side of road	1 4	1.68%
11	183	Contact with radiation or caustics, by absorption	4	1.68%
12	123	Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects	3	1.26%
12	069	Caught in, under, between, n.e.c.	3	1.26%
12	011	Struck against stationary object	3	1.26%
12	100	Bodily reaction, uns.	3	1.26%
12	035	Fall on stairs	3	1.26%
13	021	Struck by falling object	2	0.84%
13	130	Contact with electric current	2	0.84%
13	064	Caught in or under collapsing materials	2	0.84%
13	031	Fall from scaffold, etc.	2	0.84%
13	122	Overexertion by pulling or pushing objects	2	0.84%
13	034	Fall from vehicle	2	0.84%
13	020	Struck by, uns.	2	0.84%
13	189	Contact with radiation or caustics, n.e.c.	2	0.84%
13	200	Transportation accident, not motor vehicle, uns.	2	0.84%
14	062	Caught between moving and stationary objects	1	0.42%
14	321	Motor vehicle accident, stationary object in roadway	1	0.42%
14	313	Motor vehicle accident, vehicles movingin intersection	1	0.42%
14	036	Fall into shaft, etc.	ī	0.42%
14	312	Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, same direction	i	0.42%
14	330	Motor vehicle accident, non collision, uns.	i	0.42%
14	061	Caught in running or meshing objects	1	0.42%
14	320	Motor vehicle accident, stationary object, uns.	i	0.42%
14	151	Contact with temperature extremes, general heat	i	0.42%
14	052	Fall onto or against objects	i	0.42%
14	182	Contact with radiation or caustics, by ingestion	i	0.42%
14	152	Contact with temperature extremes, general cold	i	0.42%
			-	

Table 7.4 (Cont.)

Deaths Total n or caustics, uns. 1 0.42%	Туре
	Rank Code Description
	14 180 Contact with radiation or caustics, t
238 100.00%	TOTAL
238	uns. = unspecified

Chapter 8

Limitations and Reliability Tests

This chapter is divided into two parts. In the first, the limitations of the death rates are presented. In the second, the credibility of the death rates is assessed by comparing them to prior studies and by correlating them with an independent measure of job hazards in a nationally representative sample.

LIMITATIONS

A number of limitations should be noted. First, the data are old. The analysis of the SDS data in this book ends with 1986, although the BLS now has SDS data for 1987 and 1988. No SDS data were collected in 1982 or 1984, and the 1985 and 1986 SDS data list occupation by the 1980 Census codes. The occupation (not industry) data used here--1979-83--were compiled under 1970 code headings. A manual is available that constructs a "cross-walk" between the 1970 and 1980 census codes. But the "cross-walk" is not one-to-one across occupations, as different categories of workers within one 1970 occupation were redefined into a 1980 category and vice versa. For example, persons classified as accountants in 1970 could be classified as either financial managers, accountants, auditors, other financial officers, inspectors, or bookkeepers in the 1980 categories. This is reflected in the warning issued by the Census Bureau in the first paragraph of the "cross-walk" manual: "As a result of the changes . . . most 1980 occupation major groups and detailed categories are not comparable to similar categories in the 1970 census."

The industry analysis in Chapter 5 and the analysis of causes in Chapter 6 include data from 1979-86. Interested researchers may consider purchasing the 1985-88 SDS data tapes and constructing a ranking of occupations by using 1980 codes. By 1995 the Census of Fatal Occupational Fatalities (CFOI) will also be available for study. The rankings and analyses of causes of deaths

included in this study could then be used as a benchmark to judge whether specific jobs have become more or less safe.

Second, the nature, source, and type of death information are not always informative: "Multiple injuries" is frequently mentioned in the nature category; "Person, other than injured" is mentioned all too often in the source category. "Nonclassifiable" appears too often in the source and type categories. Clearly, the government information coders may want to amend the ANSI lists of categories with more descriptive entries. Homicide, for example, could easily be included in the nature information. On the other hand, the majority of ANSI categories are sufficiently descriptive and some are perhaps overly informative; they list nearly 20 entries for various transportation accidents, including, for example, "Collision with another vehicle, both vehicles in motion"; "Collision with standing vehicle"; "Nonhighway motor vehicle collision (tractors)"; "Running into standing vehicle"; and "Ran off roadway."

Third, the denominator data are estimates of, not the actual number of, persons employed in a given occupation or industry for the 7 to 11 states over the six years. A literature search through government documents did not reveal any annual data on employment within 3-digit occupations or industries for each state for each year. Estimates are therefore essential. Equation 1 in Chapter 3, derived only after the literature search, uses the most finely calibrated government data on occupational and industrial employment available. Some occupation and industry employment data, in fact, involved a special request from the author to the BLS. The occupation denominator data in Appendix A are not available in published form in any BLS documents, and the BLS asked that the special employment data on 40 industries not be published in this book. Even so, these 40 industries are included in Table 5.1 but corresponding employment data do not appear in Appendix B. Future researchers may want to ask the U.S. Census and/or the BLS to prepare special reports for 3-digit occupation and industry employment within the individual states for the years in question.

The 1970 U.S. Census has some state-by-state data on occupation and industry employment. Not all 3-digit occupations are available for every state, however. Use of the 1970 U.S. Census data also requires an assumption that the occupation mix did not change from 1970 to 1979-83. The U.S. Census has its own industry code, distinct from the S.I.C. code. Although some maps or "cross-walks" attempt to draw similarities between the U.S. Census and S.I.C. codes, a serious problem afflicts these maps. The best industry employment data are from S.I.C. codes in *Employment and Earnings*. But these are "establishment" data (i.e., data from firms) and represent private, not public, employment.

The 1980 U.S. Census could not be used because the SDS data from 1979-83 were recorded in 1970 U.S. Census codes. The same S.I.C. versus U.S. Census industry coding problem occurs with the 1980 U.S. Census as with the 1970 U.S. Census.

Information from either the 1970 or 1980 U.S. Census was, therefore, not used in calculating the denominators.

Fourth, there may be problems with judgments by WC boards. Employer groups allege that WC boards are too lenient in their judgments of what constitutes a job-related accident or illness.³ Employee groups claim just the opposite.⁴ Stout and Bell (1991) claim that WC boards discover only 57 percent of all fatal occupational injuries. Toscano and Windau (1992), who are BLS researchers, argue that WC boards miss more than half of injury deaths. Despite this criticism, the estimate of annual injury deaths using these SDS data prior to accounting for the WC undercount--4,985--is close to prior estimates. The BLS estimates 3,000-4,000 injury deaths, while NIOSH, in the National Traumatic Occupational Fatalities Study (NTOF), estimates 7,000 deaths. The SDS/WC count of disease deaths--616 per year--may be even a more severe undercount than the injury undercount, as explained in the sixth criticism, below.

Fifth, some readers might prefer age-adjusted death rates to those unadjusted in the tables in Chapters 4 and 5. But many occupations and industries had fewer than ten deaths. If these were further subdivided by three or four age groups, the number of zero cells would markedly increase. As a result, the reliability of many of the age-occupation or age-industry cells with zero or one or two deaths would diminish. Moreover, death rates need not be age-adjusted to be useful. A popular use of job-related death rates is to test an economic hypothesis of compensating wage differentials. The hypothesis asserts that, other things being equal, workers in dangerous jobs will be paid more than similar workers in safe jobs. In these studies, age and death rate associations are removed with statistical techniques. Nevertheless, no study of compensating wages mentioned in Miller's (1990) exhaustive review uses age-adjusted mortality rates.

Sixth, the great majority of deaths WC authorities viewed as job-related resulted from injuries (roughly 89 percent). By 1986 only a handful of fatal diseases--silicosis, some poisonings, absestosis, byssinossis, black lung, pneumonia, tumor, tuberculosis, blood diseases, siderosis, and a few heart diseases--were regarded as job-related and only under certain conditions. Even so, results in the tables in Chapter 6 suggest that occupational diseases contribute roughly 11 percent to the total number of job-related deaths. This 11 percent estimate compares favorably with the independent BLS death counts. based upon Occupational Safety and Health (OSHA) Form 200. Every year. firms with 11 or more employees are required to file OSHA Form 200, which identifies, among other things, the number of job-related deaths experienced by that firm during the year. The BLS then compiles the information from the OSHA 200 forms and publishes the data in U.S. Department of Labor bulletins.⁵ Typically only roughly 2-4 percent of job-related deaths were attributed to traditional occupational diseases (asbestosis, silicosis and so on) and over 5 percent due to heart attacks by the BLS during the 1970s and early 1980s.⁶ The 11 percent observed with these SDS data is higher than the 7-9 percent observed

on the OSHA 200 forms. The higher percentage here could be the result of a tendency over time to acknowledge more diseases as job-related. Again, these SDS data cover 1979-81, 1983, and 1985-86.

But both the 11 percent and 7-9 percent estimates may be serious undercounts. As mentioned in Chapter 1, government studies of asbestosis. silicosis, mesothelioma and coal miners' pneumoconiosis recognized 1.700 annual deaths during 1979-86.7 These 1,700 would clearly be much more than 11 percent of the SDS estimate of 616 deaths. Ashford (1976) and Baker and Landrigan (1993) suggest that occupational diseases were killing 100,000 per vear in the mid 1970s. Markowitz et al. (1989) attributes 5,000-7,000 annual deaths to some form of occupational disease in New York State in the mid 1980s. If New York is representative of the United States, the Markowitz et al. statistics suggest that the number of disease deaths should exceed injury deaths by 8 or 9 to 1 for the United States. In the same vein, if the SDS data were more representative of occupational diseases, coal miners would rank in the first position in Table 4.1 and coal mining would be first in Table 5.1. This is especially evident when one discovers that in 1987, 242,000 miners, widows. and dependents received \$904 million in annual Black Lung benefits⁸ and that the Black Lung Trust was established because at the time (1972) few state WC boards recognized black lung as a compensable disease.9

Another disease limitation of the study involves side-smoke. Attention is now being focused on side-smoke hazards faced by bartenders, waiters and waitresses, and flight attendants on international flights. Side-smoke was not widely recognized as hazardous to bar and restaurant employees or flight attendants in the early 1980s.

The death rates presented here, consequently, generally reflect safety and not health hazards.

Seventh, state WC programs do not cover all employees. ¹⁰ Self-employed persons may refuse coverage, while federal government employees are excluded. Among wage and salaried workers, roughly 88 percent are covered. Most states exclude farm labor, maritime, railroad, domestic servants, and casual employees, and a few states provide exemptions for employers with three or fewer employees. Finally, although all states provide coverage for all state and local government employees, the coverage is voluntary in several states. Consequently, if the SDS data were more representative of all workers, agricultural occupations such as farmer and farm worker or foreman would be near the top of the list in Table 4.1.

Eighth, problems arise with coding occupations. The SDS files do not record an occupation for roughly 5.5 percent of the deaths. Two occupations with one or more deaths--Sales Representatives Not Elsewhere Classified and Craftsmen Not Elsewhere Classified--do not provide consistent denominator information from all sources. Industry has also not been coded for roughly 5 percent of the deaths. Several industries also have missing or inconsistent

denominator data. These included the industries at the bottom of Table 5.1: Field Crops, Fruits, Horticultural, and so on.

Ninth, 263 occupations appear in Table 4.1. Yet 425 occupations exist in the 1970 Census codes. Apart from the handful of occupations with inconsistent denominator data, this discrepancy suggests that 162 occupations had zero deaths. Even so, it is not reasonable to conclude that these occupations pose no fatality risk to workers. This is a defect of the data. Future researchers will need to obtain data on more than 4,059 fatalities for the occupations. In the meantime, the typical occupation, included as one of the 425 yet excluded from Table 4.1 because of zero recorded deaths, is likely to have a very low death rate. The 162 occupations with zero deaths are included in Appendix F. One of these occupations is Fishermen. In prior studies ¹¹ Fishermen were found to have very high death rates. This is especially true in Alaska. ¹² But the SDS data do not include states such as Maine or Alaska where fishing can be fatal due to the icy waters and turbulent seas.

Tenth, the ANSI cause-of-death categories do not mention alcohol or drug use. Some observers have suggested that many job-related accidents involve alcohol or drug use. In the few studies that address the issue, however, alcohol in the blood was found in only roughly 1-15 percent of the deceased workers.¹³

TESTS FOR ACCURACY

The data in Tables 4.1 and 5.1 were compared to existing studies. Table 8.1 presents data on rankings from existing studies. The first number in parentheses indicates the rate or relative risk, if available. Most of these rates are measured per 100,000 workers per year. Other rates are measured in ways that are not clear, that is, "extra deaths per 100,000 insurance policy years." The second number in parentheses indicates the rank of the equivalent occupation in Table 4.1 or industry in Table 5.1. For example, in the CDC, MMWR Texas study (1985) (Panel H), Airplane Pilots are ranked first, while in Table 4.1, Pilots are ranked fifth. For Thaler and Rosen (1976) (Panel E), Lumberjacks are ranked second, yet in Table 4.1 they are ranked third. In addition, there was some difficulty in matching occupations and industries from prior studies to the U.S. Census and S.I.C. codes in Tables 4.1 and 5.1. Four of the prior studies are from overseas, where job classifications are quite different from the U.S. Census and S.I.C. categories. In addition, several studies (Panels A, B, and C) could not be matched because they used broad, not narrow, job definitions.

Table 8.1 does not present the entire lists from Thaler and Rosen (1976) (Panel E), Meng (1991) (Panel F), Toscano and Windau's occupations (Panel J), or BLS 1979 industry (Panel L). Thaler and Rosen's list contains 36 of the most dangerous occupations, and Meng's includes 482 occupations. Toscano and Windau's (1993) occupation list provides finer detail on blue-collar than white-collar jobs. The Toscano and Windau (1993) list in Panel J includes only blue-

collar jobs. The BLS 1979 list contains 240 2- and 3-digit industries. Apart from these three, each panel in Table 8.1 reproduces the entire list published by each of the authors indicated.

Table 4.1 ranks 263 occupations. In addition, zero deaths were recorded in 162 occupations in the SDS data. Assuming these imply zero rates, a total of 425 occupations could be ranked. Any rank below 213, therefore, indicates a positive correlation between the rankings in Table 4.1 and the rankings of any of the studies in Table 8.1. Eighty-nine (89) occupations in Table 8.1 could be matched to occupations in Table 4.1. Eighty-eight (88) of these 89 had rankings below 213 in Table 4.1. The one exception was Farmers--panel H, number 8 and rank 252 in Table 4.1. But as this chapter earlier indicates, the SDS data seriously undercount farmer deaths. Assuming the "NA" (those that could not be matched) occupations would have been in our zero death rate list, 30 of 119 would rank in the lower half of Table 4.1. The 88 to 30 ratio still clearly favors the upper half of Table 4.1.

Fishermen are high on several lists in Table 8.1, in direct contrast to the fact that the SDS recorded zero fishermen deaths. Again, this is a deficiency in the SDS data as indicated in the earlier part of this chapter.

The SDS/WC rankings in Tables 4.1 are especially similar to Toscano and Windau's (1993) rankings in Panel J. This is encouraging, since the CFOI was begun after the SDS, and the CFOI provides more complete coverage of injuries than the SDS. The Table 4.1 rankings are also similar to those by the CDC in Panel H.

A unique industry ranking appears in Table 8.1 (Panel L): BLS unpublished death rates from 1979. These unpublished data were made available to the author for a prior study on compensatory wage differentials, and permission was obtained at that time from the BLS to publish the list. These BLS death rates are derived from the same BLS averages for 250,000 to 280,000 firms described in Chapter 2. The BLS death rates have a number of drawbacks (discussed in Chapter 2). But the relative rankings across industries may be more credible than the BLS estimates of the overall size of the injury and illness problem. In addition, Table 8.1 (Panel L) lists the top 10 industries. The complete list appears in Appendix E. The BLS and the SDS industry data were matched to the same S.I.C. codes. To test for the reliability of the SDS death rates, a correlation coefficient was calculated between the SDS rates in Table 5.1 and the 1979 unpublished BLS death rates. A total of 323 industries were available, using the SDS/WC data, and 223 were available, using the BLS 1979 death rate data. The correlation coefficient is .6618 with a corresponding p-value of <.0001 for 120 matched industries with non-zero rates. This provides evidence that the rankings in Table 5.1 are credible.

Tests Using a National Probability Sample

The second test involved the calculation of a partial correlation coefficient between death rates in Table 4.1 and a measure of job hazards from the 1977 *Quality of Employment Survey* (QES).¹⁵ The QES is a University of Michigan survey of persons working 20 or more hours per week in 1977. Approximately 1,515 people from across the United States were interviewed to obtain a national probability sample. The data have been widely used in economic, sociological and occupational medicine studies.¹⁶

A generous number of questions were asked concerning the respondent's job. Each respondent was asked, for example, to identify his or her 3-digit 1970 Census occupation. Unfortunately, industries were coded in U.S. Census, not S.I.C., categories. Respondents were also asked whether they suffered a jobrelated injury or illness in the last three years. Table 4.1 rates were assigned to each individual, depending on the person's stated 3-digit occupation. Persons who did not have a U.S. Census occupation with a rate were excluded. The Table 4.1 rates so assigned were then used in the subsequent analyses.

The QES investigators asked the following questions:

- 1. Within the last three years have you had any illnesses or injuries you think were caused or made more severe by any job you had during this period?
- 2. (Asked only of people stating "yes" to question 1.)
 When you had the illness or injury, were you working at your present job?

QES respondents who answered "yes" to both questions 1 and 2 were given a "1" for the variable JobInjury and a "0" otherwise. A least squares regression was then run on QES data for which information on the person's occupational death rate (Table 4.1 estimates) was available. The dependent variable was the person's occupation rate. Additional covariates included age, male sex, and nonwhite race. Least squares was preferred over a Poisson regression since the death rates were not integers. The sample size was 1,386. The partial correlation coefficient between JobInjury and the death rate was .4326, which was statistically significant (generated a p-value) at better than the .0001 level.

SUMMARY

Given (1) the similarities in rankings between occupations and industries in Tables 4.1 and 5.1, (2) the occupational rankings in Table 8.1, panels A through J, (3) the correlation coefficients for Table 8.1, panel L and Table 5.1, and (4) the partial correlation coefficient in the QES, this study concludes that the occupation and industry lists in Tables 4.1 and 5.1 are reasonably accurate.

NOTES

- 1. See U.S. Bureau of the Census, 1989.
- 2. See U.S. Bureau of the Census, 1989.
- 3. See Reida, 1984.
- 4. See Rejda, 1984.
- 5. See U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Department of Labor, 1989.
- 6. See Hilaski, 1981, and U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Department of Labor, 1989.
 - 7. See National Center for Health Statistics, 1992.
 - 8. See U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 1990.
 - 9. See Freedman, 1990.
- 10. See Redja, 1984.
- 11. See Saporito, 1993.
- 12. See Schnitzer et al., 1993.
- 13. See Alleyne et al., 1991; Buchanan, 1989; Jones et al., 1991; Lewis and Cooper, 1989; Podolsky and Richards, 1985; Smith and Kraus, 1988; Cimini and Becker, 1993; and Robinson et al., 1988.
- 14. See Thaler and Rosen, 1976.
- 15. See Quinn and Staines, 1979.
- 16. See Kallenberg, 1986.

Table 8.1

Review of Existing Studies

A. Harrison et al., 1989,¹ Australia (per 100,000) **B**. Bell et al., 1990,² U.S. (per 100,000)

- 1. Mining (69.9)
- 2. Transport and Communication (38.0)
- 3. Farming, fishing, timber (22.1)
- 4. Trades (9.1)
- 5. Services (5.5)
- 6. Sales (2.8)
- 7. Professional and technical (2.3)
- 8. Executives and managers (2.0)
- 9. Sales (1.8)
- 10. Clerical (0.4)

- 1. Transportation operative (23.5)
- 2. Farmers (21.7)
- 3. Laborers (15.8)
- 4. Craftsworkers (9.0)
- 5. Technicians (6.0)
- 6. Machinists (3.8)
- Managers (3.3)
 Service (2.5)
- 9. Specialists (2.0)

C. Robinson et al., 1988,² U.S. (per 100,000)

- 1. Farming, forestry, fishing (20.5)
- 2. Crafts workers (11.4)
- 3. Operatives, laborers (8.7)
- 4. Service workers (2.6)
- 5. Managers, professionals (1.0)
- 6. Technical, sales (0.7)

D. Leigh, 1987,³ U.S. (per 100,000, Table 4.1 rank)

- 1. Lumberjack (129, 3)
- 2. Airplane pilot (97, 5)
- 3. Asbestos workers (78, 10)
- 4. Structural metal workers (72, 14)
- 5. Electric power lineman (50, 15)
- 6. Firefighters (48, 13)
- 7. Garbage collectors (40, 16)
- 8. Truck drivers (39, 21)
- 9. Bulldozer operators (39, 32)
- 10. Earth drillers (39, 12)
- 11. Craft apprentices (37, NA)
- 12. Mine operatives (37, 17)
- 13. Boilermakers (35, 23)
- 14. Taxicab drivers (34, 22)
- 15. Construction laborers (33, 25)
- 16. Millwrights (33, 50)
- 17. Surveyor helpers (33, 12)
- 18. Sheriffs (31, 33)
- 19. Roofers (31, 46)
- 20. Metal molders (26, 34)
- 21. Flight attendents (23, 54)
- 22. Oilers and greasers (23, 29)
- 23. Excavating operators (21, 40)
- 24. Crane operators (19, 48)
- 25. Police (17, 47)

E. Thaler and Rosen, 1976, U.S. (Extra deaths over average, Table 4.1 rank)

- 1. Guards, watchmen (267, 73)
- 2. Lumberjacks (256, 3)
- 3. Boilermakers (230, 23)
- 4. Iron workers (204, 14)
- 5. Railroad conductors (203, NA)
- 6. Elevator operators (188, 20)
- 7. Locomotive firemen (186, NA)
- 8. Taxicab drivers (182, 22)
- 9. Sheriffs (181, 33)
- 10. Bartenders (176, 159)
- 11. Mine operatives (176, 17)
- 12. Merchant sailors (163, NA)
- 13. Ship's officers (156, NA)
- 14. Switchmen (152, NA)
- 15. Cranemen (147, 48)
- 16. Sawyers (133, 56)
- 17. Waiters (134, 231)
- 18. Cooks (132, 215)
- 19. Laundry operatives (126, NA)
- 20. Teamsters (114, 10)
- 21. Road machine operators(103, 40)
- 22. Longshoremen (101, 160)
- 23. Truck drivers (98, 21)
- 24. Railroad brakemen (88, NA)
- 25. Police (78, 47)

F. Meng, 1991,⁵ Canada (per 100,000 person years, Table 4.1 rank)

- 1. Mining: cutting, and loading (344, 17)
- 2. Laborer in mine (331, 17)
- 3. Motormen (293, 4)
- 4. Air pilots (280, 5)
- 5. Laborers in fabric (258, 31)
- 6. Mineral ore treating (220, NA)
- 7. Insulating occupation (204, 10)
- 8. Laborers in ore (167, 17)
- 9. Railway sectionmen (146, NA)
- 10. Timber cutting (145, 3)
- 11. Rotary well drilling (144, 12)
- 12. Inspecting, grading (143, 77)
- 13. Mining, n.e.c. (141, 17)
- 14. Ship deck crew (136, NA)
- 15. Rock drilling (126, 1)
- 16. Excavating, n.e.c. (123, 40)
- 17. Fishing, n.e.c. (116, NA)
- 18. Forestry, n.e.c. (114, NA)
- 19. Fishing, net trap (114, NA)
- 20. Physical sciences (113, NA)
- 21. Structural metal (113, 14)
- 22. Log hoisting (107, 3)
- 23. Forestry conservation (96, NA)
- 24. Smelting (95, 34)
- 25. Ship engineer officer (95, NA)

G. Marin and Psacharopoulos, England, 1982 (excess deaths per 1,000, Table 4.1 rank)

- 1. Electrical engineers and electricians (11.6, NA)⁶
- 2. Bricklayers (9.4, 83)
- 3. Innkeepers (6.7, NA)
- 4. Deckhands (6.5, NA)
- 5. Coal miners, above ground (5.3, 17)
- 6. Laborers, n.e.c. (5.0, 7)
- 7. Ship officers (4.9, NA)
- 8. Shoe makers (4.4, 197)
- 9. Garage proprietors (4.1, NA)
- 10. Watch repairers (3.6, NA)
- 11. Pharmacists (3.5, 170)
- 12. Occupational therapists (3.4, NA)
- 13. Fishermen (3.0, NA)
- 14. Steel erectors (3.0, 14)
- 15. Underground coal miners (2.9, 17)
- 16. Tailors (2.8, 38)
- 17. Brewers (2.6, NA)
- 18. Domestic housekeepers (2.6, NA)
- 19. Machine tool operators (2.3, 94)
- 20. Cutters, footware (2.3, NA)

H. CDC, MMWR, 1985, Texas (per 100,000, Table 4.1 rank)

- 1. Airplane pilots (217, 5)
- 2. Oil well drillers (158, 12)
- 3. Structural metal workers (156, 14)
- 4. Electric power installers (147, 15)
- 5. Construction laborers (67, 25)
- 6. Heavy truck drivers (65, 21)
- 7. Material moving operatives (61, 40)
- 8. Farmers (47, 252)
- 9. Police (46, 47)
- 10. Electricians (42, 82)

I. Cone et al., 1991, California (per 100,000 Table 4.1 rank)

- 1. Fishers and hunters (84.4, NA)
- 2. Loggers (78.3, 3)
- 3. Police (75.9, 47)
- 4. Miners (43.9, 17)
- 5. Truck drivers (37.4, 21)

J. Toscano and Windau, 1993⁸, CFOI Occupations, U.S. (per 100,000, Table 4.1 rank)

- 1. Forestry and logging jobs (142, 3)
- 2. Taxi drivers and chauffeurs (50, 22)
- 3. Construction laborers (34, 25)
- 4. Truck drivers (25, 21)
- 5. Farming jobs (20, 20)
- 6. Material moving operators (16, 40)
- 7. Other laborers (14, 7)
- 8. (tie) Construction supervisors (13, NA)
- 9. (tie) Electricians (13, 82)
- 10. Protective service (13, 73)

K. Toscano and Windau, 1993⁹, CFOI Industries, U.S. (per 100,000)

- 1. Mining (27)
- 2. Agriculture, forestry, and fishing (24)
- 3. Construction (14)
- 4. Transportation (13)
- 5. (tie) Wholesale trade (5)
- 6. (tie) Federal government (5)
- 7. (tie) Manufacturing (4)
- 8. (tie) Retail trade (4)
- 9. Local government (3)
- 10. (tie) Finance, insurance, real estate (2)
- 11. (tie) Services (2)
- 12. (tie) State government (2)

L. Bureau of Labor Statistics unpublished 1979 death rate list by U.S. industry (per 100,000)¹⁰

- 1. Logging camps (123.9)
- 2. Misc. special contractors (70.3)
- 3. Oil and gas field services (68.7)
- 4. Water well drilling (64.9)
- 5. Bituminous coal (63.6)
- 6. Water transportation (58.9)
- 7. Forestry (57.3)
- 8. Oil and gas extraction (57.2)
- 9. Nonmetal mineral mining (53.3)
- 10. Highway construction (53.19)

Table footnotes

- 1. The Australian study mixes industries with occupations and all categories are 1-digit.
- 2. Occupations are 1, not 3-digit.
- 3. Study ranks 347 occupations.
- 4. Study ranks 36 occupations. Deaths are not necessarily job-related.
- 5. Study ranks 482 occupations.
- 6. The U.S. Census separates engineers from electricians.
- 7. The U.S. Census does not distinguish above from below ground miners.
- 8. Study mixes 2- with 3-digit occupations. Only the top 10 are listed.
- 9. Study has only 1-digit industries, hence cannot be compared to 3-digit industries in Table 5.1.
- 10. Complete list in Appendix E.
- NA = Not applicable, i.e. no equivalent occupation in Table 4.1
- n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified

Chapter 9

Conclusion

This study reveals which occupations and industries have the highest job-related death rates between 1979 and 1986 and investigates the causes of those deaths. Data are drawn from the Bureau of Labor Statistics' (BLS) Supplemental Data System (SDS) pertaining to the number of job-related, injury and disease deaths. occupation, industry, gender, source, nature, and type of death. The SDS data, in turn, are derived from workers' compensation (WC) records across 11 states. The SDS data suffer a number of deficiencies, including reliance only on information from WC boards. WC statistics probably account for only 40-70 percent of all injury deaths and a lower percent of disease deaths. For example, the undercounts of coal miners' pneumoconiosis (black lung) deaths and deaths among agricultural workers, farmers, fishermen, railroad workers, and merchant sailors are especially severe. Nevertheless, the SDS data appear to be the only current source of numerator information on injuries and illnesses that apply to more than one year or one state and that are capable of indicating the causes of death. Denominator data are derived from the BLS employment data base pertaining to employment in 1- and 3- digit occupations and industries. Some of the BLS data are published, and others were supplied to the author by the BLS, but all denominator data are derived from the same source. Finally, occupations and industries are ranked according to death rates, and all causes of deaths are indicated within each occupation or industry.

The unadjusted estimated number of annual deaths is 5,601 (Chapter 6) for the United States during 1979-86. Given the expected undercount associated with WC coverage and the general undercount of diseases by most surveys, this 5,601 annual estimate compares favorably with prior studies of job-related deaths during 1979-86. The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) estimates 7,000 annual injury (not disease) deaths for similar years. In addition, BLS surveys of 250,000 to 280,000 firms indicate 3,500-4,500 injury and disease deaths during the same period. The National Safety Council estimates 12,000 annual injury deaths. The adjusted annual number of

injury deaths is considerably higher. Assuming that 11 percent of the SDS/WC deaths are due to disease and that WC records ignore 57 percent of injury deaths, the National Safety Council estimate appears to be the most similar estimate to ours for the national number of injury deaths. Under these two assumptions, the SDS/WC estimate of annual injury deaths would be 11,593. Other annual estimates (not SDS/WC) range to as high as 100,000 for injury and, especially, disease deaths combined.²

For women and men combined, the occupations with the highest rates per 100,000 per year include Stone Cutters (351), Painter Apprentices (118), Lumberjacks (96), Motormen (94), Airplane Pilots (90), Blasters (85), Miscellaneous Laborers (76), Urban Rail Conductors (76), Teamsters (66), Asbestos Workers (61), Surveying Assistants (56), and Earth Drillers (55). For both genders, the industries with the highest rates per 100,000 include Logging (187), Cut Stone (103), Taxicab (102), Iron Ores Mining (45), Crushed Stone Mining (37), Highway Construction (36), Chemical Mineral Mining (35), Trucking (33), Miscellaneous Special Contractors (32), Lead Mining (31), Heavy Construction (30), Sawmills (28), Fats and Oils (28), and Leather Tanning (28).

For both genders, the nature of deaths most often involve multiple injuries, heart conditions, fractures, and cuts or lacerations. Again for both genders, the source of deaths most often involves highway vehicles, heart failure, bullets, mineral items, ground, floor, aircraft, and fire. The type of injury or illness most often involves being struck by objects, coming into contact with caustics by inhalation, overexertion, being struck by a flying object, and being struck by a falling object.

A number of conclusions can be drawn from this study. (1) The first and perhaps most important conclusion pertains to "common knowledge" about job hazards. Popular perceptions of dangerous jobs are often borne out in these data: Pilots, Lumberjacks, Blasters, Asbestos Workers, and Miners are high on the list. But a great number of high-ranking occupations are not generally regarded as dangerous by the public. These include Surveying Assistants; Laborers in Miscellaneous, Construction, and Farm categories; most apprentices in construction trades; Therapy Assistants; Garbage Collectors; Warehouse Workers; Bakers; Knitters; Geologists; Truck Drivers; Urban Rail Conductors; Greasers; Metal Molders; Teamsters; Delivery Workers; Mechanics; Gas Station Attendants; Sales Managers; Gardeners; Parking Lot Attendants; and Jewelers. The same pattern is apparent for industries. Logging and Iron Ore Mining would be expected to be high on the list. Trucking, Fats and Oils, Car Dealers, Warehousing, Dairy Products, Bakery Products, Confectionery Products, Hats, Real Estate, Garden Stores, and School Buses would not be expected to be dangerous by the public, but they are.

The magnitudes of the differences in many, perhaps most, death rates are also surprising. In Table 4.1, for example, Firefighters (51) face a death rate roughly three times greater than the one for Police (18). Roofers (18) have a rate

Conclusion 211

very similar to millwrights (17.6), but both have rates less than half that of Truck Drivers (38.7). Messengers and Office Boys (10) have a rate twice that of Welders (5). Recreation Attendants (10.7) have a rate almost double that of Chemists (5.7). Being a Dishwasher (3.0) is more hazardous than being an Electrical Engineer (1.3).

In Table 5.1, there are four to five fold differences in the fatality rates for employees of Confectionary and Dairy Products on the one hand and Motor Vehicle Manufacturing on the other. The Taxicab industry has a rate more than double that of Iron Ore Mining. Sawmills are more than twice as dangerous as Millwork. The Sand and Gravel industry has a rate more than double that of Oil products. The Wood Industry has a rate more than five times that of the Ship Building Industry.

Popular opinions are also in error in assessments of how people die on the job. Police are thought to die from bullets. But Table 4.1 points out that motor vehicle crashes kill as many police officers and sheriffs as bullets. Firefighters are believed to die from flames and smoke, yet the SDS data suggest that more firefighters die from job-related heart failure and vehicle crashes than from flame or smoke. Gas Station Attendants and Bartenders are most frequently murdered. Lawyers are most frequently murdered or die from airplane crashes. Insurance Agents most frequently die from motor vehicle crashes. Managers are most likely to die from vehicle crashes, bullets, or airplane crashes. Farm Laborers are more likely to die from vehicle crashes than mishaps with agricultural machines. Garbage Collectors and Foremen most frequently die from highway vehicle crashes. Janitors most frequently die from contact with shovels or spades. Restaurant Bar Managers and Receptionists most frequently die from bullets.

In general, motor vehicle crashes and homicides account for many more job-related deaths than is commonly believed. For example, many coroners fail to recognize motor vehicle crash deaths or homicide as job-related.³ If experts fail to see many motor vehicle crash deaths and homicides as job-related, can we expect the public to make a better assessment? The importance of crashes and homicide is borne out in these SDS data as well as prior government studies including the BLS surveys of 280,000 firms and the recent Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries (CFOI).⁴

On-the-job deaths are rare events. Information from relatives, friends, or co-workers may not indicate a job is dangerous. This may be especially important for small firms or new firms with little experience in which jobs are hazardous or safe. As most studies indicate, deaths are high in small firms and among the self-employed.⁵

Given the inadequacies of popular opinion, a simple implication appears justified. Information on job hazards needs to be more widely disseminated. One method simply requires that job hazard information with appropriate explanations appear on job application forms. Pre-employment interviews could devote some time to explaining the hazards of the job. In especially dangerous

jobs, new employees, (apprentices, helpers, assistants, and so on), whom we have seen are especially prone to accidents, should receive extensive safety training. The information should be provided in the worker's native tongue (e.g., Spanish, Polish, etc.).

Another method would require that letters be sent from the OSH Administration to workers in high-risk jobs. This method would be similar to the High-Risk Worker Notification Bill that was discussed in Congress in 1987.⁶ A new bill could be introduced that would include notifying workers of injuries as well as diseases.

Simply by providing more and better information to employees, some improvements will begin to occur. Well-informed employees in economic, free markets will begin to pressure employers to improve working conditions. Prospective employees may avoid a job if it is sufficiently hazardous, while current employees may quit. Unions will press for improved conditions. In each case, the employer will have an economic incentive to improve working conditions. The benefits of free market forces derived from well-informed and mobile employees should not be underestimated. Viscusi (1992) argues that free market forces have been more important than OSHA efforts in reducing injury deaths.

A legally required provision of extensive information may also turn the tide on the increasing number of lawsuits involving industrial homicide. Ira Reiner, former District Attorney for Los Angeles, could no longer argue that employers willfully withhold information on the hazards of the job.⁷

Several additional conclusions can be drawn for OSH policy:

- (2) The OSH Act virtually ignores motor vehicle crashes, airplane crashes, and homicides. Only recently has OSHA suggested standards for highway vehicles. No standards have yet to be proposed for pedestrians. Yet deaths from these causes constitute nearly half of all job-related injury deaths in the SDS/WC data and more than half in the CFOI data. The little attention paid to vehicle and airplane crashes as well as homicides continues today with the OSH Administration. New standards should be developed for drivers' and pilots' education, seat belts, as well as truck, tractor, auto, and airplane safety. The seat belt requirement may be especially important. Most benefit-cost calculations indicate that people do not use seat belts as often as they should. Air bags should be required in all highway vehicles used on-the-job. New standards are needed in all-night convenience stores, liquor stores, and gas stations pertaining to armed guards, mirrors, videotaping, employee safety instruction, and so on.
- (3) The OSH Act does not address farm deaths. The OSH Administration rarely promulgates standards for farm work or inspects farms. Although the SDS data do not provide much information on farm deaths because they rely on WC records, many other studies indicate the extensive hazards of farming.¹⁰
- (4) Young workers, apprentices, helpers, and assistants in dangerous jobs should receive intensive training in job hazards before they begin working.¹¹

Conclusion 213

Several conclusions pertain to research. (5) Too little research attention has addressed job-related deaths. The call for a large federal government effort to expand its data collection efforts, first issued by the National Research Council in 1987, is still valid. The Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries (CFOI) is a step in the right direction. However, the CFOI ignores occupational diseases, including heart attacks. The latter is an especially serious omission since heart attacks accounted for the majority of the roughly 23 percent of disease deaths excluded from the CFOI. Our SDS/WC data, fortunately, include heart attacks, but WC undoubtedly underestimates these deaths.

The SDS/WC data used here are inadequate. WC boards may miss as many as 60 percent of the injury deaths and a higher percent of disease deaths.

An extensive data gathering effort on occupational disease deaths should begin. As indicated above, no government agencies have reliable counts of these deaths. Existing estimates range from 1,000 to over 90,000 per year. In collecting these data some attention should be given to "job strain" as a causative factor, especially for heart disease deaths. 12

- (6) Greater research attention should be directed toward alcohol and drug use by workers. It is frequently alleged that an accident was alcohol or drug related. Yet most research indicates that alcohol- or drug-related fatalities account for less (sometimes far less) than 15 percent of job-related accidental deaths.¹³ On the other hand, it could be that job pressures encourage drinking.¹⁴
- (7) Research should also address problems in small firms and the self-employed. For example, the most recent CFOI data indicate that 20 percent of all injury fatalities occur among the self-employed. Yet the self-employed comprise less than 10 percent of employed persons.¹⁵
- (8) Miscellaneous Laborers and Construction Laborers need to be studied. They are very high on the list in Table 4.1 and involve nearly 200 deaths, yet we know little about them. Are these recently hired workers who have not yet moved into a vocation? Are these casual workers with little job tenure? What percent speak English? What percent are literate? Are they relatively young? Are they trained about job hazards in their native tongue?
- (9) Many of the most dangerous jobs are in low-paying occupations. We need to investigate whether the low pay is a risk factor for injuries and especially diseases. 16

CLOSING REMARKS

A quiet health revolution has occurred in the United States over the past 30 years. Our parents and grandparents regarded health and longevity as determined by genetics, fate, luck, and medical care. The only thing healthy persons could do to improve their prospects was to visit the doctor for regular checkups. When sick, we were supposed to find appropriate medical care and take the medicine as prescribed. This is still good advice, but we now recognize

it does not go far enough. We now believe that our health can be improved by our own actions both individually and collectively.

Many of these actions involve personal daily activities and precautions. Over the past 30 years, attention to diet, nutrition, and exercise has soared. We read food labels. We check our blood pressure in machines at the drug store. Beef consumption is down and fish consumption is up. Terms such as "fat," "fiber," "cholesterol," and "salt" have meanings now we could not have imagined 30 years ago. Some sneakers are now more expensive than leather wingtips. We smoke and drink excessively less often. Apart from crack-cocaine, illicit drug use has declined over the past 15 years.

Recent medical evidence indicates that a good night's sleep improves the immune system and a restless night's sleep lowers our immune response. People now may begin to give a greater priority to a good night's sleep than in the past.

Other preventive medicine actions have been collective. Laws have been passed to require seat belt and motorcycle helmet use. Legal restrictions have been placed on smoking in public. Drunk driving laws have become more punitive. Hospitals are now required to release mortality statistics which are regularly published in newspapers. Food labeling laws have become more strict. Finally, several national legislative actions¹⁷ fit this trend:

1966 - Highway Safety Act

1969 - Coal Mine Health and Safety Act

1970 - Clean Air Act

1970 - Occupational Safety and Health Act

1972 - Consumer Product Safety Act

1972 - Water Pollution Control Act Amendments

1977 - Clean Air Act Amendments

1980 - Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation Act

1987 - High-Risk Worker Notification Bill (never enacted into law)

1990 - Clean Air Act Amendments

There is a theme to this litany of actions. Simple daily habits and exposures accumulate over a lifetime to produce good or bad health. While the chance of a serious auto accident (not necessarily fatal) is minimal on any given driving day, over forty years the risk is nearly 50 percent. Most of us work 40 or more hours per week for most of our adult lives. Job duties, exposures, and feelings of success or failure have a cumulative effect over each week, month, and year. Carpal Tunnel Syndrome (CTS) is an example. CTS is the result of repeated stresses to the wrist. These disorders develop gradually over time and are often not treated until the symptoms become chronic and permanent injury results. Until the mid-1980s, CTS was rarely diagnosed as job-related.

We need to give greater attention to the simple daily activities we are required to do on-the-job. Unfortunately, information from medical researchers has not been as thorough as it could be concerning job hazards. There is not Conclusion 215

scientific consensus about as simple a concept as the definition of a job-related death. Among the scientists who have examined job-related deaths, the estimated number ranges from 5,000 to over 100,000 per year.

Sigmund Freud once remarked that happiness arises from productivity in love and work. The first component--love--is well studied. There are 230,000 practicing psychologists¹⁹ and 35,500 practicing psychiatrists²⁰ in the United States today. Many counsel patients and clients on family and romantic relationships. The second component--work--is not well studied. There are only roughly 2,700 practicing occupational medicine doctors.²¹ What Stellman and Daum (1973) observed in 1973 is still true today: the average medical student spends as much time studying tropical disease as occupational disease. Out of four years of medical training, the average doctor receives four hours of instruction in occupational medicine.²² Doctors will seldom look for links between a person's job and his or her health problem. The 125 million Americans who work for a living deserve greater medical and scientific attention to how their jobs might kill them.

NOTES

- 1. See Bell et al., 1990.
- 2. See Ashford, 1975; Markowitz et al., 1989; and Baker and Landrigan, 1993.
 - 3. See Runyan, Loomis, and Butts, 1994.
- 4. See Toscano and Windau, 1993.
- 5. See Toscano and Windau, 1992; and Mendeloff and Kagey, 1990.
- 6. See Brandt-Rauf, 1989.
- 7. See Reiner and Chatten-Brown, 1989.
- 8. See U.S. Department of Labor, 1990.
- 9. See Viscusi, 1992, p. 10.
- 10. See Bell et al., 1990; and Purschwitz and Field, 1990.
- 11. See Belville et al., 1993.
- 12. See Karasek and Theorell, 1990.
- 13. See Marine, Derstine, and Jack, 1993; Smith and Kraus, 1988; and Podolsky and Richards, 1985.
- 14. See Seeman, Seeman, and Budros, 1988.
- 15. See U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, 1991, pp. 7, 31.
- 16. See Graham, Chung, and Evans, 1992.
- 17. See Greer, 1993.
- 18. See Slovic et al., 1979.
- 19. See U.S. Bureau of the Census, 1992.
- 20. See American Medical Association, 1992.
- 21. See American Medical Association, 1992.
- 22. See Rosenstock, 1981.

Appendices

Appendix A
Denominators for Occupations

		19	1979		1980		8 1	19	83		
1970	Description	U.S.	States	U.S.	States	U.S.	States	U.S.	States *	Sum of	Total
Code		Actual	17.11%	Actual	15.09%	Actual	17.11%	Actual	17.91%	4 years	
1	Accountants	1045	179	1047	158	1096	188	1193	215	739	739.35
2	Architects	84	14	90	14	9i	16	94	17	60	60.47
3	Computer programmers	321	55	341	51	357	61	434	78	246	245.69
4	Computer system analysts	177	30	201	30	209	36	242	44	140	140.00
5	Computer specialists, n.e.c.	36	6	43	6	47	8	75	14	34	34.21
6	Aero and astronautical engineers	64	11	73	11	82	14	71	13	49	48.79
10	Chemical engineers	56	10	48	7	65	11	72	13	41	40.92
11	Civil engineers	162	28	180	27	183	31	199	36	122	122.06
12	Electrical and electronic engineers	653	112	357	54	370	63	404	73	302	301.73
13	Industrial engineers	245	42	245	37	131	22	260	47	148	148.17
14	Mechanical engineers	237	41	237	36	247	42	240	43	162	161.83
15	Metallurgical and materials engineers	17	3	17	3	14	2	17	3	11	10.93
20	Mining engineers	6	1	9	i	9	2	10	2	6	5.73
21	Petroleum engineers	19	3	21	3	21	4	23	4	14	14.16
22	Sales engineers	31	5	36	5	35	6	34	6	23	22.85
23	Engineers, n.e.c.	191	33	209	32	241	41	244	44	149	149.43
24	Farm management advisors	10	2	10	2	10	2	10	2	7	6.73
25	Foresters and conservationists	57	10	65	10	57	10	61	11	40	40.3 i
26	Home management advisors	8	1	4	1	3	1	3	1	3	3.03
30	Judges	21	4	25	4	22	4	24	4	15	15.46
31	Lawyers	478	82	522	79	548	94	606	109	364	363.55
32	Librarians	188	32	182	27	176	30	193	35	125	124.53
33	Archivists and curators	13	2	17	3	15	3	14	3	10	9.88
34	Actuaries	10	2	16	2	13	2	12	2	9	8.51
35	Mathematicians	8	1	8	1	7	1	10	2	6	5.58
36	Statisticians	26	4	24	4	20	3	19	3	15	14.92
42	Agricultural scientists	18	3	21	3	22	4	23	4	14	14.16
43	Atmospheric and space scientists	8	1	6	1	7	1	8	1	5	4.91
44	Biological scientists	55	9	64	10	57	10	63	11	40	40.18
45	Chemists	125	21	128	19	134	23	133	24	88	87.60
51	Geologists	40	7	45	7	43	7	56	10	31	31.09
52	Marine scientists	5	Í	6	1	4	1	6	1	4	3.53

1970		_ 19	79	19	80	19	81	19	83		
Code	Description	U.S.	States	U.S.	States	U.S.	States	U.S.	States *	Sum	Total
53	Physicists and astronomers	23	4	24	4	27	- 3	25	3	17	16.68
54	Life and physical scientists, n.e.c.	8	1	8	ì	7	1	6	1	5	4.86
55	Operations and systems researchers and analysts	156	27	170	26	196	34	246	44	130	130.22
56	Personnel and labor relations workers	413	71	452	68	432	74	423	76	289	289.03
61	Chiropractors	21	4	22	3	23	4	27	5	16	15.71
62	Dentists	131	22	140	21	127	22	121	22	87	87.08
63	Optometrists	27	5	21	3	22	4	25	5	16	16.06
64	Pharmacists	135	23	120	18	147	25	168	30	97	96.64
65	Physicians, medical and osteopathic	431	74	426	64	436	75	486	88	300	300.23
71	Podiatrists	7	1	10	2	9	2	9	2	6	5.87
72	Veterinarians	34	6	36	5	33	6	34	6	23	23.02
73	Health practitioners, n.e.c.	1	0	2	0	3	1	3	1	2	1.53
74	Dietitians	57	10	59	9	62	11	70	13	42	41.88
75	Registered nurses	1223	209	1302	196	1313	225	1415	255	885	885.43
76	Therapists	207	35	213	32	244	42	252	45	155	154.73
80	Clinical laboratory technologists	217	37	234	35	268	46	266	48	166	166.24
81	Dental hygienists	43	7	41	6	54	9	58	10	33	33.24
82	Health record technologists	14	2	16	2	14	2	16	3	10	10.09
83	Radiological technologists	104	18	100	15	102	17	108	19	70	69.80
84	Therapy assistants	9	2	11	2	11	2	7	1	6	6.34
85	Health technologists, n.e.c.	147	25	168	25	178	30	202	36	117	117.37
86	Clergy	282	48	265	40	277	47	285	51	187	187.00
9 0	Religious workers, n.c.c.	58	10	50	8	53	9	61	11	38	37.53
91	Economists	119	20	138	21	157	27	200	36	104	104.10
	.Political scientists	1	0	1	0	2	0	2	0	1	1.02
93	Psychologists	91	16	106	16	115	20	120	22	73	72.87
94	Sociologists	2	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	ì	0.82
95	Urban and regional planners	14	2	18	3	20	3	16	3	11	11.42
96	Social scientists, n.e.c.	10	2	13	2	12	2	8	ì	7	7.17
100		361	62	383	58	383	66	384	69	254	254.31
101	Recreation workers	116	20	116		119	20	113	20	78	78.08
102	Agriculture teachers	4	1	7	1	6	1	9	2	4	4.39
103		8	1	4	1	4	1	7	ı	4	3.92
104		28	5	24	4	25	4	31	6	18	18.28
105		16	3	18	3	18	3	18	3	12	11.78
110	Physics teachers	14	2	18	3	17	3	16	3	11	10.90
111	Engineering teachers	23	4	23	3	25	4	28	5	17	16.73

1970		19	79_	19	80	19	81	19	8.3		
Code	Description	U.S.	States	U.S.	States	U.S.	States	U.S.	States *	Sum	Total
112	Mathematics teachers	36	6	42	- 6	42	7	- 35	10	30	29.60
113	Health specialties teachers	50	9	47	7	52	9	48	9	33	33.20
114	Psychology teachers	18	3	19	3	21	4	19	3	13	12.96
115	Business and commerce teachers	29	5	29	4	28	5	29	5	19	19.36
116	Economics teachers	15	3	15	2	16	3	19	3	11	10.99
120	History teachers	11	2	17	3	19	3	16	3	11	10.58
121	Sociology reachers	13	2	9	ı	12	2	11	2	8	7.62
122	Social sciences teachers	19	3	18	3	18	3	19	3	12	12.47
123	Arc, drama and music teachers	38	7	36	5	44	8	37	7	26	26.13
124	Coaches and physical ed teachers	25	4	28	4	19	3	20	4	15	15.36
125	Education teachers	14	2	10	2	11	2	10		8	7.59
126	English teachers	46	8	49	7	53	9	57		35	34.61
130		23	4	20	3	17	3	24	4	14	14.19
131	Home economics teachers	4	1	4	1	7	1	7		4	3.75
132	Law teachers	3	1	6	1	4	1	4	1	3	2.82
133	Theology teachers	6	1	5	1	7	1	8	1	4	4.42
134		5	1	4	1	7	1	6		4	3.74
	Misc. teachers, college and university	37	6	39	6	35	6	32		24	23.97
140	Teachers, college and university, subject not specified	62	11	62	9	66	11	70		44	43.87
141	Adult education teachers	76	13	72	11	75	13	79		51	50.94
142	Elementary school teachers	1374	235	1383	209	1389	238	1434		940	939.92
143	Prekindergarten & kindergarten teachers	234	40	243	37	239	41	271	49	166	166.45
	Secondary school teachers	1213	208	1243	188	1213	208	1231		825	824.54
145	Teachers, except college and university, n.e.c.	220	38	216	33	229	39	250	45	154	154.48
150	Agriculture & biological technicians, except health	48	8	51	8	50	9	46		33	32.76
151	Chemical technicians	84	14	91	14	101	17	93		62	62.15
152	Draftsmen	305	52	335	51	332	57	304	55	214	214.34
153	Electrical & electronic engineering technicians	251	43	260	39	267	46	314	57	184	184.46
154	Industrial engineering technicians	16	3	14	2	14	2	12	. 2	9	9.41
155	Mechanical engineering technicians	17	3	13	2	11	2	9	2	8	8.37
156	Mathematical technicians	3	l	2	0	2	0	2	. 0	2	1.52
161	Surveyors	85	15	89	13	88	15	68	12	55	55.29
162	Engineering & science technicians, n.e.c.	231	40	240	36	243	42	266	48	165	165.26
163	Airplane pilots	72	12	76	11	80	14	83	15	52	52.44
164	Air traffic controllers	32	5	32	5	24	4	20	4	18	18.02
165	Embalmers	2	0	4	1	4	1	4	1	2	2.35
170	Flight engineers	5	1	5	1	10	2	8	1	5	4.76
	= =										

1970		19	79	19	80	19	8 1	19	83		
Code	Description	U.S.	States	U.S.	States	U.S.	States	Ú.S.	States *	Sum	Tota!
171	Radio operators	58	10	60	9	- 61	10	65	12	41	41.13
172	Tool programmers, numerical control	4	1	5	1	4	1	6	I	3	3.20
173	Technicians, n.e.c.	23	4	25	4	30	5	27	5	18	17.71
174	Vocational and educational counselors	167	29	181	27	186	32	164	30	117	117.27
175	Actors	18	3	15	2	24	4	23	4	14	13.60
180	Athletes and kindred workers	105	18	113	17	131	22	136	25	82	81.94
181	Authors	55	9	70	11	71	12	69	12	45	44.56
182	Dancers	9	2	10	2	14	2	17	3	9	8.51
183	Designers	179	31	193	29	213	36	221	40	136	136.03
184	Editors and reporters	201	34	194	29	202	35	204	37	135	135.00
185	Musicians and composers	145	25	143	22	142	24	149	27	98	97.54
190	Painters and sculptors	189	32	195	29	207	35	208	37	135	134.67
191	Photographers	107	18	111	17	99	17	96	17	69	69.30
192	Public Relations specialists & publicity writers	130	22	126	19	121	21	134	24	86	86.11
193	Radio and TV announcers	18	3	19	3	24	4	24	4	14	14.38
194	Writers, artists & entertainers, n.e.c.	86	15	96	14	109	19	117	21	69	68.94
195	Research workers, not specified	159	27	175	26	188	32	191	34	120	120.21
201	Assessors, controllers, & treasurers; local public administrators	36	6	37	6	40	7	32	6	24	24.35
202	Bank officers & financial managers	620	106	643	97	680	116	731	132	451	451.22
203	Buyers and shippers, farm products	19	3	18	3	17	3	19	3	12	12.30
205	Buyers, wholesale and retail trade	200	34	190	29	191	33	195	35	131	130.72
210	Credit and collection managers	55	9	67	10	66	11	64	12	42	42.35
211	Funeral directors	45	8	33	5	36	6	48	9	27	27.49
212	Health administrators	185	32	210	32	216	37	228	41	141	141.40
213	Construction inspectors, public administrators	24	4	29	4	24	4	24	4	17	16.91
215	Inspectors, except construction public administration	104	18	109	16	108	18	107	19	72	72.01
216	Managers and superintendents, building	152	26	154	23	158	27	183	33	109	109.26
220	Office managers, n.e.c.	416	71	452	68	494	85	507	91	315	315.29
221	Officers, pilots & pursers, ship	28	5	32	5	35	6	41	7	23	23.00
222	Officials & administrators; public administration, n.e.c.	414	71	426	64	469	80	430	78	293	292.87
223	Officials of lodges, societies, & unions	113	19	107	16	116	20	126	23	78	78.04
224	Postmasters & mail superintendents	35	6	34	5	33	6	41	7	24	24.16
225	Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c.	232	40	244	37	260	44	260	47	168	167.86
226	Railroad conductors	40	7	37	6	32	5	23	4	22	22.05
230	Restaurant, cafeteria & bar managers	632	108	672	101	707	121	768	138	469	468.94
231	Sales managers & department heads, retail trade	339	58	353	53	337	58	353	64	233	232.56
233	Sales managers, except retail trade	347	59	352	53	367	63	372	67	242	242.33

1970		19	79	19	80	19	8 1	19	83		
Code	Description	U.S.	States	U.S.	States	U.S.	States	U.S.	States *	Sum	Total
235	School administrators, college	116	20	133	20	137	23	130	23	87	86.79
240	School administrators, elementary and secondary	299	51	298	45	289	49	293	53	198	198.39
245	Managers and administrators, n.e.c.	6067	1038	6289	949	6504	1113	6518	1175	4275	4274.75
260	Advertising agents and sale workers	95	16	110	17	126	22	130	23	78	77.84
261	Auctioneers	6	1	7	1	5	1	6	1	4	4.02
262	Demonstrators	88	15	91	14	105	18	116	21	68	67.66
264	Hucksters and peddlers	193	33	178	27	167	29	197	36	124	123.96
265	Insurance agents brokers & underwriters	534	91	532	80	584	100	645	116	388	387.83
266	Newspaper carriers and vendors	98	17	110	17	111	19	116	21	73	73.27
270	Real estate agents and brokers	616	105	582	88	546	93	534	96	383	382.89
271	Stock and bond sales agents	122	21	134	20	156	27	197	36	103	103.29
281	Sales reps, manufacturing industries	398	68	428	65	410	70	383	69	272	271.87
282		904	155	915	138	951	163	1020	184	639	639.32
283	Sales clerks, retail trade	2362	404	2343	354	2380	407	2447	441	1606	1605.98
284	Sales workers, except clerks, retail trade	549	94	519	78	514	88	522	94	354	354.28
285	Sales workers, services and construction	197	34	222	33	237	41	268	48	156	156.06
301	Bank tellers	493	84	531	80	558	95	561	101	361	361.07
303	Billing clerks	162	28	163	25	151	26	154	28	106	105.91
305	Bookkeepers	1910	327	1904	287	1922	329	1968	355	1298	1297.69
310	Cashiers	1477	253	1554	234	1621	277	1683	303	1068	1067.92
311		31	5	38	6	45	8	42	8	26	26.31
	Clerical supervisors, n.e.c.	237	41	241	36	246	42	270	49	168	167.67
	Collectors, bill and account	74	13	78	12	90	15	87	16	56	55.51
314	Counter clerks, except food	362	62	350	53	352	60	373	67	242	242.21
315		107	18	103	16	113	19	110	20	73	73.01
320	Enumerators and interviewers	60	10	86	13	57	10	53	10	43	42.55
321	Estimators and investigators, n.e.c.	496	85	534	81	529	91	570	103	359	358.70
323		239	41	233	35	249	43	257	46	165	164.98
325	File clerks	305	52	324	49	307	53	278	50	204	203.71
326	Insurance adjusters, examiners & investigators	173	30	!74	26	186	32	200		124	123.73
	Library attendants and assistants	165	28	152	23	149	25	150		104	103.70
331	Mail carriers, post office	253	43	244	37	239	41	264	48	169	168.59
332	Mail handlers, except post office	167	29	165	25	172	29	182		116	115.71
333	Messengers, including telegraph & office helpers	92	16	98	15	94	16	115	21	67	67.34
334	Meter readers, utilities	42	7	53	8	53	9	42	8	32	31.82
341	Bookkeeping and billing machine operators	57	10	50	8	47	8	42	8	33	32.91
342	Calculating machine operators	25	4	17	3	18	3	22	4	14	13.89

1970		19	79_	19	80	19	81	_ 1 9	83		
Code	Description	U.S.	States	U.S.	States	U.S.	States	U.S.	States *	Sum	Total
343	Computer and peripheral equip operators	453	78	522	79	351	94	588	106	357	356.54
344	Duplicating machine operators	25	4	24	4	23	4	22	4	16	15.80
345	Key punch operators	274	47	266	40	243	42	364	66	194	194.21
350	Tabulating machine operators	3	1	2	0	2	0	2	0	2	1.52
355	Office machine operators, n.e.c.	66	11	57	9	60	10	67	12	42	42.24
360	Payroll and timekeeping clerks	236	40	232	35	226	39	224	40	154	154.43
361	Postal clerks	259	44	285	43	263	45	271	49	181	181.17
362	Proofreaders	34	6	38	6	38	7	36	6	25	24.54
363	Real estate appraisers	26	4	34	5	38	7	40	7	23	23.29
364	Receptionists	600	103	629	95	660	113	672	121	432	431.63
370	Secretaries, legal	153	26	186	28	179	31	175	32	116	116.42
371	Secretaries, medical	85	15	84	13	81	14	85	15	56	56.40
372	Secretaries, n.e.c.	3491	597	3605	544	3587	614	3587	647	2402	2401.58
374	Shipping and receiving clerks	484	83	505	76	515	88	499	90	337	337.08
375	Statistical clerks	400	68	387	58	361	62	365	66	254	254.40
376	Stenographers	76	13	64	10	72	12	66	12	47	46.88
381	Stock clerks and storekeepers	529	91	533	80	517	88	497	90	349	348.98
382		350	60	383	58	373	64	373	67	249	248.73
384	Telegraph operators	8	1	6	ī	6	1	8	1	5	4.74
385	Telephone operators	327	56	316	48	301	52	283	51	206	206.14
390	Ticket, station and express agents	144	25	140	21	144	25	154	28	98	98.16
391	Typists	1020	175	1023	154	1011	173	942	170	672	671.67
392		49	8	47	7	38	7	39	7	29	29.01
394	Misc. clerical workers	1126	193	1191	180	1250	214	1192	215	801	801.11
395	Not specified clerical workers	468	80	452	68	447	76	471	85	310	309.66
401	Automobile accessories installers	1072	183	1012	153	1013	173	1034	186	696	695.83
402	Bakers	140	24	133	20	132	23	157	28	95	94.91
403	Blacksmiths	10	2	8	1	14	2	14	3	8	7.84
404	Boilermakers	36	6	35	5	37	6	36	6	24	24.26
405	Bookbinders	33	6	29	4	25	4	38	7	21	21.15
410		205	35	168	25	150	26	145	26	112	112.23
411	Brick & stonemason apprentices	4	1	3	0	3	1	143	20	2	1.83
412	Bulldozer operators	113	19	113	17	99	17	95	17	70	70.45
413		76	13	81	12	73	12	80	14	52	52.14
415		1276	218	1185	179	1091	187	1082	195	779	778.84
	Carpenter apprentices	1276	3	1103	2	11	2	1002	2	9	8.55
	Carpet installers	78	13	77	12	83	14	85	15	54	54.49
420	Car her impresents	/8	13	- 11	12	ده	14	63	13	54	34.49

Appendix A (Cont.) Numbers in Thousands

1970		19	79	19	8 0	19	81	19	83		
Code	Description	U.S.	States	U.S.	States	U.S.	States	U.S.	States *	Sum	Total
421	Cement and concrete finishers	82	14	71	-11	63	7)	35	10	45	45.44
422	Compositors, & typesetters, except apprentices	186	32	174	26	171	29	192	35	122	121.95
423	Printing trade apprentices, except printing press	2	0	4	1	4	}	6	1	3	2.71
424	Crane, derrick & hoist operators	164	28	148	22	141	24	120	22	96	96.15
425	Decorators and window dressers	129	22	114	17	123	21	123	22	82	82.49
426	Dental lab technicians	43	7	52	8	41	7	46	8	31	30.51
430	Electrician, except apprentices	640	110	648	98	667	114	628	113	435	434.61
431	Electrician apprentices	24	4	29	4	28	5	27	5	18	18.14
433	Electric power line & cable installers & repairers	114	20	117	18	115	20	110	20	17	76.66
434	Electrotypers and stereotypers	1	0	1	0	0	0	ı	0	ı	0.50
435	Engravers, except photoengravers	10	2	11	2	11	2	10	2	7	7.06
436	Excavating, grading & road machine ops, except buildezer	444	76	456	69	413	71	399	72	287	287.36
440	Floor layers, except tile setters	22	4	29	4	22	4	24	4	16	16.23
44]	Blue collar worker supervisors, n.c.c.	1739	298	1729	261	1790	306	1688	304	1169	1168.97
		14	2	13	2	10	2	10		8	7.87
443	Furniture and wood finishers	33	6	32	5	35	6	32		22	22.23
	Farriers	4	I	2	0	2	0	2		2	1.69
445		43	7	43	6	51	9	50		32	31.58
446	Heat treaters, sancalers & temperers	20	3	20	3	16	3	13	2	12	11.52
450	Inspectors, scalers & graders; log and lumber	23	4	14	2	17	3	12	2	11	11.12
452	Inspectors, n.e.c.	137	23	148	22	141	24	136	25	94	94.41
453	Jewelers and watchmakers	40	7	41	6	44	8	49		29	29.39
454	Job and dye setters, metal	90	15	91	14	93	16	74	13	58	58.38
	Locomotive engineers	55	9	54	8	46	8	37		32	32.10
456	Locamotive firemes	5	1	5	1	3	1	3	1	3	2.66
461	Machinists, except apprentices	552	94	567	86	564	97	515		369	369.33
462	Machinists apprentices	13	2	9	1	7	i	7		6	6.04
470	Air conditioning, heating and refrigeration mechanics	224	38	207	31	207	35	217		144	144.09
471	Aircraft mechanics	124	21	121	18	119	20	130		83	83.27
472	Automotive body repairers	192	33	179	27	199	34	197		129	129.42
473	Auto mechanics, except apprentices	1081	185	1012	153	1017	174	1039	187	699	698.95
474	Auto mechanic apprentices	9	2	6	1	4	1	5		4	4.03
475	Data processing machine repairers	91	16	83	13	97	17	84		60	59.83
480	Farm implement mechanics	66	11	57	9	46	8	56	10	38	37.86
481	Heavy equipment mechanics, including diesel	954	163	963	145	986	169	946	171	648	647.76
482	Household appliance & accessory justailers & mechanics	156	27	141	21	130	22	150	27	97	97.25
483	Loom fixers	18	3	12	2	13	2	9	2	9	8.74

1970		1979		19	8.0	1981		19	83		
Code	Description	U.S.	States	U.S	States	U.S.	States	U.S.	States *	Sum	Total
	Office machine repairers	69	12	80	12	73	12	78	14	50	50.43
485	Radio and TV repairers	131	22	120	18	107	18	111	20	79	78.84
486	Railroad and car shop mechanics	57	10	60	9	59	10	45	8	37	37.01
491	Mechanics, except automobile, apprentices	14	2	7	I	10	2	3	1	6	5.70
492	Misc. mechanics and repairers	246	42	244	37	234	40	267	48	167	167.07
495	Not specified mechanics and repairers	28	5	30	5	29	5	27	5	19	19.15
501	Millers; grain, flour, and feed	4	1	4	1	5	1	5	1	3	3.04
502	Millwrights	112	19	108	16	102	17	89	16	69	68.95
503	Molders, metal except apprentices	57	10	55	8	52	9	42	8	35	34.52
504	Molder apprentices	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
505	Motion picture projectionists	10	2	14	2	16	3	9	2	8	8.18
506	Opticians & lens grinders & polishers	44	8	43	6	43	7	50	9	30	30.39
510	Painters, construction & maintenance, except apprentices	483	83	469	71	461	79	473	85	318	317.55
511	Painter apprentices	2	0	1	0	1	0	i	0	1	0.84
512	Paperhangers	19	3	21	3	23	4	17	3	13	13.42
514	Pattern & model makers, except paper	34	6	31	5	37	6	35	6	23	23.13
515	Photoengravers and lithographers	40	7	32	5	31	5	35	6	23	23.29
516	Piano and organ tuners & repairers	11	2	12	2	15	3	- 11	2	8	8.24
520	Plasterers, except apprentices	25	4	25	4	21	4	29	5	17	16.87
521	Plasterer apprentices	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	ı	0.50
522	Plumbers & pipe fitters, except apprentices	450	77	478	72	462	79	482	87	315	315.05
523	Plumber & pipe fitter apprentices	14	2	17	3	13	2	11	2	9	9.17
525	Power station operators	27	5	32	5	31	5	40	7	22	21.96
530	Printing press operators, except apprentices	192	33	169	26	164	28	183	33	119	119.40
531	Printing press apprentices	2	0	4	1	1	0	1	0	1	1.30
533	Roller and finishers, metal	15	3	20	3	13	2	13	2	10	10.15
534	Roofers and slaters	148	25	139	21	135	23	133	24	93	93.37
535	Sheetmetal workers & tinsmiths, except apprentices	158	27	161	24	153	26	146	26	104	103.82
536		3	1	5	1	6	1	6	1	3	3.38
540	Shipfitters	10	2	10	2	11	2	18	3	8	8.35
	Shoe repairers	16	3	18	3	27	5	30	5	15	15.48
543	Sign painter and letters	19	3	19	3	20	3	24	4	14	13.87
545	Stationary engineers	192	33	182	27	178	30	193	35	126	125.56
546	Stone cutters and stone curvers	7	1	5	1	6	1	4	1	4	3.70
550	Structural metal worker	86	15	74	11	80	14	81	15	54	54.17
551	Tellers	35	6	26	4	21	4	23	4	18	17.65
	Telephone installers and repairers	302	52	309	47	318	54	304	55	208	207.50
2,52	reschance markets and tchatters	302	32	303	41	210	24	204	"	200	201.30

1970		19	79	19	80	19	8 1	19	83		
Code	Description	U.S.	States	U.S.	States	U.S.	States	U.S.	States *	Sum	Total
554	Telephone line installers & repairers	82	14	71	11	77	13	104	19	57	56.66
560	Tile setters	34	6	37	6	36	6	42	8	25	25.13
561	Tool and die makers, except apprentices	184	31	176	27	176	30	162	29	117	117.35
562	Tool and die makers apprentices	12	2	4	1	6	1	6	1	5	4.76
563	Upholsterers	56	10	67	10	70	12	61	11	43	42.66
571	Craft and kindred workers	71	12	65	10	62	11	66	12	44	44.46
580	Former member of the armed forces		0		0		9		0	0	0.00
601	Asbestos & insulation workers	46	8	59	9	53	9	47	8	34	34.31
602	Assemblers	1289	221	1157	175	1145	196	1087	196	787	786.98
	Biasters	9	2	8	1	11	2	7	1	6	5.89
604	Bottling & canning operatives	45	8	49	7	52	9	43	8	32	31.74
605	Surveyor helpers	15	3	12	2	14	2	12	2	9	8.94
610	Checkers, examiners & inspectors; manufacturing	746	128	736	111	786	134	729	131	505	504.59
611	Clothing ironers and pressers	116	20	114	17	115	20	118	21	78	78.00
	Cutting operatives, n.e.c.	263	45	267	40	271	46	209	38	169	169.33
	Dressmakers, except factory	109	19	107	16	114	20	112	20	74	74.49
614	Drillers, earth	51	9	55	8	59	10	53	10	37	36.67
615		111	19	91	14	79	14	87	16	62	61.92
620		21	4	20	3	17	3	20	4	13	13.12
621	Filers, polishers, sanders & buffers	134	23	114	17	113	19	113	20	80	79.83
622	Furnace tenders, smelters & pourers, metal	62	11	62	9	62	11	51	9	40	39.76
623	Garage workers & gas station attendants	369	63	337	51	340	58	320	58	230	229.84
624	Graders and sorters, manufacturing	39	7	35	5	36	6	38	7	25	24.96
625	Produce graders & packers, except factory & farm	32	5	30	5	30	5	36		22	21.62
626		4	1	4	ı	5	ī	3		3	2.68
630	Laundry and dry cleaning operatives, n.e.c.	185	32	203	31	189	32	188	34	129	128.51
	Meat cutters & butchers, except manufacturing	219	37	181	27	173	30	183	33	127	127.37
633	Meat cutters & butchers manufacturing	89	15	97	15	96	16	93	17	63	63.05
634	Ment wrappers, retail trade	53	9	55	8	49	8	49	9	35	34.58
635	Metal platers	31	5	34	5	26	4	31	6	20	20.47
636	Milliner	0	0	I	0	0	0	1	0	0	0.33
640	Mine operatives, n.e.c.	185	32	215	32	260	44	222	40	149	148.60
641		80	14	89	13	77	13	78		54	54.35
642	Oilers and greasers, except auto	46	8	39	6	38	7	32	6	26	26.03
643		626	107	600	91	579	99	582		402	401.62
644	Painters, manufactured articles	185	32	181	27	162	28	139		112	111.74
645	Photographic process workers	89	15	88	13	85	15	89	16	59	59.09

Appendix A (Cont.) Numbers in Thousands

1970		19	79	19	80	19	8 1	_ 1 9	83		
Code	Description	U.S.	States	U.S.	States	U.S.	States	U.S.	States *	Sum	Total
650	Drill press operatives	67	11	61	9	56	10	41	7	38	37.64
65 L	Grinding machine operatives	143	24	134	20	134	23	102	18	86	86.00
652	Lathe and milling machine operatives	123	21	114	17	101	17	83	15	70	70.49
653	Precision machine operatives, n.e.c.	71	12	66	10	57	10	49	9	41	40.69
656	Punch and stamping press operatives	158	27	127	19	106	18	96	17	82	81.64
660	Riveters and fasteners	21	4	24	4	20	3	16	3	14	13.52
661	Sailors and deckhands	23	4	27	4	23	4	24	4	16	16.27
662	Sawyers	135	23	106	16	121	21	112	20	80	79.98
663	Sewers and stitchers	810	139	788	119	780	133	735	132	523	523.44
664	Shoemaking machine operators	75	13	71	11	73	12	72	13	49	49.01
		49	8	44	7	48	8	38	7	30	30.09
666	Furnace tenders & stokers, except metal	68	12	68	10	78	13	67	12	47	47.32
670	Carding, lapping & combing operatives	11	2	10	2	14	2	14	3	8	8.31
671	Knitters, loopers and toppers	29	5	24	4	24	4	17	3	16	15.75
672	Spinners, twisters & winders	133	23	119	18	98	17	97	17	75	74.97
673	Weavers	34	6	28	4	28	5	27	5	20	19.70
674	Textile operatives, n.e.c.	133	23	142	21	125	21	115	21	86	86.30
680	Welders and flame cutters	713	122	692	104	709	121	602	109	456	456.24
681	Winding operatives, n.e.c.	66	11	52	8	55	9	50	9	38	37.56
690	Machine operatives, misc. specified	1498	256	1325	200	1291	221	1153	208	885	884.96
692	Machine operatives not specified	324	55	337	51	338	58	298	54	218	217.83
694	Misc. operatives	778	133	756	114	831	142	688	124	513	513.39
695	Not specified operatives	193	33	192	29	168	29	162	29	120	119.94
701	Boat operators	5	1	6	1	4	1	2	0	3	2.81
703	Bus drivers	358	61	356	54	355	61	354	64	240	239.52
704	Conductors & operators, urban rail transit	8	1	9	1	8	1	8	i	6	5.54
705	Delivery and route workers	580	99	584	88	549	94	574	103	385	384.76
706	Fork lift & tow motor operatives	386	66	366	55	363	62	326	59	242	242.14
710	Rail yehicles operators, n.e.c.	11	2	10	2	12	2	11	2	7	7.43
711	Parking attendants	39	7	41	6	30	5	38	7	25	24.84
	Railroad brake operators & couplers	52	9	45	7	48	8	40	7	31	31.11
713	Railroad switch operators	46	8	45	7	38	7	31	6	27	26.75
	Taxicab drivers and chauffeurs	164	28	162	24	161	28	152	27	107	107.45
	Truck drivers	1965	336	1844	278	1843	315	1841	332	1262	1261.64
	Animal caretakers, except farm	97	17	96	14	93	16	101	18	65	65.20
750	Carpenters' helpers	70	12	61	9	60	10	51	, ,	41	40.64
751	Construction laborers, except carpenters' helpers	860	147	790	119	743	127	735	132	526	525.97

1970		19	79	19	80	19	81	19	83		
Code	Description	U.S.	States	U.S.	States	U.S.	States	U.S.	States *	Sum	Total
752	Fishers, hunters and trappers	53	9	55	8	49	8	59	11	36	36.39
753	Freight and material handlers	780	133	722	109	735	126	696	125	494	493.62
754	Garbage collectors	65	11	69	10	72	12	73	13	47	47.01
755	Gardeners & groundskeepers, except farm	615	105	601	91	648	111	722	130	437	436.93
760	Longshore workers & stevedores	40	7	37	6	44	8	38	7	27	26.81
761	Timbers cutting & logging workers	96	16	96	14	99	17	94	17	65	64.79
762	Stock handlers	919	157	941	142	968	166	972	175	640	640.06
763	Teamsters	5	1	5	1	4	I	4	i	3	3.02
764	Vehicle washers & equipment cleaners	187	32	158	24	165	28	183	33	117	117.05
770	Warehouse laborers, n.e.c.	258	44	272	41	269	46	278	50	181	181.32
780	Misc. laborers	260	44	238	36	216	37	223	40	158	157.55
785	Not specified laborers	361	62	318	48	303	52	294	53	215	214.59
801	Farmers (owner and tenants)	1405	240	1447	218	1440	246	1415	255	96 0	960.18
802	Farm managers	42	7	38	6	37	6	37	7	26	25.92
821	Farm supervisors	33	6	32	5	31	5	32	6	22	21.55
822	Farm inhorers, wage workers	930	159	895	135	941	161	987	178	633	633.09
823	Farm laborers, unpaid family workers	286	49	284	43	254	43	244	44	179	179.23
824	Farm service laborers, self employed	8	1	7	1	9	2	8	1	5	5.41
901	Lodging quarters cleaners, except private household	178	30	164	25	175	30	184	33	118	118.31
902	Building interior cleaners, n.e.c.	899	154	932	141	936	160	926	167	622	621.52
903	Janitors and sextons	1374	235	1359	205	1332	228	1406	253	921	921.50
910	Bartenders	296	51	299	45	309	53	342	62	210	210.28
911	Waiters' assistants	185	32	204	31	217	37	231	42	141	141.20
912	Cooks, except private household	1251	214	1331	201	1360	233	1396	252	899	899.21
913	Dishwashers	241	41	234	35	249	43	272	49	168	168.18
914	Food counter and fountain workers	444	76	426	64	460	79	463	83	302	302.41
915	Waiters	1363	233	1416	214	1442	247	1496	270	963	963.26
916	Food service workers, n.e.c., except private household	519	89	525	79	538	92	560	101	361	361.01
921	Dentai assistants	134	23	138	21	139	24	151	27	95	94.75
922	Health aides, except nursing	281	48	290	44	312	53	333	60	205	205.25
923	Health trainees	9		9	1	8	1	9	2	6	5.89
924	Lay midwives	1	0	í	ò	ī	0	1	0	ī	0.67
	Nursing aides, orderlies & attendants	1024	175	1093	165	1116	191	1136	205	736	735.85
	Practical nurses	376		375	57	395	68	400		261	260.60
931	Flight attendants	49	8	41	6	43	7	55		32	31.84
	Attendants, recreation & amusement	149		157	_	172		188		113	112.50
	Attendants, personal service, n.e.c.	88	15	101	15	97	17	92		63	63.48

1970		19	79	19	80	19	8 1	19	83		
Code	Description	U.S.	States	U.S.	States	U.Ş	States	U.S.	States *	Sum	Total
934	Baggage porters & bellhops	23	4	24	4	25	4	22	4	16	15.80
935	Barbers	109	19	108	16	106	18	100	18	71	71.11
940	Boarding & lodging housekeepers	12	2	8	1	11	2	8	1	7	6.58
941	Bootblacks	3	1	3	0	2	0	2	0	2	1.67
942	Child care workers, except private household	441	75	432	65	417	71	472	85	297	297.07
943	Elevator operators	17	3	15	2	16	3	13	2	10	10.25
944	Hairdressers & cosmetologists	575	98	565	85	564	97	573	103	383	383,42
945	Personal service apprentices	2	0	1	0	0	0	ı	0	1	0.67
950	Housekeepers, except private household	139	24	133	20	133	23	182	33	99	99.41
952	School monitors	48	8	44	7	36	6	36	6	28	27.50
953	Ushers, recreation and amusement	16	3	14	2	17	3	16	3	11	10.64
954	Welfare service aides	103	18	87	13	86	15	90	16	62	61.69
960	Crossing guards & bridge tenders	42	7	41	6	45	8	55	10	31	30.99
961	Fire fighters	236	40	227	34	210	36	218	39	150	149.86
962	Guards	569	97	548	83	593	101	685	123	405	404.98
963	Marshals and constables	7	1	7	1	9	2	6	1	5	4.88
964	Police and detectives	484	83	512	77	503	86	505	91	337	337.16
965	Sheriffs and bailiffs	68	12	61	9	69	12	77	14	47	46.52
980	Child care workers, private household	474	81	431	65	443	76	469	85	306	306.47
981	Cooks, private household	26	4	24	4	22	4	18	3	15	15.08
982	Housekeepers, private household	97	17	89	13	98	17	110	20	67	66.62
983	Launderers, private household	6	1	6	1	5	1	7	1	4	4.05
984	Private household cleaners & servants	485	83	491	74	457	78	439	79	314	314.40

State Factor 17.91% • 1.0064. This factor is different from industries since occupation employment figures stop in 1982.
 n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified

Appendix B
Denominators for Industries

No. State No. State No. State No. State No. State No. State No. State No. State No. State No. State No. State No. State No. State No. State No. No. State No.			19	79	19	80	19	81	19	83	19	85_	19	86	Sum of
For the image of	SIC	INDUSTRY	US	States	US	States	us	States	US	States	US	States	US	States	"States" for
102 Copper ores			Actual	17.11%	Actual	15.09%	Actual	17.11%	Actual	17.68%	Actual	17.07%	Actual	15.50%	all years
331 Crude petrol, natural gas and liquids 2012 344 2183 32.9 256.6 43.9 280.4 49.6 26.12 44.9 232.7 36.1 241.8 31.8 Oil and gas field services 275.1 47.1 329.1 47.7 329.1 47.7 329.1 47.7 329.1 47.7 329.1 47.7 329.1 47.7 329.1 47.7 329.1 47.7 329.1 47.7 329.1 47.7 329.1 47.7 329.1 47.7 329.1 47.7 48.8 49.7 48.6 49.7 49.7 48.6 49.7	101	Iron ores	24.9	4.3	21.0	3.2	21.8	3.7			9.2		8.5	1.3	15.5
38	102	Copper ores	31.9	5.5	29,4	4.4	36.2			3.5					
142 Crushed and broken stone 14.2 7.0 38.2 5.8 35.8 6.1 37.9 6.7 36.6 6.2 37.7 5.8 37.7 144 Sand and gravel 38.7 6.6 35.7 5.4 33.9 5.8 33.9 6.0 35.8 6.1 34.0 5.3 35.2 35.2 37.1	131	Crude petrol, natural gas and liquids	201.2	34.4		32.9		43.9	280.4	49.6	263.2				
144 Sand and grave 38.7 66 35.7 54 33.9 5.8 33.9 6.0 35.8 6.1 34.0 5.3 35.2 147 Chemical and fertilizer minerals 24.4 4.2 25.3 3.8 27.1 4.6 20.4 3.6 20.3 3.5 19.5 3.0 22.7 152 Residential building construction 690.7 118.2 572.4 8.64 8.70 100.4 48.1 83.4 61.20 104.5 654.0 101.4 596.2 153 Operative builders 84.0 14.4 72.3 10.9 59.2 10.1 56.2 9.9 62.4 10.7 57.6 8.9 64.9 154 Nonresidential building construction 280.7 49.6 259.8 39.2 234.7 40.2 220.2 38.9 26.5 45.0 279.8 43.4 256.2 154 Highway construction 280.7 49.6 259.8 39.2 234.7 40.2 220.2 38.9 26.5 45.0 279.8 43.4 256.2 154 Highway construction, except highway 608.2 104.1 618.8 93.4 646.0 110.5 577.5 102.1 520.4 88.8 494.1 76.6 755.5 157 Plumbing, learing, air conditioning 544.5 93.2 576.3 870.0 545.5 93.3 492.5 87.1 602.4 102.8 646.5 100.2 563.6 157 Plumbing, learing, air conditioning 544.5 93.2 576.3 870.0 545.5 93.3 492.5 87.1 602.4 102.8 646.5 100.2 563.6 157 Plumbing, learing, adeptrating 408.7 69.9 427.6 64.5 415.8 71.1 396.8 70.2 425.5 72.6 476.0 73.8 393.1 157 Carpentering and flooring 151.0 25.8 123.0 18.6 162.5 27.8 115.4 20.4 159.2 27.2 176.6 27.4 417.2	138	Oil and gas field services	275.1	47.1	329.1	49.7	400.6	68.5		63.5		60.2	230,8		
147 Chemical and fertilizer minerals	142		41.2	7.0	38.2	5.8		6.1	37.9						
152 Residential building construction	144	Sand and gravel	38.7	6.6	35.7	5.4	33.9	5.8							
153 Operative builders	147		24.4	4.2	25.3	3.8	27.1	4.6		3.6				3.0	
Nourceidential building construction	152	Residential building construction	690.7	118.2	572.4	86.4	587.0	100.4			612.0				
Highway construction 289.7 49.6 259.8 39.2 234.7 40.2 220.2 38.9 263.5 45.0 279.8 43.4 256.2	153		84.0	14.4	72.3	10.9	59.2	10.1							
Heavy construction, except highway 608.2 104.1 618.8 93.4 646.0 110.5 577.5 102.1 520.4 88.8 494.1 76.6 575.5	154	Nonresidential building construction	543.6	93.0	576.1	86.9	526.8	90.1	480.9		565.4				
Plumbing, heating, air conditioning 544.5 93.2 576.3 87.0 545.5 93.3 492.5 87.1 602.4 102.8 646.5 100.2 563.6	161	Highway construction	289.7	49.6	259.8	39.2	234.7	40.2			263.5				
Painting, paper hanging, decorating	162	Heavy construction, except highway	608.2	104.1	618.8	93.4	646.0								
Electrical work 408.7 69.9 427.6 64.5 415.8 71.1 396.8 70.2 482.5 82.4 530.3 82.2 440.3 174 Masonry, stonework, and plastering 410.0 70.2 387.8 58.5 53.5 82.5 72.6 425.6 72.6 476.0 73.8 393.7 73.8 73.2 73.8 73.8 73.2 73.2 73.2 73.2 73.2 73.2 73.2 73.2 73.2 73.2 73.2 73.2 73.2 73.2 73.2	171	Plumbing, heating, air conditioning	544.5	93.2	576.3	87.0	545.5	93.3	492.5		602.4		646.5	100.2	563.6
174 Masonry, stonework, and plastering 410 0 702 387.8 58.5 358.7 61.4 323.5 57.2 425.6 72.6 476.0 73.8 393.7 175 Carpentering and flooring 151.0 25.8 123.0 18.6 162.5 27.8 115.4 20.4 159.2 27.2 176.6 27.4 147.2 176 Roofing and sheet metal work 179 3 30.7 171.2 25.8 157.7 27.0 155.0 27.4 190.8 32.6 212.0 32.9 176.3 201 Meat products 361.5 61.9 361.8 54.6 349.4 59.8 344.0 60.8 369.5 63.1 382.4 59.3 359.4 202 Dairy products 183.3 31.4 177.5 26.8 173.2 29.6 165.1 29.2 163.3 27.9 164.3 25.5 170.3 203 Preserved fruits and vegetables 244.6 41.9 232.0 35.0 240.9 41.2 236.9 41.9 240.9 41.1 242.2 37.5 238.6 204 Grain mill products 144.9 24.8 141.9 21.4 142.6 24.4 135.5 24.0 127.4 21.7 123.5 19.1 135.5 205 Bakery products 234.5 40.1 230.8 34.8 222.1 38.0 218.1 38.6 208.6 35.6 214.9 33.3 220.4 206 Sugar and confectionary products 108.8 18.6 101.6 15.3 110.4 18.9 106.1 18.8 102.7 17.5 98.9 15.3 104.5 207 Fats and oils 40.0 6.8 43.2 6.5 44.3 7.6 36.6 6.5 37.0 6.3 35.2 5.5 39.2 208 Beverages 230.0 39.4 235.7 35.6 236.4 40.4 225.9 39.9 215.2 36.7 216.7 33.6 225.6 209 Miscellaneous food and kindred products 168.8 28.9 166.1 25.1 164.7 28.2 161.7 28.6 171.9 29.3 163.1 25.5 36.3 211 Cigarettes 44.1 7.5 44.9 68.8 47.5 81.4 44.7 7.9 45.5 7.8 43.3 6.7 44.8 221 Weaving mills, cotton 150.7 25.8 151.1 22.8 142.0 24.3 12.2 21.7 107.4 18.3 100.1 15.5 128.5 222 Weaving mills, synthetics 124.9 21.4 11.7 17.8 117.6 20.1 90.7 16.0 91.0 15.5 89.4 10.4 223 Weaving mills (mills, wool 21.1 3.6 18.6 2.8 18.8 3.2 17.1 3.0 16.8 2.9 16.6 2.6 18.1	172	Painting, paper hanging, decorating	157.4	26.9	155.5	23.5	139.5	23.9	126.0						
175 Carpentering and flooring 151.0 25.8 123.0 18.6 162.5 27.8 115.4 20.4 159.2 27.2 176.6 27.4 147.2 176 Roofing and sheet metal work 179.3 30.7 171.2 25.8 157.7 27.0 155.0 27.4 190.8 32.6 212.0 32.9 176.3 32.9 176.3 32.9	173	Electrical work	408.7	69.9	427.6	64.5	415.8	71.1	396.8						
176 Roofing and sheet metal work 179.3 30.7 171.2 25.8 157.7 27.0 155.0 27.4 190.8 32.6 212.0 32.9 176.3 201 Meat products 361.5 61.9 361.8 54.6 349.4 59.8 344.0 60.8 369.5 63.1 382.4 59.3 359.4 32.0 202 Dairy products 183.3 31.4 177.5 26.8 173.2 29.6 165.1 29.2 163.3 27.9 164.3 25.5 170.3 203 Preserved fruits and vegetables 244.6 41.9 232.0 35.0 240.9 41.2 236.9 41.9 240.9 41.1 242.2 37.5 238.6 204.6 24.4 24.4 24.5 24.4 24.5 24.4 24.5 24.4 24.5 24.4 24.5 24.4 24.5 24.4 24.5 24.4 24.5 24.4 24.5 24.4 24.5 24.4 24.5 24.4 24.5 24.	174	Masonry, stonework, and plastering	410.0	70.2			358.7	61.4	323.5						
201 Mest products 361.5 61.9 361.8 54.6 349.4 59.8 344.0 60.8 369.5 63.1 382.4 59.3 359.4	i 75	Carpentering and flooring	151.0	25.8	123.0	18.6	162.5	27.8			159.2	27.2	176.6		
Dairy products 183.3 31.4 177.5 26.8 173.2 29.6 165.1 29.2 163.3 27.9 164.3 25.5 170.3	176	Roofing and sheet metal work	179.3	30.7	171.2	25.8	157.7	27.0	155.0		190.8	32.6	212.0		
Preserved fruits and vegetables 244.6 41.9 232.0 35.0 240.9 41.2 236.9 41.9 240.9 41.1 242.2 37.5 238.6 (204 Grain mill products 144.9 24.8 141.9 21.4 142.6 24.4 135.5 24.0 127.4 21.7 123.5 19.1 135.5 220.0 258.8 (205 Bakery products 124.5 40.1 230.8 34.8 222.1 38.0 218.1 38.6 208.6 35.6 214.9 33.3 220.4 (205 Sugar and confectionary products 108.8 18.6 101.6 15.3 110.4 18.9 106.1 18.8 102.7 17.5 98.9 15.3 104.5 (206 Sugar and confectionary products 108.8 18.6 101.6 15.3 110.4 18.9 106.1 18.8 102.7 17.5 98.9 15.3 104.5 (207 Fats and oils 20.0 39.4 235.7 35.6 236.4 40.4 225.9 39.9 215.2 36.7 216.7 33.6 225.6 (208 Beverages 230.0 39.4 235.7 35.6 236.4 40.4 225.9 39.9 215.2 36.7 216.7 33.6 225.6 (209 Miscellaneous food and kindred products 168.8 28.9 166.1 25.1 164.7 28.2 161.7 28.6 171.9 29.3 163.1 25.3 165.3 (225 Miscellaneous food and kindred products 168.8 128.9 166.1 25.1 164.7 28.2 161.7 28.6 171.9 29.3 163.1 25.3 165.3 (225 Miscellaneous food milk, synthetics 124.9 21.4 117.7 17.8 117.6 20.1 90.7 16.0 91.0 15.5 89.4 13.9 104.7 (223 Weaving mills, synthetics 124.9 21.4 117.7 17.8 117.6 20.1 90.7 16.0 91.0 15.5 89.4 13.9 104.7 (223 Weaving mills, synthetics 124.9 21.1 33.5 18.6 18.6 22.8 18.8 3.2 17.1 3.0 16.8 2.9 16.6 2.6 18.1 22.4 Narrow fabric mills 231.1 35.5 229.2 34.6 219.2 37.5 205.5 36.3 195.6 33.4 205.0 31.8 2131.1 22.7 12.6 12.8 14.1 22.0 3.9 21.9 3.7 21.1 3.3 23.0 22.0 12.0 12.0 12.0 12.0 12.0 12.0 12	201	Meat products	361.5	61.9	361.8	54.6	349.4	59.8	344.0	60.8	369.5	63.1	382.4	59.3	
204 Grain mill products 144.9 24.8 141.9 21.4 142.6 24.4 135.5 24.0 127.4 21.7 123.5 19.1 135.5 20.5	202	Dairy products	183.3	31.4	177.5	26.8	173.2	29.6	165.1	29.2	163.3	27.9	164.3	25.5	170.3
Bakery products 234.5 40.1 230.8 34.8 222.1 38.0 218.1 38.6 208.6 35.6 214.9 33.3 220.4	203	Preserved fruits and vegetables	244.6	41.9	232.0	35.0	240.9	41.2	236.9	41.9	240.9	41.1	242.2		
206 Sugar and confectionary products 108.8 18.6 101.6 15.3 110.4 18.9 106.1 18.8 102.7 17.5 98.9 15.3 104.5 207 Fats and oils 40.0 6.8 43.2 6.5 44.3 7.6 36.6 6.5 37.0 6.3 35.2 5.5 39.2 208 Byervages 230.0 39.4 235.7 35.6 236.4 40.4 225.9 39.9 215.2 36.7 216.7 33.6 225.6 225.9 225.9 225.9 225.2 36.7 216.7 33.6 225.6 225.9 225.9 225.2 36.7 216.7 33.6 225.6 225.9 225.9 225.2 36.7 216.7 33.6 225.8 225.9 225.2 2	204	Grain mill products	144.9	24.8	141.9	21.4	142.6	24.4					123.5	19.1	135.5
Pats and oifs 40	205	Bakery products	234.5	40.1	230.8	34.8	222.1	38.0	218.1		208.6	35. 6		33.3	
208 Beverages 230.0 39.4 235.7 35.6 236.4 40.4 225.9 39.9 215.2 36.7 216.7 33.6 225.6	206	Sugar and confectionary products	108.8	18.6	101.6	15.3	110.4	18.9	106.1		102.7	17.5	98.9	15.3	
209 Miscellaneous food and kindred products 18.8 28.9 166.1 25.1 164.7 28.2 161.7 28.6 171.9 29.3 163.1 25.3 165.3 211 Cigarettes 44.1 7.5 44.9 6.8 47.5 8.1 44.7 7.9 45.5 7.8 43.3 6.7 44.8 43.8 43.5 43.8 43	207	Fats and oils	40.0	6.8	43.2	6.5	44.3	7.6	36.6	6.5	37.0	6.3	35.2	5.5	39.2
211 Cigarettes 44.1 7.5 44.9 6.8 47.5 8.1 44.7 7.9 45.5 7.8 43.3 6.7 44.8 221 Weaving mills, cotton 150.7 25.8 151.1 22.8 162.0 24.3 122.9 21.7 107.4 18.3 100.1 15.5 128.5 222 Weaving mills, synthetica 124.9 21.4 117.7 17.8 117.6 20.1 90.7 16.0 91.0 15.5 89.4 13.9 104.7 223 Weaving and finishing mills, wool 21.1 3.6 18.6 2.8 18.8 3.2 17.1 3.0 16.8 2.9 16.6 2.6 18.1 224 Narrow fabric mills 25.5 4.4 24.3 3.7 24.0 4.1 22.0 3.9 21.9 3.7 21.1 3.3 23.2 225 Knitting mills 231.1 39.5 229.2 34.6 219.2 37.5 205.5	208	Beverages	230.0	39.4	235.7	35.6	236.4	40.4	225.9	39.9	215.2	36.7	216.7	33.6	225.6
221 Weaving mills, cotton 150.7 25.8 151.1 22.8 142.0 24.3 122.9 21.7 107.4 18.3 100.1 15.5 128.5 122.9 22.8 22.9 22.8 22.9 22.8 22.9 22.8 22.8 22.9 22.8 22.9 22.8 22.9 22.8 22.9 22.8 22.9 22.8 22.9 22.8 22.9 22.8 22.9 22.8 22.9 22.8	209	Miscellaneous food and kindred products	168.8	28.9	166.1	25.1	164.7	28.2	161.7	28.6	171.9	29.3	163.1	25.3	165.3
222 Weaving mills, synthetics 124.9 21.4 117.7 17.8 117.6 20.1 90.7 16.0 91.0 15.5 89.4 13.9 104.7 223 Weaving mills, synthetics 21.1 3.6 18.6 2.8 118.8 3.2 17.1 3.0 16.8 2.9 16.6 2.6 18.1 224 Narrow fabric milts 25.5 4.4 24.3 3.7 24.0 4.1 22.0 3.9 21.9 3.7 21.1 3.3 23.0 225 Knitting milts 231.1 39.5 229.2 34.6 219.2 37.5 205.5 36.3 195.6 33.4 205.0 31.8 213.1 226 Textile finishing, except wool 77.7 13.3 74.2 11.2 72.0 12.3 65.0 11.5 63.5 10.8 58.2 9.0 68.2 227 Floor covering milts 61.5 10.5 53.7 8.1 52.5 9.0 48	211	Cigarettes	44.1	7.5	44.9	6.8	47.5	8.1	44.7	7.9	45.5	7.8	43.3	6.7	44.8
223 Waving and finishing mills, wool 21.1 3.6 18.6 2.8 18.8 3.2 17.1 3.0 16.8 2.9 16.6 2.6 18.1 224 Narrow fabric mills 25.5 4.4 24.3 3.7 24.0 4.1 22.0 3.9 21.9 3.7 21.1 3.3 23.0 225 Kaitting mills 231.1 39.5 229.2 34.6 219.2 37.5 205.5 36.3 195.6 33.4 205.0 31.8 213.1 226 Textile finishing, except wool 77.7 13.3 74.2 11.2 72.0 12.3 65.0 11.5 63.5 10.8 58.2 9.0 68.2 227 Floor covering mills 61.5 10.5 53.7 8.1 52.5 9.0 48.7 8.6 55.1 9.4 58.4 9.1 54.7 228 Yarn and thread mills 131.0 22.4 130.8 19.7 125.9 21.5 111.	221	Weaving mills, cotton	150.7	25.8	151.1	22.8	142.0	24.3	122.9	21.7	107.4	18.3	100.1	15.5	128.5
224 Narrow fabric mills 25.5 4.4 24.3 3.7 24.0 4.1 22.0 3.9 21.9 3.7 21.1 3.3 23.0 225 Kuitting mills 231.1 39.5 229.2 34.6 219.2 37.5 205.5 36.3 195.6 33.4 205.0 31.8 213.1 226 Textile finishing, except wool 77.7 13.3 74.2 11.2 72.0 12.3 65.0 11.5 63.5 61.5 68.2 9.0 68.2 227 Floor covering mills 61.5 10.5 53.7 8.1 22.5 9.0 48.7 8.6 55.1 9.4 58.4 9.1 54.7 228 Yarn and thread mills 131.0 22.4 130.8 19.7 125.9 21.5 11.7 19.7 99.5 17.0 104.5 16.2 116.6 229 Miscellaneous textile goods 68.5 11.7 64.2 9.7 67.4 11.5 60	222	Wenving mills, synthetics	124.5	21.4	117.7	17.8	117.6	20.1	90.7	16.0	91.0	15.5	89.4	13.9	104.7
225 Knitting mills 231.1 39.5 229.2 34.6 219.2 37.5 205.5 36.3 195.6 33.4 205.0 31.8 213.1 226 Textile finishing, except wool 77.7 13.3 74.2 11.2 72.0 12.3 65.0 11.5 63.5 10.8 58.2 9.0 68.2 227 Floor covering mills 61.5 10.5 53.7 8.1 52.5 9.0 48.7 8.6 55.1 9.4 58.4 9.1 54.7 228 Yara sad thread mills 131.0 22.4 130.8 19.7 125.9 21.5 111.7 19.7 99.5 17.0 104.5 16.2 116.6 229 Miscellameous textile goods 68.5 11.7 64.2 9.7 67.4 11.5 60.3 10.7 52.1 8.9 55.6 8.6 61.1	223	Weaving and finishing mills, wool	21.1	3.6	18.6	2.8	18.8	3.2	17.1	3.0	16.8	2.9	16.6	2.6	18.1
226 Textile finishing, except wool 77.7 13.3 74.2 11.2 72.0 12.3 65.0 11.5 63.5 10.8 58.2 9.0 68.2 227 Floor covering milts 61.5 10.5 53.7 8.1 52.5 9.0 48.7 8.6 55.1 9.4 58.4 9.1 54.7 228 Yarn and thread milts 131.0 22.4 130.8 19.7 125.9 21.5 111.7 19.7 99.5 17.0 104.5 16.2 116.6 229 Miscellaneous textile goods 68.5 11.7 64.2 9.7 67.4 11.5 60.3 10.7 52.1 8.9 55.6 8.6 61.1	224	Narrow fabric mills	25.5	5 4.4	24.3	3.7	24.0	4.1	22.0	3.9	21.9	3.7	21.1	3.3	23.0
227 Floor covering mills 61.5 10.5 53.7 8.1 52.5 9.0 48.7 8.6 55.1 9.4 58.4 9.1 54.7 228 Yarn and thread mills 131.0 22.4 130.8 19.7 125.9 21.5 111.7 19.7 99.5 17.0 104.5 16.2 116.6 229 Miscellaneous textile goods 68.5 11.7 64.2 9.7 67.4 11.5 60.3 10.7 52.1 8.9 55.6 8.6 61.1	225	Knitting mills	231.1	39.5	229.2	34.6	219.2	37.5	205.5	36.3	195.6	33.4	205.0	31.8	213.1
227 Floor covering mills 61.5 10.5 53.7 8.1 52.5 9.0 48.7 8.6 55.1 9.4 58.4 9.1 54.7 228 Yarn and thread mills 131.0 22.4 130.8 19.7 125.9 21.5 111.7 19.7 99.5 17.0 104.5 16.2 116.6 229 Miscellaneous textile goods 68.5 11.7 64.2 9.7 67.4 11.5 60.3 10.7 52.1 8.9 55.6 8.6 61.1	226	Textile finishing, except wool	77.7	7 13.3	74.2	11.2	72.0	12.3	65.0	11.5	63.5	10.8	58.2	9.0	68.2
229 Miscellaneous textile goods 68.5 11.7 64.2 9.7 67.4 11.5 60.3 10.7 52.1 8.9 55.6 8.6 61.1	227		61.5	5 10.5	53.7	8.1	52.5	9.0	48.7	8.6	55.1	9.4	58.4	9.1	54.7
220 1110 0110 1110 0110 1110 0110 1110 0110 1110 0110 1110 0110 1110 0110 1110 0110 1110 0110 1110 0110 1110 0110 1110 0110 1110 01	228	Yarn and thread mills	131.0	22.4	130.8	19.7	125.9	21.5	111.7	19.7	99.5	17.0	104.5	16.2	116.6
231 Men's and boys' suits and costs 86.9 14.9 78.7 11.9 78.2 13.4 69.0 12.2 68.8 11.7 60.7 9.4 73.5	229	Miscellaneous textile goods	68.5	5 11.7	64.2	9.7	67.4	11.5	60.3	10.7	52.1	8.9	55.6	8.6	61.1
	231	Men's and boys' suits and coats	86.9	14.9	78.7	11.9	78.2	13.4	69.0	12.2	68.8	11.7	60.7	9.4	73.5

230

Appendix B (Cont.)

				Number	rs in thous	ands								
		19	79	19	80	19	81	19	83	19	8 5	19	86	
SIC	INDUSTRY	US	States	US	States	US	States	US	States	US	States	US	States	Som
232	Men's and boys' furnishings	365.5	62,5	372.1	56.1	351.1	60.1	326.2	57.7	332.1	56.7	316.9	49.1	342.2
233	Women's and misses' outerwear	439.0	75.1	433.8	65.5	411.8	70.5	389.7	68.9	373.3	63.7	353.8	54.8	398.5
234	Women's and children's undergarments	89.7	15.3	89.6	13.5	89.0	15.2	84.1	14.9	82.I	14.0	76.3	11.8	84.8
236	Children's outerwear	66.3	11.3	63.2	9.5	65.2	11.2	61.6	10.9	62.1	10.6	63.4	9.8	63.4
238	Miscellaneous apparel and accessories	56.9	9.7	56.8	8.6	55.1	9.4	46.7	8.3	43.0	7.3	42.4	6.6	49.9
239	Miscellaneous fabricated textile products	189.3	32.4	182.2	27.5	183.9	31.5	172.5	30.5	180.6	30.8	183.4	28.4	181.1
241	Logging camps and logging contractors	90.3	15.5	84.0	12.7	83.6	14.3	84.3	14.9	82.5	14.1	81.5	12.6	84.0
242	Sawmills and planing mills	231.1	39.5	214.0	32.3	207.3	35.5	202.0	35.7	198.3	33.8	199.2	30.9	207.7
243	Millwork, plywood, and structural members	224.7	38.4	198.0	29.9	201.8	34.5	204.6	36.2	225.7	38.5	256.0	39.7	217.2
244	Wood containers	43.6	7.5	42.9	6.5	42.1	7.2	39.6	7.0	42.6	7.3	41.8	6.5	41.9
245	Wood buildings and mobile homes	82.9	14.2	67.2	10.1	64.8	11.1	72.7	12.9	74.6	12.7	70.9	11.0	72.0
249	Miscellaneous wood products	85.8	14.7	80.7	12.2	79.7	13.6	73.8	13.0	79.0	13.5	77.4	12.0	79.0
251	Household furniture	323.0	55.3	309.0	46.6	310.3	53.1	278.8	49.3	293.4	50.1	296.0	45.9	300.2
252	Office furniture	46.5	8.0	49.4	7.5	51.7	8.8	57.6	10.2	69.1	11.8	66.8	10.4	56.6
253	Public building and related furniture	25.6	4.4	25.2	3.8	24.6	4.2	21.4	3.8	27.9	4.8	26.5	4.1	25.0
254	Partitions and fixtures	64.9	11.1	62.3	9.4	8.16	10.6	59.7	10.6	67.6	11.5	69.7	10.8	64.0
259	Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures	26.9	4.6	27.8	4.2	28.2	4.8	33.3	5.9	38.7	6.6	38.0	5.9	32.0
261	Paper and pulp mills	199.8	34.2	205.6	31.0	204.1	34.9	194.5	34.4	200.3	34.2	197.1	30.6	199.3
262	Paper mills, except building paper	170.4	29.2	177.5	26.8	176.5	30.2	168.1	29.7	175.1	29.9	172.4	26.7	172.5
263	Paperboard mills	71.4	12.2	64.3	9.7	64.3	11.0	59.2	10.5	56.4	9.6	55.1	8.5	61.6
264	Miscellaneous converted paper products	226.2	38.7	215.7	32.5	220.3	37.7	217.1	38.4	231.2	39.5	239.2	37.1	223,9
265	Paperboard containers and boxes	216.7	37.1	208.3	31.4	203.6	34.8	187.9	33.2	195.3	33.3	198.5	30.8	200.7
271	Newspapers	420.7	72.0	432.1	65.2	432.0	73.9	421.6	74.5	453.7	77.4	461.3	71.5	434.6
272	Periodicals	82.3	14.1	83.2	12.6	92.7	15.9	99.4	17.6	108.8	18.6	112.4	17.4	96.1
273	Books	103.0	17.6	105.2	15.9	101.3	17.3	96.2	17.0	105.6	18.0	113.0	17.5	103.4
274	Miscellaneous publishing	48.5	8.3	47.2	7.1	50.1	8.6	51.7	9.1	71.3	12.2	80.2	12.4	57.7
275	Commercial printing	412.1	70.5	424.6	64.1	432.5	74.0	432.5	76.5	488.3	83.4	513.5	79.6	448.0
276	Manifold business forms	48.4	8.3	47.1	7.1	48.6	8.3	48.1	8.5	48.0	8.2	47.6	7.4	47.8
278	Blankbooks and bookbinding	64.6	11.1	63.7	9.6	51.1	8.7	61.6	10.9	70.2	12.0	74.6	11.6	63.8
279	Printing trade services	40.6	6.9	45.1	6.8	44.7	7.6	47.2	8.3	50.9	8.7	53.4	8.3	46.7
281	Industrial inorganic chemicals	171.3	29.3	166.1	25.1	153.4	26.2	152.7	27.0	142.7	24.4	137.1	21.3	153.2
282	Plastics materials and synthetics	217.4	37.2	203.8	30.8	199.8	34.2	179.3	31.7	168.4	28.7	166.7	25.8	188.4
283	Drugs	190.9	32.7	199.2	30.1	200.8	34.4	201.0	35.5	204.7	34.9	206.0	31.9	199.5
284	Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods	138.3	23.7	137.9	20.8	139.4	23.9	150.7	26.6	147.5	25.2	147.2	22.8	143.0
285	Paints and allied products	69.5	11.9	66.6	10.0	64.5	. 11.0	61.6	10.9	62.8	10.7	63.4	9.8	64.4
286	Industrial organic chemicals	165.6	28.3	172.6	26.0	170.8	29.2	162.5	28.7	164.4	28.[154.9	24.0	164.4
287	Agricultural chemicals	69.1	11.8	71.8	8.01	72.9	12.5	60.8	10.7	59.8	10.2	57.3	8.9	65.0
289	Miscellaneous chemical products	90.7	15.5	94.7	14.3	95.8	16.4	89.8	15.9	92.1	15.7	94.0	14.6	92.4
291	Petroleum refining	168.5	28.8	154.2	23.3	169.6	29.0	158.6	28.0	139.5	23.8	126.8	19.7	152.6
295	Paving and roofing materials	33,7	5.8	30.5	4.6	28.8	4.9	26.5	4.7	27.0		26.0	4.0	28.6
301	Tires and inner tubes	123.7	21.2	102.7	15.5	121.9	20.9	101.5	17.9	92.0		88.0	13.6	104.8
302	Rubber and plastic footwear	23.0		22.5	3.4	20.2	3.5	18.6	3.3	13.7	2.3	11.9	1.8	18.3

		LAMBACIS IN CHORPEROS												
	_	19	79	19	80	19	81	19	83	19	8 5	19	86	
SIC	INDUSTRY	US	States	US	States	US	States	US	States	US	States	US	States	Sum
303	Reclaimed rubber, rubber & plastics hose and belting	23.2	4.0	21.4	3.2	23.2	4.0	21.5	3.8	20.4	3.5	21.6	3.3	21.8
306	Fabricated rubber products, n.e.c.	115.2	19.7	106.5	16.1	105.9	18.1	100.0	17.7	108.9	18.6	108.3	16.8	107.0
307	Miscellaneous plastic products	482.4	82.5	457.6	69.1	473.2	0.18	485.3	85.8	559.7	95.5	571.2	88.5	502.4
311	Leather tanning and finishing	20.3	3.5	18.8	2.8	20.1	3.4	19.1	3.4	15.3	2.6	14.0	2.2	17.9
314	Footwear, except rubber	148.9	25.5	151.5	22.9	142.6	24.4	132.8	23.5	104.7	17.9	92.5	14.3	128.4
316	Luggage	17.4	3.0	14.6	2.2	15.4	2.6	13.3	2.4	12.9	2.2	10.9	1.7	14.1
317	Handbags and personal leather goods	32.8	5.6	30.8	4.6	29.3	5.0	27.0	4.8	23.1	3.9	19.8	3.1	27.1
321	Flat glass	20.4	3.5	18.1	2.7	18.8	3.2	17.1	3.0	15.2	2.6	14.9	2.3	17.4
322	Giass and glassware, pressed or blown	131.8	22.6	127.4	19.2	122.8	21.0	103.2	18.2	93.3	15.9	92.2	14.3	111.2
323	Products of purchased glass	49.3	8.4	45.2	6.8	47.3	8.1	42.7	7.5	51.6	8.8	53.4	8.3	48.0
324	Cement, hydraulic	33.2	5.7	31.9	4.8	29.3	5.0	25.8	4.6	24.0	4.1	22.7	3.5	27.7
325	Structural clay products	50.2	8.6	45.5	6.9	43.2	7.4	36.4	6.4	38.2	6.5	37.7	5.8	41.6
326	Pottery and related products	46.2	7.9	45.i	6.8	44.2	7.6	38.7	6.8	38.4	6.6	35.0	5.4	41.1
327	Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products	218.0	37.3	200.9	30.3	191.9	32.8	186.9	33.0	211.2	36.1	214.6	33.3	202.8
32 9	Miscellaneous nonmetallic mineral products	148.9	25.5	141.6	21.4	140.8	24.1	113.6	20.1	116.9	20.0	112.4	17.4	128.4
331	Biast furnaces and basic steel products	566.5	96.9	508.2	76.7	506.2	86.6	336.3	59.5	302.7	51.7	283.2	43.9	415.3
332	Iron and steel foundries	238.2		204.5	30.9	203.4	34.8	143.3	25.3	144.6	24.7	135.5	21.0	177.4
333	Primary nonferrous metals	72.4		68.3	10.3	70.9	12.1	50.2	8.9	46.5	7.9	39.2	6.1	57.7
335	Nonferrous rolling and drawing	219.3	37.5	211.1	31.9	206.0	35.2	183.5	32.4	191.2	32.6	184.5	28.6	198.3
336	Nonferrous foundries	98.1	16.8	89.7	13.5	90.7	15.5	84.2	14.9	86.5	14.8	83.3	12.9	88.4
341	Metal caus and shipping containers	78.4		77.1	11.6	71.5		62.6	34.1	55.3	9.4	58.2	9.0	66.8
342	Cutiery, hand tools, and hardware	184.6	31.6	168.6	25.4	167.9	28.7	139.1	24.6	145.8	24.9	141.6	21.9	157.2
343	Plumbing and heating, except electric	76.2	13.0	69.4	10.5	58.0	9.9	63.0	11.1	63.1	10.8	66.0	10.2	65.6
344	Fabricated structural metal products	520.5		517.9	78.2	498.7	85.3	433.0	76.6	447.4	76.4	434.4	67.3	472.8
345	Screw machine products, bolts, etc.	120.2	20.6	108.8	16.4	103.0		86.8	15.3	98.0	16.7	96.6	15.0	101.7
346	Metal forgings and stampings	304.3		263.0	39.7	255.0		232.7	41.1	248.3	42.4	236.0	36.6	255.5
347	Metal services, a.e.c.	108.9		108.5	16.4	103.6		92.9	16.4	108.4	18.5	113.3	17.6	105.2
348	Ordnauce and accessories, n.e.c.	60.9	10.4	60.8	9.2	50.2	8.6	65.5	11.6	79.6	13.6	79.3	12.3	65.6
349	Miscellaneous fabricated metal products	272.8	46.7	253.1	38.2	255.7	43.8	220.7	39.0	226.4	38.6	214.0	33.2	239.5
351	Engines and turbines	139.1	23.8	135.3	20.4	133.3	22.8	99.6	17.6	108.4	18.5	97.2	15.1	118.2
352	Farm and garden machinery	173.9	29.8	169.9	25.6	164.9	28.2	128.0	22.6	106.6	18.2	93.1	14.4	138.9
353	Construction and related machinery	396.4	67.8	392.9	59.3	399.5	68.4	264.6	46.8	253.3	43.2	227.6	35.3	320.8
354	Metalworking machinery	386.4	66.1	371.5	56.1	360.6	61.7	281.4	49.8	313.0	53.4	305.7	47.4	334.4
355	Special industry machinery	208.3	35.6	208.8	31.5	202.8	34.7	160.3	28.3	167.5	28.6	160.8	24.9	183.7
356	General industrial machinery	327.1	56.0	322.9	48.7	313.5	53.6	254.1	44.9	273.8	46.7	262.6	40.7	290.7
357	Office and computing machines	382.9	65.5	430.8	65.0	454.0	77.7	489.3	86.5	505.9	86.4	479.3	74.3	455.4
358	Refrigeration and service machinery	187.3	32.0	173.0	26.1	180.9	31.0	161.1	28.5	173.6	29.6	170.3	26.4	173.6
359	Miscellaneous machinery, except electrical	279.0	47.7	284.3	42.9	303.0	51.8	250.0	44.2	278.8	47.6	285.3	44.2	278.5
361	Electric distributing equipment	121.8	20.8	119.5	18.0	120.6	20.6	108.6	19.2	115.1	19.6	115.6	17.9	116.3
362	Electrical industrial apparatus	259.0	44.3	238.5	36.0	238.3	40.8	192.3	34.0	197.8	33.8	197.1	30.6	219.4
363	Household appliances	176.7	30.2	169.8	25.6	166.0	28.4	147.9	26.1	143.3	24.5	136.7	21.2	156.1
364	Electric lighting and wiring equipment	228.4	39.1	212.6	32.1	209.0	35.8	186.3	32.9	198.3	33.8	193.1	29.9	203.6

		19	79	19	80	1981		1983		1985		1986		
SIC	INDUSTRY	US	States	US	States	US	States	US	States	US	States	US	States	Sum
365	Radio and TV receiving equipment	112.0	19.2	108.2	16.3	109.8	18.8	87.6	15.5	84.9	14 5	79.5	12.3	96.6
366	Communication equipment	366.0	62.6	550.8	83.1	545.4	93.3	579.9	102.5	659.3	112.5	658.2	102.0	556.1
367	Electronic components and accessories	514.9	88.1	558.3	84.2	575.4	98.5	592.5	104.8	657.2	112.2	638.1	98.9	586.6
369	Miscellaneous electrical equipment and supplies	166.3	28.5	168.6	25.4	168.9	28.9	149.6	26.4	151.6	25 9	150.8	23.4	158.5
371	Motor vehicles and equipment	982.8	168.2	773.8	116.8	723.2	123.7	772.7	136.6	672.3	114.8	842.7	130.6	790.7
372	Aircraft and parts	605.1	103.5	655.4	98.9	656.7	112.4	579.8	102.5	646.9	110.4	672.8	104.3	632.0
373	Ship and boat building and repairing	214.5	36.7	213.8	32.3	226.3	38.7	199.2	35.2	192.5	32.9	184.5	28.6	204.4
374	Railroad equipment	70.8	12.1	67.7	10 2	50.4	8.6	29.7	5.3	34.3	5.9	29.0	4,5	46.6
376	Guided missiles, space vehicles and parts	98.5	16.9	112.3	16.9	119.7	20.5	143.0	25.3	177.0	30.2	189.5	29.4	139.1
379	Miscellaneous transportation equipment	58.2	10.0	47.3	7.1	40.4	6.9	46.9	8.3	53.0	9.0	53.5	8.3	49.6
381	Engineering and scientific instruments	72.3	12.4	78.1	8.11	78.3	13.4	80.6	14.3	82.8	14.1	83.2	12.9	78.8
382	Measuring and controlling devices	228.3	39.1	237.5	35.8	246.4	42.2	237.5	42.0	357.4	61.0	250.4	38.8	258.9
383	Optical instruments and lenses	31.2	5.3	34.7	5.2	33.1	5.7	33.6	5.9	34.6	5.9	32.1	5.0	33.1
384	Medical instruments and supplies	147.3	25.2	145.9	22.0	159.8	27.3	159.6	28.2	171.7	29.3	182.9	28.3	160.4
385	Ophthalmic goods	45.1	7.7	46.9	7.1	41.6	7.1	37.0	6.5	39.9	6.8	39.9	6.2	41.4
386	Photo equipment and supplies	137.5	23.5	133.8	20.2	139.7	23.9	128.2	22.7	124.1	21.2	117.4	18.2	129.7
387	Watches, clocks and watchenses	28.7	4.9	22.8	3.4	19.0	3.3	17.0	3.0	13.6	2.3	11.1	1.7	18 6
391	Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware	60.2	10.3	56.5	8.5	55.7	9.5	56.1	9.9	55.7	9.5	53.4	8.3	56.1
393	Musical instruments	24.6	4.2	21.0	3.2	22.2	3.8	19.5	3.4	15.8	2.7	14.6	2.3	19.6
394	Toys and sporting goods	120.5	20.6	115.3	17.4	114.6	19.6	1105	19.5	107.5	18.4	97.0	15.0	110,5
395	Pens, pencils, office and art supplies	41.5	7.1	39.9	6.0	38.9	6.7	30.6	5.4	31.9	5.4	31.7	4.9	35.5
396	Costume, jewelry and notions	61.3	10.5	52.9	8.0	47.7	8.2	39.1	6.9	38.7	6.6	39.5	6.1	46.3
399	Miscellaneous manufactures	144.3	24.7	136.4	20.6	136.2	23.3	126.6	22.4	126.7	21.6	130.8	20.3	132.9
411	Local and suburban transportation	72.8	12.5	81.8	12.3	93.3	16.0	86.3	15.3	89.7	15.3	95.8	14.8	86.2
412	Taxicabs	64.4	11.0	58.5	8.8	50.8	8.7	39.6	7.0	38.5	6.6	36.9	5.7	47.8
413	Intercity highway transportation	36.9	6.3	40.8	6.2	39.4	6.7	32.0	5.7	36.1	6.2	36.2	5.6	36.6
415	School buses	73.3	12.5	76.7	11.6	83.4	14.3	86.1	15.2	87.3	14.9	89.5	13.9	82.4
421	Trucking and trucking terminals	1285.7	220.0	1194.3	180.2	1157.0	198.0	1132.5	200.2	1284.9	219.3	[311.3	203.3	1221.0
422	Public warehousing	90.6	15.5	90.2	13.6	82.8	14.2	80.6	14.3	99.9	17.1	98.1	15.2	89.8
445	Local water transport, (I)	30.5	5.2	28.6	4.3	28.2	4.8	25.6	4.5	29.0	5.0	27.5	4.3	28.1
446	Water transportation services (I)	123.2	21.1	115.5	17,4	113.8	19.5	103.3	18.3	117.0	20.0	98.2	15.2	111.4
451	Air transportation	377.4	64.6	402.5	60.7	408.4	69.9	496.7	87.8	474.5	81.0	493.2	76.4	440.4
458	Air transportation services (1)	49.1	8.4	52.3	7.9	53.2	9.1	52.1	9.2	62.1	10.6	66.9	10.4	55.6
471	Freight forwarding (1)	44.6	7.6	46.4	7.0	49.9	8.3	52.5	9.3	68.5	11.7	68.6	10.6	54.8
481	Telephone communication	1045.1	178.8	1078.3	162.7	1071.6	183.4	953.7	168.6	918.2	156.7	874.1	135.5	985.7
483	Radio and TV broadcasting	192.2	32.9	202.2	30.5	202.5	34.6	230.4	40.7	236.2	40.3	243.4	37.7	216.8
491	Electric services	373.1	63.8	393.2	59.3	412.5	70.6	434.3	76.8	452.7	77.3	456.7	70.8	418.6
492	Gas production and distribution	168.9	28.9	169.9	25.6	175.2	30.0	175.4	31.0	171.4	29.3	165.1	25.6	170.4
493	Combination utility services	195.5	33.5	196.8	29.7	207.1	35.4	197.2	34.9	201.1	34.3	206.5	32.0	199.8
495	Sanitary services	46.7	8.0	50.7	7.7	49.5	8.5	51.0	9.0	63.8	10.9	70.8	0.11	55.0
501	Motor vehicles and automotive equipment	373.1	63.8	427.5	64.5	416.6	71.3	405.2	71.6	432.7	73.9	428.1	66.4	411.5
502	Furniture and home furnishings	168.9	28.9	116.3	17.5	120.1	20.5	115.7	20.5	130.6	22.3	135.1	20.9	130.7

		19	79	1980 1981		1983 19		19	1985 1986					
SIC	INDUSTRY	US	States	US	States	US	States	US	States	US	States	US	States	Sum
503	Lumber and construction materials	195.5	33.5	191.3	28.9	192.0	32.9	189.5	33.5	211.7	36.1	228.7	35.4	200.3
504	Sporting goods, toys and hobby goods	64.1	11.0	72.9	11.0	74.7	12.8	72.4	12.8	75.1	12.8	83.5	12.9	73.3
505	Metals and minerals, except petroleum	153.1	26.2	152.7	23.0	154.5	26.4	130.8	23.1	141.1	24.1	138.4	21.5	144.3
506	Electrical goods	412.8	70.6	409.7	61.8	422.5	72.3	431.5	76.3	496.7	84.8	495.2	76.8	442.6
507	Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment	240.4	41.1	244.7	36.9	244.6	41.9	236.4	41.8	261.5	44.6	265.4	41.1	247.5
508	Machinery, equipment, and supplies	1238.2	211.9	1304.3	196.8	1347.8	230.6	1305.3	230.8	1473.6	251.5	1508.8	233.9	1355.5
509	Miscellaneous durable goods	207.5	35.5	210.6	31.8	203.5	34.8	176.4	31.2	193.4	33.0	199.8	31.0	197.3
511	Paper and paper products	139.6	23.9	148.6	22.4	155.0	26.5	161.0	28.5	183.8	31.4	189.2	29.3	162.0
512	Drugs, properties, and sundries	142.2	24.3	152.8	23.1	151.1	25.9	153.8	27.2	161.2	27.5	172.2	26.7	154.6
513	Apparel, piece goods, and notions	169.3	29.0	177.6	26.8	158.3	27.1	168.5	29.8	186.4	31.8	196.9	30.5	175.0
514	Groceries and related products	645.0	110.4	654.4	98.7	678.7	116.1	657.1	116.2	744.4	127.1	761.7	118.1	686 5
516	Chemicals and related products	116.9	20.0	126.7	19.1	129.5	22.2	134.3	23.7	132.3	22.6	130.7	20.3	127.9
517	Petroleum and petroleum products	224.6	38.4	233.3	35.2	225.0	38.5	217.8	38.5	208.5	35.6	202.4	31.4	2176
518	Beer, wine, and distilled beverages	138.7	23.7	136.7	20.6	141.8	24.3	145.8	25.8	158.0		151.4	23.5	144.8
519	Miscellaneous nondurable goods	402.8	68.9	387.1	58.4	381.6	65.3	389.2	68.8	429.3		434.6	67.4	402.1
521	Lumber and other building materials	333.1	57.0	329.8	49,8	323.9	55.4	313.1	55.4	351.2		369.9		334.8
525	Hardware stores	146.9	25.1	154.4	23.3	149.7	25.6	151.0	26.7	159.7	_	157.0	24.3	152.3
531	Department stores	1834.4	313.9	1805.4	272.4	1891.1	323.6	1885.3	333.3	1987.4		1982.7	307.3	1889.8
533	Variety stores	283.1	48.4	269.8	40.7	251.9	43.1	210.5	37.2	223.3		230.8	35.8	243.4
539	Miscellaneous general merchandise stores	147.9	25.3	141.1	21.3	125.2	21.4	113.9	20.1	143.5		136.1	21.1	133.7
541	Grocery stores	2003.3	342.8	2099.2	316.8	2154.8	368.7	2183.0	386.0	2479.9		2554.3	395.9	2233.4
542	Meat markets and freezer provisioners	52.3		52.7	8.0	55.7	9.5	59.3	10.5	63.1		63.8		57.6 35.2
545	Dairy products stores (1)	30.3	5.2	31.8	4.8	32.7	5.6	33.1	5.9	37.6		47.2		139.4
546	Retail bakeries	125.6		128.0	19,3	126.7	21.7	133.5	23.6	163.3		164.4 941.3	25.5 145.9	838.0
551	New and used car dealers	893.8 259.7		811.0	122,4 40.6	764.7	130.8 46.3	751.3 258.8	132.8 45.8	897.1 300.4		309.3		276.4
553	Auto and home supply stores	239.7		269.3 570.9	40.6 86.1	270.7 561.5	96.1	238.8 530.7	93.8	611.3		612.6		524.2
554	Gasoline services stations			139.2	21.0	134.2			20.8	111.1		110.9		125.2
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings	142.0 356.7		359.1	54.2	354.4	23.0 60.6	117.5 347.8	61.5	382.0		397.6		364.2
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores	336.7 175.7		186.1	34.2 28.1	188.4	32.2	174.1	30.8	205.6		227.8	35.3	191.6
565	Family clothing stores	175.0		179.8	27.1	200.5	34.3	201.2	35.6	206.0		211.8		194.9
566 571	Shoe stores Furniture and home furnishings stores	366.3		372.6	56.2	378.5		351.2	62.1	413.4		439.7		384.5
572	Household appliance stores	90.1		82.6	12.5	83.1	14.2	74.6	13.2	87.0		86.9		83.6
573	Radio, TV, and music stores	157.2		148.2	22.4	147.6		161.9	28.6	234.6		260.8		183.6
591	Drug stores and proprietary stores	508.5		507.5	76.6	487.0		491.6		566.0		563.5		517.8
592	Liquor stores	134.5		132.4	20.0	128.9	22.1	126.9	22.4	126.1		129.5		129.1
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	571.7		599.7	90.5	631.8		636.3	112.5	734.8		758.8		652.0
596	Nonstore retailers	276.1	47.2	273.9	41.3	276.9		256.0	45.3	262.4		259.1	40.2	266.2
598	Fuel and ice dealers	102.5		107.0	16.1	104.3	17.8	99.9	17.7	109.4		112.3		105.3
599	Retail stores n.e.c.	244.6		250.3	37.8	268.7	46.0	260.7	46.1	347.1		355.2		286.0
602	Commercial and stock savings banks	1358.4		1411.9	213.1	1480.5		1506.9	-	1556.1		1582.5		1476.1
603	Mutual savings banks (1)	68.3	11.7	71.0	10.7	74.5	12.8	76.2	13.5	78.7		84.0		75.1
003	tarnes seately negy (1)	00.3	11.7	71.0	10.7	74.3	12.0	/0.2	23.3	70.7	13.4	64.0	13.0	75.1

		19	79	1980		1981		1983		1985		1986		
SIC	INDUSTRY	US	States	US	States	US	States	US	States	US	States	US	States	Sum
612	Savings and loan associations	237.6	40.7	243.5	36.7	257.6	44.1	293.0	51.8	346.8	59.2	375.5	58.2	290.7
614	Personal credit institutions	210.6	36.0	209.8	31.7	197.2	33.7	195.8	34.6	217.5	37.1	230.8	35.8	209.0
615	Business credit institutions (1)	35 9	6.1	36.7	5.5	37.9	6.5	40.2	7.1	49.6	8.5	54.3	8.4	42.2
616	Mortgage bankers and brokers (1)	86.9	14.9	88.8	13.4	91.5	15.7	97.2	17.2	119.9	20.5	155.9	24.2	105.7
621	Security brokers and dealers	164.8	28.2	169.6	25.6	201.4	34.5	248.2	43.9	286.1	48.8	308.4	47.8	228.8
631	Life insurance	523.5	89.6	539.8	81.5	535.3	91.6	538.9	95.3	537.8	91.8	558.0	86.5	536.2
632	Medical service and health insurance	137.9	23.6	140.7	21.2	144.3	24.7	145.4	25.7	166.9	28.5	180.8	28.0	151.7
633	Fire, marine, and casualty insurance	476.7	81.6	490.5	74.0	484.4	82.9	469.4	83.0	474.4	81.0	495.1	76.7	479.2
636	Title insurance (1)	45.6	7.8	46.6	7.0	46.5	8.0	46.3	8.2	47.4	8.1	57.5	8.9	48.0
651	Real estate operators and lessors	436.9	74.8	468.2	70.7	477.8	81.8	500.4	88.5	504.7	86.2	516.8	80.1	481.9
653	Real estate agents and managers	347.3	59.4	376.9	56.9	390.1	66.7	363.0	64.2	448. I	76.5	499.6	77.4	401.2
655	Subdividers and developers	131.8	22.6	133.8	20.2	140.6	24.1	119.1	21.1	136.5	23.3	151.3	23.5	134.6
701	Hotels, motels, and tourist courts	989.2	169.3	1027.7	155.1	1061.2	181.6	1080.1	191.0	1323.7	226.0	1325.8	205.5	1128.3
721	Laundry, cleaning, and garment services	353.7	60.5	354.7	53.5	354.3	60.6	346.6	61.3	383.6	65.5	397.9	61.7	363.1
722	Photographic studios, portrait (1)	43.1	7.4	44.7	6.7	42.9	7.3	45.0	8.0	54.0	9.2	55.8	8.6	47.3
723	Beauty shops	277.5	47.5	294.5	44.4	285.7	48.9	297.4	52.6	351.1	59.9	350.3	54.3	307 6
726	Funeral service and crematories	71.7		70.7	10.7	72.5	12.4	72.2	12.8	75.4	12.9	76.4	8.11	72.8
731	Advertising	147.3	25.2	148.5	22.4	156.1	26.7	166.9	29.5	192.2	32.8	192.9	29.9	166.5
732	Credit reporting and collection	75.6		71.9	10.8	71.7	12.3	78.9	13.9	89.3	15.2	97.9	15.2	80.4
733	Mailing, reproduction, and stenographic	105.0	0.81	122.6	18.5	129.2	22.1	143.3	25.3	180.0	30.7	203.2	31.5	146.1
734	Services to buildings	481.9		505.9	76.3	516.4	88.4	543.5	96.1	660.8	112.8	705.0	109.3	565.3
736	Personnel supply services	487.4	83.4	517.9	78.2	604.4	103.4	714.4	126.3	921.9	157.4	1013.9	157.2	705.8
737	Computer and data processing services	257.6		292.8	44.2	344.2	58.9	400.1	70.7	544.0	92.9	584.2	90.6	401.3
739	Miscellaneous business services (1)	1450.0	248.1	1483.0	223.8	1468.8	251.3	1492.2	263.8	1856.5	316.9	2003.3	310.5	1614.4
751	Automotive rentals, without drivers (1)	111.1	19.0	113.6	17.1	112.5	19.2	114.3	20.2	142.2	24.3	164.1	25.4	125.3
753	Automotive repair shops	356.7		356.9	53.9	354.5	60.7	364.9	64.5	455.4	77.7	460.5	71.4	389.2
762	Electrical repair shops (1)	81.8	14.0	89.9	13.6	87.2	149	79.8	14.1	98.9	16.9	104.6	16.2	89.7
781	Motion picture production and services	77.8		76.0	11.5	73.7	12.6	86.1	15.2	100.9	17.2	106.7	16.5	86.4
783	Motion picture theaters	124.5		126.9	19.1	128.9	22.1	112.4	19.9	106.9	18.2	102.2	15.8	116.5
801	Offices of physicians	714.6		756.0	114.1	782.5	133.9	856.5	151.4	967.3	165.1	1014.5	157 2	844.0
802	Offices of dentists	315.8		341.9	51.6	356.0	60.9	408.4	72.2	443.8	75.8	459.0	71.1	385.6
805	Nursing and personal care facilities	978.8		995.3	150.2	1049.1	179.5	1097.9	194.1	1201.6	205.1	1284.5	199.1	1095.5
806	Hospitals	2647.5		2721.5	410.7	2884.3	493.5	3026.9	535.2	2964.2	506.0	3042.9	47i.6	2870.0
807	Medical and deutal laboratories (1)	91.5	15.6	94.9	14.3	100.4	17.2	107.9	19.1	113.7	19.4	129.1	20.0	105.6
808	Outpatient care facilities (1)	171.9	29.4	178.3	26.9	188.7	32.3	202.8	35.9	213.7	36.5	244.2	37.9	198.8
821	Elementary and secondary schools	231.5		266.6	40.2	292.2	50.0	318.4	56.3	359.0	61.3	383.6	59.5	306.9
822	Colleges and universities	708.0		729.0	110.0	728.5	124.6	761.1	134.6	780.8	133.3	851.0	131.9	755.5
824	Correspondence and vocational schools (i)	51.6	8.8	54.7	8.2	55.9	9.6	59.1	10.4	62.3	10.6	67.5	10.5	58.2
832 833	Individual and family services (1)	215.3	36.8 27.7	237.0	35.8	244.1	41.8	258.I	45.6	275.4	47.0	283.7	44.0	251.0
	Job training and related services (1)	161.8	_	178.0	26.9	183.4	37.4	193.9	34.3	206.9	35.3	216.5	33.6	189.1
836	Residential care (1)	223.2	38.2	245.6	37.1	252.9	43.3	267.4	47.3	285.4	48.7	309.7	48.0	262.5
861	Business associations (1)	93.0	15.9	92.6	14.0	93.3	16.0	89.7	15.9	88.7	15.1	90.1	14.0	90.8

Numbers in thousands

		1979		19	1980 1		1981 19		983 1		1985		1986	
SIC	INDUSTRY	US	States	US	States	US	States	US	States	US	States	US	States	Sum
863	Labor organizations (1)	146.8	25.1	146.2	22.1	147.4	25.2	141.6	25.0	140.1	23.9	142.4	22.1	143.4
864	Civic and social associations (1)	352.3	60.3	350.7	52.9	353.5	60.5	339.7	60.1	336.1	57.4	337.6	52.3	343.4
891	Engineering and architectural services	509.7	87.2	556.7	84.0	566.8	97.0	574.5	101.6	700.3	119.5	711.3	110.3	599.6
892	Noncommercial research organizations (1)	86.0	14.7	92.2	13.9	95.2	16.3	97.5	17.2	115.0	19.6	121.1	18.8	100.6
893	Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping	295.9	50.6	_315.0	47.5	338.3	57.9	363.0	64.2	416.7	71.1	439.1	68.1	359.4

Table footnotes

1 Some numbers in this table appear in italics. They represent the data that have been estimated. Our sources, Employment and Earnings and unpublished BLS tables, did not list the data for several industries for the 1979, 1980, 1981, 1983. To estimate these numbers we used the closest available year (1985) and a series of coefficients representing the actual fluctuation for the family of industries to which for a given industry belongs. For example, look at SIC#807, Medical and Dental Laboratories. We could not obtain the exact numbers indicating the employment in that industry for 1979. However, we know this industry belongs to the family SIC #80 Health Services. The data for this family, in 1979, is available. We use it to derive a formula for our estimation.

The Formula: let "a" represent the number (employment) for the family of industries in 1985;

let "b" represent the number for that family of industries in the year to be estimated;

let "c" represent the number for this particular industry in 1985;

Therefore the estimate e= (b/a) * c.

Back to our example: "a" represents the employment in Health Services for the year 1985, a= 6.266.8 (in thousands);

"b" represents the employment in Health Services for 1979, b=5,040.9 (in thousands);

"c" represents the employment in Medical and Dental Laboratories in 1985, c=113.7 (in thousands);

"e" is the estimated employment for Medical and Dental Laboratories for 1979, e=91.46 (in thousands),

e = (5040.9 / 6266.8) * 113.7 = 91.46

A number of employment statistics were provided to the author from the BLS with the proviso that they not be published. These industries included SIC codes 078,103, 104, 121, 177, 178, 213, 235, 263, 319, 328, 334, 401, 423, 461, 472, 478, 482, 489, 494, 515, 523, 526, 527, 543, 549, 552, 553, 563, 581, 635, 637, 641, 703, 724, 752, 754, 763, 764, 782, 792, 793, 804, 811, 835, 839, 862, 866.

Appendix C

Male and Female Job Deaths within Occupations

Ranked in Descending Order by Rate of Deaths per 100,000 Workers With Frequencies of Deaths by **Type** of Accident

Number

Rate

		Number Rate
		of per
Rank	Code	Occupation Deaths 100,000 Types of Accidents
1	546	Stone cutters and carvers 11 297.2170 Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
		10; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1;
2	511	Painter apprentices 1 118.4834 Fall from scaffold, etc. 1;
3	761	Lumbermen, raftsmen, etc. 61 94.9372 Struck by falling object 33; Struck by, n.e.c. 7;
		Struck by, uns. 6; Struck against moving object 3; Fall from vehicle 2; Struck against stationary object 1; Struck
		by flying object 1; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 1; Caught between moving and stationary objects 1; Caught in or
		under collapsing materials 1; Motor vehicle accident, vehicles moving in intersection 1; Motor vehicle accident,
		non collision, overturned 1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, ran off roadway 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1; Non
		classifiable 1;
4	710	Motormen; logging, mine, etc. 7 94.2507 Struck by, n.e.c. 2; Struck by falling object 1;
		Fall from vehicle 1; Contact with electric current 1; Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects 1; Accident type,
		n.e.c. 1;
5	163	Airplane pilots 47 89.6348 Aircraft accident 40; Accident type, n.e.c. 3;
		Motor vehicle accident, stationary object, uns. 2; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in
		motion, uns. 1;
6	603	Blasters and powdermen 5 84.8752 Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
		3; Struck by falling object 1; Struck by, n.e.c. 1;
7	780	Miscellaneous laborers 120 76.1648 Struck by, n.e.c. 18; Contact with radiation or
		caustics, by inhalation 15; Contact with electric current 7; Non classifiable 7; Caught in, under, between, n.e.c. 6;
		Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects 6; Struck by falling object 5; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 5; Caught in or
		under collapsing materials 5, Overexertion by lifting objects 5; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying
		objects 5; Accident type, n.e.c. 5; Explosions, uns. 4; Motor vehicle accident, struck while standing in roadway 3;
		Struck by, uns. 2; Struck by flying object 2; Fall from vehicle 2; Caught between moving and stationary objects 2;
		Overexertion by pulling or pushing objects 2, Motor vehicle accident, uns. 2, Motor vehicle accident, non
		collision, overturned 2, Motor vehicle accident, other non collision 2; Fall from scaffold, etc. 1; Fall into shaft, etc.
		1; Fall onto walkway, etc. 1; Fall onto or against objects 1; Caught in, under, between, uns. 1; Contact with
		radiation or caustics, n.e.c. 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, same direction 1; Motor vehicle accident,
8	704	stationary object, uns. 1; Urban rail conductors 4 72.2282 Struck by, n.e.o. 2; Contact with electric current
٥	704	1; Streetcar or subway accident 1;
9	763	Teamsters 2 66.3130 Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Motor vehicle accident,
,	703	standing vehicle on side of road 1;
10	601	Asbestos workers 21 61.1995 Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
		16; Contact with radiation or caustics by absorption 3; Fall from scaffold, etc. 1; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 1;
11	605	Surveying assistants 5 55.9534 Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns. 2;
		Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1;
12	614	Drillers, earth 20 54.5345 Contact with electric current 4; Contact with
		radiation or caustics, by inhalation 3; Struck by falling object 2; Caught in, under, between, n.e.c. 2; Struck against
		stationary object 1; Struck against moving object 1; Struck by, uns. 1; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Fall onto walkway, etc.
		1; Aircraft accident 1; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, uns. 1; Motor vehicle
		accident, non collision, overturned 1;
13	961	Firemen and fire protection 77 51.3816 Accident type, n.e.c. 18; Contact with radiation
		or caustics, by inhalation 11; Non classifiable 6; Struck by, n.e.c. 5; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying
		objects 5; Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects 5; Caught in or under collapsing materials 4; Motor vehicle
		accident, uns. 4; Fall onto walkway, etc. 3; Fall from vehicle 2, Bodily reaction voluntary motions 2;
		Overexertion, n.e.c. 2; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns. 2; Motor vehicle accident, other non collision
		2, Struck by falling object 1; Struck by flying object 1; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 1; Contact with electric current 1;
		Contact with temp. extremes, general heat 1; Motor vehicle accident, stationary object in roadway 1;
14	550	Structural metal craftsmen 27 49.8431 Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 6, Fall from scaffold,
		etc. 4; Contact with electric current 3; Struck by falling object 2, Overexention by wielding, holding, carrying
		objects 2, Accident type, n.e.c. 2, Struck against stationary object 1; Struck by flying object 1; Fall from elevation,
		uns. 1; Fall into shaft, etc. 1; Caught in or under collapsing materials 1; Overexertion by lifting objects 1; Contact
		with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 1; Contact with radiation or caustics by absorption 1;
15	433	Electric power linemen 34 44.3494 Contact with electric current 18; Fall to lower
		level, n.e.c. 8; Accident type, n.e.c. 2; Fall from elevation, uns. 1; Caught between moving and stationary objects
		1; Contact with radiation or caustics, n.e.c. 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, oncoming 1; Motor vehicle
		accident, stationary object in roadway 1; Explosions, uns. 1;
16	754	Garbage collectors 19 40.4161 Struck by, n.e.c. 6; Caught in, under, between,
		n.e.c. 3; Fall from vehicle 2; Struck by falling object 1; Fall into shaft, etc. 1;

Rank	Code	Occupation	Deaths	Rate	Types of Accidents
16	754	Garbage collectors (Cont.)			Caught between moving and stationary objects
					ck while standing off roadway 1; Motor vehicle
	640	accident, non collision, overturned 1;	Accident type, i 59		
17	040	Miners, n.e.c.			Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation aterials 8; Explosions, uns. 4; Struck by, n.e.c. 3;
					is. 1; Struck against moving object 1; Struck by.
					ower level, n.e.c. 1; Caught between moving and
					s 1; Contact with electric current 1; Contact with
		radiation or caustics, n.e.c. 1; Aircraft	accident 1; Non		
18	173	Technicians, n.e.c.	7		Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying
					under, between, n.e.c. 1; Contact with radiation
19	495	or caustics, by inhalation 1; Motor veh Not specified mechanics	icie accident, b		on, uns. 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 4; Overexertion by lifting
19	433				er level, n.e.c. 2, Contact with electric current 2;
					ng object 1; Fall from vehicle 1; Caught between
					1; Bodily reaction, uns. 1; Bodily reaction
		involuntary motions 1; Motor vehicle	accident, uns. 1	Motor veh	ricle accident, non collision, ran off roadway 1;
		Explosions, uns. 1; Non classifiable 1;			
20	943	Elevator operators	4		Struck by falling object 1; Fall into shaft, etc. 1;
21	715	Fall onto walkway, etc. 1; Caught in, u Truck drivers	nder, between, 489		Motor vehicle accident, non collision,
21	/13				way 50; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 37; Struck
					nding vehicle on side of road 25; Overexertion
					t, both in motion, oncoming 21; Motor vehicle
					tor vehicle accident, stationary object in roadway
					ontact with electric current 12; Overexertion by
					10; Overexertion, n.e.c. 10; Motor vehicle Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects 8;
					accident, non collision, uns. 8; Non classifiable
					ner non collision 6; Struck by flying object 4; Fall
					4; Motor vehicle accident, stationary object, uns.
					plosions, uns. 3; Fall into shaft, etc. 2; Fall to
					n stop or start 2, Struck against stationary object
					i, under, between, uns. 1; Caught in running or tily reaction involuntary motions 1; Contact
		with radiation or caustics, by ingestion			iny reaction involuntary motions 1, Contact
22	714	Taxi drivers and chauffeurs	40		Struck by flying object 15; Motor vehicle
		accident, both in motion, uns. 4; Struck	by, n.e.c. 3; M	otor vehicle	accident, uns. 3; Overexertion by wielding,
					cle on side of road 2; Accident type, n.e.c. 2;
					two or more moving objects 1; Rubbed or by lifting objects 1; Overexertion by pulling or
					lirection 1; Motor vehicle accident, struck while
		standing in roadway 1; Motor vehicle a			
23	404	Boilermakers	, 9		Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 2; Contact with
				inhalation	2; Fall into shaft, etc. 1; Contact with temp.
	401	extremes, hot objects 1; Accident type,	n.e.c. 1; 2	36.0603	Contraction to the last
24	491	Mechanic, except auto 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in moti-		33.0093	Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
25	751	Construction laborers	173	32.8919	Struck by, n.e.c. 22; Caught in or under
					alation 15; Contact with electric current 14;
					tion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 11;
					c. 6; Fall from vehicle 5; Contact with temp.
					exertion by lifting objects 4; Contact with temp. ary object 2; Struck by flying object 2; Fall from
					ary object 2; Struck by Hying object 2; Fail from 2; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion,
					Motor vehicle accident, non collision, ran off
					ill onto walkway, etc. 1; Bodily reaction, uns. 1;
					or pushing objects 1, Train accident 1, Motor
			, Motor vehicle	accident, st	tationary object in roadway 1; Motor vehicle
24	602	accident, non collision, uns. 1;	•	20.7261	God-Amid-Amid-Amid-
26	523	Plumber apprentices radiation or caustics, n.e.c. 1; Accident	trong nac 1:	32.7201	Contact with electric current 1; Contact with
27	821	Farm foremen	., po, 11.0.0. 1, 7	32,4871	Struck by, n.e.c. 3; Struck by flying object 1;
			en moving and		objects 1; Contact with temp. extremes, hot
		objects 1;	•	•	
28	084	Therapy assistants	2	31.5259	Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
		1; Contact with radiation or caustics by	ausorpuon 1;		

капк	Code	Occupation Deaths Rate Types of Accidents
29	642	Greasers, except auto 8 30.7385 Caught in or under collapsing materials 2; Fall
		onto walkway, etc. 1; Caught between moving and stationary objects 1; Caught in, under, between, n.e.c. 1;
		Overexertion by pulling or pushing objects 1; Contact with electric current 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1;
30	536	Sheetmetal apprentices 1 29.6209 Fall into shaft, etc. 1;
31	785	Not specified inhorers 61 28.4266 Struck by, n.e.c. 8; Struck by falling object 6;
		Overexertion by lifting objects 5; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 5; Contact with radiation of
		caustics, by inhalation 4; Accident type, n.e.o. 4; Fall from ladder 3; Caught in or under collapsing materials 3;
		Caught in, under, between, n.e.c. 3; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 3; Non classifiable 3; Struck against moving
		object 2; Caught between moving and stationary objects 2; Contact with electric current 2; Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects 2; Fall from scaffold, etc. 1; Fall onto walkway, etc. 1; Fall onto or against objects 1;
		Overexertion by pulling or pushing objects 1; Motor vehicle accident, stationary object in roadway 1; Motor
		vehicle accident, non collision, uns. 1;
32	412	Buildozer operators 20 28.3897 Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying
		objects 3; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, overturned 3; Struck by falling object 2; Fall from vehicle 2;
		Accident type, n.e.c. 2; Non classifiable 2; Struck by flying object 1; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Caught in, under,
		between, uns. 1; Caught between moving and stationary objects 1; Caught in, under, between, n.e.c. 1;
	0.55	Overexertion, n.e.c. 1;
33	965	Sheriffs and bailiffs 13 27.9420 Accident type, n.e.c. 3; Struck by flying object
		2; Struck by, n.e.c. 2; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 2; Struck against stationary object 1; Aircraft accident 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, ran off roadway 1;
34	503	Molders, metal 9 26.0718 Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalatio
2,1-4	303	6; Struck by flying object 1; Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1;
35	671	Knitters, loopers, etc. 4 25.3904 Fall into shaft, etc. 2; Contact with radiation or
		caustics, by inhalation 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1;
36	203	Buyers, farm products 3 24.3883 Motor vehicle accident, uns. 1; Motor vehicle
		accident, non collision, overturned 1; Explosions, uns. 1;
37	666	Stationary firemen 11 23.2470 Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalatio
		3; Struck by, n.e.c. 2; Overexertion by lifting objects 2; Struck against stationary object 1; Fall to lower level, n.e.
		1; Explosions, uns. 1; Non classifiable 1;
38	551	Tailors 4 22.6616 Struck by, n.e.c. 2; Overexertion by lifting
39	431	objects 2; Electrician apprentices 4 22.0507 Contact with electric current 3; Struck by flying
3,	431	object 1;
40	436	Exeavating machine operators 62 21.5757 Struck by, n.e.o. 10; Struck by falling object 6;
		Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 5; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, overturned 5; Caught in or under collapsing
		materials 4; Caught in, under, between, n.e.c. 4; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 4; Caught
		between moving and stationary objects 3; Contact with electric current 3; Accident type, n.e.c. 3; Non classifiable
		3; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 2; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, oncoming 2; Struck by, uns. 1; Fall from
		piled materials 1; Fall from vehicle 1; Fall onto walkway, etc. 1; Overexertion by pulling or pushing objects 1; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, n.e.c. 1; Motor vehicle
		accident, non collision, ran off roadway 1;
41	963	Marshals and constables 1 20.5128 Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
		1;
42	492	Miscellaneous mechanics 34 20.3503 Struck by, n.e.c. 5; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 4;
		Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 4; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, overturned 3; Struck
		by falling object 2; Fall from ladder 2; Overexertion by lifting objects 2; Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects
		2; Fall into shaft, etc. 1; Caught between moving and stationary objects 1; Overexertion by pulling or pushing
		objects 1; Contact with electric current 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 1; Contact with radiation or caustics by absorption 1; Motor vehicle accident, vehicles moving in intersection 1; Motor vehicle
		accident, struck while standing in roadway 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1; Non classifiable 1;
43	051	Geologists 6 19.3013 Aircraft accident 2; Motor vehicle accident, non
75	031	collision, overturned 2; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 1; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 1;
44	802	Farm managers 5 19.2901 Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
		2; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, overturned 2; Caught in running or meshing objects 1;
45	695	Not specified operatives 22 18.3425 Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
		4; Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects 3; Explosions, uns. 3; Caught between moving and stationary objects
		2; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Fall from ladder 1; Fall into shaft, etc. 1; Fall onto walkway, etc. 1; Fall on same level, n.e.c.
		1; Overexertion by lifting objects 1; Contact with electric current 1; Contact with radiation or caustics by
		absorption 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns. 1; Non classifiable 1;
46	534	absorption 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns. 1; Non classifiable 1; Roofers and slaters 17 18.2071 Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 5; Struck by falling
46	534	absorption 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns. 1; Non classifiable 1; Roofers and slaters 17 18.2071 Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 5; Struck by falling object 2; Fall from ladder 2; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, oncoming 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Fall from
46	534	absorption 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns. 1; Non classifiable 1; Roofers and slaters 17 18.2071 Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 5; Struck by falling object 2; Fall from ladder 2; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, oncoming 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Fall from scaffold, etc. 1; Fall from vehicle 1; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Motor vehicle accident
		absorption 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns. 1; Non classifiable 1; Roofers and slaters 17 18.2071 Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 5; Struck by falling object 2; Fall from ladder 2; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, oncoming 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Fall from scaffold, etc. 1; Fall from vehicle 1; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns. 1;
46 17 96		absorption 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns. 1; Non classifiable 1; Roofers and slaters 17 18.2071 Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 5; Struck by falling object 2; Fall from ladder 2; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, oncoming 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Fall from scaffold, etc. 1; Fall from vehicle 1; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns. 1; Policemen and detectives 61 18.0923 Struck by flying object 16; Accident type,
		absorption 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns. 1; Non classifiable 1; Roofers and slaters 17 18.2071 Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 5; Struck by falling object 2; Fall from ladder 2; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, oncoming 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Fall from scaffold, etc. 1; Fall from vehicle 1; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns. 1;
		absorption 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns. 1; Non classifiable 1; Roofers and slaters 17
		absorption 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns. 1; Non classifiable 1; Roofers and slaters 17 18.2071 Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 5; Struck by falling object 2; Fall from ladder 2; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, oncoming 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Fall from scaffold, etc. 1; Fall from vehicle 1; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Motor vehicle accident uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns. 1; Policemen and detectives 61 18.0923 Struck by flying object 16; Accident type, e.e. 12; Struck by, n.e.c. 9; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, ran off roadway 3; Fall onto walkway, etc. 2; Aircraft accident 2; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 2; Motor vehicle accident, vehicles moving in intersection 2;

Rank	Code	Occupation D	eaths	Rate	Types of Accidents
47	964		ision, over	turned 1; M	Motor vehicle accident, stationary object in fotor vehicle accident, other non collision 1; Non
48	424	Crane and derrick operators between, n.e.c. 3; Struck by, n.e.c. 2; Fall to		, n.e.c. 2; N	Struck by falling object 4, Caught in, under, Motor vehicle accident, uns. 2; Struck by flying
49	020	object 1; Fall from vehicle 1; Contact with el Mining engineers	lectric curre		Struck by flying object 1;
50	502	Millwrights 2; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhe	12 lation 2; S	17.4029 truck by, u	Caught between moving and stationary objects ns. 1; Struck by falling object 1; Struck by, n.e.c. en, n.e.c. 1; Overexertion by lifting objects 1;
51	750	Carpenters' helpers		it between i	Struck by falling object 1; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; moving and stationary objects 1; Overexertion mes, general heat 1:
52	705	Deliverymen and routemen objects 8; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 7; Str Overexention by pulling or pushing objects collision, ran off roadway 4; Accident type, Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, once Non classifiable 2; Struck by falling object 1 Overexention, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident	64 tuck by flyi i; Overexet 1.e.c. 4; Mo oming 2; M ; Fall from , stationary	16.6338 ing object 6 ition by lift otor vehicle lotor vehicl vehicle 1; object, uning in roadw	Overexettion by wielding, holding, carrying 6; tho whoto vehicle accident, both in motion, uns. 6; ting objects 4; Motor vehicle accident, non a accident, standing vehicle on side of road 3; le accident, vehicles moving in intersection 2; Fall on stairs 1; Fall onto or against objects 1; s. 1; Motor vehicle accident, stationary object in vay 1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, uns.
53	571	Craft workers, n.e.c. stationary object 1; Fall onto walkway, etc. 1 collision, overturned 1; Accident type, n.e.c.	7 ; Contact v	15.7441	Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 2; Struck against
54	931	Airline stewardesses motor vehicle, uns. 2;	5	15.7025	Aircraft accident 3; Transportation accident, not
55	535	Sheetmetal workers electric current 2; Motor vehicle accident, bo	old, etc. 1;	n, oncomir Fall from b	Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 3; Contact with 1g 2; Non classifiable 2; Struck by falling object adder 1; Fall into shaft, etc. 1; Caught between 1g carrying objects 1.
56	662	Sawyers	12 against mo	15.0028 ving object	Caught in running or meshing objects 3; Struck 1; Struck by falling object 1; Struck by, n.e.c.
57	635	Metal platers 1; Contact with radiation or caustics by absor	3 ption 1; Co		Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation radiation or caustics, n.e.c. 1;
58	435	Engravers, except photo 1;	1		Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
59	402	Bakers		elding, hol	Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation ding, carrying objects 2; Struck by flying object
60	694	Miscellaneous operatives 12; Struck by, n.e.c. 6; Fall onto walkway, etc	69 c. 6; Overes ct objects 4 running or accident, 1 all to lower th radiation ent, vehicle	13.4401 certion by v ; Fall from meshing o both in mot level, n.e.c or caustic s moving is	tion, oncoming 2; Explosions, uns. 2; Struck c. 1; Rubbed or abraded by repetition of s by absorption 1; Aircraft accident 1; Motor n intersection 1; Motor vehicle accident,
61	522	Plumbers and pipe fitters objects 9; Contact with radiation or caustics, type, n.e.o. 3; Fall from ladder 2; Struck again Fall from scaffold, etc. 1; Fall from vehicle 1; objects 1; Contact with electric current 1; Cor	40 by inhalations: st stations: Fall into al itact with s	13.0768 on 8; Caugh ry object 1; haft, etc. 1; adiation or	Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying ht in or under collapsing materials 5; Accident ; Struck by, uns. 1; Struck by flying object 1; Bodily reaction, uns. 1; Overexertion by lifting
62	623	Gas station attendants 3; Struck by, n.e.c. 2; Caught between moving	turned 2; S I; Overexe	nary objec truck again	Struck by flying object 13; Accident type, n.e.c. ts 2; Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects at moving object 1; Fall onto walkway, etc. 1; ting objects 1; Overexertion by wielding,
63	030	Judges	2	12.9400	Accident type, n.e.c. 2;
64	442	Forgemen and hammermen	1	12.7065 1	Non classifiable 1;
65	622	Furnace and smelter operators 2; Struck by falling object 1; Struck by, n.e.c.		rtion by w	
66	520	Plasterers or pushing objects 1;	2	11.8547 I	Fall into shaft, etc. 1; Overexertion by pulling

Rank	Coda	Occupation Deaths Rate Types of Accidents
67	213	Construction inspectors 2 11.8245 Motor vehicle accident, both in motion,
68	441	oncoming 1; Motor vehicle accident, stationary object in roadway 1; Foremen 137 11.7197 Struck by, n.e.c. 16; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 13; Accident type, n.e.c. 12; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 11; Struck by falling object 9; Contact with electric current 9; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 6; Overexertion by lifting objects 5; Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects 5; Caught in or under collapsing materials 4; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 4; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, overturned 4; Struck by flying object 3; Fall from scaffold, etc. 3; Overexertion by pulling or pushing objects 3; Contact with radiation or caustics by absorption 3; Motor vehicle accident, vehicles moving in intersection 3; Motor vehicle accident, struck while standing in roadway 3; Non classifiable 3; Fall into shaft, etc. 2; Caught in, under, between, uns. 2; Aircraft accident 2; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, same direction 2; Struck against stationary object 1; Caught between moving and stationary objects 1; Caught in, under, between, n.e.c. 1; Overexertion, n.e.c. 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, n.e.c. 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, ran off roadway 1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, ran off roadway 1;
69 70	416 822	Carpenter apprentices 1 11.7014 Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 1; Farm laborers, wage workers 73 11.5308 Caught in, under, between, n.e.c. 10; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 7; Struck by, n.e.c. 6; Contact with electric current 6; Accident type, n.e.c. 6; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, overturned 4; Non classifiable 4; Struck by falling object 3; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 3; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 2; Fall onto walkway, etc. 2; Fall onto or against objects 2; Caught in, under, between, uns. 2; Caught between moving and stationary objects 2; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, ran off roadway 2; Struck against stationary object 1; Struck by, uns. 1; Fall from ladder 1; Fall from vehicle 1; Caught in running or meshing objects 1; Caught between two or more moving objects 1; Caught in or under collapsing materials 1; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects 1; Motor vehicle accident, stationary object, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, struck while standing in roadway 1;
71	483	Loom fixers 1 11.4456 Contact with electric current 1;
72	510	Painters, construction 35 11.0220 Fall from scaffold, etc. 11; Fall from ladder 5; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 5; Struck by, n.e.c. 2; Fall onto walkway, etc. 2; Overexertion by pulling or pushing objects 2; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 2; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 2; Accident type, n.e.c. 2; Contact with electric current 1; Contact with radiation or caustics by absorption 1;
73	962	Guards and watchmen 44 10.8647 Struck by flying object 18; Struck by, n.e.c. 4; Overexention by wielding, holding, carrying objects 3; Fall onto walkway, etc. 2; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 2; Accident type, n.e.c. 2; Non classifiable 2; Struck by falling object 1; Fall from vehicle 1; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 1, Caught between two or more moving objects 1; Caught in, under, between, n.e.c. 1; Overexertion, n.e.c. 1; Contact with electric current 1; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, standing vehicle on side of road 1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, ran off roadway 1; Exposure to noise, uns. 1;
74	231	Sales managers 25 10.7500 Struck by flying object 9; Struck by, n.e.c. 4; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 4; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns. 2; Exposure to noise, uns. 2; Fall into shaft, etc. 1; Overexertion by pulling or pushing objects 1; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1;
75	932	Recreation attendants 12 10.6667 Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 4; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 3; Struck by falling object 1; Caught between moving and stationary objects 1; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, n.e.c. 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1;
76	154	Industrial engineering technicians 1 10 6281 Aircraft accident 1;
77	452	Inspectors 10 10.5919 Accident type, n.e.c. 4; Struck by falling object 1; Overexertion by lifting objects 1; Contact with electric current 1, Contact with radiation or caustics by absorption 1; Motor vehicle accident, vehicles moving in intersection 1; Motor vehicle accident, struck while standing in roadway 1;
78	770	Warehousemen 19 10.4785 Overexertion by lifting objects 4; Struck by, n.e.c. 3; Caught in, under, between, n.e.c. 3; Struck by falling object 2; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 2; Overexertion, n.e.c. 1; Contact with temp. extremes, general heat 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 1; Explosions, uns. 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1;
79	333	Messengers and office boys 7 10.3950 Struck by flying object 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 2; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, oncoming 1;
80	392	Weighers 3 10.3420 Overexertion by pulling or pushing objects 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 1; Explosions, uns. 1;
81	453	Jewelers and watchmakers 3 10.2072 Struck by flying object 1; Overexertion by
82	430	lifting objects 1; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 1; Electriclans 43 9.8940 Contact with electric current 10; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 6; Struck by, n.e.c. 5; Accident type, n.e.c. 3; Struck by flying object 2; Fall from scaffold, etc. 2; Fall from ladder 2; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 2; Overexertion by lifting objects 2; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 2; Struck by falling object 1; Fall onto walkway, etc. 1; Caught in or under collapsing materials 1; Caught in, under, between, n.e.c. 1; Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, n.e.c. 1; Motor vehicle accident, standing vehicle on side of road 1;

83	Code	Occupation Deaths	Rate	Types of Accidents
	410			Fall from scaffold, etc. 3, Contact with radiation
		or caustics, by inhalation 3, Struck by falling object	2; Overexert	ion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 2; Fall
		to lower level, n.e.c. 1;	0.6673	One and the Leading 12 to 0. Feet 1
84	545			Overexertion by lifting objects 2; Explosions,
		uns. 2; Accident type, n.e.c. 2; Fall onto walkway, e		
		wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contact with uns. 1; Non classifiable 1;	radiation of c	austics by absorption 1; Motor venicle accident,
85	445		0.4085	Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
65	443	2; Caught in or under collapsing materials 1;	2.4303	Contact with legitation of causius, by Bullimiton
86	334		9,4274	Struck by, n.e.c. 2; Contact with radiation or
-		caustics, by inhalation 1;		3, 1
87	641	Mixing operatives 5	9.1993	Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
		3; Caught in running or meshing objects 1; Non class		, ,
88	140	College teachers, n.e.c. 4	9.1170	Aircraft accident 1; Motor vehicle accident, uns.
		1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, oncoming	g 1; Accident	type, n.e.c. 1;
89	443	Furniture and wood finishers 2	8.9960	Rubbed or abraded by repetition of pressure 1;
		Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 1;		
90	753			Struck by falling object 8; Struck by, n.e.c. 7;
		Accident type, n.e.c. 5; Overexertion by wielding, h		
		object 2; Overexertion by lifting objects 2; Contact		
		Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 1; Caught in, under, between		
		Overexertion, n.e.c. 1; Contact with temp. extremes,		
		Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns. 1; Mot		
		vehicle accident, other non collision 1; Explosions,		
91	612			Overexertion by lifting objects 7; Struck by,
		n.e.c. 2; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhala		
		Overexertion by pulling or pushing objects 1; Non o		
92	554	Telephone linemen 5		Contact with electric current 2; Struck by
	201	falling object 1; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 1; Explosic Assessors and controllers 2		Stands has Stainer abject to Assident time
93	201		8.2119	Struck by flying object 1; Accident type, n.e.c.
94		1; Grinding machine operative 7	0.1206	Company and the material or a company to the first state of
94	651		6.1393	Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
95	903	5; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Fall from ladder 1; Janitors and sextons 75	9 1390	Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying
93	903	objects 19; Struck by flying object 6; Overexertion b		
		Struck by, n.e.c. 4; Accident type, n.e.c. 4; Contact w		
		caustics, by inhalation 3; Fall on stairs 2; Fall into sh		
		collapsing materials 2; Overexertion, n.e.c. 2; Struck		
				nay object 1, butter by thing object 1,1 un
		from scaffold, etc. 1: Fall from vehicle 1: Fall onto w	alkway, etc. 1	: Contact with electric current 1: Contact with
		from scaffold, etc. 1; Fall from vehicle 1; Fall onto w radiation or caustics by absorption 1; Motor vehicle		
		radiation or caustics by absorption 1; Motor vehicle		
96	711		accident, uns	1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision,
96 97	711 023	radiation or caustics by absorption 1; Motor vehicle overturned 1; Explosions, uns. 1; Parking attendants 2 Engineers, n.e.c. 12	8.0509 8.0304	1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, Struck by flying object 1; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalstion
~ •		radiation or caustics by absorption 1; Motor vehicle overturned 1; Explosions, uns. 1; Parking attendants 2 Engineers, n.e.c. 12 2; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 1;	8.0509 8.0304 Caught in or	1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, Struck by flying object 1; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation under collapsing materials 1; Overexertion by
~ •		radiation or caustics by absorption 1; Motor vehicle overturned 1; Explosions, uns. 1; Parking attendants 2 Engineers, n.e.c. 12 2; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contact with c	8.0509 8.0304 Caught in or lectric curren	1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, Struck by flying object 1; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation under collapsing materials 1; Overevertion by t 1; Aircraft accident 1; Motor vehicle accident,
97	023	radiation or caustics by absorption 1; Motor vehicle overturned 1; Explosions, uns. 1; Parking attendants 2 Engineers, n.e.c. 12; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contact with e both in motion, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, static	8.0509 8.0304 Caught in or lectric curren nary object in	1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, Struck by flying object 1; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation under collapsing materials 1; Overexertion by t; Aircraft accident 1; Motor vehicle accident, 1 roadway 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1;
~ •		radiation or caustics by absorption 1; Motor vehicle overturned 1; Explosions, uns. 1; Parking attendants 2 Engineers, n.e.c. 12 2; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contact with e both in motion, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, static Graders and sorters 2	8.0509 8.0304 Caught in or lectric curren nary object in	1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, Struck by flying object 1; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation under collapsing materials 1; Overevertion by t 1; Aircraft accident 1; Motor vehicle accident,
97 98	023 624	radiation or caustics by absorption 1; Motor vehicle overturned 1; Explosions, uns. 1; Parking attendants 2 Engineers, n.e.c. 12 2; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contact with e both in motion, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, static Graders and sorters 2 1; Explosions, uns. 1;	8.0509 8.0304 Caught in or lectric current nary object in 8.0115	1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, Struck by flying object 1; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation under collapsing materials 1; Overexertion by 1; Aircraft accident 1; Motor vehicle accident, a roadway 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
97	023	radiation or caustics by absorption 1; Motor vehicle overturned 1; Explosions, uns. 1; Parking attendants 2 Engineers, n.e.c. 12 2; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contact with e both in motion, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, statio Graders and sorters 2 1; Explosions, uns. 1; Meat cutters, manufacturing 5	8.0509 8.0304 Caught in or lectric curren mary object in 8.0115	1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, Struck by flying object 1; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation under collapsing materials 1; Overexertion by 1; Aircraft accident 1; Motor vehicle accident, 1 roadway 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying
97 98 99	023 624 633	radiation or caustics by absorption 1; Motor vehicle overturned 1; Explosions, uns. 1; Parking attendants 2 Engineers, n.e.c. 12 2; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contact with e both in motion, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, static Graders and sorters 2 1; Explosions, uns. 1; Meat cutters, manufacturing 5 objects 2; Fall onto walkway, etc. 1; Fall onto or aga.	8.0509 8.0304 Caught in or lectric curren nary object in 8.0115 7.9297 inst objects 1;	1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, Struck by flying object 1; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation under collapsing materials 1; Overexertion by t; Aircraft accident 1; Motor vehicle accident, noadway 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying Non classifiable 1;
97 98	023 624	radiation or caustics by absorption 1; Motor vehicle overturned 1; Explosions, uns. 1; Parking attendants 2 Engineers, n.e.c. 12 2; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contact with e both in motion, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, static Graders and sorters 2 1; Explosions, uns. 1; Meat cutters, manufacturing 5 objects 2; Fall onto walkway, etc. 1; Fall onto or aga Personal service attendants, n.e.c. 5	8.0509 8.0304 Caught in or lectric curren nary object in 8.0115 7.9297 inst objects 1; 7.8767	1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, Struck by flying object 1; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation under collapsing materials 1; Overexertion by t1; Aircraft accident 1; Motor vehicle accident, noadway 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying Non classifiable 1; Struck against moving object 1; Struck by
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97 98 99 100 101	624 633 933 485	radiation or caustics by absorption 1; Motor vehicle overturned 1; Explosions, uns. 1; Parking attendants 2 Engineers, n.e.c. 12 2; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contact with e both in motion, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, statio Graders and sorters 2 1; Explosions, uns. 1; Meat cutters, manufacturing 5 objects 2; Fall onto walkway, etc. 1; Fall onto or aga. Personal service attendants, n.e.c. 5 flying object 1; Fall on stairs 1; Overexertion by wie Radio and TV mechanics 6 by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contact wit 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1; Non classifiable 1; Filers, polishers, sanders 6 caustics, by inhalation 2; Caught between moving an carrying objects 1; Bus drivers 18 Struck by flying object 2; Motor vehicle accident, un Accident type, n.e.c. 2; Caught between two or more Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1	8.0509 8.0304 Caught in or lectric curren mary object in 8.0115 7.9297 inst objects 1, 7.8767 iding, holding, 7.6106 h electric curren	1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, Struck by flying object 1; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation under collapsing materials 1; Overexertion by 1; Aircraft accident 1; Motor vehicle accident, 1 roadway 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying Non classifiable 1; Struck against moving object 1; Struck by 1; Coarrying objects 1; Explosions, urs. 1; Overexertion by lifting objects 1; Overexertion 1; Contact with temp. extremes, general cold Struck by, n.e.c. 2; Contact with radiation or objects 1; Overexertion by wielding, holding, Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, urs. 3; thicle accident, both in motion, same direction 2; 1st 1; Overexertion by lifting objects 1; 1st 1st 1st 1st 1st 1st 1st 1st 1st 1st
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97 98 99 100 101	624 633 933 485	radiation or caustics by absorption 1; Motor vehicle overturned 1; Explosions, uns. 1; Parking attendants 2 Engineers, n.e.c. 12 2; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contact with eboth in motion, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, static Graders and sorters 2 1; Explosions, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, static Graders and sorters 5 0 bjects 2; Fall onto walkway, etc. 1; Fall onto or aga. Personal service attendants, n.e.c. 5 flying object 1; Fall on stails; Overexertion by wieleding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contact wit 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1; Non classifiable 1; Filers, pollishers, sanders 6 caustics, by inhalation 2; Caught between moving an carrying objects 1; Bus drivers 18 Struck by flying object 2; Motor vehicle accident, un Accident type, n.e.c. 2; Caught between two or more Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects in motion, oncoming 1; Motor vehicle accident, stations off roadway 1; Riveters and fasteners 1	8.0509 8.0304 Caught in or object in 8.0115 7.9297 inst objects 1; 7.8767 Idding, holding, 7.6106 h electric cum 7.5158 d stationary of 7.5150 8. 2; Motor ve moving object, ungreed to recommend to the control of the	1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, Struck by flying object 1; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation under collapsing materials 1; Overexertion by 1; Aircraft accident 1; Motor vehicle accident, 1 roadway 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying Non classifiable 1; Struck against moving object 1; Struck by 1; Coarrying objects 1; Explosions, urs. 1; Overexertion by lifting objects 1; Overexertion 1; Contact with temp. extremes, general cold Struck by, n.e.c. 2; Contact with radiation or objects 1; Overexertion by wielding, holding, Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, urs. 3; thicle accident, both in motion, same direction 2; 1st 1; Overexertion by lifting objects 1; 1st 1st 1st 1st 1st 1st 1st 1st 1st 1st
97 98 99 100 101 102 103	624 633 933 485 621 703	radiation or caustics by absorption 1; Motor vehicle overturned 1; Explosions, uns. 1; Parking attendants 2 Engineers, n.e.c. 12 2; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 1 2; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 1 2; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 1 3; Explosions, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, station Graders and sorters 2 1; Explosions, uns. 1; Meat cutters, manufacturing 5 objects 2; Fall onto walkway, etc. 1; Fall onto or aga Personal service attendants, n.e.c. 6 flying object 1; Fall on stairs 1; Overexertion by wie Radio and TV mechanics 6 by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contact wit 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1; Non classifiable 1; Filers, polishers, sanders 6 caustics, by inhalation 2; Caught between moving an carrying objects 1; Bus drivers Struck by flying object 2; Motor vehicle accident, un Accident type, n.e.c. 2; Caught between two or more Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects motion, oncoming 1; Motor vehicle accident, stations off roadway 1; Riveters and fasteners 1 1;	8.0509 8.0304 Caught in or lectric curren nary object in 8.0115 7.9297 inst objects 1; 7.8767 dding, holding, 7.6106 h electric curren 1.5158 d stationary of 1.5150 8. 2; Motor with moving object; Overexertic ry object, university object, un	1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, Struck by flying object 1; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation under collapsing materials 1; Overexertion by 1; Accident Motor vehicle accident, 1 roadway 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying Non classifiable 1; Struck against moving object 1; Struck by 3; carrying objects 1; Explosions, uns. 1; Overexertion by lifting objects 1; Overexertion tent 1; Contact with temp. extremes, general cold Struck by, n.e.c. 2; Contact with radiation or objects 1; Overexertion by wielding, holding, Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns. 3; thicle accident, both in motion, uns. 3; thicle accident, both in motion, same direction 2; tts 1; Overexertion by lifting objects 1; n, n.e.c. 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in a. 1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, ran Caught between moving and stationary objects
98 99 100 101 102	624 633 933 485 621	radiation or caustics by absorption 1; Motor vehicle overturned 1; Explosions, uns. 1; Parking attendants 2 Engineers, n.e.c. 12 2; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contact with e both in motion, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, station Graders and sorters 2 1; Explosions, uns. 1; Meat cutters, manufacturing 5 objects 2; Fall onto walkway, etc. 1; Fall onto or aga Personal service attendants, n.e.c. flying object 1; Fall on stairs 1; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contact with 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1; Non classifiable 1; Filera, polishers, sanders 6 caustics, by inhalation 2; Caught between moving an carrying objects 1; Bus drivers 18 Struck by flying object 2; Motor vehicle accident, un Accident type, n.e.c. 2; Caught between two or more Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects motion, oncoming 1; Motor vehicle accident, stations off roadway 1; Riveters and fasteners 1 1;	8.0509 8.0304 Caught in or lectric curren nary object in 8.0115 7.9297 inst objects 1; 7.8767 dding, holding, 7.6106 h electric curren 7.5158 d stationary of 7.5150 s. 2; Motor vernoving object, cry object, unit 7.3959 7.0933	1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, Struck by flying object 1; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation under collapsing materials 1; Overexertion by t; Aircraft accident 1; Motor vehicle accident, noadway 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying Non classifiable 1; Struck against moving object 1; Struck by g, carrying objects 1; Explosions, uns. 1; Overexertion by lifting objects 1; Overexertion tent 1; Contact with temp. extremes, general cold Struck by, n.e.c. 2; Contact with radiation or objects 1; Overexertion by wielding, holding, Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns. 3; chicle accident, both in motion, same direction 2; ts 1; Overexertion by lifting objects 1; on, n.e.c. 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in s. 1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, ran Caught between moving and stationary objects Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 1;

ank	Code	Occupation Deaths Rate Types of Accidents
106	042	Agricultural acientists 1 7.0626 Motor vehicle accident, other non collision 1;
107	233	Sales managers, except retail 17 7.0151 Accident type, n.e.c. 3; Struck by flying object
		2; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 1; Overexertion by lifting objects 1
		Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Overexertion, n.e.c. 1; Contact with temp. extremes, hot
		objects 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by ingestion 1; Aircraft accident 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, oncoming 1;
108	415	Carpenters 54 6.9334 Struck by, n.e.c. 9; Fall from scaffold, etc. 7;
100	413	Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 7; Contact with electric current 5; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 4
		Fall from ladder 3; Caught in or under collapsing materials 3; Overexertion by lifting objects 3; Overexertion,
		n.e.c. 3; Fall on stairs 2; Struck against moving object 1; Struck by falling object 1; Fall from elevation, uns. 1; F
		onto walkway, etc. 1; Rubbed or abraded by leaning, kneeling, etc. 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by
		inhalation 1; Transportation accident, not motor vehicle, n.e.c. 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1;
109	764	Vehicle and equipment cleaners 8 6.8344 Struck by, n.e.c. 3; Fall on stairs 1; Contact w
		radiation or caustics, by inhalation 1; Motor vehicle accident, standing vehicle on side of road 1; Motor vehicle
110	421	accident, non collision, sudden stop or start 1; Explosions, uns. 1;
110	421	Cement and concrete finisher 3 6.6025 Struck by falling object 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, oncoming 1;
111	690	Misc. machine operators 58 6.5539 Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
• • •	0,0	14; Struck by, n.e.c. 6; Caught in, under, between, n.e.c. 6; Accident type, n.e.c. 4; Non classifiable 4;
		Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 3; Explosions, uns. 3; Struck by falling object 2; Struck by
		flying object 2; Caught between moving and stationary objects 2, Contact with electric current 2; Contact with
		temp. extremes, hot objects 2; Struck against moving object 1; Fall from ladder 1; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 1;
		Caught in or under collapsing materials 1; Overexertion by lifting objects 1; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 1; Mot
		vehicle accident, stationary object in roadway 1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, uns. 1;
12	124	Coaches and P.E. teachers 1 6.5108 Motor vehicle accident, both in motion,
113	960	oncoming 1; Crossing guards 2 6.4543 Struck by, n.e.c. 2;
114	755	Gardeners and groundskeepers 28 6.4084 Struck by, n.e.c. 5; Overexertion by wielding,
	755	holding, carrying objects 5; Struck by falling object 4; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 2; Overexertion by lifting object
		2; Struck by, uns. 1; Fall into shaft, etc. 1; Fall onto walkway, etc. 1; Caught in or under collapsing materials 1;
		Contact with electric current 1; Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by
		inhalation 1; Explosions, uns. 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1; Non classifiable 1;
15	934	Baggage porters and belihops 1 6.3291 Struck by, n.e.c. 1;
116	706	Fork lift operators 15 6.1947 Struck by falling object 4, Struck by, n.e.c. 2;
		Caught between moving and stationary objects 2; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 2; Struck
		against stationary object 1; Fall from scaffold, etc. 1; Fall onto walkway, etc. 1; Rubbed or abraded by repetition pressure 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1;
117	440	Floor layers, except tile 1 6.1614 Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects 1;
18	053	Physicists and astronomers 1 5.9941 Contact with radiation or caustics by absorpti
		1;
19	484	Office machine mechanics 3 5.9492 Contact with radiation or caustics by absorption
••		1; Motor vehicle accident, vehicles moving in intersection 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1;
20	245	Managers and administrators, n.e.c. 254 5.9419 Struck by flying object 34; Aircraft accident 2 Accident type, n.e.c. 26; Struck by, n.e.c. 22; Overexertion by lifting objects 18; Overexertion by wielding,
		holding, carrying objects 12; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 10; Struck by falling object 9; Motor vehicle accident,
		both in motion, oncoming 9; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, ran off roadway 9; Contact with radiation or
		caustics, by inhalation 8; Non classifiable 7; Motor vehicle accident, stationary object, uns. 6; Motor vehicle
		accident, stationary object in roadway 5; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 4; Motor vehicle accident, vehicles moving in
		intersection 4; Struck against stationary object 3; Fall onto or against objects 3; Caught in or under collapsing
		materials 3; Overexertion by pulling or pushing objects 3; Overexertion, n.e.c. 3; Contact with electric current 3;
		Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns. 3; Motor vehicle accident, standing vehicle on side of road 3; Motor
		vehicle accident, non collision, overturned 3; Fall from vehicle 2; Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects 2; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, same direction 2; Fall from scaffold, etc. 1; Fall from ladder 1; Fall onto
		walkway, etc. 1; Caught in, under, between, n.e.c. 1; Contact with temp. extremes, uns. 1; Contact with radiation
		caustics, n.e.c. 1; Motor vehicle accident, struck while standing in roadway 1; Motor vehicle accident, struck whi
		standing off roadway 1; Motor vehicle accident, other non collision 1; Explosions, uns. 1;
21	413	Cablnetmakers 3 5.7541 Overexertion by lifting objects 2; Contact with
		radiation or caustics, by inhalation 1;
22	401	Auto accessories installers 1 5.7484 Explosions, uns. 1;
23	045	Chemists 5 5.7076 Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalatic
		2; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contact with radiation or caustics by absorption 1;
24	420	Aircraft accident 1; Carpet Installers 3 5.5059 Overexection by lifting objects 1; Overexection
24	420	Carpet installers 3 5.5059 Overexertion by lifting objects 1; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1;
٥.	315	Vehicle dispatchers 4 5.4786 Overexertion by lifting objects 2; Struck by
	213	flying object 1; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1;
23		
	902	Cleaners and charwomen 34 5.4705 Overexention by wielding, holding, carrying
25 26	902	

Rank	Code	Occupation	Deaths	Rate	Types of Accidents
126	902		etween, n.e.c.	1; Contact	Caught in running or meshing objects 2; Struck etc. 1; Fall from ladder 1; Fall from vehicle 1; with temp. extremes, hot objects 1; Motor is 1.
127	266	Newsboys	4		Struck by, n.e.c. 3; Motor vehicle accident, uns.
128	473	Struck by, n.e.c. 2; Caught in, under, between caustics, by inhalation 2; Struck against s	veen, n.e.c. 2; tationary obje . extremes, ge	lding, hold Contact weet 1; Fall to neral heat 1 cle accider	
129	161	Surveyors standing vehicle on side of road 1; Motor	yehicle accid		Struck by, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, ollision, overturned 1;
130	481	Heavy equipment mechanics Contact with electric current 4; Contact w Caught between moving and stationary of objects 2; Overexertion by wielding, hold	35 rith radiation of bjects 2; Caug ling, carrying	5.4032 or caustics, tht in, unde objects 2; overturned	Struck by, n.e.c. 7; Struck by falling object 4; by inhalation 4; Fall from elevation, uns. 2; ir, between, n.e.c. 2; Overexertion by lifting Struck by flying object 1; Fall from vehicle 1; 1; Explosions, uns. 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1;
131	681	Winding operatives, n.e.c. extremes, hot objects 1;	2		Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Contact with temp.
132	480	Farm implement mechanics collision, ran off roadway 1;	2	5.2828	Fall from vehicle 1; Motor vehicle accident, non
133 134	115 260	Business teachers Advertising agents	1 4		Struck by failing object 1; Motor vehicle accident, stationary object in
		roadway 2; Motor vehicle accident, station		пз. 1; Ассі	dent type, n.e.c. 1;
135	611	Clothing ironers Overexertion by wielding, holding, carryi objects 1;	ng objects 1;		Overexertion by pulling or pushing objects 1; on, n.e.c. 1; Contact with temp. extremes, hot
136	530	Pressmen and plate printers Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 1; Overexertion	6 by lifting obje		Overexertion by pulling or pushing objects 2; rexertion, n.e.c. 1; Non classifiable 1;
137	692	Machine operators, n.e.c. 2; Explosions, uns. 2; Non classifiable 2; n.e.c. 1; Overexertion by lifting objects 1;		t stationary	Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation object 1; Struck by flying object 1; Struck by, ernes, hot objects 1:
138	680	Welders and flame-cutters 5; Struck by falling object 3; Struck by, n.	23 e.c. 2; Caugh 2; Non classif	5.0413 t in or unde iable 2; Str	Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation or collapsing materials 2; Contact with temp. uck against moving object 1; Fall from scaffold,
139	240	Elementary school administrators	10	5.0407	Accident type, n.e.c. 6; Struck by flying object chicle accident, non collision, ran off roadway 1;
140	950	Housekeepers, except private home	5 aft accident 1;	5.0295 Motor vel	Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying nicle accident, both in motion, oncoming 1;
141	025	Foresters	2	4.9615	Struck by, uns. 1; Struck by, n.e.c. 1;
142	230			; Overexer	Struck by flying object 9; Overexertion by tition by lifting objects 2; Fall on stairs 1; Fall act with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 1;
143	180	Athletes and kindred workers objects 1; Overexertion, n.e.c. 1; Contact v	4 with radiation		Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 1; Fall onto or against by inhalation 1:
144	470	Air conditioning mechanics Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying extremes, hot objects 1; Explosions, uns. 1	7 ng objects 1; (4.8580	Accident type, n.e.c. 2; Fall into shaft, etc. 1;
145	326	Insurance adjusters	6 olding, carryin	g objects l	Motor vehicle accident, both in motion,
146	615	Dry wall installers accident, struck while standing in roadway	3	4.8448	Fall from scaffold, etc. 1; Motor vehicle
147	210	Credit men 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion,	2		Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
148	740	Animal caretakers, except farm radiation or caustics, n.e.c. 1; Motor vehicl	3		Fall onto walkway, etc. 1; Contact with
149	216	Building managers and superintendents etc. 1; Overexertion by lifting objects 1; A	5	4.5760	Struck by flying object 1; Fall from scaffold,
150	222	Public administration, n.e.c. holding, carrying objects 2; Accident type,	13 n.e.c. 2; Strue	4.4388 k by fallin	Aircraft accident 5; Overexertion by wielding, ag object 1; Struck by flying object 1; Motor
151	072	vehicle accident, both in motion, oncoming Veterinarians	g 1; Motor vel 1		ent, stationary object in roadway 1; Overexertion by lifting objects 1;

Rank	Code	Occupation	Deaths	Rate	Types of Accidents
152	162	Engineering technicians, n.e.c.	7		Struck by, n.e.c. 1, Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 1;
					vehicle accident, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident,
		both in motion, oncoming 1; Motor ve			
153	215	Inspectors, except construction			Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying
154	482	objects 1; Contact with radiation or cau Home appliance installers	usues, by mnaia 4		Fall from scaffold, etc. 1; Contact with electric
134	462	current 1; Motor vehicle accident, stati			
155	390	Ticket agents	4		Struck by, n.e.c. 2; Struck by flying object 1;
133	370	Motor vehicle accident, uns. 1;	•	4.0750	Date of the second of the seco
156	560	Tile setters	1	3.9793	Overexertion by lifting objects 1;
157	631	Meat cutters, except manufacturing	5		Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying
		objects 2, Overexertion by lifting object	cts 1; Motor veh	icle accide	nt, stationary object in roadway 1; Accident type,
		n.e.c. 1;			
158	223	Officials of lodges, etc.	3		Struck by flying object 1; Fall to lower level,
		n.e.c. 1; Motor vehicle accident, non co			
159	910	Bartenders	8 		Struck by flying object 3; Accident type, n.e.c.
160	760	2; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Overexertion by Longshoremen and stevedores	wieiding, noidii l		Overexertion by pulling or pushing objects 1;
161	656	Stamping press operatives	3		Struck against stationary object 1; Caught in,
101	050	under, between, n.e.c. 1; Overexertion,		5.0147	button against stationary object 1, Caught an
162	211	Funeral directors	1	3.6374	Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns. 1;
163	471	Aircraft mechanics	3		Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
		2; Aircraft accident 1;			
164	644	Painters, manufactured goods	4	3.5798	Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
		3; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 1;			
165	645	Photographic process workers	2	3.3845	Overexertion by pulling or pushing objects 1;
		Contact with radiation or caustics, by in	nhalation 1;	2 2246	A 11 Ann A 7 A 141 A 141
166	013	Industrial engineers between, n.e.c. 1; Contact with temp. ex) utraman hat ahi		Accident type, n.e.c. 2; Caught in, under,
167	011	Civil engineers	4		Motor vehicle accident, both in motion,
107	011	oncoming 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Motor			motor versore accident, both at motion,
168	954	Welfare service aides	2		Motor vehicle accident, uns. 1; Motor vehicle
		accident, both in motion, oncoming 1;			,
169	145	Teachers, except college, n.e.c.	5	3.2367	Struck by, n.e.c. 2; Contact with radiation or
		caustics, by inhalation 1; Aircraft accid-	ent 1; Motor vel		
170	064	Pharmacists	3	3.1043	Overexertion by lifting objects 2; Overexertion,
141	470	n.e.c. 1;	4	2 0002	Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying
171	472	Automobile body repairmen objects 1; Contact with radiation or cau	-		
172	150	Agriculture technicians	1		Motor vehicle accident, both in motion,
• • •	150	oncoming 1;	-		,
173	913	Dishwashers	5	2.9731	Fall onto walkway, etc. 2; Struck by flying
		object 1; Overexertion, n.e.c. 1; Contact	t with temp. exti		
174	184	Editors and reporters	4		Struck by flying object 1; Overexertion by
	000	wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; A			
175	005 634	Computer specialists, n.e.c. Meat wrappers, retail trade	1		Struck by flying object 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
176	0.54	Meat wrappers, retail trade	i	2.6913	Contact with radiation of caustics, by minalation
177	552	Telephone installers	6	2.8915	Struck by falling object 1; Fall from ladder 1;
- ' '					cle accident, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident,
		standing vehicle on side of road 1; Acc			· , · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
178	381	Stock clerk or storekeeper	10	2.8655	Struck by flying object 3; Overexertion by
					ng and stationary objects 1; Caught in or under
		collapsing materials 1; Overexertion by			
179	031	Lawyers	10		Struck by flying object 2; Fall to lower level,
					rerexertion, n.e.c. 1; Aircraft accident 1; Motor randing vehicle on side of road 1; Motor vehicle
		accident, non collision, overturned 1; A			anding ventcle on side of foad 1, wood ventcle
180	650	Drill press operatives	l		Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
100	0.50	1;	•	2.000	Constant was the second of vacantes, by Butgiation
181	762	Stock handlers	17	2.6560	Struck by flying object 4; Caught between
					Non classifiable 2; Struck by falling object 1;
			etc. 1; Overexen	ion by wie	lding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contact with
	_	temp. extremes, hot objects 1;			
182	265	Insurance agents	10		Struck by, n.e.c. 3; Struck by flying object 1;
		Fall from vehicle 1; Fall onto walkway,			
		Accident type, n.e.c. 1;	oncoming I, M	OWN VEHICL	e accident, standing vehicle on side of road 1;

Rank	Code	Occupation De	eaths	Rate	Types of Accidents
183	281	Sales reps, manufacturing	7		Aircraft accident 2; Struck by flying object 1;
		Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Contact with radiation or c			
		same direction 1; Motor vehicle accident, vehi			
184	044	Biological scientists	i	2.4889	Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
100		1;		0.4426	Post-day on to
185	010	Chemical engineers	1		Explosions, uns. 1;
186	202	Bank officers	11		Aircraft accident 3; Struck by flying object 1;
		Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 1 holding, carrying objects 1; Motor vehicle acc			
		moving in intersection 1; Accident type, n.e.c.		out at moth	on, dis. 1, word vehicle accident, vehicles
187	171	Radio operators	. 1,	2 4313	Accident type, n.e.c. 1;
188	323	Expediters	4		Struck by flying object 1; Overexertion by
100	323				th in motion, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, non
		collision, overturned 1;			
189	225	Purchasing agents, n.e.c.	4	2.3829	Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying
		objects 1; Overexertion, n.e.c. 1; Motor vehicl	e accide		
		accident, other non collision 1;		•	• • •
190	355	Office machine operators	1	2.3676	Fall onto walkway, etc. 1;
191	320	Enumerators and interviewers	1	2.3502	Accident type, n.e.c. 1;
192	563	Upholsterers	ì	2.3439	Accident type, n.e.c. 1;
193	205	Buyers, wholesale and retail	3		Overexertion by pulling or pushing objects 1;
		Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying of			
194	610	Manufacturing inspectors	11		Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
					g or meshing objects 1; Motor vehicle accident,
		both in motion, oncoming 1; Explosions, uns.			
195	461	Machinists	. 8		Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
		2, Non classifiable 2; Struck against stationary		; Struck by	y, n.e.c. 1; Overexertion by wielding, holding,
		carrying objects 1; Contact with electric curren	it 1;	21217	Character to Chairman Line A. L. Communication Land
196	212	Health administrators	 :-1		Struck by flying object 1; Overexertion by
197	664	wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Motor v	enicie ac		Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying
197	004	Shoemaking machine operators objects 1;	1	2.0402	Overexertion by wielding, nording, carrying
198	643	Packers, except mest and produce	8	1 9010	Overexertion by lifting objects 3; Contact with
170	045	radiation or caustics, by inhalation 2; Struck by			
199	100	Social workers	5		Contact with radiation or caustics, by ingestion
	• • •	1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns	. 1: Moto		
		vehicle accident, both in motion, same directio			
200	141	Adult education teachers	1	1.9631	Accident type, n.e.c. 1;
201	922	Health aides, except nursing	4	1.9489	Accident type, n.e.c. 2; Overexertion by
		wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Motor ve	ehicle ac		
202	395	Unspecified clerical workers	6		Accident type, n.e.c. 2; Struck against
			lower lev	el, n.e.c. 1;	; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
***		1;		1.0440	G 4 4 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
203	152	Draftsmen	4		Contact with electric current 2; Struck by, n.e.c.
204	371	1; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying Secretaries, medical	l objects		Struck by flying object 1;
205	561	Tool and die makers	2		Overexertion by pulling or pushing objects 1;
203	501	Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation		1.7042	Overexection by pulling or pushing objects 1,
206	901	Maids, except private home	,	1.6904	Struck by flying object 1; Contact with
		radiation or caustics, by inhalation 1;	-	*****	
207	002	Architects	1	1.6538	Overexertion by lifting objects 1;
208	602	Assemblers	13		Accident type, n.e.c. 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Fall
		from ladder 1; Caught in, under, between, uns.	1; Caug		
		between, n.e.c. 1; Bodily reaction, uns. 1; Over			
		radiation or caustics, by inhalation 1; Aircraft a	ccident	i; Motor ve	chicle accident, both in motion, uns. 1;
		Explosions, uns. 1;			
209	314	Counter clerks, except food	4		Struck by flying object 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 2;
210	982	Housekeepers, private home	. 1		Motor vehicle accident, uns. 1;
211	925	Nursing aides and orderlies	11		Overexertion by lifting objects 4; Accident
			kway, etc	. 1; rall or	nto or against objects 1; Contact with radiation or
212	374	caustics, by inhalation 1; Non classifiable 1;	5	1 4022	Outroprosting by lifeing abjects 2: A acid-out
212	3/4	Shipping and receiving clerk			Overexertion by lifting objects 2; Accident
		type, n.e.c. 2; Overexertion by wielding, holding	ig, carryi 2		
212	192				
213	183	Designers	-	1.4703	Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Overexertion by lifting
		objects 1;			
213 214 215	183 194 912		1 13	1.4505	Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Overexention by lifting objects 3; Contact with

Rank	Code	Occupation	Deaths	Rate	Types of Accidents
215	912	Cooks, except private home (Cont.) wielding, holding, carrying objects 1, M	otor vehicle a		
216	935	Barbers	1	1.4063	Explosions, uns. 1;
217	056	Personnel workers	4		Struck by flying object 1; Aircraft accident 1;
		Motor vehicle accident, both in motion,	uns. 1; Accide	nt type, n.e	r.c. 1;
218	012	Electrical engineers	4	1.3257	Motor vehicle accident, uns. 2; Fall to lower
		level, n.e.c. 1; Motor vehicle accident, bo	oth in motion,	oncoming	1;
219	101	Recreation workers	1	1.2807	Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
		1;			
220	220	Office managers, n.e.c.	4	1.2687	Struck by flying object 1, Fall on stairs 1;
		Contact with radiation or caustics, by inf	nalation 1; Air	craft accide	ent 1;
221	282	Wholesale sales reps.	8	1.2513	Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 1; Contact with temp.
		extremes, hot objects 1; Motor vehicle ac	cident, uns. 1:	, Motor vel	nicle accident, both in motion, uns. I; Motor
		vehicle accident, both in motion, oncomi	ng I; Motor v	ehicle acci	dent, vehicles moving in intersection 1; Motor
		vehicle accident, non collision, overturne	d 1; Accident	type, n.e.c	. 1;
222	192	Public relations reps	1	1.1613	Motor vehicle accident, standing vehicle on
		side of road 1;			
223	674	Textile operatives, n.e.c.	1	1.1587	Caught in running or meshing objects 1;
224	235	College administrators	1	1.1522	Accident type, n.e.c. 1;
225	926	Practical nurses	3	1.1512	Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
		2; Overexertion by lifting objects 1;			
226	310	Cashiers	12		Struck by flying object 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 2;
		Accident type, n.e.c. 2; Struck by, uns. 1;	Fall onto wal	kway, etc.	1; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying
		objects 1; Motor vehicle accident, station	ary object in r	oadway 1;	Motor vehicle accident, non collision, ran off
		roadway 1; Explosions, uns. 1;			
227	823	Unpaid family farm laborers	2	1.1159	Struck by falling object 2;
228	916	Food service workers, n.e.c.	4	1.1080	Non classifiable 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Fall onto
		walkway, etc. 1;			
229	086	Clergymen	2	1.0695	Overexertion by lifting objects 1; Motor vehicle
		accident, non collision, sudden stop or st	art 1;		
230	921	Dental assistants	1	1.0554	Struck against stationary object 1;
231	915	Waiters	10	1.0381	Struck by flying object 2; Contact with
		1; Overexertion by wielding, holding, car			walkway, etc. 1; Overexertion by lifting objects chicle accident, non collision, overturned 1; Non
		classifiable 1;	_		
232	065	Physicians	3	0.9992	Accident type, n.e.c. 2; Motor vehicle accident,
		uns. i;	1	0.0601	Standa has many 1.
233 234	271 332	Stock and bond salesmen Mail handlers	1		Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 1;
235	174	Vocational counselors	1		Motor vehicle accident, both in motion,
433	1/4	oncoming 1;	•	0.8327	Motor ventere accident, both in motors,
236	321	Estimators and investigators	3	0.8364	Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
230	321	1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion			
237	195	Unapecified research workers	1		Contact with radiation or caustics by absorption
237	175	1;	•	0.00.40	Common with reduction of common by constitution
238	301	Bank tellers	3	0.8309	Struck by flying object 2; Caught in, under,
250	501	between, n.e.c. 1;	_	0.0202	David of Life of our at Causin at another
239	422	Compositors and typesetters	1	0.8200	Accident type, n.e.c. 1;
240	055	Operations researchers	i		Motor vehicle accident, standing vehicle on
~70	233	side of road 1;	•		
241	190	Painters and sculptors	1	0.7425	Motor vehicle accident, non collision,
241	1,00	overturned 1;	•	0.7423	Motor veriese decident, non comment,
242	004	Computer systems analysts	1	0.7143	Motor vehicle accident, uns. 1;
243	911	Busboys	i		Struck by flying object 1;
244	364	Receptionists	3		Struck by flying object 1; Struck by, n.e.e. 1;
•		Accident type, n.e.c. 1;	-		2002 0) 2) 21 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
245	942	Child care, except private home	2	0.6732	Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Contact with electric current
- 10		1;	-	-,-,-	
246	914	Food counter workers	2	0.6614	Struck by flying object 1; Overexertion by
~70	-17	lifting objects 1;	-	2.3014	
247	312	Clerical supervisors, n.e.c.	1	0.5964	Struck by, n.e.c. 1;
248	284	Sales workers except clerks, retail	2		Motor vehicle accident, both in motion,
240	204	oncoming I; Motor vehicle accident, non			Motor variete geologic, cont at trodots
249	153	Electrical engineering technicisms	1		Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
247	133	1;	•	0.2741	mini tuning of valuetos, of mining
250	001	Accountants	4	0.5410	Struck by flying object 1; Aircraft accident 1;
250	-01				e accident, non collision, ran off roadway 1;
251	270	Real estate agents	2		Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
		1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, o			
		.,	,		

Rank	Code	Occupation	Deaths	Rate	Types of Accidents
252	801	Farmers	5		Struck by falling object 1; Struck by, n.e.c. 1;
		Caught in, under, between, n.e.c. 1; Moto	or vehicle acci		
253	325	File clerks	1		Overexertion by lifting objects 1;
254	305	Bookkeepers	6		Struck by flying object 1; Fall to lower level,
					or caustics, by inhalation 1; Motor vehicle
		accident, standing vehicle on side of road	l I; Accident 1		
255	375	Statistical clerks	1		Fall from vehicle 1;
256	663	Sewers and stitchers	2	0.3821	Overexertion by lifting objects 1; Contact with
		radiation or caustics, by inhalation 1;			
257	394	Misc. clerical workers	3	0.3745	Struck by flying object 1; Fall onto walkway,
		etc. 1; Explosions, uns. 1;	_		
258	283	Sales clerks, retail trade	6		Motor vehicle accident, both in motion,
				vay, etc. 1;	Motor vehicle accident, uns. 1; Motor vehicle
		accident, both in motion, same direction			
259	984	Servants, private household	1		Fall from vehicle 1;
260	372	Secretaries, n.e.c.	. 7		Struck by flying object 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 2;
		Fall onto walkway, etc. 2; Contact with to			
261	144	Secondary school teachers	2		Accident type, n.e.c. 2;
262	075	Registered nurses	1		Non classifiable 1;
263	142	Elementary school teachers direction 1;	i	0.1064	Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, same
NA	280	Sales representatives, n.e.c.	95	NA	Struck by flying object 12; Overexertion by
					s. 12; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion,
					Accident type, n.e.c. 6; Struck by falling object
					inhalation 3; Motor vehicle accident, both in
					f road 3; Motor vehicle accident, non collision,
					moving in intersection 2; Non classifiable 2;
					tremes, hot objects 1; Transportation accident,
					same direction I; Motor vehicle accident,
			coident, station	nary object	in roadway 1; Motor vehicle accident, non
		collision, ran off roadway 1;	-		T.11.C
NA	575	Craftsmen, n.e.c.	5	NA	Fall from scaffold, etc. 1; Caught in, under,
				venicie ac	cident, stationary object in roadway 1; Motor
27.4	000	vehicle accident, non collision, ran off ros		NI A	3 f-4
NA	995	OCCUPATION NOT REPORTED		NA	Motor vehicle accident, uns. 42; Non 8; Struck by, n.e.c. 17; Contact with radiation or
					between, n.e.c. 7; Struck by falling object 6;
					t objects 5; Contact with electric current 4;
					rexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects
					austics, uns. 3; Motor vehicle accident, both in
		motion, uns. 3; Motor vehicle accident, be			
					ntact with radiation or caustics by absorption 2;
					Fall on stairs 1; Fall into shaft, etc. 1; Fall onto
					toving and stationary objects 1; Bodily reaction,
					adiation or caustics, n.e.c. 1; Aircraft accident 1;
		Motor vehicle accident, standing vehicle of			
		roadway 1, Motor vehicle accident, non co			
				,	

n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified uns. = unspecified

248 Appendix D

Appendix D

Male and Female Job Deaths within Industries

Ranked in Descending Order by Rate of Deaths per 100,000 Workers With Frequencies of Deaths by **Type** of Injury or Illness

Number

Rate

		Number Kate
		of per
Rank Cod	de	Industry Deaths 100,000 Types of Injury or Illness
1	241	Logging Camps and Contractors 157 186.8158 Struck by falling object 55; Struck by, n.e.c. 23, Struck by, uns. 10; Caught between moving and stationary objects 8; Non classifiable 6; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, ran off roadway 5; Aircraft accident 4; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 4; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, overturned 4; Struck against moving object 3; Fall from vehicle 3, Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 3; Caught in running or meshing objects 3; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns. 3; Motor vehicle accident, vehicles moving in intersection 3; Struck against, uns. 2; Struck by flying object 2; Caught in, under, between, n.e.c. 2; Contact with electric current 2; Accident type, n.e.c. 2; Fall from ladder 1; Fall onto walkway, etc. 1; Caught in, under, between, uns. 1; Caught between two or more moving objects 1; Contact with temp. extremes, general heat 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 1; Motor vehicle accident, struck while standing in roadway 1; Explosions, uns. 1; Non-highway vehicle accident, overturned vehicle 1; Non-highway vehicle accident, vehicle out of control 1;
2 3	328	Cut Stone and Stone Products 12 103.0043 Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 8; Struck by falling object 1; Struck by flying object 1; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Non classifiable 1;
3 4	112	Taxicabs 49 102.4462 Struck by flying object 19; Struck by, n.e.c. 5; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 4; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns. 4; Motor vehicle accident, standing vehicle on side of road 4; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, same direction 2; Accident type, n.e.c. 2; Caught between moving and stationary objects 1; Rubbed or abraded by objects handled 1; Overexertion, uns. 1; Overexertion by lifting objects 1; Overexertion by pulling or pushing objects 1; Motor vehicle accident, vehicles moving in intersection 1; Motor vehicle accident, struck while standing in roadway 1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, ran off roadway 1; Motor vehicle accident, while standing in roadway 1; Motor vehicle accident, on collision, ran off roadway 1; Motor vehicle accident, on collision, ran off roadway 1; Motor vehicle accident, on collision, ran off roadway 1; Motor vehicle accident, on collision, ran off roadway 1; Motor vehicle accident, on collision, ran off roadway 1; Motor vehicle accident, on collision, ran off roadway 1; Motor vehicle accident, on collision, ran off roadway 1; Motor vehicle accident, on collision, ran off roadway 1; Motor vehicle accident, on collision, ran off roadway 1; Motor vehicle accident, on collision, ran off roadway 1; Motor vehicle accident, on collision, ran off roadway 1; Motor vehicle accident, on collision, ran off roadway 1; Motor vehicle accident, on collision, ran off roadway 2; Motor vehicle accident, on collision, ran off roadway 2; Motor vehicle accident, on collision, ran off roadway 2; Motor vehicle accident, on collision, ran off roadway 3; Motor vehicle accident, on collision, ran off roadway 3; Motor vehicle accident, on collision, ran off roadway 4; Motor vehicle accident, on collision, ran off roadway 4; Motor vehicle accident, on collision, ran off roadway 4; Motor vehicle accident, on collision, ran off roadway 4; Motor vehicle accident, on collision, ran off roadway 4; Motor vehicle accident, on collision, ran off roadway 4
4 1	101	Iron Ores 7 45.2196 Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
5 1	142	6; Caught in or under collapsing materials 1; Crushed and Broken Stone 14 37.1058 Caught in or under collapsing materials 4; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, ran off roadway 2; Struck by falling object 1; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Fall from vehicle 1; Caught in running or meshing objects 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, same direction 1;
6 1	61	Motor vehicle accident, non collision, overturned 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1; Non classifiable 1; Highway, Street Construction 93 36.2983 Struck by, n.e.c. 22; Struck by falling object 8; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, overturned 5; Accident type, n.e.c. 5; Caught between moving and stationary objects 4; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 4; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 4; Motor vehicle accident, urs. 4; Motor vehicle accident, vehicles moving in intersection 4; Caught in, under, between, n.e.c. 3; Overexertion by lifting objects 3; Contact with electric current 3; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, ran off roadway 3; Struck by, urs. 2; Struck by flying object 2; Fall from wehicle 2; Caught in, under, between, urs. 2; Non classifiable 2; Struck against moving object 1; Fall from scaffold, etc. 1; Fall into shaft, etc. 1; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 1; Fall onto walkway, etc. 1; Caught in or under collapsing materials 1; Rubbed or abraded by repetition of pressure 1; Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, n.e.c. 1; Motor vehicle accident, stationary object in roadway 1; Motor vehicle accident, other non collision 1;
7 1	47	Chemical and Fertilizer Minerals 8 35.1958 Struck by falling object 2; Motor vehicle accident, struck while standing in roadway 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, overturned 1; Non classifiable 1;
8 4	21	Trucking 401 32.8427 Struck by, n.e.c. 40; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, ran off roadway 40; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, overtumed 39; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 37; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 24; Motor vehicle accident, standing vehicle on side of road 20; Accident type, n.e.c. 20; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns. 17; Struck by falling object 16; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, oncoming 15; Non classifiable 12; Overexertion by lifting objects 10; Motor vehicle accident, stationary object in roadway 10; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, uns. 10; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, same direction 9; Fall from vehicle 7; Struck by flying object 6; Overexertion, n.e.c. 6; Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects 6; Motor vehicle accident, other non collision 6; Caught in, under, between, n.e.c. 5; Contact with electric current 5; Motor vehicle accident, vehicles moving in intersection 5; Fall into shaft, etc. 4; Caught between moving and stationary objects 4; Overexertion by pulling or pushing objects 4; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 3; Explosions, uns. 3; Struck against stationary object 2; Struck by, uns. 2; Fall onto walkway, etc. 2; Caught in running or meshing objects 2; Fall from ladder 1; Fall on stairs 1; Bodily reaction involuntary motions 1; Contact with temp. extremes, general heat 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by ingestion 1; Motor vehicle accident, struck while standing in roadway 1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, sudden stop or start 1; Non-highway vehicle accident, overturned vehicle 1;
9 1	79	Miscellaneous Special Contractors 130 32.4513 Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 17; Fall to lower level, n.e.e. 15; Struck by falling object 11; Struck by, n.e.e. 9; Contact with electric current 9; Caught in or under collapsing materials 8; Non classifiable 6; Fall from scaffold, etc. 5;

Rank Code		Industry	Deaths	Rate	Types of Injury or Illness
9	179	accident, both in motion, oncoming 3; 2; Fall from vehicle 2; Caught between with radiation or caustics, by absorptic vehicle accident, non collision, overtuums. 1; Struck by flying object 1; Fall pushing objects 1; Contact with temp. Aircraft accident 1; Motor vehicle accivehicle on side of road 1;	ns. 4, Overexertic Accident type, n n moving and state on 2, Motor vehic med 2; Motor vel from elevation, us extremes, genera dent, stationary c	e.c. 3; Strationary objice accidentable accidentable accidents. 1; Fall of the accidents. 1; Cobject in ro	Caught in, under, between, n.e.c. 5; Fall into ding, holding, earrying objects 3; Motor vehicle uck against stationary object 2; Fall from ladder jects 2; Overexertion by lifting objects 2; Contact t, both in motion, same direction 2; Motor ent, non collision, ran off roadway 2; Struck by, onto walkway, etc. 1; Overexertion by pulling or ontact with temp. extremes, hot objects 1; adway 1; Motor vehicle accident, standing
10	103	Lead and Zinc Ores 4; Struck by falling object 2; Struck ag	9 rainst moving obj		Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation ick by, n.e.c. 1; Fall from elevation, uns. 1;
11	162	collapsing materials 13; Struck by falli objects 8; Fall from vehicle 5; Acciden by wielding, holding, carrying objects vehicle accident, both in motion, same ladder 2; Bodily reaction, uns. 2; Over Struck against moving object 1; Struck Fall onto or against objects 1; Overexe oncoming 1; Motor vehicle accident, v	n electric current ing object 12; No it type, n.e.c. 5; F 4; Caught in, um direction 3; Mote exertion by lifting t by flying object rtion, n.e.c. 1; Ai ehicles moving in	18; Fall to n classifial all from so der, betwee or vehicle : g objects 2 1; Fall fro reraft accid n intersecti	Struck by, n.e.c. 24; Contact with radiation or lower level, n.e.c. 13; Caught in or under ble 9; Caught between moving and stationary affold, etc. 4; Fall into shaft, etc. 4; Overexertion en, n.e.c. 3; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 3; Motor accident, non collision, overturned 3; Fall from t; Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects 2; on elevation, uns. 1; Fall onto walkway, etc. 1; dent 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, ion 1; Motor vehicle accident, stationary object adway 1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision,
12	242	Sawmills and Planing Mills Caught in, under, between, n.e.c. 6; No Caught between moving and stationary vehicle accident, both in motion, uns. 2 1; Struck against moving object 1; Strunce. 2. 1; Fall onto or against objects 1; materials 1; Contact with electric curre uns. 1; Contact with radiation or causti	objects 2; Overe 2; Explosions, un ick by, uns. 1; Str Caught in runnin int 1; Contact with cs, by inhalation or vehicle accider	Motor vehi exertion by s. 2; Strucl ruck by fly g or meshi n temp. ext l; Motor v nt, stationa	Struck by falling object 11; Struck by, n.e.o. 8; icle accident, non collision, overturned 3; vivielding, holding, carrying objects 2; Motor k against, uns. 1; Struck against stationary object ing object 1; Fall on stairs 1; Fall to lower level, ing objects 1; Caught in or under collapsing tremes, uns. 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, rehicle accident, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, ury object in roadway 1; Motor vehicle accident, n collision 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1;
13	207	Fats and Oils objects 2; Accident type, n.e.c. 2; Non-	11 classifiable 2; Fal	28.0684 l onto wal	Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying kway, etc. 1; Caught in, under, between, n.e.c. 1; Motor vehicle accident, standing vehicle on side
14	311	Leather Tanning and Finishing 3; Accident type, n.e.c. 2;	5	27.9174	Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
15	495	Sanitary Services objects 3; Struck by falling object 2; St stationary objects 1; Overexertion by li	fling objects 1; C accident, non co	Struck by ontact with	Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying flying object 1; Caught between moving and helectric current 1; Contact with radiation or rerturned 1; Motor vehicle accident, non
16	551	New and Used Car Dealers and stationary objects 3; Overexertion by inhalation 3; Struck by flying object accident, both in motion, oncoming 2; onto walkway, etc. 1; Caught in, under, general heat 1; Motor vehicle accident,	36 by wielding, hold 2; Struck by, n.e Motor vehicle acc between, n.e.c. 1 uns. 1; Motor vehicl 1; Motor vehicl	ing, carryi i.c. 2; Over ident, non ; Overexer nicle accident,	Accident type, n.e.e. 6; Caught between moving ing objects 3; Contact with radiation or caustics, rexertion by lifting objects 2; Motor vehicle collision, overturned 2; Explosions, uns. 2; Fall rtion, n.e.e. 1; Contact with temp. extremes, ent, both in motion, uns. 1; Motor vehicle, standing vehicle on side of road 1; Non
17	172	onto walkway, etc. 2; Overexertion by vran off roadway 2; Accident type, n.e.c.	ics, by inhalation wielding, holding 2; Overexertion	4; Fall fro , carrying by pulling	
18	144	Sand and Gravel uns. 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Caught betw objects 1; Contact with radiation or cau	stics, by inhalatio	stationary o n 1;	Accident type, n.e.c. 3; Motor vehicle accident, objects 1; Contact with temp. extremes, hot
19	327	carrying objects 3; Motor vehicle accidestationary objects 2; Caught in, under, the by inhalation 2; Motor vehicle accident; Fall from vehicle 1; Fall to lower leve Overexertion by pulling or pushing objects.	ght in or under cent, vehicles movetween, n.e.c. 2;, non collision, rael, n.e.c. 1; Fall or ects 1; Contact w	ollapsing r ing in inter Overexerti n off roads ito walkwa ith temp, e	Contact with electric current 7; Struck by naterials 4; Overexertion by wielding, holding, resection 3; Caught between moving and ion, n.e.c. 2; Contact with radiation or caustics, way 2; Accident type, n.e.c. 2; Fall from ladder ay, etc. 1; Overexertion by lifting objects 1; extremes, hot objects 1; Motor vehicle accident, the accident, struck while standing in roadway 1;

Rank Code		Industry Deaths Rate Types of Injury or Illness					
20	295	Paving and Roofing Materials 7 24.4499 Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalati					
•		3; Overexertion by lifting objects 2; Fall from vehicle 1; Non classifiable 1;					
21	176	Roofing and Sheet Metal Work 43 24.3875 Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 9, Fall from scaffold					
		etc. 5; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 4; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, oncoming 3;					
		Struck by falling object 2; Fall from elevation, uns. 2; Fall from ladder 2; Overexertion by lifting objects 2;					
		Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 2; Contact with temp. extremes, general heat 2; Struck again					
		stationary object 1; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Fall from vehicle 1; Caught in or under collapsing materials 1;					
		Overexertion, uns. 1; Contact with electric current 1; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, both					
		in motion, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, stationary object in roadway 1; Non classifiable 1;					
22	458	Air Transportation Services 13 23.3981 Struck by, n.e.c. 2; Overexertion by lifting					
		objects 2; Aircraft accident 2; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 2; Struck against moving object 1; Struck by falling					
		object 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident acciden					
		vehicle accident, standing vehicle on side of road 1;					
23	334	Secondary Nonferrous Metals 5 23.2775 Struck by falling object 2; Contact with					
		radiation or caustics, by inhalation 1; Explosions, uns. 1; Non classifiable 1;					
24	332	Iron and Steel Foundries 41 23.1064 Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalati					
24	332	16; Struck by, n.e.c. 7; Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects 4; Non classifiable 4; Struck by falling object 2;					
		Fall from ladder 1; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 1; Fall on same level, n.e.c. 1; Caught in, under, between, n.e.c. 1;					
		Overexertion by lifting objects 1; Contact with electric current 1; Contact with temp. extremes, general heat 1;					
		Accident type, n.e.c. 1;					
25	178	Water Well Drilling 4 22.5098 Contact with electric current 3; Struck against					
		stationary object 1;					
26	509	Miscellaneous Durable Goods 43 21.7975 Struck by, n.e.c. 14; Struck by falling object 7					
		Struck by flying object 3; Struck against moving object 2; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 2; Contact with electric curre					
		2; Motor vehicle accident, standing vehicle on side of road 2; Accident type, n.e.c. 2; Fall from scaffold, etc. 1;					
		Caught between moving and stationary objects 1; Caught in or under collapsing materials 1; Caught in, under,					
		between, n.e.c. 1; Overexertion by lifting objects 1; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contraction by missing objects 1; Contraction by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contraction by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contraction by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contraction by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contraction by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contraction by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contraction by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contraction by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contraction by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contraction by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contraction by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contraction by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contraction by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contraction by wielding, holding,					
		with temp. extremes, hot objects 1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, overturned 1; Non classifiable 1;					
27	493	Combination Utility Services 41 20.5226 Contact with electric current 10; Struck by,					
		n.e.c. 6; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 4; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation					
		Struck by flying object 2; Accident type, n.e.c. 2; Struck by falling object 1; Fall from ladder 1; Fall from vehicle					
		1; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 1; Caught in, under, between, n.e.c. 1; Overexertion by pulling or pushing objects 1;					
		Overexertion, n.e.c. 1; Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by					
		absorption 1; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, stationary object in roadway 1; Motor					
		vehicle accident, non collision, overturned 1, Explosions, uns. 1, Non classifiable 1;					
28	177	Concrete Work 25 19.1527 Struck by falling object 4; Struck by, n.e.c. 3;					
20	•	Fall from scaffold, etc. 2; Overexertion by lifting objects 2; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, ran off roadwa					
		2; Non classifiable 2; Fall into shaft, etc. 1; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 1; Caught in or under collapsing materials 1					
		Bodily reaction involuntary motions 1; Overexertion, n.e c. 1; Contact with electric current 1; Motor vehicle					
		accident, both in motion, oncoming 1, Motor vehicle accident, standing vehicle on side of road 1; Motor vehicle					
		accident, non collision, overturned 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1;					
29	598	Fuel and Ice Dealers 20 18.9970 Accident type, n.e.c. 3; Struck by flying object					
29	330						
		2; Overexertion by lifting objects 2; Overexertion by pulling or pushing objects 2; Overexertion by wielding,					
		holding, carrying objects 2; Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects 2; Fall onto walkway, etc. 1; Overexertion,					
		n.e.c. 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 1; Aircraft accident 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in					
		motion, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, ran off roadway 1; Explosions, uns. 1;					
30	171	Plumbing, Heating, Air Conditioning. 96 17.0343 Caught in or under collapsing materials 15;					
		Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 13; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 11;					
		Contact with electric current 10; Accident type, n.e.c. 5; Struck by, n.e.c. 4; Struck by falling object 3; Struck by					
		flying object 3; Overexertion by lifting objects 3; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, oncoming 3; Fall from					
		ladder 2; Fall into shaft, etc. 2; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 2; Caught between moving and stationary objects 2;					
		Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects 2; Aircraft accident 2; Motor vehicle accident, stationary object in					
		roadway 2, Non classifiable 2, Struck against stationary object 1; Struck by, uns. 1; Fall from scaffold, etc. 1; Fal					
		on stairs 1; Bodily reaction, uns. 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by absorption 1; Contact with radiation or					
		caustics, n.e.c. 1; Motor vehicle accident, standing vehicle on side of road 1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision					
		ran off roadway 1; Non-highway vehicle accident, overturned vehicle 1;					
31	503	Lumber and Construction Materials 34 16.9779 Motor vehicle accident, non collision,					
	002	overturned 5; Struck by, n.e.c. 4; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 4; Struck by falling object 2;					
		Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 2; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 2; Accident type, n.e.c. 2; No					
		classifiable 2; Fall from elevation, uns. 1; Fall from scaffold, etc. 1; Caught between moving and stationary object					
		1; Caught in or under collapsing materials 1; Overexertion by lifting objects 1; Contact with temp. extremes, hot					
		objects 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, same direction					
		1; Motor vehicle accident, vehicles moving in intersection 1; Motor vehicle accident, stationary object in roadway					
		1; Explosions, uns. 1;					
32	325	Structural Clay Products 7 16.8067 Struck by, n.e.c. 2; Caught in, under, between,					
32	325						

Rank (Code	Industry Deaths Rate Types of Injury or Illness
33	244	Wood Containers 7 16.7144 Struck by, n.e.c. 2, Fall onto or against objects
		1; Caught between moving and stationary objects 1; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contact with temp. extremes, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, ran off roadway 1;
34	422	Public Warehousing 15 16.7056 Struck by falling object 3; Struck by, n.e.c. 2;
		Overexertion by lifting objects 2, Motor vehicle accident, standing vehicle on side of road 2, Struck against
		stationary object 1; Caught in, under, between, n.e.c. 1; Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 1; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1;
35	154	Nonresidential Construction 86 15.8123 Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 18; Struck by, n.e.c. 8;
		Fall from scaffold, etc. 8; Contact with electric current 8; Struck by falling object 6; Overexertion by wielding,
		holding, carrying objects 6; Accident type, n.e.c. 4; Fall into shaft, etc. 3; Caught in or under collapsing materials 3; Non classifiable 3; Fall from ladder 2; Caught in, under, between, n.e.c. 2; Overexertion, n.e.c. 2; Contact with
		radiation or caustics, by inhalation 2; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns. 2; Struck by flying object 1;
		Fall from vehicle 1; Fall onto walkway, etc. 1; Caught between moving and stationary objects 1; Overexertion by
		lifting objects 1; Overexertion by pulling or pushing objects 1; Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, oncoming 1;
36	262	Paper Mills, except Building Paper 27 15.6549 Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
		7, Caught in or under collapsing materials 3; Struck by, n.e.c. 2; Caught in, under, between, n.e.c. 2; Aircraft
		accident 2; Non classifiable 2; Struck against stationary object 1; Fall from vehicle 1; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 1; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contact with electric current 1; Contact with temp.
		extremes, hot objects 1; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, oncoming 1;
	- 10	Motor vehicle accident, non collision, ran off roadway 1;
37	542	Meat, Freezer Provisioners 9 15.6331 Overexertion by lifting objects 2; Caught in, under, between, n.e.c. 1; Bodily reaction, uns. 1; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1;
		Overexertion, n.e.c. 1; Motor vehicle accident, stationary object in roadway 1; Motor vehicle accident, struck while
38	285	standing in roadway 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1; Paints and Alled Products 10 15.5231 Explosions, uns. 4; Contact with radiation or
36	263	caustics, by inhalation 2; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contact with radiation or caustics,
		by absorption 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, same direction 1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision,
39	174	ran off roadway 1; Masonry, Stonework, Plastering 61 15.4956 Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
• • •		13; Fall from scaffold, etc. 7; Struck by, n.e.c. 5; Caught in or under collapsing materials 5; Overexertion by
		wielding, holding, carrying objects 5; Accident type, n.e.c. 5; Struck by falling object 3; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 3; Overexertion by lifting objects 2; Contact with radiation or caustics, by absorption 2; Motor vehicle accident,
		both in motion, oncoming 2; Fall from elevation, uns. 1; Overexertion by pulling or pushing objects 1; Contact
		with electric current 1; Motor vehicle accident, vehicles moving in intersection 1; Motor vehicle accident, standing
		vehicle on side of road 1; Motor vehicle accident, struck while standing in roadway 1; Motor vehicle accident, other non collision 1; Explosions, uns. 1; Non classifiable 1;
40	202	Dairy Products 26 15.2663 Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying
		objects 4; Overexertion by lifting objects 3; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, overturned 3; Struck by, n.e.c.
		 Overexertion by pulling or pushing objects 2; Accident type, n.e.c. 2; Non classifiable 2; Fall from vehicle 1; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 1; Caught in or under collapsing materials 1; Caught in, under, between, n.e.c. 1; Contact
		with temp. extremes, general cold 1; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, vehicles moving in
41	205	intersection 1; Motor vehicle accident, standing vehicle on side of road 1; Bakery Products 32 14.5171 Struck by flying object 3; Overexertion by
71	203	lifting objects 3; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 3; Accident type, n.e.c. 3; Non classifiable 3;
		Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 2; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 2; Motor vehicle accident,
		standing vehicle on side of road 2; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, ran off roadway 2; Struck by, uns. 1; Fall on stairs 1; Fall onto walkway, etc. 1; Caught in, under, between, n.e.c. 1; Overexertion by pulling or pushing
		objects 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, same direction
42	494	1; Motor vehicle accident, stationary object, uns. 1; Explosions, uns. 1; Water Supply 3 14.1176 Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
7-	424	1; Aircraft accident 1; Non classifiable 1;
43	413	Intercity Highway Transport 5 13.6463 Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, same direction 2; Struck by flying object 1; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, oncoming 1;
44	206	Confectionery Products 14 13.4023 Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects 4;
		Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 3; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 2; Struck
		by falling object 1; Caught in or under collapsing materials 1; Caught in, under, between, n.e.c. 1; Motor vehicle accident, other non collision 1; Explosions, uns. 1;
45	224	Narrow Fabric Mills 3 13.0208 Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Contact with temp.
40	612	extremes, hot objects 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1;
46	513	Apparel, Piece Goods, Notions 22 12.5721 Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 5; Overexertion by lifting objects 3; Accident type, n.e.c. 2; Motor vehicle accident,
		both in motion, oncoming 2; Struck by falling object 1; Fall into shaft, etc. 1; Contact with temp. extremes, hot
		objects 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, standing vehicle on side of road 1; Motor vehicle accident, struck while standing in
		roadway 1;
47	204	Grain Mill Products 17 12.5508 Motor vehicle accident, both in motion,
		oncoming 3; Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects 2; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 2; Struck by flying object 1; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Caught between moving and stationary objects 1;
		2 2 2 2 ,

Deaths

Rate

Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contact with electric current 1; Aircraft accident 1; Motor vehicle accident, stationary object in roadway 1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, ran off roadway 1;

Types of Injury or Illness

Caught between two or more moving objects 1;

Rank Code

Industry

Grain Mill Products(Cont.)

		vehicle accident, stationary object in roadway 1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, ran off roadway 1;
48	329	Accident type, n.e.c. 1; Nonmetallic Mineral Products 16 12.4620 Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
-		7; Struck by, n.e.c. 2; Struck against stationary object 1; Struck by, uns. 1; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contact with electric current 1; Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects 1; Contact with
		radiation or caustics, by absorption 1, Non classifiable 1;
49	333	Primary Nonferrous Metals 7 12.1254 Struck against, uns. 1; Struck against stationary
		object 1; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 1; Contact with electric current 1; Contact with temp. extremes, uns. 1; Contact
		with radiation or caustics, uns. 1; Explosions, uns. 1;
0	235	Hats, Caps, and Millinery 2 11.9546 Overexertion by pulling or pushing objects 1;
		Motor vehicle accident, uns. 1;
1	245	Wood Buildings, Mobile Homes 8 11.1142 Motor vehicle accident, uns. 2; Struck by, uns.
		1; Contact with electric current 1; Motor vehicle accident, vehicles moving in intersection 1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, overturned 1; Motor vehicle accident, non
		collision, ran off roadway 1;
2	243	Millwork, Plywood, etc. 24 11.0477 Struck by falling object 4; Overexertion by
-	•	wielding, holding, carrying objects 2; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 2; Motor vehicle accident,
		stationary object, uns. 2; Struck against moving object 1; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Fall from ladder 1; Fall from vehicle
		1; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 1; Caught in, under, between, uns. 1; Caught between moving and stationary objects 1
		Overexertion by lifting objects 1; Overexertion by pulling or pushing objects 1; Contact with electric current 1;
		Motor vehicle accident, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, non
3	651	collision, ran off roadway 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1; Real Estate Operators 51 10.5838 Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying
3	0.01	objects 12; Struck by flying object 5; Struck by, n.e.c. 5; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 5;
		Accident type, n.e.c. 4; Overexertion by lifting objects 3; Overexertion, n.e.c. 3; Fall from ladder 2; Contact with
		temp. extremes, hot objects 2; Explosions, uns. 2; Struck against moving object 1; Fall on stairs 1; Caught between
		moving and stationary objects 1; Bodily reaction, uns. 1; Overexertion by pulling or pushing objects 1; Contact
		with electric current 1; Non-highway vehicle accident, overturned vehicle 1; Non classifiable 1;
4	517	Oil and Petroleum Products 23 10.5699 Motor vehicle accident, uns. 4; Struck by, n.e.c.
		2; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 2; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 2;
		Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns. 2; Accident type, n.e.c. 2; Struck by, uns. 1; Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by ingestion 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion,
		oncoming 1; Motor vehicle accident, vehicles moving in intersection 1; Motor vehicle accident, standing vehicle
		on side of road 1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, overturned 1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, ran
		off roadway 1; Explosions, uns. 1;
	411	Local and Suburban Transport 9 10.4433 Motor vehicle accident, uns. 2; Struck by, n.e.c
		1, Fall into shaft, etc. 1, Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contact with radiation or caustics,
		by inhalation 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, stationary object in
	173	roadway 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1; Electrical Work 45 10.2203 Contact with electric current 12; Overexertion
	173	by wielding, holding, carrying objects 6; Struck by flying object 3; Struck by, n.e.c. 3; Fall from scaffold, etc. 3;
		Fall from ladder 3; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 3; Accident type, n.e.c. 3; Overexertion by pulling or pushing objects
		2; Overexertion by lifting objects 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 1; Motor vehicle accident,
		uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, standing vehicle on side of road 1;
_		Motor vehicle accident, non collision, sudden stop or start 1; Non classifiable 1;
7	526	Retail Garden Stores 6 10.2041 Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Caught in, under, between,
		n.e.c. 1; Overexertion, n.e.c. 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, overturned 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1;
	514	Grocerles and Related Products 69 10.0503 Overexertion by lifting objects 9; Overexertion
		by wielding, holding, carrying objects 8; Accident type, n.e.c. 7; Struck by flying object 6; Motor vehicle accident
		both in motion, oncoming 4; Overexertion by pulling or pushing objects 3; Aircraft accident 3; Motor vehicle
		accident, both in motion, uns. 3; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, overturned 3; Motor vehicle accident, non
		collision, ran off roadway 3; Struck by, n.e.c. 2; Fall onto walkway, etc. 2; Fall onto or against objects 2; Motor
		vehicle accident, uns. 2; Motor vehicle accident, standing vehicle on side of road 2; Non classifiable 2; Struck by
		falling object 1; Fall from vehicle 1; Overexertion, n.e.c. 1; Contact with electric current 1; Contact with temp.
		extremes, hot objects 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 1; Motor vehicle accident, vehicles moving in intersection 1; Motor vehicle accident, struck while standing in roadway 1;
)	251	Household Furniture 30 9.9920 Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects 4;
	231	Struck by, n.e.c. 3; Fall from elevation, uns. 2; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 2; Explosions, uns
		2; Accident type, n.e.c. 2; Struck against moving object 1; Struck by flying object 1; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 1;
		Caught in, under, between, uns. 1; Caught in running or meshing objects 1; Rubbed or abraded by repetition of
		pressure 1; Overexertion, uns. 1; Overexertion by lifting objects 1; Overexertion, n.e.c. 1; Contact with electric
		motion, same direction 1; Motor vehicle accident, struck while standing in roadway 1; Motor vehicle accident, nor
		motion, same direction 1; Motor vehicle accident, struck while standing in roadway 1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, overturned 1;
0	554	current 1; Aircraft accident 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, oncoming 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, same direction 1; Motor vehicle accident, struck while standing in roadway 1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, overturned 1; Casoline Service Stations 52 9.9195 Struck by flying object 21; Struck by, n.e.c. 5; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, overturned 4; Accident type, n.e.c. 4;

Deaths

Rate

Types of Injury or Illness

Rank Code

Industry

Rank (Code	Industry 1	Deaths	Rate	Types of Injury or Illness
60	554	Struck by falling object 1; Fall onto walkway by lifting objects 1; Overexertion by wieldi	ay, etc. 1; Cau ing, holding, c oth in motion,	ight betw arrying o	Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation s, hot objects 2; Struck against moving object 1; even two or more moving objects 1; Overexertion objects 1; Aircraft accident 1; Motor vehicle fotor vehicle accident, stationary object, uns. 1;
61	281	Industrial and Inorganic Chemicals	15 Motor vehicle	accident,	Struck by, n.e.c. 2; Fall from ladder 2; Contact, both in motion, uns. 2; Explosions, uns. 2; with temp. extremes, hot objects 1; Non
62	289	Miscellaneous Chemical Products Explosions, uns. 2; Contact with radiation concoming 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1;	9 or caustics, by		Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects 4; on 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion,
63	415	School Buses	it, stationary o	both in n bject in r	
64	518	Beer, Wine, Distilled Liquors by wielding, holding, carrying objects 2; Ca temp. extremes, hot objects 1; Motor vehicle	14 aught in, under e accident, uns	9.6658 r, betwee s. 1 , Mot	Overexertion by lifting objects 4; Overexertion m, n.e. 1; Overexertion, n.e.c. 1; Contact with or vehicle accident, both in motion, oncoming 1; wehicle accident, non collision, overturned 1;
65	751	Auto Rentals, without Drivers	k by falling of sceident, both	oject 1; S in motion	
66	519	Miscellaneous Non durable Goods Contact with electric current 3; Struck by fly Caught in or under collapsing materials 2; C Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying by falling object 1; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. or pushing objects 1; Contact with temp. ext vehicle accident, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident motion, same direction 1; Motor vehicle acci whicle on side of road 1; Motor vehicle acci collision, ran off roadway 1;	ying object 2; Caught in, under objects 2; Co. 1; Caught in tremes, hot objects, both in mident, stational ident, non coll	Caught been, between tact with running a jects 1; Canotion, or ary object lision, over the case of the	ten, n.e.c. 2; Overexertion by lifting objects 2; th radiation or caustics, by inhalation 2; Struck or meshing objects 1; Overexertion by pulling Contact with radiation or caustics, n.e.c. 1; Motor neoming 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in tin roadway 1; Motor vehicle accident, standing verturned 1; Motor vehicle accident, non
67	271	object 2; Contact with radiation or caustics, 2; Motor vehicle accident, standing vehicle of	e accident, uns by inhalation : on side of roac	s. 4; Ove 2; Motor 12; Moto	Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying rexertion by lifting objects 3; Struck by falling vehicle accident, stationary object in roadway or vehicle accident, non collision, overturned 2; , both in motion, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident,
68	546	Retail Bakeries n.e.c. 2; Overexertion by wielding, holding, Fall on stairs 1; Motor vehicle accident, both	carrying object	cts 2; Co	Overexertion by lifting objects 4; Struck by, ntact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 2; cident type, n.e.c. 1;
69	319	Leather Goods, n.e.c.			Overexertion by lifting objects 1;
70 71	237 471	Fur Goods objects 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, Freight Forwarding	by inhalation	1;	Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying Accident type, n.e.c. 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Fall
72	515	into shaft, etc. 1; Overexertion by lifting obje Farm-Product Raw Materials 2; Struck against stationary object 1; Struck or caustics, uns. 1; Contact with radiation or	ects 1; 13 by falling objectaustics, by ir lotor vehicle a	9.0776 ect 1; Fal nhalation coident,	Caught between moving and stationary objects Il onto walkway, etc. 1; Contact with radiation 1; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 1; Motor stationary object in roadway 1; Motor vehicle
73	208	Beverages objects 3; Overexertion by lifting objects 2; or caustics, by inhalation 2; Accident type, n	20 Overexertion l i.e.c. 2; Struck Caught in, un	8.8641 by pullin by, n.e.c ider, betw	Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying ag or pushing objects 2; Contact with radiation b. 1; Fall into shaft, etc. 1; Fall onto or against ween, n.e.c. 1; Bodily reaction, uns. 1; Motor
74	249	Miscellaneous Wood Products falling object 1; Contact with electric current accident, non collision, overturned 1; Non cl	1; Contact wi		Caught in, under, between, n.e.c. 2; Struck by extremes, general heat 1; Motor vehicle
75	252	Office Furniture	5 (Caught betwee	n movin	Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation g and stationary objects 1; Aircraft accident 1;
76	175	Carpentering and Flooring			Struck by, n.e.c. 2; Struck by falling object 1;

Deaths

Rate

Types of Injury or Illness

Rank Code

Industry

76	175	Carpentering and Flooring (Cont.) Overexertion by lifting objects 1; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Overexertion, n.e.c. 1;
	221	Contact with electric current 1; Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1;
77	226	Textile Finishing, except Wool 6 8.7899 Caught in running or meshing objects 2, Struck
		by flying object 1; Fall from ladder 1; Overexertion by lifting objects 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by
70	160	absorption 1;
78	152	Residential Building Construction. 52 8.7212 Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying
		objects 6; Struck by falling object 5; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 5; Contact with electric current 5; Struck by, n.e.c. 4;
		Caught in, under, between, n.e.c. 2; Overexertion, n.e.c. 2; Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects 2; Motor
		vehicle accident, vehicles moving in intersection 2; Accident type, n.e.c. 2; Struck against moving object 1; Struck
		by, uns. 1; Fall from scaffold, etc. 1; Fall from ladder 1; Fall on stairs 1; Fall into shaft, etc. 1; Fall onto or against
		objects 1; Rubbed or abraded by leaning, kneeling, etc. 1; Overexertion by lifting objects 1; Contact with temp.
		extremes, uns. 1; Contact with temp. extremes, general heat 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 1;
		Motor vehicle accident, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, oncoming 1; Motor vehicle accident, both
79	653	in motion, same direction 1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, overturned 1; Non classifiable 1; Real Estate Agents, Managers 34 8.4756 Struck by flying object 5; Contact with
19	033	radiation or caustics, by inhalation 4; Accident type, n.e.c. 4; Struck against stationary object 2; Struck by falling
		object 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 2; Overexertion, n.e.c. 2; Aircraft accident 2; Explosions, uns. 2; Fall from ladder 1; Fall
		on stairs 1; Overexertion by lifting objects 1; Overexertion by pulling or pushing objects 1; Overexertion by
		wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects 1; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 1;
		Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, oncoming 1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, overturned 1;
80	399	Miscellaneous Manufactures 11 8.2800 Struck by, n.e.c. 2; Motor vehicle accident,
80	.,,,	stationary object in roadway 2; Struck against moving object 1; Fall from ladder 1; Fall onto walkway, etc. 1;
		Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Overexertion, n.e.c. 1; Explosions, uns. 1; Non classifiable
		1;
81	229	Miscellaneous Textile Goods 5 8.1820 Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
		2, Overexertion by lifting objects 1, Contact with electric current 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns. 1;
82	201	Meat Products 29 8.0692 Accident type, n.e.c. 4; Struck by, n.e.c. 3;
		Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, oncoming 3; Fall onto walkway, etc. 2; Caught between moving and
		stationary objects 2; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 2; Motor vehicle accident, non collision,
		ran off roadway 2; Struck against moving object 1; Struck by falling object 1; Fall on stairs 1; Fall to lower level,
		n.e.c. 1; Overexertion by lifting objects 1; Contact with electric current 1; Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects
		1; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, non
03	794	collision, overturned 1; Explosions, uns. 1; Commercial Sports 6 7.9766 Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 1;
83	194	Commercial Sports 6 7.9766 Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, oncoming 1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, overturned 1; Accident
		type, n.e.c. 1;
84	282	Plastics, Synthetic Materials 15 7.9605 Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
		4; Explosions, uns. 4; Struck by flying object 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Fall from scaffold, etc. 1; Fall onto walkway,
		etc. 1; Contact with electric current 1; Aircraft accident 1;
85	336	Nonferrous Foundries 7 7.9177 Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
		4; Struck by flying object 1; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Caught in, under, between, uns. 1;
86	762	Electrical Repair Shops 7 7.8047 Overexertion by lifting objects 2; Contact with
		temp. extremes, hot objects 2; Contact with electric current 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 1;
0.5	163	Accident type, n.e.c. 1; Operative Builders 5 7.7006 Fall from piled materials 1: Fall into shaft, etc.
87	153	Operative Builders 5 7.7006 Fall from piled materials 1; Fall into shaft, etc. 1; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 1; Aircraft accident 1; Non classifiable 1;
88	104	Gold and Silver Ores 4 7.6923 Struck by falling object 2; Contact with
66	104	radiation or caustics, n.e.c. 2;
89	347	Metal Services, n.e.c. 8 7.6039 Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
		4; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 1; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contact with radiation or
		caustics, by absorption 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, n.e.c. 1;
90	753	Automotive Repair Shops 29 7.4518 Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying
		objects 5; Accident type, n.e.c. 4; Struck by falling object 2; Struck by flying object 2; Contact with radiation or
		caustics, by inhalation 2; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 2; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, overturned 2;
		Explosions, uns. 2; Struck against, uns. 1; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Fall from vehicle 1; Overexertion by lifting objects
		1; Overexertion, n.e.c. 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, same direction 1; Motor vehicle accident,
		stationary object, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, ran off roadway 1;
91	317	Handbags and Leather Goods 2 7.3937 Overexertion by lifting objects 1; Overexertion
		by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1;
92	138	Oil and Gas Field Services 24 7.3894 Motor vehicle accident, uns. 5; Struck by falling object 3; Aircraft accident 2; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, oncoming 2; Motor vehicle accident,
		non collision, uns. 2; Struck against, uns. 1; Struck by flying object 1; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Fall to lower level, n.e.c.
		1; Caught in, under, between, uns. 1; Caught in, under, between, n.e.c. 1; Contact with electric current 1; Motor
		vehicle accident, stationary object, uns. 1; Explosions, uns. 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1;
93	451	Certified Air Transportation 32 7.2651 Aircraft accident 16; Struck by, n.e.c. 4;
		Accident type, n.e.c. 4; Struck against stationary object 2; Transportation accident, not motor vehicle, uns. 2;
		Overexertion by lifting objects 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 1; Motor vehicle accident, uns.
		1, Motor vehicle accident, stationary object in roadway 1;

Rank (Code	Industry	Deaths	Rate	Types of Injury or Illness
94	291			k by flyin	Struck by, n.e.c. 2; Motor vehicle accident, uns. g object 1; Overexertion by wielding, holding, ontact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 1;
		Accident type, n.e.c. 1;		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	index management of substant, by Indiana.
95	352			on or caus	Aircraft accident 3; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Contact tics, by inhalation 1; Motor vehicle accident,
		both in motion, oncoming 1; Motor vehi collision, ran off roadway 1; Explosions		n collision	n, overturned 1; Motor vehicle accident, non
96	391	Jewelry, Silverware, etc.	, uns. 1;	7.1339	Struck by flying object 1; Overexertion by
,,		lifting objects 1; Contact with radiation	or caustics, by i		
97	316	Luggage	1		Overexertion by lifting objects 1;
98	331	Basic Steel Products 7: Struck by falling chiect 4: Struck by	29		Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation wielding, holding, carrying objects 3; Contact
					inst stationary object 1; Fall to lower level, n.e.c.
		1; Caught between moving and stationar			nder, between, n.e.c. 1; Explosions, uns. 1; Non
99	863	classifiable 1; Labor Organizations	10	6 0225	Accident type, n.e.c. 3; Struck by flying object
99	603				ng objects 1; Contact with radiation or caustics,
		by inhalation 1; Motor vehicle accident,			
		Explosions, uns. 1;		< 0.00	
100	353	Construction Machinery	22 le 3: Caught in		Struck by, n.e.c. 4; Contact with radiation or ween, n.e.c. 2; Fall from vehicle 1; Fall on stairs
					rials 1; Overexertion by pulling or pushing
		objects 1; Aircraft accident 1; Motor veh	ticle accident, u	ns. 1; Expl	losions, uns. 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1;
101	504	Sporting, Toy, and Hobby Goods objects 2; Caught between moving and s	5 stationaer object		Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying
		accident, standing vehicle on side of roa		LS 1, IVIOLO	venicle accident, this. 1, Motor venicle
102	286	Industrial Organic Chemicals	11		Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
			absorption 3; S	truck by, n	ne.c. 1; Caught in, under, between, n.e.c. 1;
103	344	Explosions, uns. 1; Non classifiable 1; Structural Metal Products	31	6.5568	Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
		5; Accident type, n.e.c. 5; Struck by, n.e.			
		stationary object 1; Fall into shaft, etc. 1;			
					th radiation or caustics, by absorption 1; Motor ns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion,
					on 1; Motor vehicle accident, vehicles moving in
			ationary object	in roadwa	y 1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision,
104	636	overturned 1; Non classifiable 1; Title Insurance	3	6 2552	Motor vehicle accident, uns. 1; Motor vehicle
104	0.50	accident, stationary object in roadway 1;	-		Wiscor Verifice decident, und. 1, Motor Verificit
105	323	Products of Purchased Glass	3	6.2513	Overexertion by lifting objects 2; Motor vehicle
106	821	accident, non collision, overturned 1; Elementary, Secondary Schools	19	6 1015	Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying
100	021	objects5; Contact with radiation or causti			
					; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 1; Motor vehicle
		accident, both in motion, oncoming 1; M accident, non collision, ran off roadway i		ident, both	h in motion, same direction 1; Motor vehicle
107	287	Agricultural Chemicals	4	6.1595	Caught in or under collapsing materials 2;
		Contact with electric current 1; Motor vel			
108	592	Liquor Stores lifting objects 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Moto	8 or vehicle sociel		Struck by flying object 4; Overexertion by
109	209	Foods and Kindred Products	10		Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
					; Bodily reaction, uns. 1, Overexertion by
			h temp. extreme	s, hot obje	ects 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion,
110	238	uns. 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1; Miscellaneous Apparel and Accessories	. 3	6.0108	Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Overexertion by lifting
		objects 1; Motor vehicle accident, standir	ng vehicle on si	de of road	1;
111	483	Radio and TV Broadcasting	13		Non classifiable 3; Overexertion by wielding,
					ran off roadway 2; Struck by flying object 1; halation 1; Aircraft accident 1; Motor vehicle
		accident, non collision, uns. 1; Accident		, -, -	
112	341	Metal Shipping Containers	4		Struck by falling object 2; Caught between
113	572	moving and stationary objects 1; Overexo Household Appliance Stores	ertion by lifting 5		Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying
113	314				t, both in motion, uns. 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1;
114	553	Auto and Home Supply Stores	16	5.7893	Struck by flying object 4; Overexertion by
					2; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Overexertion by lifting
		accident, vehicles moving in intersection			accident, both in motion, uns. 1; Motor vehicle Non classifiable 1:
			_,	.,	

Rank C	ode	Industry	Deaths	Rate	Types of Injury or Illness
115	721	Laundry, Cleaning, etc. Services objects 3, Overexertion by pulling or pu	21 shing objects 3;		Accident type, n.e.c. 4; Overexertion by lifting y flying object 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 2; Fall from
		ladder 1; Fall onto walkway, etc. 1; Con Motor vehicle accident, uns. 1; Motor vehicle			; Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects 1;
116	545	Dairy Products Stores	emoie accidem, i 2		Struck by flying object 1, Overexertion by
		wielding, holding, carrying objects 1;			
117	599	Retail Stores, n.e.c.	16		Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation, etc. 1; Overexertion by lifting objects 1;
					accident, both in motion, oncoming 1; Non
		classifiable 1;			
118	505	Metals and Minerals, except Oil	8 Iar hatssaan n.a		Struck by, uns. 1; Struck by flying object 1; tact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 1;
		Aircraft accident 1; Motor vehicle accide			
119	511	Paper and Paper Products	9	5.5354	Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying
		objects4; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Fall to lower vehicle on side of road 1; Accident type,		Aircraft a	ccident 1; Motor vehicle accident, standing
120	239	Miscellaneous Fabricated Textiles	10	5.5215	Struck by falling object 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 2;
		Motor vehicle accident, both in motion,		l from sca	iffold, etc. 1; Bodily reaction, uns. 1;
121	726	Overexection by lifting objects 1; Overer Funeral Service, Crematories	vertion by wield:		ng, carrying objects 1; Fall into shaft, etc. 1; Fall onto walkway, etc. 1;
121	720	Overexertion by lifting objects 1; Motor			
122	734	Services to Buildings	31		Fall to lower level, n e.c. 6; Struck by, n.e.c. 4;
					on by lifting objects 2; Contact with electric cident type, n.e.c. 2; Struck by falling object 1;
					etc. 1; Caught in running or meshing objects 1;
					not objects 1; Contact with radiation or caustics,
		by inhalation 1; Motor vehicle accident, roadway 1;	non collision, o	verturned	1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, ran off
123	223	Weaving Mills, Wool	1	5.4645	Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying
		objects 1;			Control of the control of the state
124	355	Special Industry Machinery 4: Struck by falling object 1: Struck by a	10 n.e.c. 1: Canohti		Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation noving and stationary objects 1; Contact with
		electric current 1; Contact with radiation			
125	491	Electric Services	22		Contact with electric current 10; Accident type,
					levation, uns. 1; Contact with radiation or 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion,
		oncoming 1; Motor vehicle accident, nor	n collision, uns. 1	l;	
126	525	Hardware Stores Struck by flying object 1: Overevertion b	8 www.ielding.hold		Struck by, n.e.c. 3; Struck by falling object 1; ying objects 1; Contact with electric current 1;
		Aircraft accident 1;	y wiciding, non	mig, carry	raig objects 1, contact with electric culture 1,
127	703	Camps and Trailering Parks	8		Motor vehicle accident, uns. 4; Struck by, n.e.c.
128	566	2; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 1; Contact wi Shoe Stores	un temp. extrema 10		Struck by flying object 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 2;
•••		Fall on stairs 1; Fall onto walkway, etc. 1	; Overexertion b	y wieldin	ig, holding, carrying objects 1; Motor vehicle
120	202	accident, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident,			
129 130	393 508	Musical Instruments Machinery, Equipment, and Supplies	1 69		Accident type, n.e.c. 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
•••		10; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 7; Accid	lent type, n.e.c. 6	; Aircraft	accident 5; Struck by, n.e.c. 4; Overexertion by
					3 3; Motor vehicle accident, vehicles moving in
					ay 3; Struck by falling object 2; Struck by ing, holding, carrying objects 2; Overexertion,
		n.e.c. 2; Contact with temp. extremes, hot	t objects 2, Moto	r vehicle	accident, both in motion, uns. 2; Motor vehicle
					it, non collision, overturned 2; Fall from vehicle
					electric current 1; Motor vehicle accident, both ect, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, struck while
		standing in roadway 1; Non classifiable 1			
131	474	Rental of Railroad Cars 1; Motor vehicle accident, standing vehicle	2 Na on eide of ron		Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
132	346	Metal Forging and Stampings	13		Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying
					e.c. 1, Caught between moving and stationary
					ng objects 1; Contact with radiation or caustics,
133	351	by inhalation 1; Contact with radiation or Engines and Turbines	6		Struck by, n.e.c. 2; Accident type, n.e.c. 2;
		Contact with electric current 1; Contact w		caustics, l	y inhalation 1;
134	381	Scientific Instruments wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Co.	4 ntact with radiat		Accident type, n.e.c. 2; Overexertion by
135	203	Preserved Fruits and Vegetables	12		Fall from ladder 2; Caught in or under
		collapsing materials 2; Caught in running	or meshing obj	ects i; Ca	ught in, under, between, n.e.c. 1; Bodily
		reaction involuntary motions 1; Overex	certion by wieldi	ng, holdii	ng, carrying objects 1;

257

Rank (Code	Industry D	eaths	Rate	Types of Injury or Illness
135	203		vehicle accid	ient, struc	Contact with electric current 1; Contact with ck while standing in roadway 1; Motor vehicle
136	265			ects 1; C	Overexertion by lifting objects 2; Accident aught in, under, between, n.e.c. 1; Motor vehicle ection 1; Motor vehicle accident standing
		vehicle on side of road 1; Non classifiable 1;	_		, ,
137	506		n roadway 2 mp. extreme cle accident,	irrent 2; C ; Overexe s, hot obj uns. 1; M	ects 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by fotor vehicle accident, both in motion, same
138	264	Miscellaneous Converted Paper Products 2; Overexertion, n.e.c. 2; Accident type, n.e.c objects 1; Contact with electric current 1; Cor accident, uns. 1;		in, under,	
139	326	Pottery and Related Products 2;	2	4.8674	Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
140	501	Motor Vehicles and Automotive Equipmen 2; Accident type, n.e.c. 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; holding, carrying objects 1; Overexertion, n.e. hot objects 1; Aircraft accident 1; Motor vehic	Fall from so c.c. 1; Contac cle accident, cle accident,	affold, etc ct with elc both in r stationar	notion, oncoming 1; Motor vehicle accident, y object in roadway 1; Motor vehicle accident,
141	521	Lumber, Other Building Materials object 1; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Fall from vehicle stationary objects 1; Overexertion by wielding Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalatistanding vehicle on side of road 1; Motor veh non collision, ran off roadway 1; Non classific	g, holding, c on 1; Motor icle accident	wer level arrying o vehicle a	bjects 1; Contact with electric current 1; accident, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident,
142	307	Miscellaneous Plastics Products Overexertion by lifting objects 3; Contact with Struck by, n.e.c. 2; Overexertion by wielding, Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects 1; Co	24 h radiation o holding, car ontact with r	or caustic: rrying ob- radiation	jects 2; Struck against stationary object 1;
143	739	Miscellaneous Business Services Motor vehicle accident, uns. 7; Accident type, walkway, etc. 2; Bodily reaction, uns. 2; Over accident 2; Motor vehicle accident, both in mo	n.e.c. 5; Str exertion by tion, uns. 2; on same lev on 1; Contac s. 1; Motor on 1; Motor	uck by fa lifting ob Explosion vel, uns. I t with race vehicle ac	jects 2; Contact with electric current 2; Aircraft ons, uns. 2; Fall from elevation, uns. 1; Fall 1; Overexertion by pulling or pushing objects 1; diation or caustics, by ingestion 1; coident, both in motion, oncoming 1; Motor
144	233	Women's and Misses' Outerwear by wielding, holding, carrying objects 3; Acci- pushing objects 1; Overexertion, n.e.c. 1; Mot-	19 dent type, n.	e.c. 3; St	
145	502	Furniture and Home Furnishings	6	4.5910	Overexertion by lifting objects 2; Struck against ing 1; Motor vehicle accident, standing vehicle
146	356	General Industry Machinery	both in mot	ion, onco	Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation ming 2; Explosions, uns. 2; Fall onto walkway,
147	211	Cigarettes object 1;	2 .	4.4603 8	Struck by falling object 1; Struck by flying
148	507	Hardware, Plumbing, Heating Equipment lifting objects 2; Non classifiable 2; Aircraft ac Motor vehicle accident, non collision, overturn Accident type, n.e.c. 1;	cident 1; Motor	otor vehic vehicle s	accident, non collision, ran off roadway 1;
149	571	Home Furnishings Stores objects 7; Overexertion by lifting objects 3; Str uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, roadway 1;	uck by fallir	ıg object	
150	573	Radio, TV, and Music Stores oncoming 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Overexertion I			Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, carrying objects 1;

Rank Code		Industry Dea	iths	Rate	Types of Injury or Illness
150	573	Radio, TV, and Music Stores (Cont.)			Contact with temp. extremes, general cold 1;
151	284	Motor vehicle accident, non collision, overtume Soap, Cleaners and Tollet Goods	ed 1; Acci		e, n.e.c. 1; Non classifiable 1; Struck by flying object 1; Fall to lower level,
101	404	n.e.c. 1; Bodily reaction, uns. 1; Overexertion b			
		Accident type, n.e.c. 1;	, 2	,,	, Coliman Han Lucianitot of Valuation, 11.0.0. 1,
152	752	Automobile Parking	10	4.0584	Struck by, n.e.c. 4; Struck by flying object 2;
		Accident type, n.e.c. 2; Contact with radiation o			
153	358	Refrigeration, Service Machinery stationary object 1; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Rubbed extremes, hot objects 1; Non classifiable 1;	7 or abrade		Overexertion by lifting objects 2; Struck against etition of pressure 1; Contact with temp.
154	561	Men's Clothing and Furnishings	5	3.9939	Struck by flying object 1; Struck by, n.e.c. 1;
		Overexertion by pulling or pushing objects 1; C type, n.e.c. 1;	Overexerti	on b y w i	elding, holding, carrying objects 1; Accident
155	541	Grocery Stores	88		Struck by flying object 28, Overexertion by
		wielding, holding, carrying objects 13; Struck b			
		n.e.c. 5; Overexertion by pulling or pushing obj accident 2; Motor vehicle accident, both in moti			th radiation or caustics, by inhalation 2; Aircraft
		Struck against stationary object 1; Fall onto wal			
		Contact with temp. extremes, general heat 1; Mo			
					y 1; Motor vehicle accident, standing vehicle on
		side of road 1; Motor vehicle accident, non colli			
156	516	Chemicals and Allied Products	. 5		Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Overexertion by pulling or
		pushing objects 1; Contact with temp. extremes,		cts 1; Co	ntact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 1;
157	386	Motor vehicle accident, non collision, ran off ro Photographic Equipment and Supplies	adway 1, 5	3 8550	Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
137	360	3, Transportation accident, not motor vehicle, u	-		
158	342	Cutlery, Hand Tools, Hardware	6		Struck by flying object 1; Struck by, n.e.c. 1;
			rection 1;	Motor v	ehicle accident, non collision, ran off roadway 1;
	226	Explosions, uns. 1; Non classifiable 1;	8	2 2624	F-Wints to A at 2 Countries and
159	225	Knitting Mills meshing objects 1; Overexertion by lifting object	•		Fall into shaft, etc. 2; Caught in running or
		Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation			
160	891	Engineering, Architectural Services	22		Accident type, n.e.c. 5; Struck by, n.e.c. 2;
		Contact with electric current 2; Motor vehicle ac			
		Caught in or under collapsing materials 1; Over			
		objects 1; Overexertion by wielding, holding, ca 1; Aircraft accident 1; Motor vehicle accident, st			
		vehicle on side of road 1; Motor vehicle accident			
161	324	Cement, Hydraulic			Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 1;
162	731	Advertising			Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Fall from scaffold, etc. 1;
		Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying obj			
163	234	vehicle accident, stationary object in roadway 1; Women's and Children's Underwear			Overexertion by lifting objects 2; Fall into
103	234	shaft, etc. 1;	,	5.5575	Creation by minig objects 2, I am and
164	283	Drugs	7	3.5089	Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
		4, Struck by falling object 1, Fall into shaft, etc.			
165	824	Correspondence and Vocational Schools	2	3.4370	Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying
166	783	objects 1; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 1; Motion Picture Theaters	4	3 4347	Struck by flying object 1; Struck by, n.e.c. 1;
100	705	Fall from scaffold, etc. 1; Overexertion by lifting			button by Hy hig boject 1, button by, 11.0.0. 1,
167	478	Miscellaneous Transportation Services			Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Overexertion by lifting
		objects 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1;			
168	349	Miscellaneous Metal Products			Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
		 Struck by flying object 1; Fall into shaft, etc. Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, oncomir 		with ele	ectric current 1; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 1;
169	278	Blankbooks and Book Binding		3.1333	Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Overexertion by lifting
107	-,-	objects 1;	_		
170	523	Paint, Glass, Walipaper Stores	2	3.1274	Caught in or under collapsing materials 1;
		Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation			
171	254	Partitions and Fixtures	2	3.1270	Overexertion by lifting objects 1; Contact with
172	259	electric current 1; Miscellaneous Furniture, Fixtures	i	3 1230	Overexertion by lifting objects 1;
172	314	Footwear, Except Rubber			Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Fall on same level, n.e.c. 1;
.,,		Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying obje			
174	543	Fruit and Vegetable Markets	4	3.1104	Struck by flying object 1; Fall onto walkway,
		etc. 1; Overexertion by lifting objects 1; Contact	with elec	tric curre	ent 1;
175	701	Hotels, Motels, Tourist Courts			Struck by flying object 10; Overexertion by
		wielding, holding, carrying objects 4; Struck by, falling object 2; Fall from ladder 2; Contact with			
		minera ovjeve a, a au nom muova a, comunt with	Justini Off	-1 vuust	, -, administration type, 11.0.6. 2,

Rank (Code	Industry	Deaths	Rate	Types of Injury or Illness
175	701	Hotels, Motels, Tourist Courts (Cont.) Fall into shaft, etc. 1; Fall to lower level, Non classifiable 1;	n.e.c. 1; Fall or	ito or aga	Fall from scaffold, etc. 1; Fall from vehicle 1; inst objects 1; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 1;
176	594	Miscellaneous Shopping Goods Stores lifting objects 3; Overexertion, n.e.c. 2; A Caught in or under collapsing materials 1 radiation or caustics, by inhalation 1; Mo	Accident type, n ; Overexertion tor vehicle acc	i.e.c. 2; Si by wield ident, uns	Struck by flying object 5; Overexertion by truck by, n.e.c. 1; Fall onto walkway, etc. 1; ling, holding, carrying objects 1; Contact with 8. 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns.
177	343	1; Motor vehicle accident, standing vehic Plumbing and Heating, except Electric 2;			Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
178 179	348 335	Ordnance and Accessories Nonferrous Rolling and Drawing Caught in, under, between, n.e.c. 1; Aircr	2 6 nt posident li	3.0257	Explosions, uns. 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1; Struck by, n.e.c. 2; Struck by falling object 1;
180	492	Gas Production and Distribution	5	3.0052	Motor vehicle accident, non collision, motion, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, vehicles
181	539	General Merchandize Stores Non classifiable 1:	4	2.9904	Struck by flying object 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 1;
182	655	Subdividers and Developers object 1; Struck by, n.e.c. 1;	4	2.9715	Contact with electric current 2; Struck by flying
183	782	Cinema Distribution and Services oncoming 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1;	2	2.9674	Motor vehicle accident, both in motion,
184	373	Ship and Boat Building and Repair 2; Struck by falling object 1; Struck by, n accident, non collision, overturned 1;	6 i.e.c. 1; Contact		Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation up. extremes, hot objects 1; Motor vehicle
185	764	Upholstery, Furniture Repair 2; Fall into shaft, etc. 1; Rubbed or abrade	4 ed by repetition		Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation ure 1:
186	371	Motor Vehicles and Equipment Contact with radiation or caustics, by inho objects 2; Struck by falling object 1; Fall	23 alation 3; Accid on same level, uns. 1; Motor	2.9090 lent type, n.e.c. 1; (vehicle a	Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 4; Struck by, n.e.c. 3; n.e.c. 3; Caught between moving and stationary Overexertion by lifting objects 1; Contact with coident, stationary object, uns. 1; Motor vehicle
187	222	Weaving Mills, Synthetics classifiable 1;	3	2.8659	Fall from ladder 1; Fall from vehicle 1; Non
188	395 306	Office and Art Supplies	1		Overexertion by lifting objects 1,
189	300	Fabricated Rubber Products extremes, hot objects 1; Contact with radio	-		Fall from ladder 1; Contact with temp.
190	733	Mailing, Reproduction, Stenographic	4	2.7369	Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Overexertion by pulling or lotor vehicle accident, non collision, overturned
191	362	Electrical Industrial Apparatus moving and stationary objects 1; Caught b caustics, by inhalation 1; Motor vehicle ac			Struck by flying object 2; Caught between ving objects 1; Contact with radiation or
192	231	Men's and Boys' Suits and Coats	2		Overexertion, n.e.c. 2;
193	322	Glassware, Pressed or Blown	3 1		Contact with electric current 1; Motor vehicle
194	446	accident, standing vehicle on side of road Water Transportation Services etc. 1; Overexertion by lifting objects 1;	1; Non classiff		Struck by falling object 1; Fall from scaffold,
195	603	Mutual Savings Banks accident, uns. 1;	2	2.6638	Struck by flying object 1; Motor vehicle
196	423	Trucking Terminal Facilities roadway 1;	1	2.6385	Motor vehicle accident, non collision, ran off
197	621	Security Brokers and Dealers n.e.c. 1; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 1; Bodily 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1;	6 y reaction, uns.		Struck against stationary object 1; Struck by, t vehicle accident, non collision, ran off roadway
198	864	Civic and Social Associations object 1; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Fall on stairs		ı by wiele	Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 2; Struck by flying ding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contact with 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, n.e.c. 1;
199	472	Arrangement of Transport accident, both in motion, uns. 1; Motor vei	4 hicle accident, i		Struck by flying object 1; Motor vehicle notion, same direction 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1;
200	361	Electric Distributing Equipment 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion,	3	2.5802	Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Contact with electric current
201	839	vehicle accident, uns. 1; Motor vehicle acc	ident, both in r	ontact wit notion, u	
202	385	Ophthalmic Goods	1		Fall onto walkway, etc. 1;
203	832	Individual and Family Services objects 2; Fall onto walkway, etc. 1; Accid	6 lent type, n.e.c.		Fall from ladder 2; Overexertion by lifting

Rank C	'ode	Industry	Deaths	Rate	Types of Injury or Illness
204	527	Mobile Home Dealers	4	2.3866	Aircraft accident 1; Motor vehicle accident, uns.
		1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision,			
205	615	Business Credit Institutions	1	2.3714	Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, same
		direction 1;	_		B. 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
206	781	Cinema Production and Services	2	2.3136	Fall from vehicle 1; Overexertion by wielding,
207	633	holding, carrying objects 1; Fire, Marine, and Casualty Insurance	11	2 2056	Motor vehicle accident, both in motion,
207	033				wer level, n.e.c. 1; Motor vehicle accident, both
		in motion, uns. 1; Non classifiable 1;	t type, 11.0.0. 2,	I dil to lo	wor level, it. b.c. 1, intotor veniore accident, cont
208	596	Nonstore Retailers	6	2.2543	Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Overexertion by pulling or
					bjects 1; Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects
		1; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 1; Motor			
209	861	Business Associations	2	2.2026	Struck by falling object 1; Accident type, n.e.c.
		1;			
210	396	Costume Jewelry and Notions	1		Fall onto walkway, etc. 1;
211	359	Miscellaneous Machinery, except Elect			Struck against stationary object 1; Overexertion
		inhalation 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1; Non			objects 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by
212	213	Chewing and Smoking Tobacco	2		Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects 2;
213	279	Printing Trade Services	ī		Accident type, n.e.c. 1;
214	481	Telephone Communication	21		Struck by falling object 2; Fall to lower level,
					otor vehicle accident, uns. 2; Motor vehicle
		accident, both in motion, uns. 2; Accident	t type, n.e.c. 2;	Struck by	, n.e.c. 1; Fall from ladder 1; Bodily reaction,
					es, hot objects 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in
				les movin _i	g in intersection 1; Motor vehicle accident,
216		standing vehicle on side of road 1; Explo		2 0000	Starch has a a 2. Fall outs well-may at 1:
215	565	Family Clothing Stores Aircraft accident 1;	4	2.0880	Struck by, n.e.c. 2; Fall onto walkway, etc. 1;
216	272	Periodicals	2	2 0822	Aircraft accident 1; Motor vehicle accident,
		stationary object in roadway 1;	-		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
217	365	Radio and TV Receiving Equipment.	2	2.0708	Fall onto walkway, etc. 1; Overexertion by
		wielding, holding, carrying objects 1;			
218	131	Crude Oil and Natural Gas	5		Motor vehicle accident, non collision,
210	226	overturned 2; Struck by flying object 1; S			
219	275	Commercial Printing	9 at with maliatio		Overexertion by lifting objects 4; Struck by ics, by inhalation 1; Motor vehicle accident, uns.
		1;	ct with radiatio	ii oi cause	ics, by initialiation 1, violot vehicle accident, uns.
220	078	Landscape, Horticultural Services	18	1.9800	Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 3; Struck by falling
		object 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 2; Caught in or	under collapsi		
					n moving and stationary objects 1; Caught in,
			c.c. 1; Motor ve	chicle acci	ident, vehicles moving in intersection 1; Motor
221	262	vehicle accident, non collision, uns. I;	9	1 0765	Mater rehiele assident von 2: Strock her fleine
221	357	Office and Computing Machines	-		Motor vehicle accident, uns. 2; Struck by flying arrying objects 1; Contact with radiation or
					sorption 1; Motor vehicle accident, stationary
		object, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, str			
222	273	Books	2		Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
		1; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 1;			
223	121	Bituminous Coal and Lignite	23		Struck by falling object 8; Caught in or under
					rom vehicle 1; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 1;
				it in, unde	r, between, n.e.c. 1; Contact with electric current
224	635	1; Transportation accident, not motor vehi Surety Insurance	icie, n.e.c. 1;	1.0049	Struck by, n.e.c. 1;
225	369	Electrical Equipment and Supplies	3		Fall onto walkway, etc. 1; Overexertion by
	505	lifting objects 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1;	••	1.00	Tan once water by, etc. 1, o reserves to by
226	227	Floor Covering Mills	1	1.8292	Fall onto walkway, etc. 1;
227	394	Toys and Sporting Goods	2	1.8090	Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 1; Overexertion by
		wielding, holding, carrying objects 1;			
228	461	Pipe Lines, except Natural Gas	2	1.6653	Motor vehicle accident, uns. 1; Explosions, uns.
220	***	1;		1 6 426	Fell and a committee to Committee
229	562	Women's Ready-to-Wear Stores	6 mahisata 1: Os		Fall onto or against objects 1; Overexertion, a by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1;
		Aircraft accident 1; Motor vehicle accident		OTOVET (10)	io, assume, noming, carying objects i,
230	833	Job Training and Related Services	, 1,	1 5867	Motor vehicle accident, uns. 1; Motor vehicle
		accident, both in motion, oncoming 1; Ac-	cident type, n.e		
231	736	Personnel Supply Services	11		Explosions, uns. 2; Struck by falling object 1;
				i, under, b	etween, n.e.c. 1; Contact with radiation or
					hicle accident, both in motion, oncoming 1;
		Motor vehicle accident, non collision, over	mumed I; Acc	ident type	, n.e.c. 1;

Rank (Code	Industry	Deaths	Rate	Types of Injury or Illness			
232	221	Weaving Mills, Cotton accident, struck while standing off roady	2	1.5569	Contact with electric current 1; Motor vehicle			
233	382	Measuring and Controlling Devices	4		Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Caught between moving and tion 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion,			
234	364	Electric Lighting and Wiring Equipme caustics, by inhalation 1;	ent 3	1.4732	Fall from ladder 2; Contact with radiation or			
235	552	Used Car Dealers electric current 1; Contact with temp. ext	4 remes hot obje		Fall on same level, n.e.c. 1; Contact with			
236	602	Commercial and Stock Savings Banks 3; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 2; Fall onto v Fall on stairs 1; Rubbed or abraded by le	21 walkway, etc. 2; aning, kneeling ; Contact with r	1.4226 Aircraft: g, etc. 1; C adiation of	Struck by flying object 3; Accident type, n.e.c. accident 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Fall from ladder 1; Derexertion by wielding, holding, carrying or caustics, by inhalation 1; Motor vehicle			
237	637	Pension, Health, and Welfare Funds	2		Accident type, n.e.c. 2;			
238	822	Colleges and Universities	10		Accident type, n.e.c. 4; Struck against			
			tc. 1; Overexert		ielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Contact with			
		radiation or caustics, by absorption 1; Ai	rcraft accident l	l; Motor 1	vehicle accident, uns. 1;			
239	632	Medical and Health Insurance	2	1.3181	Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Overexertion by wielding,			
		holding, carrying objects 1;						
240	384	Medical Instruments, Supplies	2	1.2466	Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation			
		1; Aircraft accident 1;	_		N			
241	555	Boat Dealers	2 4		Non classifiable 2;			
242	354	Metal Working Machinery n.e.c. 1; Caught in, under, between, n.e.c.			Struck by flying object 1; Fall to lower level,			
243	805	Nursing, Care Facilities	1, Contact with		Overexertion by lifting objects 2; Overexertion			
243	803	by wielding, holding, carrying objects 2;	Aircraft accide	nt 2; Non	classifiable 2; Struck by falling object 1; Fall tact with radiation or caustics, by absorption 1;			
244	531	Department Stores	22	1.1642	Fall onto walkway, etc. 4; Struck by falling			
		object 3; Motor vehicle accident, both in						
		wielding, holding, carrying objects 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Fall from scaffold, etc. 1; Fall into shaft, etc. 1;						
		Overexertion, uns. 1; Overexertion by lift	ing objects 1; (Overexert	ion, n.e.c. 1; Contact with radiation or caustics,			
		uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, non collis	ion, ran off roa	dway 1;				
245	591	Drug and Proprietary Stores	6	1.1588	Overexertion by lifting objects 3; Struck by			
		flying object 1; Overexertion by wielding						
246	836	Residential Care	3	1.1428	Bodily reaction, uns. 1; Contact with radiation			
		or caustics, by ingestion 1; Non classifiat						
247	631	Life Insurance	6		Aircraft accident 2; Motor vehicle accident,			
240	804	both in motion, oncoming 2; Fall onto wa						
248	806	wielding, holding, carrying objects 2; Corcaustics, by absorption 2; Accident type,	ntact with radia n.e.c. 2; Non cla	c. 2; Fall tion or ca assifiable	Overexertion by lifting objects 5; Struck by onto or against objects 2; Overexertion by ustics, by inhalation 2; Contact with radiation or 2; Fall from ladder 1; Fall into shaft, etc. 1; Fall ent, both in motion, oncoming 1; Explosions,			
249	612	Savings and Loan Associations Caught in, under, between, n.e.c. 1; Non o	3 classifiable 1;	1.0321	Caught in or under collapsing materials 1;			
250	367	Electronic Components and Accessories			Non classifiable 2; Overexertion by lifting			
		objects 1, Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1, Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation						
		1; Contact with radiation or caustics, n.e.						
251	892	Non commercial Research Organization	ns 1	1.0146	Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying			
262	727	objects 1;	s 4	0.0069	Character to Chairman things to be described.			
252	737	Computer and Data Processing Service			Struck by flying object 1; Motor vehicle g 1; Motor vehicle accident, stationary object in			
		roadway 1;	out in monor,	OHCOHILI	g 1, Motor venicle accident, stationary object in			
253	793	Bowling and Billiards	1	0.9903	Fall from ladder 1;			
254	345	Screw Machine Products, Bolts, etc.	i		Aircraft accident 1;			
255	614	Personal Credit Institutions	2		Non classifiable 2;			
256	807	Medical and Dental Labs	ī		Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation			
		1;						
257	616	Mortgage Bankers and Brokers oncoming 1;	1		Motor vehicle accident, both in motion,			
258	549	Miscellaneous Food Stores	2	U.9447	Overexertion by lifting objects 1; Motor vehicle			
259	366	accident, uns. 1; Communication Equipment	5	0.8000	Motor vehicle accident une 2: Steach by firms			
437	500				Motor vehicle accident, uns. 2; Struck by flying on by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1;			
260	232	Men's and Boys' Furnishings	3		Contact with electric current 1; Contact with			
_50		radiation or caustics, by inhalation 1; Moto						

Rank (Code	Industry	Deaths	Rate	Types of Injury or Illness
261	263	Paperboard Mills	3	0.8303	Struck by falling object 1; Contact with temp.
		extremes, hot objects 1; Motor vehicle ac	cident, uns. 1;		
262	801	Offices of Physicians	. 7.		Struck against, uns. 1; Struck by flying object
				by absor	ption 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, n.e.c.
0/2	800	1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1; Non classifiabl		0.7770	Charaka a animak akaki a ama a ki a a ka ka ka a
263	802	Offices of Dentists	3		Struck against stationary object 1; Motor
264	(21	vehicle accident, uns. 1; Motor vehicle ac			
264	671	Holding Offices Motor vehicle accident, vehicles moving	in intersection		Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Bodily reaction, uns. 1;
265	792	Orchestras and Entertainers	ar miteraection		Struck by, n.e.c. 2; Bodily reaction, uns. 1;
203	172	Motor vehicle accident, uns. 1;	7	0.7041	States by, n.e.c. 2, Bodily leaction, u.g. 1,
266	724	Barber Shops	1	0.6954	Explosions, uns. 1;
267	723	Beauty Shops	2		Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying
		objects 1; Contact with radiation or caust	ics, by inhalatio		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
268	835	Child Day Care Services	2		Struck by flying object 2;
269	363	Household Appliances	1		Explosions, uns. 1;
270	372	Aircraft and Parts	4	0.6329	Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying
		objects 1; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 1;	Explosions, un	s. I; Acc	ident type, n.e.c. 1;
271	893	Accounting and Auditing	2	0.5565	Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 1; Overexertion by
		wielding, holding, carrying objects 1;			
272	563	Women's Specialty Stores	ì		Struck by, n.e.c. 1;
273	808	Outpatient Care Facilities	1		Motor vehicle accident, uns. 1;
274	261	Pulp Mills	1		Fall from vehicle 1;
275	641	Insurance Agents, Brokers and Service			Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying
					ying object 1; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Fall from
					ng or pushing objects 1; Contact with radiation
					vehicle accident, both in motion, oncoming 1;
276	754	Motor vehicle accident, standing vehicle	on side of road 2		Control midt or disting an assetion but inhabitation
2/0	/34	Auto Services, Except Repair 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1;	2	0.4408	Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
277	862	Professional Organizations	1	0.4425	Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns. 1;
278	673	Trusts	i		Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 1;
279	581	Eating and Drinking Places	123		Struck by flying object 38; Overexertion by
					ing, holding, carrying objects 11; Struck by,
					lassifiable 5; Fall onto walkway, etc. 3; Motor
					2; Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects 2;
		Aircraft accident 2; Motor vehicle acciden	t, uns. 2; Moto	vehicle	accident, both in motion, uns. 2; Struck by
		falling object 1, Fall on stairs 1, Fall into	shaft, etc. 1; Fal	ll to lowe	r level, n.e.c. 1; Bodily reaction, uns. 1;
		Overexertion, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accide			
			ccident, non co	llision, u	s. 1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, ran
		off roadway 1; Exposure to noise, uns. 1;			
280	811	Legal Services	13		Struck by flying object 2; Overexertion by
					stairs 1; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 1; Bodily
		accident, other non collision 1; Accident t		ramation i	; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 1; Motor vehicle
281	866	Religious Organizations	12	0.2312	Accident type, n.e.c. 3; Overexertion by lifting
201	800				Il from scaffold, etc. 1; Fall on stairs 1; Contact
					Motor vehicle accident, non collision, sudden
		stop or start 1;		,,	······································
282	804	Health Practitioners Office	1	0.1283	Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying
		objects 1;			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
283	401	Railroads	1	0.0378	Train accident 1;
NA	013	Field Crops, except Cash Grains	6	NA	Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Fall onto walkway, etc. 1;
		Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects I	, Contact with	radiation	or caustics, by inhalation 1; Motor vehicle
		accident, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, v	ehicles moving	in inters	
NA	017	Fruits and Tree Nuts		NA	Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation
			ving and station	nary obje	cts 1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision,
		overturned 1; Non classifiable 1;	_		
NA	018	Horticultural Specialties	9	NA	Struck by, n.e.c. 5; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 1;
			Contact with n	adiation (or caustics, by inhalation 1; Accident type, n.e.c.
NTA	019	1;	•0	A7.4	Constant makes between a sec 2: Control
NA	019	General Farms, Crop Farms with electric current 5; Struck by falling of		NA reifiable	Caught in, under, between, n.e.c. 7; Contact
					n.e.c. 3; Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 2; Caught in,
		under, between, uns. 2; Contact with radia			
					bjects 1; Caught in running or meshing objects
					mp. extremes, general heat 1; Motor vehicle
		accident, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, v			

Rank (Code	Industry	Deaths	Rate	Types of Injury or Illness	
ÑA	019	General Farms, Crop Farms (Cont.)			Motor vehicle accident, stationary object, uns.	
					hicle accident, non collision, ran off roadway 1;	
NA	021	Livestock, except Dairy, etc.		NA	Struck by flying object 1; Fall from scaffold,	
	etc. 1; Contact with electric current 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 1; Motor vehicle a uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, vehicles moving in intersection 1; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, r					
		roadway 1, Non-highway vehicle accident				
NA	024	Dairy Farms	24	NA.	Caught in, under, between, n.e.c. 4; Contact	
			; Struck by fai		ct 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 2; Motor vehicle accident,	
					moving and stationary objects 1; Overexertion by	
					nt 1; Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects 1;	
					or vehicle accident, non collision, overturned 1;	
		Accident type, n.e.c. 1;	ton roadway	i, Non-iu	ghway vehicle accident, overturned vehicle 1;	
NA	027	Animal Specialties	2	NA	Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Contact with radiation or	
		caustics, n.e.c. 1;			(
NA	072	Crop Services	4	NA	Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 1; Contact with	
		electric current 1; Motor vehicle accident	, non collision			
NA	075	Animal Services, except Veterinary	, 3	NA	Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Fall onto or against objects	
374	004	1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion	i, oncoming 1;		Ai	
NA	085	Forestry Services	reen moving s	NA nd station	Aircraft accident 2; Motor vehicle accident, non ary objects 1; Motor vehicle accident, stationary	
		object, uns. 1;	CCII IIIO VIII E	in station	ary cojects 1, Motor verticle accident, stationary	
NA	105	Bauxite, Other Aluminum Ores	1	NA	Fall from scaffold, etc. 1;	
NA	106	Ferroalloy Ores, except Vanadium	9	NA	Struck by falling object 2; Caught in or under	
		collapsing materials 2; Contact with temp	extremes, ho	t objects 2	2; Fall into shaft, etc. 1; Caught between two or	
		more moving objects 1; Caught in, under				
NA	108	Metal Mining Services		NA	Aircraft accident 5; Struck against moving	
NA	109	object 1; Fall into shaft, etc. 1; Motor veh Miscellaneous Metal Ores	icie accident, i 3	non coms NA	on, overturned 1; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation	
MA	109	2; Contact with radiation or caustics, n.e.		IVA	Contact with ladiation of caustics, by Bullatation	
NA	141	Dimension Stone	,	NA	Struck by falling object 1; Accident type, n.e.c.	
		1;				
NA	149	Miscellaneous Nonmetallic Minerals	32	NA	Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation	
		30; Struck by falling object 1; Motor vehi				
NA	214	Tobacco Stemming, Redrying object 1; Fall onto walkway, etc. 1; Conta	4	NA	Struck by falling object 1; Struck by flying	
NA	266	Building Paper and Board Mills	ici wini tenip. t	NA	Fall from ladder 1; Contact with radiation or	
1424	200	caustics, by inhalation 1; Motor vehicle a				
NA	442	Deep Sea Domestic Transport	1	NA	Overexertion by pulling or pushing objects 1;	
NA	452	Non certified Air Transport	10	NA	Aircraft accident 9; Motor vehicle accident,	
		both in motion, same direction 1;				
NA	482	Telegraph Communication	1	NA	Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation	
NA	489	1; Communication Services, n.e.c.	2	NA	Aircraft accident 2;	
NA	497	Irrigation Systems	2	NA	Struck by falling object 1; Explosions, uns. 1;	
NA	559	Automotive Dealers, n.e.c.	8	NA	Aircraft accident 7; Motor vehicle accident,	
		both in motion, uns. 1;				
NA	593	Used Merchandise Stores		NA .	Struck by flying object 1; Struck by, n.e.c. 1;	
NA	601	Federal Reserve Banks	xertion by wie	NA NA	lding, carrying objects 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1; Struck by flying object 1;	
NA NA	605	Banking Functions	3	NA.	Struck by flying object 1; Struck by flying object 2; Motor vehicle	
	005	accident, both in motion, uns. 1;	-		State of Many object at Motor tenner	
NA	623	Security, Commodity Exchanges	1	NA	Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying	
		objects 1;				
NA	628	Security, Commodity Services	2	NA	Fall onto walkway, etc. 1; Contact with	
37.4		radiation or caustics, by inhalation 1;	2	27.4	Complete and a between a section of the state of	
NA	679	Miscellaneous Investing type, n.e.c. 1;	2	NA	Caught in, under, between, n.e.c. 1; Accident	
NA	729	Miscellaneous Personal Services	2	NA	Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Accident type, n.e.c. 1;	
NA	735	News Syndicates	ĩ	NA	Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation	
		1;	-			
NA	769	Miscellaneous Repair Shops	18	NA	Struck by falling object 2; Fall from scaffold,	
		etc. 2; Overexertion by wielding, holding,	carrying object	ts 2; Con	tact with temp. extremes, hot objects 2; Motor	
		vehicle accident, non collision, ran off roa				
					Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation	
NA	799	1; Aircraft accident 1; Motor vehicle accid Miscellaneous Recreational Services	ent, stationary 23	NA	Struck by falling object 3; Contact with electric	
					cident type, n.e.c. 2, Struck by flying object 1;	
		Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Fall from ladder 1; Fall			~ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Rank Code		Industry	Deaths	Rate	Types of Injury or Illness	
NA 799		Miscellaneous Recreational Services (Cont.) Caught between moving and stationary objects 1; Caught between two or more moving objects 1; Overexertion by lifting objects 1; Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 1; Overexertion, n.e.c. 1; Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects 1; Aircraft accident 1; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 1; Explosions, uns. 1; Non classifiable 1;				
NA	809	Health and Allied Services 1;	1	NA	Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation	
NA	829	Schools and Educational Services	4	NA	Aircraft accident 3; Struck by, n.e.c. 1;	
NA	841	Museums and Art Galleries objects 1;	1	NA	Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying	
NA	842	Offices of Dentists	ì	NA	Struck by, n.e.c. 1;	
NA 869		Membership Organizations, n.e.c. 12 NA Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalatic 2; Motor vehicle accident, non collision, overturned 2; Accident type, n.e.c. 2; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Caught in or under collapsing materials 1; Contact with temp. extremes, hot objects 1; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, oncoming 1; Motor vehicle accident, stationary object in roadway 1;				
NA	881	Private Households 6 NA Fall from vehicle 1; Overexertion by pulling of pushing objects 1; Overexertion, n.e.c. 1; Motor vehicle accident, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, uns. 1; Motor vehicle accident, both in motion, oncoming 1;				
NA	899	Services, n.e.c. overturned 2.	2	NA	Motor vehicle accident, non collision,	
NA	999	Non classifiable	42	NA	Motor vehicle accident, uns. 6;	
		Overexertion by wielding, holding, carrying objects 5; Overexertion by lifting objects 4; Contact with radiation or caustics, by inhalation 4; Accident type, n.e.c. 4; Fall onto walkway, etc. 3; Overexertion by pulling or pushing objects 3; Struck against stationary object 2; Struck by falling object 2; Explosions, uns. 2; Non classifiable 2; Struck against, uns. 1; Struck by flying object 1; Struck by, n.e.c. 1; Contact with electric current 1; Motor vehicle accident, stationary object, uns. 1;				

n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified uns. = unspecified

Appendix E

Bureau of Labor Statistics Job-Related Fatality Rates by Industry, 1979 Employers with 11 or More Employees

			Rate
	S.I.C.		per
Rank	Code	Description	100,000
1	241	Logging Camps and Contractors	123.87
2	179	Miscellaneous Special Contractors	70.34
3	138	Oil and Gas Field Services	68.73
4	178	Water Well Drilling	64.89
5	120	Bituminous Coal and Lignite	63.64
6	446	Water Transportation Services	58.95
7	080	Forestry	57.31
8	130	Oil and Gas Extraction	57.18
9	140	Nonmetal Minerals, except Fuels	53.26
10	161	Highway, Street Construction	53.19
11	440	Water Transportation	51.87
12	176	Roofing and Sheet Metal Work	51.16
13	160	Heavy Construction	45.73
14	162	Heavy Construction, except Highway	42.28
15	495	Sanitary Services	41.13
16	131	Crude Oil and Natural Gas	40.75
17	295	Paving and Roofing Materials	40.30
18	421	Trucking	34.81
19	100	Metal Mining	34.29
20	420	Trucking and Warehousing	33.01
21	172	Painting, Papering, Decorating	30.95
22	174	Masonry, Stonework, Plastering	30.91
23	170	Special Trade Contractors	30.64
24	327	Concrete and Plaster Products	29.98
25	478	Miscellaneous Transportation Services	28.34
26	240	Lumber and Wood Products	26.13
27	334	Secondary Nonferrous Metals	25.28
28	339	Miscellaneous Primary Metal Products	24.37
29	070	Agricultural Services	24.34
30	423	Trucking Terminal Facilities	23.86
31	242	Sawmills and Planing Mills	22.76
32	491	Electric Services	22.01
33	010-020	Agricultural Production	20.74
34 35	450 373	Transportation by Air	20.38
36	373 177	Ship and Boat Building and Repair Concrete Work	19.07
37	244	Wood Containers	18.65 18.41
38	400	Railroad Transportation	18.34
39	243	Millwork, Plywood, etc.	18.14
40	521	Lumber, Other Building Materials	17.87
41	490	Electric, Gas, Sanitary Services	17.78
42	171	Plumbing, Heating, Air Conditioning	17.72
43	154	Nonresidential Construction	17.60
44	510	Wholesale TradeNondurable Goods	17.40
45	150	General Building Contractors	16.07
46	325	Structural Clay Products	15.82
47	375	Motorcycles, Bicycles and Parts	15.58
48	152	Residential Building Construction	15.48
49	324	Cement, Hydraulic	15.41
50	331	Basic Steel Products	15.02
	•		

			Rate
	S.I.C.		per
Rank	Code	Description	100,000
51	290	Petroleum and Coal Products	14.91
52	204	Grain Mill Products	14.53
52	320	Stone, Clay and Glass Products	14.53
53	520	Building Materials and Garden Supplies	13.07
54	206	Confectionery Products	12.88
55	332	Iron and Steel Foundries	12.86
56	330	Primary Metal Industries	12.44
57	173	Electrical Work	12.38
58	460	Pipe Lines, except Natural Gas	12.00
59	287	Agricultural Chemicals	11.81
60	289	Miscellaneous Chemical Products	11.79
61	263	Paperboard Mills	11.77
62	245	Wood Buildings, Mobile Homes	11.76
63	890	Miscellaneous Services	11.56
64	207	Fats and Oils	11.51
65	329	Nonmetallic Mineral Products	11.23
66	311	Leather Tanning and Finishing	11.06
67	291	Petroleum Refining	10.94
68	328	Cut Stone and Stone Products	10.70
69	410	Local and Interurban Transit	10.18
70	203	Preserved Fruits and Vegetables	10.08
71	344	Structural Metal Products	10.00
72	352	Farm and Garden Machinery	9.81
73	153	Operative Builders	9.80
74	353	Construction Machinery	9.67
75 75	202	Dairy Products Boot, Shoe Cut Stock, Findings	9.42
75 76	313 333	Primary Nonferrous Metals	9.42
77	229	Miscellaneous Textile Goods	9.31
78	500	Wholesale TradeDurable Goods	9.10 9.01
78 79	335	Nonferrous Rolling and Drawing	9.01 8.54
80	480	Communication	8.47
81	209	Foods and Kindred Products	8.39
82	348	Ordnance and Accessories	8.24
83	271	Newspapers	8.08
84	379	Miscellaneous Transportation Equipment.	7.99
85	200	Food and Kindred Products	7.97
86	249	Miscellaneous Wood Products	7.94
87	272	Periodicals	7.58
88	262	Paper Mills, except Building Paper	7.09
89	590	Miscellaneous Retail Stores	7.01
90	323	Products of Purchased Glass	6.96
91	205	Bakery Products	6.91
92	175	Carpentering and Flooring	6.90
93	276	Manifold Business Forms	6.88
93	422	Public Warehousing	6.88
94	282	Plastics, Synthetic Materials	6.75
95	316	Luggage	6.71
96	261	Pulp Mills	6.53
97	769	Miscellaneous Repair Shops	6.24
98	540	Food Stores	5.95
99	391	Jewelry, Silverware, etc.	5.92
100	550	Auto Dealers and Service Stations	5.84
101	343	Plumbing and Heating, except Electric	5.70
102	730	Business Services	5.47
103	340	Fabricated Metal Products	5.37

			Rate
	S.I.C.		per
Rank	Code	Description	100,000
104	280	Chemicals and Allied Products	5,23
105	470	Transportation Services	5.16
106	355	Special Industry Machinery	5.13
107	201	Meat Products	5.00
108	301	Tires and Inner Tubes	4.97
109	302	Rubber and Plastic Footwear	4.91
110	393	Musical Instruments	4.67
111	260	Paper and Allied Products	4.59
112	270	Printing and Publishing	4,56
113	760	Miscellaneous Repair Services	4.51
114	277	Greeting Card Publishing	4.49
115	700	Hotels and Lodging Places	4.48
116	304	Rubber and Plastic Hose and Belting	4.34
116	347	Metal Services, n.e.c.	4.34
118	370	Transportation Equipment	4.25
119	630	Insurance Carriers	4.24
120	350	Machinery, except Electrical	4.20
121	750	Auto Repair, Services, Garages	4.13
122	374	Railroad Equipment	4.04
123	259	Miscellaneous Furniture, Fixtures	4.03
124	253	Public Building Furniture	4.02
125	226	Textile Finishing, except Wool	3,95
126	322	Glasswear, Pressed or Blown	3.93
127	265	Paperboard Containers	3.88
128	356	General Industry Machinery	3.82
129	349	Miscellaneous Metal Products	3.65
130	640	Insurance Agents, Brokers, Services	3.64
131	286	Industrial Organic Chemicals	3.55
132	300	Rubber and Miscellaneous Plastic Prod.	3.53
133	570	Furniture and Home Furnishings	3.40
134	650	Real Estate	3.38
135	359	Miscellaneous Machinery, except Electrical	3.36
136	227	Floor Covering Mills	3.34
137	251	Household Furniture	3.32
138	285	Paints and Allied Products	3.10
139	284	Soap, Cleaners and Toilet Goods	3.08
140	208	Beverages	3.07
141	307	Miscellaneous Plastics Products	3.06
142	580	Eating and Drinking Places	3.05
143	820	Educational Services	2.88
144	250	Furniture and Fixtures	2.85
145	275	Commercial Printing	2.74
146	720	Personal Services	2.67
147	382	Measuring and Controlling Devices	2.66
148	306	Fabricated Rubber Products	2.65
149	390	Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	2.59
150	211	Cigarettes	2.58
151	281	Industrial and Inorganic Chemicals	2.53
152	399	Miscellaneous Manufactures	2.49
153	220	Textile Mill Products	2.45
154	225	Knitting Mills	2.42
155	346	Metal Forgings and Stampings	2.41
155	371	Motor Vehicles and Equipment	2.41
156	342	Cutlery, Hand Tools, Hardware	2.32
157	384	Medical Instruments, Supplies	2.28
158	780	Motion Pictures	2 22

			Rate
	S.I.C.		per
Rank	Code	Description	100,000
159	357	Office and Computing Machines	2.06
159	362	Electrical Industrial Apparatus	2.06
159	610	Credit Agencies, except Banks	2.06
160	354	Metal Working Machinery	2.04
161	396	Costume Jewelry and Notions	2.03
162	372	Aircraft and Parts	1.92
163	364	Electric Lighting and Wiring Equipment.	1.89
164	239	Miscellaneous Fabricated Textiles	1.88
165	310	Leather and Leather Products	1.84
166	345	Bolts, Screw Machine Products	1.81
167	236	Children's Outerwear	1.76
168	380	Instruments and Related Products	1.70
169	361	Electric Distributing Equipment.	1.69
170	210	Tobacco Manufactures	1.66
171	394	Toys and Sporting Goods	1.61
172	228	Yarn and Thread Mills	1.53
173	231	Men's and Boys' Suits and Coats	1.45
174	221	Weaving Mills, Cotton	1.30
175	341	Metal Shipping Containers	1.24
176	367	Electronic Components, Accessories	1.19
177	360	Electric and Electronic Equipment.	1.18
177	363	Household Appliances	1.18
178	830	Social Services	1.14
179	358	Refrigeration, Service Machinery	1.12
180	336	Nonferrous Foundries	1.08
181	376	Guided Missiles, etc. and Parts	0.93
182	366	Communication Equipment	0.78
182	386	Photographic Equipment and Supplies	0.78
183	600	Banking	0.74
184	790	Amusement and Recreation Services.	0.69
185	800	Health Services	0.64
186	230	Apparel and Other Textile Prod	0.63
187	369	Electrical Equipment and Supplies	0.59
188	530	General Merchandise Stores	0.56
189	264	Miscellaneous Converted Paper Prod	0.48
190	233	Women's and Misses' Outerwear	0.28
191	560	Apparel and Accessory Stores	0.18

Footnote to Appendix E: The BLS did not supply death rates for the following industries.

090 Fishing, Hunting, and Trapping; 110 Anthracite Mining; 212 Cigars; 213 Chewing and Smoking Tobacco; 214 Tobacco Stemming, Redrying; 222 Weaving Mills, Synthetics; 223 Weaving Mills, Wool; 224 Narrow Fabric Mills; 232 Men's and Boys' Furnishings; 234 Women's and Children's Underwear; 235 Hats, Caps, and Millinery-; 238 Miscellaneous Apparel and Accessories; 252 Office Furniture; 254 Partitions and Fixtures; 266 Building Paper and Board Mills; 273 Books; 274 Miscellaneous Publishing-; 278 Blankbooks and Book Binding; 279 Printing Trade Services; 299 Miscellaneous Petroleum and Coal Prod.; 303 Reclaimed Rubber; 314 Footwear, except Rubber; 315 Leather Gloves and Mittens; 317 Handbags and Leather Goods; 319 Leather Goods, n.e.c.; 321 Flat Glass; 326 Pottery and Related Products; 351 Engines and Turbines; 365 Radio and TV Receiving Equipment; 381 Scientific Instruments; 383 Optical Instruments and Lenses; 385 Ophthalmic Goods; 387 Watches, Clocks and Watchcases; 395 Office and Art Supplies; 620 Security, Commodity Services; 840 Museums, Botanical Gardens, Zoos.

Appendix F 269

Appendix F

Occupations with Zero Deaths

003 Computer programmers; 006 Aeronautical engineers; 014 Mechanical engineers; 015 Materials engineers;

- 021 Petroleum engineers; 022 Sales engineers; 024 Farm management advisors;
- 026 Home management advisors; 032 Librarians; 033 Archivists and curators; 034 Actuaries;
- 035 Mathematicians; 036 Statisticians; 043 Space scientists; 052 Marine scientists;
- 054 Life and physical scientists; 061 Chiropractors; 062 Dentists; 063 Optometrists; 071 Podiatrists;
- 073 Health practitioners, nec; 074 Dieticians; 076 Therapists; 080 Clinical lab technicians;
- 081 Dental hygienists; 082 Health record technologists and technicians; 083 Radiologic technicians;
- 085 Health technicians, nec; 090 Religious workers, nec; 091 Economists; 092 Political scientists;
- 093 Psychologists; 094 Sociologists; 095 Urban and regional planners; 096 Social scientists, nec;
- 102 Agriculture teachers; 103 Ecological science teachers; 104 Biology teachers; 105 Chemistry teachers;
- 110 Physics teachers; 111 Engineering teachers; 112 Mathematics teachers; 113 Health specialties teachers;
- 114 Psychology teachers; 116 Economics teachers; 120 History teachers; 121 Sociology teachers;
- 122 Social science teachers, nec; 123 Teachers of the arts; 125 Education teachers; 126 English teachers;
- 130 Foreign language teachers; 131 Home economics teachers; 132 Law teachers; 133 Theology teachers;
- 134 Trade and technical teachers; 135 Misc. college teachers; 143 Preschool teachers;
- 151 Chemical technicians; 155 Mech.engineering technicians; 156 Mathematical technicians;
- 64 Air traffic controllers; 165 Embalmers; 170 Flight engineers; 172 Tool programmers; 175 Actors;
- 181 Authors; 182 Dancers; 185 Musicians and composers; 191 Photographers; 193 Radio and TV announcers;
- 221 Ship officers and pilots; 224 Mail superintendents; 226 Railroad conductors; 261 Auctioneers;
- 262 Demonstrators; 264 Hucksters and peddlers; 285 Sales wkrs, svcs & constrctn; 303 Billing clerks;
- 311 Clerks, social welfare; 313 Collectors, bill and account; 330 Library attendants;
- 331 Mail carriers, post office; 341 Bookkeeping machine operator; 342 Calculating machine operator;
- 343 Computer operators; 344 Duplicating machine operator; 345 Key punch operatiors;
- 350 Tabulating machine operators; 360 Payroll clerks; 361 Postal clerks; 362 Proofreaders;
- 363 Real estate appraisers; 370 Secretaries, legal; 376 Stenographers; 382 Teacher aides, exc. monitors;
- 384 Telegraph operators; 385 Telephone operators; 391 Typists; 403 Blacksmiths; 405 Bookbinders;
- 411 Apprentice masons; 423 Printing trades apprentices; 425 Decorators, window dressers;
- 426 Dental laboratory technician; 434 Electrotyper or stereotyper; 444 Furriers; 446 Heat treaters;
- 450 Inspectors; log and lumber; 454 Job and die setters; metal; 455 Locomotive engineers;
- 456 Locomotive firemen; 462 Machinist apprentices; 474 Auto mechanic apprentices;
- 475 Data processing mach. repair; 486 R.R. and car shop mechanics; 501 Millers; 504 Molder apprentices;
- 505 Motion picture projectionist; 506 Opticians and lens grinders; 512 Paperhangers;
- 514 Model makers, exc. paper; 515 Photo- or litho- engraving; 516 Piano tuning and repair;
- 521 Plasterer apprentices; 525 Power station operators; 531 Pressmen apprentices;
- 533 Metal rollers and finishers; 540 Shipfitters; 542 Shoe repairmen; 543 Sign painters and letterers;
- 562 Apprentice tool & die makers; 580 Former Armed Forces members; 604 Bottling & canning operators;
- 613 Dressmakers, except factory; 620 Dyers; 625 Non-farm produce graders; 626 Heaters, metal;
- 630 Laundry & cleaning operators; 636 Milliners; 653 Precision machine operators; 661 Sailors and deckhands;
- 665 Solderers; 670 Carders, lappers, combers; 672 Spinners and winders; 673 Weavers;
- 701 Boatmen and canalmen; 712 Railroad brakemen; 713 Railroad switchmen; 752 Fishermen and oystermen;
- 824 Self-employed farm workers; 923 Health trainees; 924 Lay midwives; 940 Board & lodging housekeepers;
- 941 Bootblacks; 944 Hairdressing & cosmetology; 945 Personal service apprentices; 952 School monitors;
- 953 Ushers; 980 Child care, private home; 981 Cooks, private household; 983 Laundresses, private home;

Appendix G

Ranking of Occupations with Five or More Deaths

New		Occupation	Table 4.1	Rate	Number
	Cada	Description		per	of
			Rank	100,000	Deaths
1	546	Stone cutters and carvers	1	297.22	11
2	761	Lumbermen, raftsmen, etc.	3	94.94	61
3	710	Motormen; logging,mine, etc.	4	94.25	7
4	163 603	Airplane pilots	5	89.63	47
5	780	Blasters and powdermen	6	84.88	5
6 7	601	Miscellaneous laborers Asbestos workers	7	76.16	120
8	605	Aspestos workers Surveying assistants	10	61.20	21
8 9	614	Drillers, earth	11	55.95	5
10	961	Firemen and fire protection	12 13	54.53	20
11	550	Structural metal craftsmen	14	51.38 49.84	77 27
12	433	Electric power linemen	15	44.35	34
13	754	Garbage collectors	16	40.42	3 4 19
14	640	Miners, nec	17	39.70	59
15	173	Technicians, nec	18	39.53	39 1
16	495	Not specified mechanics	19	39.17	26
17	715	Truck drivers	21	38.76	489
18	714	Taxi drivers and chauffeurs	22	37.23	40
19	404	Boilermakers	23	37.10	9
20	751	Construction laborers	25	32.89	173
21	821	Farm foremen	27	32.49	7
22	642	Greasers, except auto	29	30.74	8
23	785	Not specified laborers	31	28.47	61
24	412	Bulldozer operators	32	28.39	20
25	965	Sheriffs and bailiffs	33	27.94	13
26	503	Molders, metal	34	26.07	9
27	666	Stationary firemen	37	23.25	11
28	436	Excavating machine operators	40	21.58	62
29	492	Miscellaneous mechanics	42	20.35	34
30	051	Geologists	43	19.30	6
31	802	Farm managers	44	19.29	5
32	695	Not specified operatives	45	18.34	22
33	534	Roofers and slaters	46	18.21	17
34	964	Policemen and detectives	47	18.09	61
35	424	Crane and derrick operators	48	17.68	17
36	502	Millwrights	50	17.40	12
37 38	750 705	Carpenters' helpers	51	17.22	7
38 39	703 571	Deliverymen and routemen	52	16.63	64
40	931	Craft workers, nec Airline stewardesses	53	15.74	7
40	535	Sheetmetal workers	54	15.70	5
41	662	Sawvers	55	15.41	16
43	402	Bakers	56 59	15.00	12
43	694	Miscellaneous operatives	60	13.70	13
45	522	Plumbers and pipe fitters	61	13.44	69
46	623	Gas station attendants	62	13.08 13.05	40
47	622	Furnace & smelter operators	65	12.57	30
48	441	Foremen	68	11.72	5 137
49	822	Farm laborers, wage workers	70	11.72	73
50	510	Painters, construction	70	11.02	75 35
51	962	Guards and watchmen	73	10.86	44
52	231	Sales managers	74	10.75	25
53	932	Recreation attendants	75	10.67	12
					• •

				Rate	Number
New		Occupation	Table 4.1	per	of
Rank	Code	Description	Rank	100,000	Deaths
54	452	Inspectors	77	10.59	10
55	770	Warehousemen	78	10.48	19
56	333	Messengers and office boys	79	10.40	7
57	430	Electricians	82	9.90	43
58 59	410 545	Brickmasons and stonemasons	83 84	9.80	11
60	641	Stationary engineers Mixing operatives	87	9.56 9.20	12 5
61	753	Freight & material handlers	90	9.20 8.91	44
62	612	Cutting operatives, nec	91	8.86	15
63	554	Telephone linemen	92	8.82	5
64	651	Grinding machine operative	94	8.14	7
65	903	Janitors and sextons	95	8.14	75
66	023	Engineers, nec	97	8.03	12
67	633	Meat cutters, manufacturing	99	7.93	5
68	933	Personal svc attendants, nec	100	7.88	5
69	485	Radio and TV mechanics	101	7.61	6
70	621	Filers, polishers, sanders	102	7.52	6
71	703	Bus drivers	103	7.52	18
72	652	Milling machine operatives	105	7.09	5
73	233	Sales managers, exc. retail	107	7.02	1 7
74	415	Carpenters	108	6.93	54
75	764	Vehicle & equipment cleaners	109	6.83	8
76	690	Misc. machine operators	111	6.55	58
77	755	Gardeners and groundskeepers	114	6.41	28
78	706	Fork lift operators	116	6.19	15
79	245	Mgrs and administrators, nec	120	5.94	254
80	045	Chemists	123	5.71	5
81	902	Cleaners and charwomen	126	5.47	34
82	473	Automobile mechanics	128	5.44	38
83	481	Heavy equipment mechanics	130	5.40	35
84	530	Pressmen and plate printers	136	5.08	6
85	692	Machine operators, nec	137	5.05	11
86	680 240	Welders and flame-cutters	138	5.04	23
87 88	950	Elem. school administrators Housekeepers, exc. pvt home	139 140	5.04 5.03	10 5
89	230	Restaurant and bar managers	140	4,90	23
90	470	Air conditioning mechanics	144	4.86	23 7
91	326	Insurance adjusters	145	4.85	6
92	216	Building mgrs and supers	149	4.58	5
93	222	Public administration, nec	150	4,44	13
94	162	Engineering technicians, nec	152	4.24	7
95	631	Meat cutters, exc. mfg	157	3.93	5
96	910	Bartenders	159	3.80	8
97	013	Industrial engineers	166	3.37	5
98	145	Teachers, exc. college, nec	169	3.24	5
99	913	Dishwashers	173	2.98	5
100	552	Telephone installers	177	2.90	6
101	381	Stock clerk or storekeeper	178	2.87	10
102	031	Lawyers	179	2.75	10
103	762	Stock handlers	181	2.66	17
104	265	Insurance agents	182	2.58	10
105	281	Sales reps, manufacturing	183	2.57	7
106	202	Bank officers	186	2.44	11
107	610	Manufacturing inspectors	194	2.18	11
108	461	Machinists	195	2.17	8
109	643	Packers, exc. meat & produce	198	1.99	8

New Rank	Code	Occupation Description	Table 4.1 Rank	Rate per 100,000	Number of Deaths
110	100	Social workers	199	1.97	5
111	395	Unspecified clerical workers	202	1.94	6
112	602	Assemblers	208	1.65	13
113	925	Nursing aides and orderlies	211	1.49	11
114	374	Shipping and receiving clerk	212	1.48	5
115	912	Cooks, exc. private home	215	1.45	13
116	282	Wholesale sales reps.	221	1.25	8
117	310	Cashiers	226	1.12	12
118	915	Waiters	231	1.04	10
119	801	Farmers	252	0.52	5
120	305	Bookkeepers	254	0.46	6
121	283	Sales clerks, retail trade	258	0.37	6
122	372	Secretaries, nec	260	0.29	7
NA	995	OCCUPATION NOT REPORTED	NA	NA	234
NA	280	Sales representatives, nec	NA	NA	95
NA	575	Craftsmen, nec	NA	NA	5
					=====

3755 TOTAL DEATHS

Appendix H

Industries with Zero Deaths

- 110 Anthracite Mining; 130 Oil and Gas Extraction; 160 Heavy Construction;
- 170 Special Trade Contractors: 200 Food and Kindred Products: 210 Tobacco Manufactures:
- 220 Textile Mill Products; 240 Lumber and Wood Products; 250 Furniture and Fixtures;
- 260 Paper and Allied Products; 270 Printing and Publishing; 280 Chemicals & Allied Products;
- 290 Petroleum and Coal Products; 330 Primary Metal Industries; 340 Fabricated Metal Products;
- 350 Machinery, Except Electrical; 360 Electric & Electronic Eqpt.; 370 Transportation Equipment;
- 380 Instruments & Rel. Products; 390 Misc. Mfg Industries; 400 Railroad Transportation;
- 600 Banking; 670 Holding, Investment Offices; 672 Invest.Offcs, Misc.Investing;
- 720 Personal Services; 750 Auto Repair, Services, Garages; 763 Watch & Misc. Repair Shops;
- 780 Motion Pictures; 911 Executive Offices; 912 Legislative Bodies;
- 913 Exec. & Legislative Offices; 919 General Government, nec; 920 Justice, Public Order, Safety;
- 921 Courts; 922 Public Order and Safety; 930 Finance, Tax, Monetary Policy;
- 931 Finance, Tax, Monetary Policy; 941 Admin. of Educational Pgms;
- 943 Admin. of Public Health Pgms; 944 Admin. Social, Manpower Pgms;
- 951 Environmental Quality; 953 Housing, Urban Development; 962 Regulation, Admin. of Trans.;
- 964 Regulation of Agric. Mktg; 965 Regulation Commercial Sectors; 971 National Security.

Appendix I

Ranking of Industries with Five or More Deaths

Rate Number

New SIC Industry Table 5.1 per Rank Code Description Rank 100,000 L	umber
1	of
2 328 Cut Stone and Stone Products 2 103.00429 3 412 Taxicabs 3 102.44616 4 101 Iron Ores 4 45.219638 5 142 Crushed and Broken Stone 5 37.105751 6 161 Highway, Street Construction 6 36.298349 7 147 Chemical and Fertilizer Minerals 7 35.195777 8 421 Trucking 8 32.84274 9 17 Miscellaneous Special Contractors 9 32.451323 10 103 Lead and Zinc Ores 10 30.508475 11 162 Heavy Construction, except Highway 11 30.08869 12 242 Sawmills and Planing Mills 12 28.882257 13 207 Fats and Oils 13 28.068385 14 311 Leather Tanning and Finishing 14 27.917365 15 Sanitary Services 15 27.277687 16 <th>Deaths</th>	Deaths
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12 242 Sawmills and Planing Mills 12 28.882257 13 207 Fats and Oils 13 28.066385 14 311 Leather Tanning and Finishing 14 27.917365 15 495 Sanitary Services 15 27.277687 16 551 New and Used Car Dealers 16 25.815705 17 172 Painting, Papering, Decorating 17 25.712025 18 144 Sand and Gravel 18 25.582717 19 327 Concrete and Plaster Products 19 24.654832 20 295 Paving and Roofing Materials 20 24.449878 21 176 Roofing and Sheet Metal Work 21 24.3814747 22 458 Air Transportation Services 22 23.398128 23 334 Secondary Nonferrous Metals 23 23.277467 24 331 Incordinates 24 23.106402 25 509 Miscellaneous Durable Goods 26 21.797536 26 493 Combination Utility Services	9
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47 245 Wood Buildings, Mobile Homes 51 11.114198 48 243 Millwork, Plywood, etc. 52 11.047689 49 651 Real Estate Operators 53 10.583767	16
48 243 Millwork, Plywood, etc. 52 11.047689 49 651 Real Estate Operators 53 10.583767	7
49 651 Real Estate Operators 53 10.583767	8
	24
50 517 Oil and Detailers Decision 54 10 560052	51
	23
51 411 Local and Suburban Transport 55 10.443258	9
52 173 Electrical Work 56 10.220304	45
53 526 Retail Garden Stores 57 10.204082	6

				Rate	Number
New	SIC	Industry	Table 5.1	per	of
Rank	Code	Description	Rank	100,000	Deaths
54	514	Groceries and Related Products	58	10.050251	69
55	251	Household Furniture	59	9.9920064	30
56	554	Gasoline Service Stations	60	9.9194994	52
57	281	Industrial and Inorganic Chemicals	61	9.7892058	15
58	289	Miscellaneous Chemical Products	62	9.7434232	9
59	415	School Buses	63	9.7122739	8
60	518	Beer, Wine, Distilled Liquors	64	9.6658382	14
61	751	Auto Rentals, without Drivers	65	9.5762509	12
62	519	Miscellaneous Non durable Goods	66	9.4510906	38
63	271	Newspapers	67	9.4341793	41
64	546	Retail Bakeries	68	9.3223378	13
65	471	Freight Forwarding	71	9.1274188	5
66	515	Farm-Product Raw Materials	72	9.0775784	13
67	208	Beverages	73	8.8640695	20
68	249	Miscellaneous Wood Products	74	8.8562753	7
69	252	Office Furniture	75	8.8354833	5
70	175	Carpentering and Flooring	76	8.8345226	13
71	226	Textile Finishing, except Wool	77	8.7899209	6
72	152	Residential Building Construction	78	8.721174	52
73	653	Real Estate Agents, Managers	79	8.4756326	34
74	399	Miscellaneous Manufactures	80	8.2800151	11
75	229	Miscellaneous Textile Goods	81	8.1819669	5
76	201	Meat Products	82	8.0692284	
77	794	Commercial Sports	83	7.976602	6
78	282	Plastics, Synthetic Materials	84	7,9605158	
79	336	Nonferrous Foundries	85	7.9176564	
80	762	Electrical Repair Shops	86	7.8046605	7
81	153	Operative Builders	87	7,7006006	5
82	347	Metal Services, n.e.c.	89	7.6038399	8
83	753	Automotive Repair Shops	90	7,4517563	29
84	138	Oil and Gas Field Services	92	7.3893901	24
85	451	Certified Air Transportation	93	7.2651319	32
86	291	Petroleum Refining	94	7.2074433	11
87	352	Farm and Garden Machinery	95	7.2014979	10
88	331	Basic Steel Products	98	6.9835766	29
89	863	Labor Organizations	99	6.9725282	10
90	353	Construction Machinery	100	6.8587106	22
91	504	Sporting, Toy, and Hobby Goods	101	6.8203519	5
92	286	Industrial Organic Chemicals	102	6.6909976	11
93	344	Structural Metal Products	103	6.5568223	31
94	821	Elementary, Secondary Schools	106	6.1915469	19
95	592	Liquor Stores	108	6.0569352	8
96	209	Foods and Kindred Products	109	6.048509	10
97	483	Radio and TV Broadcasting	111	5.9954803	13
98	572	Household Appliance Stores	113	5.9801459	5
99	553	Auto and Home Supply Stores	114	5.7893404	16
100	721	Laundry, Cleaning, etc. Services	115	5.78369	21
101	599	Retail Stores, n.e.c.	117	5.5946012	16
102	505	Metals and Minerals, except Oil	118	5.5424692	8
103	511	Paper and Paper Products	119	5,5353958	9
104	239	Miscellaneous Fabricated Textiles	120	5.5215063	10
105	734	Services to Buildings	122	5.4836199	31
106	355	Special Industry Machinery	124	5.4436581	10
107	491	Electric Services	125	5.255614	22

Appendix I (Cont.)

				Rate	Number
New	SIC	Industry	Table 5.1	per	of
Rank	Code	Description	Rank	100,000	Deaths
108	525	Hardware Stores	126	5.251411	3 8
109	703	Camps and Trailering Parks	127	5.198180	5 8
110	566	Shoe Stores	128	5.129783	5 10
111	508	Machinery, Equipment, and Supplies	130	5.0904852	2 69
112	346	Metal Forgings and Stampings	132	5.088261	3 13
113	351	Engines and Turbines	133	5.075712	76
114	203	Preserved Fruits and Vegetables	135	5.0289163	
115	265	Paperboard Containers	136	4.9830576	
116	506	Electrical Goods	137	4.9708523	
117	264	Miscellaneous Converted Paper Prod.	138	4.9135659	-
118	501	Motor Vehicles and Automotive Equip.	140	4.8603854	
119	521	Lumber, Other Building Materials	141	4.7786871	
120	307	Miscellaneous Plastics Products	142	4.7767848	
121	739	Miscellaneous Business Services	143	4.7695147	
122	233	Women's and Misses' Outerwear	144	4.7679992	
123 124	502 356	Furniture and Home Furnishings General Industry Machinery	145 146	4.5910169	
124	507	Hardware, Plumbing, Heating Equip.	148	4.4719642 4.444624	2 13 11
125	571	Home Furnishings Stores	149	4.4216714	
127	573	Radio, TV, and Music Stores	150	4.3572985	
128	284	Soap, Cleaners and Toilet Goods	151	4.1969782	
129	752	Automobile Parking	152	4.0584416	
130	358	Refrigeration,, Service Machinery	153	4.0317936	
131	561	Men's Clothing and Furnishings	154	3.9939292	
132	541	Grocery Stores	155	3.9401632	
133	516	Chemicals and Allied Products	156	3.9105271	
134	386	Photographic Equipment and Supplies	157	3.855942	5
135	342	Cutlery, Hand Tools, Hardware	158	3.8170367	6
136	225	Knitting Mills	159	3.7534015	8
138	731	Advertising	162	3.6027381	6
139	283	Drugs	164	3.5089478	
140	349	Miscellaneous Metal Products	168	3.3408502	
141	701	Hotels, Motels, Tourist Courts	175	3.1019569	
142	594	Miscellaneous Shopping Goods Stores	176	3.0677199	
143	335	Nonferrous Rolling and Drawing	179	3.0257186	
144	492	Gas Production and Distribution	180	3.0051689	
145	373	Ship and Boat Building and Repair	184	2.9359953	
146 147	371 362	Motor Vehicles and Equipment Electrical Industry Apparatus	186 191	2.9089621 2.7349804	23 6
147	621	Security Brokers and Dealers	197	2.6227215	
149	864	Civic and Social Associations	198	2.6205451	9
150	839	Social Services, n.e.c.	201	2.5682733	
151	832	Individual and Family Services	203	2.390724	6
152	633	Fire, Marine, and Casualty Insurance	207	2.2956362	
153	596	Nonstore Retailers	208	2.2542831	6
154	359	Misc. Machinery, except Electrical	211	2.1544759	_
155	481	Telephone Communication	214	2.1304008	
156	131	Crude Oil and Natural Gas	218	2.0674826	
157	275	Commercial Printing	219	2.0089734	
158	078	Landscape, Horticultural Services	220	1.9799802	
159	357	Office and Computing Machines	221	1.9764582	
160	121	Bituminous Coal and Lignite	223	1.9237203	23
161	562	Women's Ready-to-Wear Stores	229	1.6474917	6
162	736	Personnel Supply Services	231	1.5585593	11

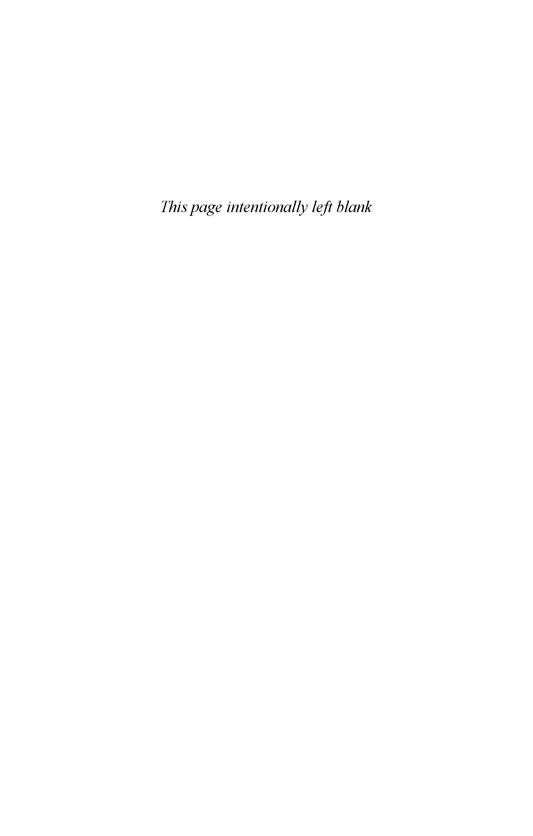
Appendix I (Cont.)

New Rank	SIC Code	Industry Description	Table 5.1 Rank	Rate per 100,000	Number of Deaths
163	602	Commercial, Stock Savings Banks	236	1.4226389	
		• •			
164	822	Colleges and Universities	238	1.3235391	
165	805	Nursing, Care Facilities	243	1.1866944	4 13
166	531	Department Stores	244	1.164169	22
167	591	Drug and Proprietary Stores	245	1.1587933	3 6
168	631	Life Insurance	247	1.1190063	3 6
169	806	Hospitals	248	1.0801544	4 31
170	367	Electrical Components, Accessories	250	1.0227738	8 6
171	366	Communication Equipment	259	0.899038	5
172	801	Offices of Physicians	262	0.8293446	5 7
173	641	Insurance Agents, Brokers Services	275	0.4970508	3 15
174	581	Eating and Drinking Places	279	0.4019293	3 123
175	811	Legal Services	280	0.3665689	13
176	866	Religious Organizations	281	0.2312183	3 12
NA	NA	Other	NA	n.d.	282
					======
					4524

NA = Not Available

n.d. = no data

n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified



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Accountants, 89, 195, 217, 247	Ai
Accounting, auditing, and	
bookkeeping, 157, 195, 235, 262	Aı
Actors, 220, 269	
Actuaries, 217, 269	Aı
Adult education teachers, 85, 188,	234
219, 245	Aı
,	Aı
Advertising, 145, 234, 258, 276	
Advertising agents, 78-79, 221,	Ap
243	
Aero and astronautical engineers,	Ap
217, 269	:
Agricultural chemicals, 133-34,	:
230, 255, 266	Ar
Agricultural scientists, 71, 217,	Ar
242	Ar
Agriculture teachers, 218, 269	Ar
Agriculture technicians, 82, 219,	
244	As
Air conditioning mechanics, 80,	
223, 243, 271	As
Air traffic controllers, 219, 269	As
Air transportation services, 19, 97,	2
98, 109-110, 232, 250, 274	At
Aircraft and parts, 157, 232, 262,	
268	Au
Aircraft mechanics, 82, 223, 244	Au
Airline stewardesses, 41, 59, 185,	Au
239, 270	2
207, 210	-

```
irplane pilots, 19, 28, 36, 41, 44,
185, 199, 210, 219, 236, 270
nimal caretakers, except farm,
80-81, 226, 244
nimal services, except
veterinary, 164, 263
nimal specialties, 164, 263
nthracite Mining, 268, 273
pparel, piece goods, notions,
113, 233, 251, 274
pparel and accessories,
miscellaneous, 134, 230, 255,
268
rchitects, 86, 217, 245
rchivists and curators, 269, 217
rrangement of transport, 150, 260
rtists and entertainers, 35, 87,
188, 246
sbestos workers, 20, 37, 46, 204,
210, 225, 236, 270
ssemblers, 86,189, 225, 245, 272
ssessors and controllers, 69, 220,
241
thletes and kindred workers, 8,
80, 188, 220, 243
uctioneers, 221, 269
uthors, 220, 269
uto accessories installers, 76,
222, 242
```

Auto and home supply stores, 134-35, 233, 256, 275

- Auto mechanic apprentices, 223, 269
- Auto rentals, without drivers, 98, 123-24, 234, 275, 253
- Auto Repair, Services, Garages, 267, 273
- Auto services, except repair, 158, 262
- Automobile body repairmen, 82, 223, 244
- Automobile mechanics, 39, 77-78, 223, 243, 271
- Automobile parking, 143-44, 258, 276
- Automotive dealers, n.e.c., 163, 263
- Automotive repair shops, 130, 234, 254, 275

Baggage porters and bellhops, 74, 228, 242

Bakers, 40, 210, 60, 222, 239, 270 Bakery products, 98, 117, 210,

229, 251, 266, 274
Bank officers 42, 84

Bank officers, 42, 84, 189, 220, 245, 271

Bank tellers, 41, 89, 189, 221, 246
Banking, 268, 273

Banking, 268, 273

Banking functions, 164, 263

Barber shops, 157, 234, 262

Barbers, 87, 228, 246

Bartenders, 82, 189, 198, 205, 211, 227, 244, 271

Basic steel products, 97, 131-32, 255, 266, 275

Bauxite, other aluminum ores, 165, 263

Beauty shops, 157, 234, 262

Beer, wine, distilled liquors, 123, 233, 253, 275

Beverages, 98, 125-26, 229, 253, 267,275

Billing clerks, 221, 269

Biological scientists, 84, 217, 245

Biology teachers, 218, 269

Bituminous coal and lignite, 9, 152-53, 208, 260, 265, 277

Biacksmiths, 222, 269

Blankbooks and book binding, 146, 230, 258, 268

Blast furnaces and basic steel products, 231

Blasters and powdermen, 20, 34, 36, 44-45, 94, 210, 225, 236, 270

Board and lodging housekeepers, 228, 269

Boat dealers, 154, 261

Boatmen and canalmen, 226, 269

Boilermakers, 40, 51, 204, 205, 222, 237, 270

Bookbinders, 222, 269

Bookkeepers, 90, 189, 195, 221, 247, 272

Bookkeeping and billing machine operators, 221, 269

Books, 97, 152, 230, 260, 268

Bootblacks, 228, 269

Bottling and canning operatives, 225, 269

Bowling and billiards, 156, 261

Brickmasons and stonemasons, 67, 222, 241, 271

Building managers and

superintendents, 81, 244, 271

Building paper and board mills, 164, 263, 268

Bulldozer operators, 54, 204, 222, 238, 270

Bus drivers, 71, 188, 226, 241-42, 271

Busboys, 89, 246

Business associations, 151, 234, 260

- Business credit institutions, 150, 234, 260
- Business services, miscellaneous, 97, 141-42, 234, 257, 267, 276
- Business teachers, 78, 219, 243
- Buyers, farm products, 40, 55, 220, 238
- Buyers, wholesale and retail, 55, 220, 245
- Cabinetmakers, 76, 222, 242 Calculating machine operator, 221, 269
- Camps and trailering parks, 137, 256, 276
- Carders, lappers, combers, 226, 269
- Carpenter apprentices, 35, 63, 222, 240
- Carpentering and flooring, 126, 229, 254, 266, 275
- Carpenters, 72, 222, 242, 271
- Carpenters' helpers, 58-59, 226, 239, 270
- Carpet installers, 76, 222, 243
- Cashiers, 41, 88, 189, 221, 246, 272
- Cement, hydraulic, 145, 231, 258, 266
- Cement and concrete finisher, 73, 223, 242
- Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries, (CFOI), 19-20, 41, 171-73, 195, 200, 207-208, 211-13
- Certified air transportation, 130, 255, 275
- Chemical and fertilizer minerals, 95, 102, 229, 248, 274
- Chemical engineers, 84, 217, 245 Chemical products, miscellaneous,
- 97, 123, 230, 253, 266, 275
- Chemical technicians, 219, 269

Chemicals and allied products, 144-45, 233, 258, 267, 273, 276 Chemistry teachers, 218, 269 Chemists, 76, 188, 211, 217, 243,

Chemists, 76, 188, 211, 217, 243, 271

- Chewing and smoking tobacco, 151, 260, 268
- Child care, except private home, 59, 228, 246
- Child care, private home, 269
- Child care workers, except private household, 189, 228
- Child care workers, private household, 228
- Child day care services, 157, 262
- Children's Outerwear, 230, 268
- Chiropractors, 218, 269
- Cigarettes, 18, 97, 143, 229, 257, 267
- Cinema distribution and services, 148, 259
- Cinema production and services, 150, 260
- Civic and social associations, 150, 235, 259, 276
- Civil engineers, 82, 217, 244
- Cleaners and charwomen, 76-77, 188, 243, 271
- Clergymen, 88, 218, 246
- Clerical supervisors, n.e.c., 89, 221, 247
- Clerical workers, miscellaneous, 90, 189, 222, 247
- Clerical workers, unspecified, 18, 86, 189, 203, 245, 272
- Clinical lab technicians, 218, 269
- Clothing ironers, 79, 188, 225, 243 Coaches and P.E. teachers, 93,
- 219, 242
- Collectors, bill and account, 221, 269
- College administrators, 88, 246
- College teachers, n.e.c., 42, 68, 241

- Colleges and universities, 154, 234, 261, 277
- Combination utility services, 111, 232, 250, 274
- Commercial and stock savings banks, 154, 233, 261, 277
- Commercial printing, 152, 230, 260, 267, 276
- Commercial sports, 128, 254, 275 Communication equipment, 156-
- 57, 232, 262, 268, 277
- Communication services, n.e.c., 164, 263
- Compositors and typesetters, 89, 223, 246
- Computer and data processing services, 156, 234, 261
- Computer and peripheral equip operators, 222, 269
- Computer programmers, 217, 269
- Computer specialists, n.e.c., 83, 217, 244
- Computer systems analysts, 89, 188, 217, 246
- Concrete and plaster products, 97, 108-109, 231, 249-250, 265, 274
- Concrete work, 112, 250, 265, 274
- Confectionery products, 97-98, 117, 210-11, 251, 266, 274
- Construction inspectors, 62, 220, 240
- Construction laborers, 12, 14, 27, 36-37, 40, 52-53, 94, 188, 204, 206-07, 213, 226, 237, 270
- Construction machinery, 132, 231, 255, 266, 275
- Converted paper products, miscellaneous, 140, 230, 257, 268, 276
- Cooks, except private home, 87, 189, 205, 227, 246, 272
- Cooks, private household, 228, 269
- Copper ores, 229

Correspondence and vocational schools, 146, 234, 258

- Costume jewelry and notions, 151, 232, 260, 268
- Counter clerks, except food, 86, 221, 245
- Craft workers, n.e.c., 59, 225, 239, 270
- Craftsmen, n.e.c., 92, 189, 247, 272
- Crane and derrick operators, 58, 185, 188, 204-05, 223, 239, 270
- Credit men, 80, 220, 244
- Crop services, 164, 263
- Crossing guards, 74, 188, 242
- Crude oil and natural gas, 152, 229, 260, 265, 276
- Crushed and broken stone, 94-95, 101, 210, 229, 248, 274
- Cut stone and stone products, 94, 100-101, 248, 266, 274
- Cutlery, hand tools, hardware, 145, 231, 258, 268, 276
- Cutting operatives, n.e.c., 69, 225, 241, 271
- Dairy farms, 161, 263
- Dairy products, 98, 116-17, 210-11, 229, 251, 274, 266
- Dairy products stores, 135, 233, 256
- Dancers, 220, 269
- Data processing machine repairers, 223, 269
- Decorators and window dressers, 223, 269
- Deep sea domestic transport, 165, 263
- Deliverymen and routemen, 40, 59, 226, 239, 270
- Demonstrators, 221, 269
- Dental assistants, 88, 189, 227, 246

Dental hygienists, 218, 269 Dental laboratory technician, 223, 269 Dentists, 218, 269 Dentists, offices of, 157, 165, 234, 262, 264 Department stores, 155, 223, 261, Designers, 87, 220, 246 Dieticians, 218, 269 Dimension stone, 164, 263 Dishwashers, 83, 188, 211, 227, 244, 271 Draftsmen, 86, 219, 245 Dressmakers, except factory, 225, Drill press operatives, 83, 226, 245 Drillers, earth, 14, 37, 46-47, 94-95, 188, 204, 206, 210, 225, 236, 270 Drug and proprietary stores, 55, 214, 223, 261, 277 Drugs, 97, 180, 146, 230, 233, 258, 276 Dry wall installers, 80, 225, 243 Duplicating machine operator, 222, 269 Durable goods, miscellaneous, 98, 110-11, 233, 250, 274 Dyers, 225, 269

Eating and drinking places, 27, 97, 158-59, 262, 267, 277
Economics teachers, 42, 219, 269
Economists, 218, 269
Editors and reporters, 83, 220, 244
Education teachers, 219, 269
Electric and Electronic Equipment, 268, 273
Electric distributing equipment, 150, 231, 260, 268
Electric lighting and wiring

equipment, 231, 261, 268

Electric power linemen, 38, 47-48, 204, 223, 236, 270 Electric services, 137, 232, 256, 265, 276 Electrical engineering technicians, 89, 219, 247 Electrical engineers, 87, 206, 211, 217, 246 Electrical equipment and supplies, 153, 232, 260, 268 Electrical goods, 140, 233, 257, 276 Electrical industrial apparatus, 149, 231, 259, 268, 276 Electrical lighting and wiring equipment, 154, 231 Electrical repair shops, 97, 129, 234, 254, 275 Electrical work, 97-98, 121, 229, 252, 266, 275 Electrician apprentices, 35, 55, 223, 238 Electricians, 13, 22, 66-67, 206-207, 223, 240-41, 271 Electronic components and accessories, 156, 232, 261, 268 Electrotyper or stereotyper, 223, 269 Elementary, secondary schools, 133, 234, 255, 275 Elementary school administrators, 42, 79, 243 Elementary school teachers, 90, 219, 247 Elevator operators, 20, 39, 49, 205, 228, 237 Embalmers, 219, 269 Engineering, architectural services, 145, 235, 258 Engineering teachers, 218, 269 Engineering technicians, n.e.c., 81, 188, 219, 244, 271 Engineers, n.e.c., 70, 185, 188, 217, 241, 271

- Engines and turbines, 139, 231, 257, 268, 276
- English teachers, 42, 219, 269 Engravers, except photo, 60, 223, 239
- Enumerators and interviewers, 85, 221
- Estimators and investigators, 89, 221, 246
- Excavating, grading and road machine operators, except bulldozer, 41, 55-56, 204, 222, 223, 238, 270
- Expediters, 84, 221, 245
- Fabricated Metal Products, 267, 273
- Fabricated rubber products, 149, 23, 2311, 259, 267
- Fabricated textiles, miscellaneous, 136, 230, 256, 268, 275
- Family clothing stores, 157, 233, 260
- Farm and garden machinery, 131, 231, 255, 266, 275
- Farm foremen, 41, 53, 198, 237, 270
- Farm implement mechanics, 78, 223, 243
- Farm laborers, wage workers, 41, 63-64, 189, 198, 211, 227, 240, 270
- Farm management advisors, 217, 269
- Farm managers, 57, 227, 238, 270 Farm-product raw materials, 125, 253, 275
- Farmers, 41, 89, 198, 200, 203, 206, 209, 227, 247, 272
- Fats and oils, 96, 106-107, 198, 210, 229, 249, 266, 274
- Federal Reserve Banks, 165, 263

Ferroalloy ores, except vanadium, 162-63, 263

- Field crops, except cash grains, 163, 199, 262
- File clerks, 89, 189, 221, 247
- Filers, polishers, sanders, 71, 225, 241, 271
- Fire, marine, and casualty insurance, 150-51, 234, 260, 276
- Firemen and fire protection, 47, 228, 236, 270
- Flat Glass, 231, 268
- Flight engineers, 219, 269
- Floor covering mills, 153, 229, 260, 267
- Floor layers, except tile, 74, 223, 242
- Food counter workers, 89, 227, 247
- Food service workers, n.e.c., 88, 227, 246
- Food stores, miscellaneous, 156, 262, 266
- Foods and kindred products, 134, 229, 255, 266, 275
- Footwear, except rubber, 146, 231, 259, 268
- Foreign language teachers, 219, 269
- Foremen, 62-63, 211, 240, 270
- Foresters, 80, 188, 217, 243
- Forestry services, 13, 15, 18, 22, 163, 204-205, 207-208, 263, 265
- Forgemen and hammermen, 62, 223, 239
- Fork lift operators, 74, 226, 242, 271
- Former member of the armed forces, 225, 269
- Freight and material handlers, 68, 188, 227, 241, 271
- Freight forwarding, 125, 232, 253, 275

- Fruit and vegetable markets, 146-47, 259
- Fruits and tree nuts, 163, 263 Fuel and ice dealers, 112, 233, 250, 274
- Funeral directors, 22, 82, 220, 244 Funeral service, crematories, 136, 234, 256
- Fur goods, 125, 253
- Furnace and smelter operators, 62, 225, 240, 270
- Furniture, fixtures, miscellaneous, 146, 230, 259, 267, 273
- Furniture and home furnishings, 142, 232, 257, 267, 276
- Furniture and wood finishers, 68, 223, 241
- Furriers, 223, 269
- Garbage collectors, 38, 48, 204, 210-11, 227, 236-37, 270
- Gardeners and groundskeepers, 74, 227, 242, 271
- Gas production and distribution, 148, 232, 259, 276
- Gas station attendants, 40-41, 61-62, 188, 210-11, 239, 270
- Gasoline service stations, 47-48, 122-23, 233, 253, 275
- General farms, crop farms, 159-60, 263
- General industry machinery, 97, 142-43, 231, 257, 267, 276
- General merchandise stores, 148, 233, 259, 268
- Geologists, 40, 57, 188, 210, 217, 238, 270
- Glasswear, pressed or blown, 149, 231, 259, 267
- Glaziers, 67, 223, 241
- Gold and silver ores, 129, 254
- Graders and sorters, 90, 225, 241

- Grain mill products, 118, 229, 252, 266, 274
- Greasers, except auto, 40, 53, 204, 210, 238, 270
- Grinding machine operative, 69, 226, 241, 271
- Groceries and related products, 121-22, 233, 252, 275
- Grocery stores, 97, 144, 233, 258, 276
- Guards and watchmen, 65, 188, 205, 228, 240, 270
- Guided missiles, space vehicles and parts, 232, 268
- Hairdressers and cosmetologists, 228, 269
- Handbags and leather goods, 130, 231, 254, 268
- Hardware, plumbing, heating equipment, 143, 233, 258, 276
- Hardware stores, 137, 233, 256, 276
- Hats, caps, and millinery, 98, 119, 210, 252, 268
- Health administrators, 85, 220, 245
- Health aides, except nursing, 86, 189, 227, 245
- Health and allied services, 165, 264
- Health practitioners, n.e.c., 218, 269
- Health practitioners office, 159, 262
- Health record technologists, 218, 269
- Health specialties teachers, 219, 269
- Health technicians, n.e.c., 218, 269
- Health trainees, 227, 269
- Heat treaters, 223, 269
- Heaters, metal, 225, 269

- Heavy Construction, 94, 210, 265, 273
- Heavy construction, except highway, 96, 105-106, 229, 249, 265, 274
- Heavy equipment mechanics, 78, 223, 243, 271
- Highway, street construction, 95, 98, 101-102, 208, 210, 229, 248, 265, 274
- History teachers, 219, 269
- Holding offices, 157, 262, 273
- Home appliance installers, 81, 223, 244
- Home economics teachers, 219, 269
- Home furnishings stores, 143, 258, 276
- Home management advisors, 217, 269
- Horticultural specialties, 162, 199, 263
- Hospitals, 98, 155-56, 214, 234, 261, 277
- Hotels, motels, and tourist courts, 97, 147, 234, 259, 267, 276
- Household appliance stores, 134, 233, 256, 275
- Household appliances, 157, 231, 262, 268
- Household furniture, 97, 122, 230, 252-53, 267, 275
- Housekeepers, except private home, 80, 188, 228, 243, 271
- Housekeepers, private home, 86, 188, 206, 228, 245
- Hucksters and peddlers, 221, 269
- Individual and family services, 150, 234, 260, 276 Industrial and inorganic chemicals, 95, 97, 132, 230, 253, 267, 275

- Industrial engineering technicians, 65, 219, 240
- Industrial engineers, 82, 217, 244, 271
- Industrial organic chemicals, 97, 123, 230, 255, 267, 275
- Inspectors, 65-66, 195, 223, 240, 271
- Inspectors, except construction, 81, 220, 244
- Inspectors, scalers and graders; log and lumber, 223, 269
- Instruments and Related Products, 268, 273
- Insurance adjusters, 80, 221, 243, 271
- Insurance agents, brokers, and services, 158, 211, 221, 262, 267, 277
- Intercity highway transport, 117, 232, 251, 274
- Investing, miscellaneous, 164, 264, 273
- Iron and steel foundaries, 110, 231, 250, 266, 274
- Iron ores, 20, 94-95, 101, 210, 229, 248, 274
- Irrigation systems, 164, 263
- Janitors and sextons, 69-70, 189, 211, 227, 241, 271
- Jewelers and watchmakers, 66, 210, 223, 240
- Jewelry, silverware, etc., 131, 232, 255, 266
- Job and die settersmetal, 223, 269 Job training and related services, 153, 234, 261
- Judges, 62, 217, 239

Key punch operatiors, 222, 269

- Knitters, loopers, etc., 40, 55, 210, 226., 238 Knitting mills, 145, 229, 258, 267,
- Knitting mills, 145, 229, 258, 267, 276
- Labor organizations, 132, 235, 255, 275
- Laborers, miscellaneous, 36, 45-46, 188, 210, 213, 227, 236, 270
- Laborers, not specified, 13, 18, 20, 27, 36, 39, 53-54, 203, 206-207, 227, 238, 270
- Landscape, horticultural services, 152, 260, 276
- Launderers, private household, 228, 269
- Laundry, cleaning, etc. services, 135, 234, 256, 275
- Laundry and cleaning operators, 205, 225, 269
- Law teachers, 219, 269
- Lawyers, 41, 83, 188, 211, 217, 244, 271
- Lay midwives, 227, 269
- Lead and zinc ores, 94, 96, 105, 210, 249, 274
- Leather goods, n.e.c., 125, 253, 268
- Leather tanning and finishing, 96, 98, 107, 210, 231, 249, 266, 274
- Legal services, 97, 159, 262, 277
- Librarian, 217, 269
- Library attendants, 221, 269
- Life and physical scientists, 218, 269
- Life insurance, 98, 155, 234, 261, 277
- Liquor stores, 97, 134, 212, 233, 255, 275
- Livestock, except dairy, etc., 163, 263
- Local and suburban transport, 120-21, 232, 252, 274

Locamotive firemen, 223, 269 Locomotive engineers, 223, 269 Logging camps and contractors, 93-94, 100, 208, 230, 248, 265, 274

Longshoremen and stevedores, 24, 82, 205, 227, 244

Loom fixers, 64, 223, 240

Luggage, 131, 231, 255, 266 Lumber, other building materials, 140-41, 177, 233, 257, 265, 276

Lumber and construction materials, 113-14, 233, 250, 274

Lumber and Wood Products, 265, 273

Lumbermen, raftsmen, etc., 13, 33-36, 44., 94, 199, 204-205, 210, 236, 270

Machine operators, miscellaneous, 22, 73, 188, 206, 226, 242, 271 Machine operators, n.e.c., 74, 189,

226, 243, 271 Machinery, equipment, and supplies, 138, 233, 256, 276

Machinery, except electrical, miscellaneous, 155, 231, 260, 267, 273, 276

Machinist apprentices, 223, 269 Machinists, 18, 85, 203, 223, 245, 272

Maids, except private home, 86, 189, 227, 245

Mail carriers, post office, 221, 269 Mail handlers, 88, 221, 246

Mailing, reproduction, stenographic, 149, 234, 259

271

Managers and administrators, n.e.c., 41, 75-76, 189, 221, 242,

Manifold business forms, 230, 266 Manufactures, miscellaneous, 128, 232, 254, 267, 275

Men's and boys' furnishings, 157,

Men's and boys' suits and coats,

Men's clothing and furnishings,

Messengers and office boys, 66,

230, 233, 262, 268

149, 229, 259, 268

144, 230, 258, 276

211, 221, 240, 271

Manufacturing inspectors, 85, 245, 272 Marine scientists, 217, 269 Marshals and constables, 56, 228, Masonry, stonework, plastering, 116, 229, 251, 265, 274 Mathematical technicians, 219, 269 Mathematicians, 217, 269 Mathematics teachers, 219, 269 Measuring and controlling devices, 153-54, 232, 261, 267 Meat, freezer provisioners, 115-16, 233, 251, 274 Meat cutters, manufacturing, 70, 225, 241, 271 Meat cutters, except manufacturing, 81, 225, 244, 271 Meat products, 128, 178, 229, 254, 267, 275 Meat wrappers, retail trade, 83, 225, 244 Mechanic, except auto, 40, 51, 210, 237 Mechanical engineering technicians, 219, 269 Mechanical engineers, 217, 269 Mechanics, miscellaneous, 56-57, 224, 238, 270 Mechanics, not specified, 39, 49, 224, 237, 270 Medical and dental labs, 156, 234, 262 Medical and health insurance, 154, 234, 261

162, 264

Metal forgings and stampings, 134, 231, 256-57, 267, 276 Metal mining services, 163, 263 Metal ores, miscellaneous, 164, 263 Metal platers, 60, 225, 239 Metal products, miscellaneous, 146, 258, 267, 276 Metal services, n.e.c., 129, 231, 254, 267, 275 Metal shipping containers, 134, 231, 256, 268 Metal working machinery, 154-55, 231, 261, 268 Metals and minerals, except oil, 135-36, 233, 256, 275 Meter readers, utilities, 40, 68, 221, 241 Millers; grain, flour, and feed, 224, 269 Milliner, 225, 269 Milling machine operatives, 71, 242, 271 Millwork, plywood, etc., 98, 119, 211, 230, 252, 265, 274 Millwrights, 27, 40, 58, 204, 211, 224, 239, 270 Mine operatives, n.e.c., 185, 186, 204-205, 225 Miners, n.e.c., 13, 15, 33, 38, 48-Medical instruments and supplies, 154, 232, 261, 268 49, 207, 210, 237, 270 Medical instruments and supplies, Mining engineers, 58, 217, 239 Mixing operatives, 69, 225, 241, 271 Membership organizations, n.e.c., Mobile home dealers, 150, 260 Molder apprentices, 224, 269

- Molders, metal, 55, 185, 188, 204, 210, 224, 238, 270
- Mortgage bankers and brokers, 156, 234, 262
- Motion picture projectionists, 224, 269
- Motion picture theaters, 146, 234, 258
- Motion Pictures, 268, 273
- Motor vehicle and automotive equipment, 140, 232, 257, 276
- Motor vehicles and equipment, 148-49, 232, 259, 268, 276
- Motormen; logging, mine, etc., 13, 33, 35-37, 44, 205, 210, 236 270
- Museums and art galleries, 165, 264, 268
- Musical instruments, 138, 232, 256, 267
- Musicians and composers, 220, 269
- Mutual savings banks, 97, 149, 233, 259
- Narrow fabric mills, 117, 229, 251, 268
- National Traumatic Occupational Fatalities study (NTOF), 1, 17-19, 167, 197
- New and used car dealers, 96, 98, 107, 233, 249, 274
- News syndicates, 165, 264
- Newsboys, 77, 188, 243
- Newspapers, 98, 124-25, 230, 253, 266, 275
- Noncertified air transport, 142, 263
- Nonclassifiable, 134, 160-61, 264
- Noncommercial research organizations, 156, 235
- Nondurable goods, miscellaneous, 124, 233, 253, 275

- Nonferrous foundries, 97, 129, 231, 254, 268, 275
- Nonferrous rolling and drawing, 148, 231, 259, 266, 276
- Nonmetallic mineral products, 97, 118, 252, 266, 274
- Nonmetallic minerals,
- miscellaneous, 97, 161, 231, 263
- Nonresidential construction, 114-15, 229, 251, 265, 274
- Nonstore retailers, 151, 233, 260, 276
- Nurses, practical, 88, 189, 227, 246
- Nurses, registered, 90, 189, 218, 247
- Nursing, and care facilities, 155, 234, 261, 277
- Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants, 86-87, 188, 227, 246, 272
- Office and art supplies, 149, 259, 268
- Office and computing machines, 152, 231, 260, 268, 277
- Office furniture, 126, 230, 254, 275, 268
- Office machine mechanics, 74, 242
- Office machine operators, 85, 222, 245
- Office managers, n.e.c., 87, 189, 220, 246
- Officials of lodges, etc., 81, 220, 244
- Oil and Gas Extraction, 208, 265, 273
- Oil and gas field services, 27, 130, 208, 229, 254-55, 265, 275
- Oil and petroleum products, 120, 252, 274

- Operations researchers, 89, 218, 246
- Operative builders, 129, 229, 254, 266, 275
- Operatives, miscellaneous, 40, 60-61, 226, 239, 270
- Operatives, not specified, 40, 57, 204, 226, 238, 270
- Ophthalmic goods, 150, 232, 260, 268
- Optical instruments and lenses, 232, 268
- Opticians and lens grinders and polishers, 224, 269
- Optometrists, 218, 269
- Orchestras and entertainers, 157, 262
- Ordnance and accessories, 148, 231, 259, 266
- Outpatient care facilities, 158, 234, 262
- Packers, except meat and produce, 85, 189, 225, 245, 272
- Paint, glass, and wallpaper stores, 146, 258
- Painter apprentices, 35, 44, 210, 224, 236
- Painters, construction, 64, 224, 240, 270
- Painters, manufactured goods, 82, 225, 244
- Painters and sculptors, 89, 220, 246
- Painting, paper hanging, decorating, 97, 107-108, 229, 249, 265, 274
- Paints and allied products, 97, 116, 230, 251, 267, 274
- Paper and Allied Products, 267, 273
- Paper and paper products, 136, 233, 256, 275

Paper mills, except building paper, 115, 230, 251, 266, 274

- Paperboard containers, 139, 230, 257, 267, 276
- Paperboard mills, 157, 230, 262, 266
- Paperhangers, 224, 269
- Parking attendants, 41, 70, 226, 241
- Partitions and fixtures, 146, 230, 259, 268
- Paving and roofing materials, 109, 230, 250, 265, 274
- Payroll and timekeeping clerks, 222, 269
- Pension, health, and welfare funds, 154, 261
- Periodicals, 151, 230, 260, 266
- Personal credit institutions, 156, 234, 262
- Personal service apprentices, 228, 269
- Personal service attendants, n.e.c., 71, 241, 271
- Personal Services, 267, 273
- Personal services, miscellaneous, 165, 264
- Personnel supply services, 153, 234, 261, 277
- Personnel workers, 87, 218, 246
- Petroleum and petroleum products, 233, 266, 268, 273
- Petroleum engineers, 217, 269
- Petroleum refining, 131, 230, 255, 266, 275
- Pharmacists, 82, 206, 218, 244
- Photoengravers and lithographers, 224, 269
- Photographers, 220, 269
- Photographic equipment and supplies, 145, 232, 258, 268, 276
- Photographic process workers, 82, 188, 225, 244

Physicians, offices of, 157, 234, 262, 277 Physicians, 88, 188, 218, 246 Physicists and astronomers, 41, 74, 218, 242 Physics teachers, 42, 218, 269 Pipe lines, except natural gas, 153, 261, 266 Plasterer apprentices, 224, 269 Plasterers, 62, 224, 240 Plastics, synthetic materials, 97, 129, 230, 254, 266, 275 Plastics products, miscellaneous, 141, 231, 257, 267, 276 Plumber apprentices, 35, 53, 224, 237 Plumbers and pipe fitters, 61, 224, 239, 270 Plumbing, heating, air conditioning, 112-13, 229, 250, 265, 274 Plumbing and heating, except electrical, 97, 147, 234, 259, 267 Podiatrists, 218, 269 Policemen and detectives, 15, 20, 40-41, 57-58, 204-207, 210-11, 228, 238-39, 270 Political scientists, 218, 269 Postal clerks, 222, 269 Pottery and related products, 97, 140, 231, 257, 268 Power station operators, 224, 269 Precision machine operatives, n.e.c., 226, 269 Prekindergarten and kindergarten teachers, 219, 269 Preserved fruits and vegetables, 139, 229, 257, 266, 276 Pressmen and plate printers, 79, 243, 271 Pressmen apprentices, 269 Primary metal industries, 266, 273 Primary nonferrous metals, 119, 231, 252, 266, 274

Printing and Publishing, 267, 273 Printing trade services, 151, 230, 260, 268 Printing trades apprentices, 223, 224, 269 Private households, 16, 163, 264 Products of purchased glass, 139, 231, 255, 266 Professional organizations, 158, 262 Proofreaders, 222, 269 Psychologists, 215, 218, 269 Psychology teachers, 219, 269 Public administration, n.e.c., 81, 244, 271 Public building and related furniture, 230, 267 Public relations representatives, 88, 246 Public warehousing, 98, 114, 232, 251, 266, 274 Publishing, misc., 230, 268 Pulp mills, 158, 262, 266 Purchasing agents, n.e.c., 84, 220, 245

Radio, TV, and music stores, 143, 223, 258, 276 Radio and TV announcers, 220, 269 Radio and TV broadcasting, 134, 232, 255, 275 Radio and TV mechanics, 71, 96, 241, 271 Radio and TV receiving equipment, 152, 232, 260, 268 Radio operators, 84, 220, 245 Radiologic technicians, 218, 269 Railroad and car shop mechanics, 224, 269 Railroad brake operators and couplers, 205, 226, 269 Railroad conductors, 205, 220, 269

- Railroad equipment, 232, 267 Railroad switch operators, 226, 269
- Railroad Transportation, 265, 273 Railroads, 9, 16, 159, 262
- Real estate agents, managers, 127-28, 234, 254, 275
- Real estate agents, 89, 97, 189, 221, 247
- Real estate appraisers, 222, 269 Real estate operators, 97-98, 119-20, 234, 252, 274
- Receptionists, 89, 189, 211, 222, 246
- Reclaimed rubber, rubber and plastics hose and belting, 231, 268
- Recreation attendants, 40, 65, 188, 211, 240, 271
- Recreation workers, 87, 218, 246 Recreational services,
 - miscellaneous, 161-62, 264
- Refrigeration service machinery, 144, 231, 258, 268, 276
- Religious organizations, 159, 262, 277
- Religious workers, nec, 218, 269 Rental of railroad cars, 138, 256
- Repair shops, miscellaneous, 97, 162, 264, 266
- Research workers, unspecified, 89,
- 220, 246 Residential building construction, 126-27, 229, 254, 266, 275
- Residential care, 155, 234, 261
- Restaurant and bar managers, 41, 80, 189, 211, 220, 243, 271
- Retail bakeries, 98, 125, 233, 253, 275
- Retail garden stores, 98, 121, 252, 275
- Retail stores, n.e.c., 27, 97, 135, 233, 256, 275

- Riveters and fasteners, 71, 226, 242
- Roofers and slaters, 27, 57, 204, 210, 224, 238, 270
- Roofing and sheet metal work, 27, 98, 109, 229, 250, 265, 274
- Rubber and plastic footwear, 230, 267
- Sailors and deckhands, 9, 13, 205, 209, 226, 269
- Sales clerks, retail trade, 90, 221, 247, 272
- Sales engineers, 217, 269
- Sales managers, 40-41, 65, 188, 210, 220, 240, 271
- Sales managers, except retail, 71-72, 188, 220, 242, 271
- Sales representatives, manufacturing, 84, 221, 245, 271
- Sales representatives, n.e.c., 92, 198, 247, 272
- Sales workers, except clerks, retail, 89, 221, 247
- Sales workers, services and construction, 118, 221, 269
- Sand and gravel, 97, 108, 211, 229, 249, 274
- Sanitary services, 96, 98, 107, 232, 249, 265, 274
- Savings and loan associations, 156, 234, 261
- Sawmills and planing mills, 96, 98, 106, 210-11, 230, 249, 265, 274
- Sawyers, 40, 59-60, 205, 226, 239, 270
- School buses, 98, 123, 210, 232, 253, 275
- School monitors, 228, 269
- Schools and educational services, 164, 264

- Scientific instruments, 139, 257, 268
- Screw machine products, bolts, etc., 156, 231, 262
- Secondary nonferrous metals, 110, 250, 265, 274
- Secondary school teachers, 90, 219, 247
- Secretaries, legal, 222, 269
- Secretaries, medical, 86, 188, 222, 245
- Secretaries, n.e.c., 41, 90, 189, 222, 247, 272
- Security, and commodity services, 164, 264, 268
- Security, commodity exchanges, 165, 263
- Security brokers and dealers, 149-50, 234, 259, 276
- Servants, private household, 90, 198, 247
- Services, n.e.c., 18, 165, 203, 208264
- Services to buildings, 136-37, 234, 256, 276
- Sewers and stitchers, 90, 189, 226, 247
- Sheetmetal apprentices, 35, 53, 224, 238
- Sheetmetal workers, 27, 59, 224, 239, 270
- Sheriffs and bailiffs, 20, 54-55, 204-205, 211, 228, 238, 270
- Ship and boat building and repair, 87, 222, 259, 265, 276
- Shipfitters, 224, 269
- Shipping and receiving clerk, 138, 222, 233, 246, 272
- Shoe repairers, 224, 269
- Shoe stores, 85, 97, 226, 233, 256, 276
- Shoemaking machine operators, 85, 206, 226, 245

Shopping goods stores, miscellaneous, 97, 147, 223, 259, 276

- Sign painters and letterers, 224, 269
- Soap, cleaners and toilet goods, 143, 230, 258, 267, 276
- Social sciences teachers, 219, 269
- Social scientists, n.e.c., 218, 269
- Social services, n.e.c., 150, 218, 260, 276
- Social workers, 85, 189, 218, 245, 272
- Sociologists, 218, 269
- Sociology teachers, 219, 269
- Solderers, 226, 269
- Special contractors, miscellaneous, 95, 104-105, 208, 210, 248-49, 265, 274
- Special industry machinery, 97, 137, 231, 256, 267, 276
- Special Trade Contractors, 265, 273
- Spinners, twisters and winders, 226, 269
- Sporting, toy, and hobby goods, 132, 233, 255, 275
- Stamping press operatives, 82, 188, 244
- Stationary engineers, 67, 224, 241, 271
- Stationary firemen, 55, 238, 270
- Statistical clerks, 90, 222, 247
- Statisticians, 217, 269
- Stenographers, 222, 269
- Stock and bond salesmen, 88, 221, 246
- Stock clerk and storekeeper, 83, 222, 244, 271
- Stock handlers, 83-84, 188, 227, 245, 271
- Stone cutters and carvers, 9, 20, 34-35, 44, 94, 210, 224, 236, 270

Structural clay products, 114, 231, 251, 265, 274 Structural metal craftsmen, 27, 38, 47, 204, 206, 224, 236, 270 Structural metal products, 133, 205, 255, 266, 275 Subdividers and developers, 148, 234, 259 Supplementary Data System (SDS), 8-9, 18, 20, 25-28, 30, 35-36, 41, 97, 167-73, 184-87, 195-200, 209-213 Surety insurance, 153, 260 Surveying assistants, 35, 37, 46, 210, 236, 270 Surveyors, 78, 219, 243

Tabulating machine operators, 222, 269 Tailors, 40, 55, 206, 238 Taxi drivers and chauffeurs, 40, 51, 94-95, 207, 226, 232, 237, 270 Taxicabs, 94-95, 98, 101, 210-11, 232, 248, 274 Teacher aides, except school monitors, 222, 269 Teachers, except college, n.e.c., 82, 189, 219., 244, 271 Teamsters, 37, 46, 205, 210, 227, 236 Technicians, n.e.c., 18, 38, 49, 203, 220, 237, 270 Telegraph communication, 165, 263 Telegraph operators, 222, 269 Telephone communication, 151, 232, 260, 276 Telephone installers, 83, 224, 244, Telephone linemen, 69, 225, 241,

Telephone operators, 222, 269

Textile finishing, except wool, 126, 229, 254, 267, 275 Textile goods, miscellaneous, 128, 229, 254, 266, 275 Textile Mill Products, 267, 273 Textile operatives, n.e.c., 88, 226, 246 Theology teachers, 219, 269 Therapists, 206, 218, 269 Therapy assistants, 35, 53, 185, 188, 210, 218, 237 Ticket agents, 81, 222, 244 Tile setters, 81, 225, 244 Tires and inner tubes, 230, 267 Title insurance, 133, 234, 255 Tobacco manufactures, 268, 273 Tobacco stemming, and redrying, 164, 263, 268 Tool and die makers, 86, 225, 245 Tool programmers, 220, 269 Toys and sporting goods, 153, 232, 260, 268 Trade, industrial and technical teachers, 219, 269 Transportation equipment, 267, Transportation equipment, misc., 232, 266 Transportation services, miscellaneous, 146, 258, 265 Truck drivers, 14-15, 21, 27, 39-40, 49-50, 94, 185, 188, 204-207, 210-11, 226, 237, 270 Trucking, 94-95, 98, 102-104, 210, 248, 265, 274 Trucking terminal facilities, 149, 232, 259, 265 Trusts, 153, 262 Typists, 222, 269

Unpaid family farm laborers, 88,

Upholsterers, 85, 225, 245

246

Upholstery, and furniture repair, 148, 259 Urban and regional planners, 218,

269

Urban rail conductors, 37, 46, 210, 236

Used car dealers, 97, 154, 261 Used merchandise stores, 163-64, 263

Ushers, recreation and amusement, 228, 269

Vehicle and equipment cleaners, 72-73, 227, 271, 242
Vehicle dispatchers, 76, 243
Veterinarians, 81, 218, 244
Vocational counselors, 89, 220, 246

Waiters, 20, 88, 189, 198, 205, 227, 246, 272 Warehousemen, 66, 240, 271

Watches, clocks and watchcases, 232, 268

Water supply, 117, 251

Water transportation services, 149, 208, 232, 259, 265

Water well drilling, 110, 208, 250, 265

Weavers, 226, 269

Weaving mills, cotton, 153, 229, 261, 268

Weaving mills, synthetics, 149, 229, 259, 268

Weaving mills, wool, 137, 229, 256, 268

Weighers, 66, 222, 240

Welders and flame-cutters, 79, 188, 211, 226, 243, 271

Welfare service aides, 82, 188, 228, 244

Wholesale sales representatives, 87, 246, 272

Winding operatives, n.e.c., 78, 226, 243

Women's and children's underwear, 145, 230, 258, 268

Women's and misses' outerwear, 142, 230, 257, 268, 276

Women's ready-to-wear stores, 153, 233, 261, 277

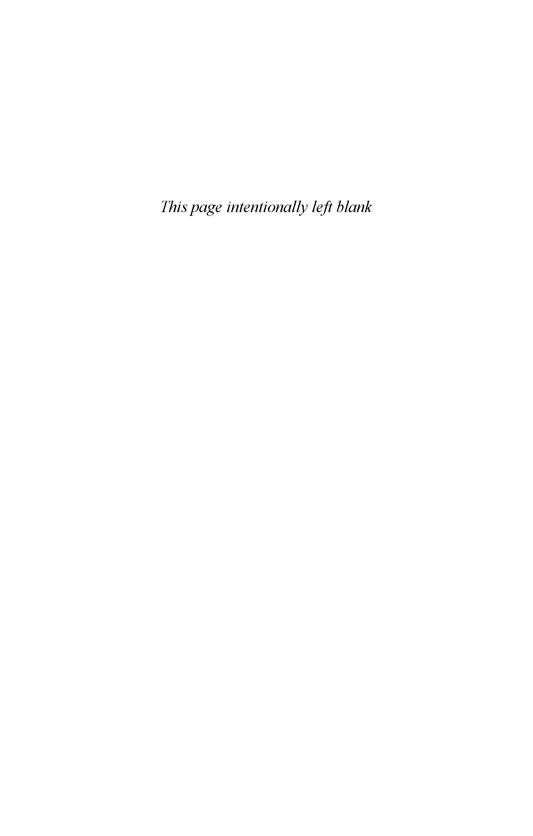
Women's specialty stores, 157, 262 Wood buildings, mobile homes, 119, 230, 252, 266, 274

Wood containers, 114, 230, 251, 265, 274

Wood products, miscellaneous, 126, 230, 253, 266, 275

Workers' Compensation (WC), 6, 9, 14-15, 19-20, 25-27, 34, 38, 41, 167-70, 172-73, 197-98, 200, 210, 212-13

Yarn and thread mills, 229, 268



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